Court of review, against which confirmation any of the creditors of the bankrupt who shall have given him notice in writing as aforesaid, may be heard before such Court.

Effect of certificate.

XLVII. Every bankrupt who shall have duly appeared and made a full disclosure and delivery of all his estate and effects, and in all things conformed himself to the provisions of this Act, shall be discharged from all debts due by him at the date of the commission, and from all claims and demands made proveable under the commission, in case he shall obtain a certificate from the Court in the form of Schedule (C) to this Act annexed, subject to such provisions as are hereinafter mentioned; and no such certificate shall release or discharge such bankrupt from such debts, claims or demands, unless the same shall be obtained, allowed and confirmed according to such provisions; Provided always, that no such certificate shall release or discharge any person who was partner with such bankrupt at the time of his bankruptcy, or was then jointly bound, or had made any contract jointly with such bankrupt, if such partner of, or person so jointly bound or liable with such bankrupt, has not been included in such commission of bankruptcy; and provided always, that such Court may in its discretion grant such certificate to any one or more partners or persons so jointly bound or liable, and refuse to suspend the same as herein mentioned, as to any other partner or person so jointly bound or liable.

Cases in which certificate shall be required or be void if granted.

XLVIII. No bankrupt shall be entitled to his certificate, and any such certificate if obtained, shall be void, if such bankrupt shall have lost, by any sort of gaming or wagering, in one day, twenty pounds within one year next preceding the date of the commission against him, or one hundred pounds within that year; or if such bankrupt shall, after an act of bankruptcy, or in contemplation of bankruptcy, or with intent to defeat the object of this Act, have concealed, destroyed, altered, mutilated or falsified, or caused to be concealed, destroyed, altered, mutilated, or falsified any of his books, papers, writings or securities, or made or been privy to the making of any false or fraudulent entry in any book of account or other document, with intent to defraud his creditors, or shall have concealed any part of his property, or if any person having proved a false debt, under the commission, such bankrupt being privy thereto, or afterward knowing the same, shall not have disclosed the same to the assignee within one month after his knowledge.

Bankrupt not entitled to certificate unless he has kept correct books.

XLIX. No bankrupt shall be entitled to a certificate who shall not have kept books of account, shewing to the satisfaction of the Commissioners the nature of his business and transactions, losses and profits, and of his stock and capital, from a period of at least one year previous to his insolvency, commencing at such period as he the said bankrupt was fully solvent.

Discharge of any bankrupt who shall be sued for any debt contracted before the commission.

L. Any bankrupt who shall, after his certificate shall have been confirmed, be arrested or have any action brought against him for any debt, claim or demand, proveable under the commission against such bankrupt, shall be discharged on entering common bail, or common appearance, and may plead in general that the cause of action occurred before he became bankrupt, and may give this Act and the special matter in evidence; and such bankrupt's certificate and the confirmation thereof, shall be sufficient evidence of the trading, bankruptcy,