

CANADIANS KEPT THE HUNS OUT OF CALAIS

SPIRIT OF JOAN OF ARC ANIMATES THE FRENCH SOLDIER

First Meeting of French Chamber Since Beginning of Second Year of War Attended by Remarkable Demonstration of Patriotism—War Has Welded all Sections of Nation Together, and France Determined to Accept No Peace Which Does Not Guarantee Security of Europe.

Paris, Aug. 5.—The first meeting of the Chamber of Deputies after the anniversary of the beginning of the war and following the establishment of the union of all political parties in France to endure so long as the war lasts, was held today and the session was marked by an extraordinary demonstration of patriotism which was a strong indication of the unanimity of all Frenchmen of every faith and shade of political belief. Furthermore, today's meeting was the first since the formation of the present coalition cabinet in France.

Paul Deschanel, President of the Chamber, opened the session with an eloquent speech which was apparently intended to be following the example of the address of M. Rodianko, president of the Russian Duma, at the recent session of that body, and a reply to the anniversary manifesto of the German Emperor. To this Premier Viviani gave response in the name of the government.

M. Deschanel said a year had passed since the enemy of France, even before declaring war, had violated French territory. "This year has been so full of glory and pure," he declared, "that it will forever illumine the human race. It has been a year in which France, the France of Joan of Arc and Valmy, has risen, it is possible, to even greater heights."

Continuing, the President of the Chamber recounted briefly that breaking of the German military power, and "the forcing back of the enemy of France."

"Be the war of short or long duration, France accepts it," M. Deschanel declared. "The country is summoning its genius and changing its methods. Each French soldier, before the enemy, repeats the words of Joan of Arc, 'You can enchain me but you cannot enchain the fortunes of France,' these touches of human grandeur come from the depth of the muddy trenches."

M. Deschanel then reviewed in a few words the work of parliament, praising especially the activities of the several committees.

In an eloquent passage the President of the Chamber then repeated the determination of France to continue the struggle to complete victory.

A message from President Poincaré was read in the Chamber by Premier Viviani and M. Briand, Minister of Justice. It was addressed to the French parliament, and reviewed the first year of the war. M. Poincaré

HIS MAJESTY REPLIES TO MESSAGE OF LOYALTY FROM CANADIAN PEOPLE

Ottawa, Aug. 5.—The following cablegram was sent by Field Marshal H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught to His Majesty the King yesterday:

"On the anniversary of the declaration of war I send you, in my own name, and in that of all loyal Canadians, our renewed expression of loyal devotion to yourself and our determination to carry this war through till victory and lasting peace crown the efforts of our arms."

(Signed) "ARTHUR."

The following reply was received this morning:

"It is a great pleasure to receive from you, and the Canadian people, such an expression of devotion and of loyal determination to bring this war to a successful conclusion, as contained in your cablegram. These sentiments were forcibly endorsed by Sir Robert Borden's eloquent speech yesterday."

(Signed) "GEORGE."

fishness. The country should encourage, not only harmony among political parties, but also private co-operation and good will. Individual energies, recognizing how to submit themselves to discipline, constitute a great force in the nation. In war time such energies never are too numerous or too powerful, nor is there ever a greater need to co-ordinate national action to produce a single effect.

"The merits of a people are luminously reflected in the army. Each man completely devoted to his mother country, and those who fall die without fear, since by their death France lives and will live forever. France is determined to conquer; she will conquer."

In the course of a discussion in the French Senate today on the bill to raise the limit of national defense issues, which was passed in the Chamber of Deputies July 29, Alexandre Ribot, the Minister of Finance, took occasion to review the financial situation.

"On July 31," he said, "there were \$1,291,600,000 of defense issues in circulation. In July alone, \$165,000,000 net were placed in the short term bonds and \$84,400,000 in the long term obligations."

"Our financial burdens are constantly growing. Arms and ammunition cost a great deal. We shall probably have recourse to a long term loan, whereby we can consolidate all our short term treasury issues. We still have a great military and financial effort to make to reach a victorious conclusion of the war."

"The public brings in its gold without pressure. It is conscious of the situation and feels that today no man can save himself by trying solely of himself. It can be done only by the citizens giving the country their lives, if necessary, and their goods of this world, in any case."

"We must conceal nothing from the country. It is worthy to hear everything. Only in dissembling nothing can we fittingly respond to the country's financial conditions."

The bill increasing the limit of national defense issues was passed.

FAMOUS MONS RETREAT A SPARTAN AFFAIR FROM BEGINNING TO END

With Any Other Troops Than the British What Proved Remarkable Achievement Would Have Been a Disaster.

At Ypres, Had Canadians Not Stood Their Ground in Face of German Hordes, Huns Would Have Opened a Road to Calais.

(Special Staff Correspondence)

France, July 19.

"Of course, we owe a great deal to the English. Had they not fought so valiantly as they did during the retreat from Mons, we would have been overwhelmed by the German hordes. That retreat probably could only have been conducted by British troops, because they never knew when they are beaten. That retreat was in a way a triumph for the British arms. But it was our failure. If some of our generals had obeyed orders and brought their troops up on schedule, things would doubtless have been different. They didn't, and they were retired in disgrace."

"Also we recognize that we have obligations to the Canadians. At Ypres our men retreated before a gas attack. The Canadians stood their ground, though our retreat exposed their flank; they stood their ground and suffered heavily, but they saved the day for us, and perhaps for England. If the Canadians had retreated, the Germans might have forced their way to Calais. Such an advance might not have had a decisive effect upon the fortunes of the war. But it would have rather discouraged us, and made a profound impression upon neutral nations. And Germany occupying Calais could have brought up big guns to command the Straits of Dover, and shell the city of Dover, and cause serious annoyance to English commerce. With Germany in possession of Calais the English navy would have to face a new situation, one from which serious consequences might have arisen. A new disposition of the naval forces of England would have had to be made, as the German fleet might have made a dash for Calais, or, on the other hand, if a large fleet was detailed to watch the Straits of Dover, might have made a dash into the North Sea and given battle to the fleet there."

The New Order of Things in France

The speaker was clad in a light blue uniform, with a gold-braided red cap, and he had one arm in a sling. He sat on the terrace of a cafe overlooking the Straits. Here and there on the immense terrace were a sprinkling of scattered round tables and vacant chairs. English officers in khaki were much in evidence; little knots of them, light-hearted, joking one another. And amidst a sprinkling of French officers in variegated uniforms were family parties, old men and women with girls of various ages and serious claims to beauty, sedately drinking coffee or beer. These little groups seemed fairly cheerful in a restrained way, but they talked in quiet tones. Women smiled, but they hardly laughed. Gone was the vivacious chatter, the exuberant gaiety of other days. And in the gloaming widows passed along the sidewalk; women in new mourning garments, passing at the rate of two and three a minute.

"German prisoners have told us that there were two German Army Corps at Ypres. And the British line was very thin; mostly two trenches and two or three strands of barbed wire. The Germans could have broken through if they had made a big effort, and there would have been nothing to stop them. It was a game of chess on some new principle. Sometimes it has looked as if neither side was in a hurry to win. Maybe our leaders are great strategists; most of us only see a little of the fight. But certainly there have been no master strokes on either side. English officers by the dozen I have heard say: 'Any time last winter the Germans could have broken through our lines and marched on to Calais. All they had to do was to cut a few strands of barbed wire, and kick us out of two shallow lines of trenches.' 'Ah, you English are great bluffers. I have said to them, 'You English are greater bluffers than the Germans, and they are all bluff without the spirit to back their bluff.'"

"And the English officers have laughed and said: 'The Germans must have known how thin our line was. They have a marvelous system of espionage; they know as much about what was going on in our lines as we did. They must have known that for days, even weeks at a time, our artillery was short of ammunition. They could easily tell that from the fact that our batteries were silent while they were raining shells into our lines.'"

Retreat From Mons a Spartan Affair

"And how then did you hold them? I have asked. And the English officers have laughed and replied: 'Simply because we did not know how many

can lay some claim to bravery; we have made some stir in Europe in our time, and we have done some hard work in this war. But I don't think we would have behaved like the English did during that retreat. When our troops evacuated their trenches at Ypres they fled in disorder. Our cavalry and the British cavalry, were called out to check the retreat. Our fighting infantry were cut down by the hundreds. They were only stopped by the bayonets of the reserves marching up to the front. Such things happen. But the British are peculiar. They never know when they are beaten. Whole regiments will make a stand, and die to a man, in order to give other regiments a chance to get away. They are wonderful, these British troops."

COLIN MCKAY.

Berlin, Aug. 5.—(By wireless to Sayville)—Emperor William personally delivered a Prussian field marshal's baton to Archduke Frederick of Austria, the commander-in-chief of the Austro-Hungarian forces in the East. The presentation took place at a little Galician town serving as the Austrian headquarters, which was richly decorated with flags. The inhabitants of the place, in spite of a pouring rain, cordially greeted the German Emperor.

LANDING FORCES AT

HAYTI TAKE NATIONAL

FORT WITHOUT A BLOW

Port Au Prince, Haiti, Aug. 5.—The American forces from the battleship Connecticut have occupied, without striking a blow, the national fort which dominates the town. A proclamation has been posted in all quarters signed by the president of the revolutionary committee, protesting against the misuse of force against a friendly people.

Long Auto Trip.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Trifits, accompanied by their son, Master Willie Trifits, left this morning on an automobile trip to New York. They expect to be away about three weeks.

New Potatoes

One hundred passengers came to the city yesterday on the Purdy and the May Queen carried a fine cargo of new potatoes. Traffic on the river for the first week in August has been well up to the average and prospects look good for excellent business during the remainder of the season.

KAISER PRESENTS AUSTRIAN ARCHDUKE WITH A BATON

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E. C. WHITNEY, OTTAWA, GIVES THREE GUNS

Ottawa, Aug. 5.—E. C. Whitney, of Ottawa, brother of the late Sir James Whitney, has donated three machine guns to the 28th Overseas Battalion.

RUSSIA'S NEW BEVERAGE.

Now that the Russians have abandoned their old national drink, what is more natural than they should turn to tea as the most invigorating, refreshing and healthful beverage, but tea to be good must be fresh and clean. "SALADA" tea is composed of the finest, freshest young leaves, freed from dust and carefully preserved in the sealed aluminum package.

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Suit Your Sweet-tooth!



Help Appetite and Digestion—
WRIGLEY'S comes in two delicious flavors. Beneficial, economical. Made clean—kept clean—sealed air-tight against all impurity.

The Perfect Gum in the Perfect Package. No wonder its sale exceeds all others!

It cools the mouth, keeps thirst away—refreshes and soothes the throat. It preserves the teeth, and prevents bad breath. A boon to smokers—and it makes the next pipe or cigar taste better!

MADE IN CANADA
Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co., Ltd.
Toronto, Ontario

Chew it after every meal!

COWAN'S Milk Chocolate MEDALLIONS

Melt in the Mouth



Little Miss MAIDEN CANADA

SH

elling, near Canterbury, for 30 patients. Among I. Hamilton, of the 15th Montreal, who was affected while waiting on blood hamilton carried Sergeant field when wounded and special commendation for t from Sir Robert Borden the hospital by the Pre-

PHEN VOTES FOR MACHINE GUN

he Standard. on, Aug. 5.—The St. Ste. Council at their regular last evening made ap- for \$1,000 for the purchase gun for use with the Can- tionary forces. This be presented to the govern- half of the town of St. Ste.

iles

Dr. Chase's Ointment cures even the worst of itching, bleeding and itching piles we know for a y, because of 'export- th thousands of cases. prove this to you we shall u a sample box free, if close a two-cent stamp postage, and mention per.

Chase's Ointment

BRETTY NEICE!

Today!

FORD QUEST

Grand Finale

Next Week

BOILING POINT

IO FARCE-COMEDY

STRATEGIST"

ow An Old Pawnbroker

to marry his sister to his new clerk.

AND AGAIN

FORD FOUR

A, "THE TEST."

RASE TONIGHT

PROGRAM

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SHOW -1-

Holland"—English

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ARTETTE

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TONIGHT

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MPETITION

Girl Guides