

THE STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B. MONDAY, MAY 17 1904

FIVE

Women's Ox-Blood Oxfords

Again we were right in our anticipations. We felt confident that Ox-blood would become popular as the weather grew warmer and we are right. The latest reports from the American market say that Ox-Blood is daily coming into general use with an unexpected rush.

\$2.00, \$3.00, \$4.00

We are showing some rare beauties.

Waterbury & Rising
King St. Union St.

Striped Scrim for Windows, 6c, 10c, 15c yd.
Unbleached Scrim, Colored Stripes quite new 14c yd.
Dotted Muslin, Frilled Edge, 15c yd.
Plain White Net, Lace Edge 15c yd.
Wide Curtain Lace, Double Border, 20c yd.

A. B. WETMORE, 59 Garden St.

SERVICEABLE CLOTHING
See Our \$3.50 Pants

Good long wearing Suits, the latest in style and fabrics. These suits fit perfectly and are made by expert tailors.

W. J. HIGGINS & Co. 182 Union Street.

Wood Working Factory
OUR MOTTO: Prompt delivery.
Satisfaction guaranteed. Anything in wood for Building Purposes.

HAMILTON & GAY
Phone 211 St. John, N. B.

ARAB SLAVE TRADERS.

All the rulers of Egypt, back even as far as the shepherd kings, had drawn their supplies of human chattels from the forest villages of Kordofan and Darfur and the vast population of the oases of Bahri el Gassal. It may, perhaps, be remembered that Napoleon, after the battle of the Pyramids, sent an envoy to "my good brother the Sultan of Darfur," in which, after compliments, he said: "Be good enough to send me two thousand male slaves." Of the great traffic in slaves that passed through Darfur, and journeyed by the desert route to Cairo and the coast, via the oases of Bahri el Gassal, the great Sikkat of Arbaeen (the forty days road), there is to this day ample testimony; the track is throughout some three miles wide, and for the whole distance it is strewn with human skeletons.

The slave trade was even one of the most salient features of the system of rule or misrule in the Sudan. For long years all other commerce was non-existent. But, despite all attempts at its repression, the export of slaves was successfully carried on. We have maintained always three or four gunboats cruising constantly up and down the Red Sea, with the sole mission of arresting the slave traders that carry their cargoes across to the shores of the Hedjaz; but, despite all our endeavors, those who continue to make their journeys and to land their freights, whose disposal thereafter is an easy matter. That this continues to the present time is without question. The latest conflict, indeed, reported less than two months ago, between the Sudan authorities and a local ruler in Kordofan was to obtain the release of a large number of prisoners caught and held by him from other tribes and admittedly destined to the slave market.

In this, as in all other branches of commerce, it is, of course, the demand that makes the supply. So long as there continues to exist in Cairo and in Mecca, Constantinople, Algiers, Tunis, Fez, Meknes and Marakech public markets in which human beings can be bought and sold, so long will the means be found of conveying them from the great nursery ground of the trade. In so far as the slaves themselves are concerned, it may be said at once that our attempts at intervention on their behalf are of necessity productive of much greater suffering and hardship to them than fell to their lot before we took upon ourselves to interfere. Speaking generally, the conditions of native domestic slavery in Moslem countries have ordinarily been benign. It is, indeed, a well-recognized and common practice for the heads of households to emancipate their slaves after a given number of years of faithful service, and in the case of the Hedjaz, those who continue to make their journeys and to land their freights, whose disposal thereafter is an easy matter. That this continues to the present time is without question. The latest conflict, indeed, reported less than two months ago, between the Sudan authorities and a local ruler in Kordofan was to obtain the release of a large number of prisoners caught and held by him from other tribes and admittedly destined to the slave market.

Skin Diseases.

A diseased or disfigured skin will always leave its stamp on the mind of the individual. Many people suffering from disfiguring skin diseases avoid society and lose all pride in their personal appearance. When the skin breaks out in eruptions and sores it is due entirely to an impure condition of the blood.

In all such cases Burdock Blood Bitters will quickly purify the blood and drive all the impurities out of the system.

FAMOUS BUDDHIST TEMPLE DESTROYED

TOKIO, May 15.—Zojoji, the famous Buddhist temple, situated in Shiba Park, Tokio, was completely destroyed by fire a few days ago, the damage amounting to about \$200,000. The Zojoji temple, next to the Meiji temple at Nikko, was probably the most famous and popular show temple in Japan. It has been visited by more tourists and foreigners than any temple in this country, not excepting those of Nikko, Nagoya and Kyoto. Its wonderful statues will be remembered by thousands of tourists. Fortunately these were saved from the flames, but the temple compound there only remains a lonely disheveled ruin of bronze surrounded by wreckage and embowered amid the blackened branches of an overhanging cryptomerus.

INFANT KILLED BY THE BITE OF A RAT
Father Saw Large Rodent Leap From Cradle—Blood-poisoning Set in and Child Succumbed.

OTTAWA, May 17.—Death as the result of the bite of a rat, was the fate of little Eugene Jambeau, the 9-days-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Jambeau, of 151 Beaudry Street, this morning, after having been severely bitten on the hand by a large grey rat. The infant developed blood-poisoning.

The baby had slept in its cradle in the same room as its parents for several nights, and on Friday night last this was also the case. Mrs. Jambeau retired about 1 o'clock, her husband being already asleep. At 2 o'clock she was awakened by the sound of the baby's cry, and aroused her husband. On jumping out of bed he saw a large grey rat leap from the cradle to the floor, and escape in spite of his attempts to kill it. The baby was found with its left hand covered with blood from seven bites on the inside of the palm.

Medical assistance was summoned, and an antiseptic applied, but blood-poisoning soon set in, and the infant grew rapidly worse, until death ensued.

FIRE BURNS GREAT AREA IN ANNAPOLIS

ANNAPOLIS, N. S., May 16.—The forest fire that has been raging furiously back of Annapolis since last Thursday, which has burnt over hundreds of acres of timber lands valued at thousands of dollars, and which, despite almost superhuman efforts for many hours, threatened one of the largest saw mills in this province is at last thought to be under control, and danger averted. The dampness of the trees was the only thing that saved the timber limits from a terrible devastation. At one time during the progress of the fire the front of the most valuable timber lands in western Nova Scotia were threatened, but late reports say that the greater part of this was saved. The fire is twenty-five miles back of Annapolis, and there is no telephone communication and details are scarce.

Reports as to the area covered and the probable loss were conflicting. One of the heaviest losses informed your correspondent that the loss would amount to many thousands of dollars, although it will probably be as great as was at first reported. Exact figures are unobtainable. The eagerly looked for rain on Friday night failed to come, and all day Saturday the hungry flames ran their onward course and a district nearly five miles across the starting point had been covered by the flames.

The heat in the burning district was intense and the smoke suffocating. The light at Duke's River mill yesterday was a long drawn battle, and at one time it seemed as if the mill must be devoured by the flames, which several times threatened to reach the mill. The fire raged on Friday night, and the part of the workers the mill was saved. Every available man and boy from the surrounding district was rushed to the scene and fought the fire right and day. The battle against the flames has been directed by the fire rangers. A late report received last night said the fire was under control. No information has been obtained today. Annapolis parties are the heaviest losers.

HE WAS FLOORED BY A FIGURE

He was a bold sailor lad, she was a simple village maiden, and they had been an interval of five years at the old lighthouse. He told her that his love for her had never altered, and that he had been waiting for her. She was moved to tears, and she had been waiting for him. They were married, and they lived happily ever after.

A GUARANTEE OF SAFETY

Most of the "soothing" syrups and powders advertised to cure the ills of babies and young children contain poisonous opiates, and an overdose may kill the child. Baby's Own Tablets are sold under the guarantee of a government analyst, and they contain no opiates or harmful drugs. They can be given with absolute safety to a new-born child. They cure all the ailments originating in disordered stomach or bowels. Mrs. F. Young, River Station, N. S., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for constipation and stomach troubles and when my baby was teething and had colic, they were the best medicine I know of for these troubles." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FIRST NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY OUTING IS HELD

The first outing of the season conducted by the Natural History Society, was held on Saturday last. The ideal weather assisted in making the day an enjoyable one. The large number in attendance learned much of the surroundings of St. John. Assembling at the museum in the morning, the party with William McIntosh visited Dark Lake and also explored Howe's Cave. Refreshments were served during the day. A pleasing feature was the talk on the birds, trees and flowers that were noticed. It is planned to hold a number of these outings during the summer months. A programme has been prepared and several nearby places will be visited.

RENT TAX SAFE

N. B. TAX SAFE

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 16.—The British schooner R. L. Tay, which went ashore just outside the harbor here last night, was hauled off today. The schooner was not injured and was bound from St. John for this port.

PANTALON GOWNS FOR BROADWAY NOW
Newest Feminine Creation Parts Below the Knees

NEW YORK, May 16.—"Pantalon gowns" will be seen in Fifth Avenue and Broadway not later than the first week in June, and the new thriller in feminine wearing apparel sets the Directors gown upon a pedestal of modesty.

Just one year ago the Herald bore the first tidings to anxious public that the Directors was headed toward defenseless Manhattan. Now comes George H. Heintzelman & Co. of Nos. 102-107 Fifth Avenue, who introduced that innovation, with another creation still more startling.

It is made of light olive chiffon broadcloth, with a train fifty-six inches in length, trimmed with French cord embroidery, embroidered sera Chantilly lace, and black satin. Twelve dozen colored buttons are used. It has the Directors back, long effect, Louis XIV. front, and bolero shape. Seven yards of cloth compose the whole dress.

But that is not the point. When the wearer stands still, she resembles an ordinary, pretty costume. The moment she moves it is quite different. What has seemed a skirt parts just above the knees and regular trousers come into view. Trousers—just trousers. They make no pretense of being anything else.

They measure thirty-six inches round the bottom and reach to the knees. A seam that goes up the front of the skirt from the knees to the waist gives an all pantalon appearance to the front of the garment. No undergarments can be worn with this costume and the lingerie bills of the day must adopt it will be a negligible quantity.

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"GIVE ME 20 CONVICTS; I'LL MAKE MEN OF 15 OF THEM"

Iowa Clergyman, Preaching That Paroled First Offenders Can be Saved, Says He'll Practice His Preaching and Redeem Three-Quarters of the Jail Birds State Gives Over to His Guardianship.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 15.—Rev. D. H. Bell, prominent Des Moines Episcopal clergyman wants to take up the responsibility to society for the future behavior of 20 men convicted for the first time of crime. Further, he'll give a bond to the state to make honorable citizens of three-fourths of them.

Rev. Bell, openly charging that members of the state parole board are hard-hearted and inhuman, he secured the passage of a law permitting the courts at their discretion to parole to the guardianship of a private citizen any man convicted for a first offense. Now he wants more. He wants the law amended so as to make it mandatory upon the courts to parole first offenders. He wanted:

Place the convicted men under the guardianship of a good citizen.

Require him to make good to the state the cost of his prosecution and conviction.

Require him to make good, so far as possible, the wrong he has done.

Rev. Bell's theory is that the man who commits a crime would never do so again if the proper spirit is aroused in him. He contends that the humiliation of a prison sentence, the feeling on the part of the convicted that he has paid his debt to society, the fact that he is turned free without a way to live, and other reasons make the man commit his second crime.

"It is not such a bit to make one mistake," he says, "but it is a great sin to make the same mistake twice. Men sent to the penitentiary might be saved to be useful citizens, if, before they were stamped with the stigma of

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES PROVE MOST IMPRESSIVE

Attended by large congregations and marked by eloquent addresses, the services in connection with the 128th anniversary of St. John's church, yesterday proved most impressive. At the morning, afternoon and evening services the large church was filled to the doors. Rev. Dr. Robert Johnston was the speaker of the day, and his discourses were listened to with marked attention.

MORNING SERVICE.

"The Par Look" was the subject of the speaker at the morning service. He spoke from the text—He that iseth these things cannot see a far off—visible—Feb. 11: 27.

At his introduction, Dr. Johnston referred to Henry Clay, who is described as that ideal statesman of the republic, having on one occasion climbed a height in the Allegheny Mountains. Standing in a listening attitude he was asked by a friend what he heard. He said he "heard the thunder-bang of the coming millions who are marching across these hills and valleys to people these plains and prairie away and away to the setting sun."

They called Henry Clay a dreamer, but history has proven him a prophet, and with the statesman of our own land, a Peter first caught the vision of the provinces of our Dominion, bound together from ocean to ocean by the Transcontinental Railway.

"Faith is vision," said Dr. Johnston. "It is that quality of soul that enables one to behold things that are afar off, to see them unseen. Physical short-sightedness subjects men not only to privation but to peril. The same is true in the spiritual world. The peril that particularly threatens the church today is materialism. This is the absorption of the soul in the things of this present life. The cure for it is in the cultivation of the far look. Just as we more clearly see the things that are far off but that are real and enduring, the less do the things that are temporal and passing appeal to us. Just because the world today presses so insistently upon the lives of men and women, we need to cultivate the vision of the things that are spiritual and real."

REV. MR. STACKHOUSE GIVES STATISTICS

Yesterday morning at the Lenest street Baptist Church, the Rev. W. T. Stackhouse addressed a large congregation upon the Laymen's Missionary Movement. In speaking Mr. Stackhouse gave some interesting particulars in the way of statistics. He said that there were 1,000,000 persons to be evangelized and it would take 40,000 missionaries 25 years to accomplish the enormous work. It would cost \$30,000,000 a year. If the church contributed their quota—the Baptist churches in the Dominion would have \$500,000 as their share. At present they had only 20 missionaries in the field and to do their part they want 1,000.

The offerings at present amounted to an average of 25c. per head, but what is required is \$2.50 per head.

The Rev. Wellington Camp at the evening service baptised two candidates at the Lenest street Baptist Church.

THE AFTERNOON MEETING.

A large congregation of men gathered at the church at 4 o'clock. The Pythian Male Quartette led in the singing. Rev. David Long, M. D., presided. The devotionary service and the meeting was presided over by His Honor Judge Forbes.

A. W. Allen, a representative of the Episcopal Church, spoke briefly on the

PROTEST AGAINST ITS RECONSTRUCTION

Commissioners Write Against Continuance of Work on Marsh Bridge

A communication has been received at City Hall protesting against the reconstruction of the Marsh bridge as at present contracted for. It was from the commission appointed to superintend the work. The letter has been referred to the Water and Sewerage Board.

The commissioners protest that the contract calls for an enormous expenditure of money in view of the temporary character of the repairs proposed and the fact that the same amount of money would go far in the construction of a permanent structure.

Another point being urged is that owners of marsh lands will have cause for action against the contractors in the court of any damage incurred to their holdings.

It is thought, however, that the commissioners have spoken too late. They have already agreed to the proposed scheme of work, and their approval is now on file at City Hall. But more than this, the contract has been signed with Messrs. Clark and Adams, and the Common Council only recently passed a resolution urging that the work be immediately commenced. The signing of the contract was the first official act consummated by his worship Mayor Bullock upon entering his second term of office.

The city engineer has been consulted in the matter by Ald. Frink, chairman of the Water and Sewerage board, but it is not known what action, if any, will be taken.

Thomas Potts is chairman of the commission.

COP CRUISES AMONG YACHTS

Now that the yachting season is near at hand the members of the Royal Kennebocous Yacht Club and others are working hard to get their yachts fitted out to enable them to commence the season's cruising by Saturday next. There is necessarily a great deal of work to be done in fitting out a yacht for the season, and yesterday being an ideal day for such work a large number of yachtsmen were early on the grounds at Millisville and were hard at work on the different yachts when Police Officer Silas Perry drove in sight under full sail. He did not remain at any one mooring but cruised about among the yachts and yachtsmen. The officer had a log book in one hand and a lead pencil in the other. He did not enter in his official log the weather, course, location of the different craft with longitude and latitude, but took down a batch of names which it is expected by the yachtsmen will be transferred to the official log book. The log book may be called on to answer the charge of breaking the law by working on the Lord's Day.

SHOT STARTLES CLERKS IN BANK

The office staff of the Bank of British North America, Chipman Hill, was somewhat startled late Saturday afternoon to hear the report of a pistol discharged in the vicinity of the teller's cage.

A subsequent investigation quelled the nerves of the more inquisitive, however, and visions of a hold-up were dispelled by a youthful clerk who confessed that he was not certain of just what he had touched least of all knowing that the peckish thing was loaded. The clerk in question it develops has been at the bank some time. He is a month. He hails from England. Saturday he started out on a tour of inspection, and he exclaimed, "What a dark mystery of the bank happened upon the teller's revolver. The report followed and the startled youth next found himself addressing the smoky end of the firearm and explaining its misdeed to a group of astonished fellow workers.

The bullet whizzed by a member of the staff with sufficient proximity to make him take notice, but other than the breaking of a large pane of glass no damage was done. The final resting place of the ball could not be fixed.

POLICE INVESTIGATE NEW THEORY NOW

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 16.—What the police believed to be a new cur developed today in the investigation of the death of Miss Laura B. Regester, who was strangled to death last Monday night and the authorities are again extending the drag-net to round up the victim. The absence of a frequent one of the reports of the city police believe significant, as the man disappeared immediately after the publication of the story of the girl's death. An effort will be made to locate the man and question him to his whereabouts last Monday night.

Teacher—What is the highest form of animal life?
Schoolboy—The giraffe.

—Do you keep a second girl?
"No, my wife isn't strong enough to wait on more than one."