TWICE-A-WEEK.

Victoria Times.

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"DR. JIM" IN COURT

Transvaal Raiders Given a Hearing in Bow Street Police Court To-Day.

Leading Ladies, Learned Lawyers and Courtly Knights Among the Attendants.

Spanish Students Still Holding Riotous Meetings and Causing Much Trouble.

London, March 10.—There was a large crowd in and about Bow street police court this morning on the occasion of the formal arraignment of Dr Jameson, Major Sir John Willoughby, Col. the Hon. I. F. White, Col. R. Gray and others, charged with violating the foreign enlistment act. Included among the audience were the Duke of Abercorn, chairman of the British Chartered South African Company., Earl and Lady Coventry, Lady Findlay, Hon. Reginald Coventry, Admiral Sir John E. Commerell, G. C. B., V. C., and Lady Annaly, who had a brother-in-law among the raiders injured.

There was a buzz of excited admiration, almost awe, when Dr. Jameson and Sir John Willoughby, the military commanders of the expedition, and their fellow raiders were mustered together at the opening of the court. Had it not been for the stern demeanor of the Chief Justice, a popular demonstration would have occurred. The array of counsel on both sides was really formidable. For the defence there were Sir Edward Clarke, Q. C.; Sir F. Lockwood, Q. C.; Mr. Edward M. Carson, Q. C.; and Mr. C. F. Gill. In behalf of the prosecution there are Sir Richard Webster, Q. C.; Mr. B. R. Finlay, Q.C., Sir Charles Mathew, Q. C., and others.

Sir Richard Webster, when in order opened for the prosecution. He dwelt in forcible language upon the seriousness of the charge against the prisoners, contending that the South African republic was a friendly state within the meaning of the foreign enlistment act, and holding that Bechuanaland, where most of Dr. Jameson's troopers came from, was undoubtedly part of the British dominions.

Continuing, Sir Richard Webster reviewed the circumstances of the raid, and mentioned the speech which Col. R. Grey made to the Bechuanaland police at Mafeking, in which he said: "I cannot tell you we are going by the Queen's orders, but you are going to fight for the supremacy of the Britsh flag in South Africa."

The first witness called was Sergt. Hay, of the Bachunanland police. He testified to the mustering of the troopers at Mafeking and the endeavors of Dr. Jameson and Colonel Grey to induce him and a few of his comrades to join the body men, being equipped for the march towards Johannesburg. A question put to Sergt. Hay drew forth from that witness the statement that Dr. Jameson and Col. Grey were much annoyed, and so expressed themselves, at the fact that some troopers hesitated and others refused to join the expedition.

The examination was adjourned for a week.

Madrid, March 10.—A serious anti-American riot occurred at Salamanca yesterday evening. The students, as usual, were the leaders of the disturbance. They carried the Spanish and American flags, and burned the latter amid the acclamation of the crowds which gathered to witness the patriotic demonstration. Eventually the gendarmes charged the rioters and dispersed them temporarily. Later the students reassembled, and gathered another mob about them. The prefect of the police hurried to the scene and exhorted the students to disperse, but they hooted his utterances, cheering for Spain and denouncing the United States. Finally the prefect was compelled to call upon the police for protection, and the gendarmes again charged. The students met the onslaught with showers of stones. Order, however, was finally restored and the university was closed. The authorities fear there will be additional outbreaks to-day, and elaborate precautions have been taken to prompt ly suppress them.

St. Louis, Mo., March 10.—Senor Geo Gomez, nephew of General Maximo Gomez, has passed through this city en route to Chicago. He arrived direct from Havana. The object of his visit to this country is to learn the exact situation regarding the granting of belligerency rights to the rebels. He will visit the principal cities in the east, urging the wealthy Cubans to double their energies for the insurgents. Speaking of the result of the war, he said: "If the United States recognizes us we will win, but we will lose all we have gained if they fail to do this. Spain is sending additional forces to Cuba every day. We could meet this increase if the United States would recognize us as a republic."

Washington, March 10.—By the time the senate met the crowds within the galleries and those eager to gain admission at the various entrances showed that there would be another large attendance when the Cuban resolutions were reached. As soon as the journal had been read, Mr. Lodge (Republican), rose to a question of personal privilege. He said he had read the Sunday interview attributed to Senor Dupuy de Lome, minister of Spain. There was nothing singular in this fact, as the Spanish minister communicated largely through the newspapers, but in this case the minister called in question the accuracy of a statement made by him (Lodge). The senator sent to the desk and had read the minister's reference to Mr. Lodge's utterances, calling in question the translation of a statement attributed to General Weyler, in which the latter declared he would "exterminate" the insurgents. Mr. Lodge commented on the exactness of the translation and said a literal rendering of Gen. Weyler's language would be that he would "clean out"" the large insurgent bands, and "exterminate" the small ones. Mr. Lodge said he did not think this offered any excuse for the Spanish minister adopting the course he had.

Mr. Gray (Democrat), Deleware, said the course of the United States should be to proceed according to the judgment of a self-respecting nation, unmoved by emeutes at Valencia or Madrid, and without being turned aside to discuss the question of translation between a senator and a minister.

Mr. Teller (rep.) said the rule was unvarying against public communications by foreign ministers, some of whom had been sent home for statements of less importance than this. Mr. Teller then turned to the condition of Spain. He did not think the outbreak of students should give offense. The Spanish authorities were doing all in their power to stop the trouble. There was a ripple of applause, which the vice-president checked, when Teller referred to his sympathy with the Cubans. "I would be delighted," said he, "to hear that Havana had passed into the hands of the insurgents. I would be delighted to hear that the insurgents had run the Spanish soldiers into the sea."

Mr. Chandler (rep.) also thought the Spanish minister had been guilty of impropriety. His reference, said Mr. Chandler, was offensive.

"I desire to say," interposed Mr. Morgan, "that that Spanish minister misquoted what I said on the floor of the senate."

"That illustrates the point I desire to make," continued Mr. Chandler, proceeding to quote Senor de Lome's statements regarding the war of the rebellion. "It was unseemly," he said, "for the Spanish minister to have written such a communication. It could not be countenanced. If the minister from Spain were allowed to write his reply every morning to the debates in congress, senators and members would naturally reply, and the inevitable result would be daily exchange between congress and foreign representatives.

Mr. Gray, (Dem. Del.) who expressed great sympathy for the insurgents, did not favor pressing the matter against the Spanish minister.

Washington, March 10.—Acting Secretary of State Rockhill to-day cabled Consul General Williams at Havana, to investigate and report as soon as possible on the case of Walter Grant Dygart, who, it is said, is a citizen of Illinois and confined in a prison at Guines by the Spanish authorities.

ITALY'S GOVERNMENT.

The New Ministry Formed Under the Marquis di Rudini.

Rome, March 10.—The new cabinet has been definitely decided upon and takes office to-day. The chamber will be summoned to meet next Monday. The ministry is as follows: Premier and minister of the interior, the Marquis di Rudini; minister of war, General Ricotti; minister of marine, Admiral Bri; minister of foreign affairs, the Duke of Sermoneta; minister of justice, Signor Costa; minister of finance, Signor Banca; minister of the treasury, Signor Colombi; minister of public works, Signor Gianturco; minister of agriculture, Signor Guiccardini; minister of post and telegraphs, Signor Carline.

Paris, March 10.—The radicals and Socialists are angry at the Cross of the Legion of Honor being bestowed upon Prince Henry of Orleans, the explorer, and the matter will be debated in the chamber of deputies at the earliest opportunity.

RESTRICTING CIVIC POWER.

Manitoba Legislature Refuse Power to Winnipeg to Tax Incomes.

Winnipeg, March 11.—The law amendments committee of the legislature yesterday refused to give the city council power to impose an income tax.

One Honest Man.

Dear Editor:—Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, honest, home cure, by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, night losses and weak shrunken parts. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, and thank heaven I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. Perfect secrecy assured. Address with stamp. L. A. Edwards, Jarvis, Ont.

—Pocket knives, scissors, etc., a specialty at Shore's Hardware.

GREENWAY WILL COME

If He is Asked, and Will Discuss Matters With the Dominion Government.

Sir Charles Tupper Has Sounded Him, but the Invitation Must be Official.

Looking to Laurier and the Liberal Leaders—Tory Convention Postponed.

Ottawa, March 10.—With one solitary exception, that of Mr. Beausoleil, the Liberals are all united against the remedial bill. This is certain, and the government know it. Beausoleil would also vote against it if he were asked to do so As for the second reading of the bill, it will never take place, so Mr. Greenway does not need to make any great preparations for coming here. The Liberals now have the coercionists badly whipped, and they will keep them in that position.

The Western Canada Immigration delegates, who arrived in the city yesterday, were having a busy time of it to-day. They first met Premier Bowell, then Hon. Mr. Daly, Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., Hon. Mr. Laurier, Hon. Mr. Martin, Sir Richard Cartwright and others. They, of course, had only formal interviews and were received well by all parties, who are manifesting a growing interest in the west. As Mr. Laurier intends running for Saskatchewan district, they of course look to him for advice, and they will not be disappointed. The Liberal leader has done his best this session, as he has done in the past, to further Northwest interests when attacked by Mr. Daly and others. To-day he has brought the administration to their knees in connection with the school case, and before three months are over he will be premier of Canada.

Sir Charles Tupper yesterday said: "I desire to make the following statement to the house: Since answering the question asked by Mr. McCarthy a few days ago, the following telegram has been received by Sir Donald Smith:

"Winnipeg, March 2, 1896.—Your telegram has received the most careful consideration of myself and colleagues. While fully appreciating all you say, it is quite clear to us that we can only proceed to Ottawa for the purpose of holding a conference upon the official invitation of the Dominion government I fully appreciate your very kind offices in this matter. (Signed) Greenway.'

"In view of this assurance that the government of Manitoba are willing to have a conference the government proposes as soon as the second reading of the remedial bill is carried, to have a conference with Mr. Greenway's government with a view to arrive at a settlement of this question on terms that will be satisfactory to his government and the minority of Manitoba, but in the meantime to proceed with the question before the house de die in diem as previously arranged."

Dr. Weldon gave a contradiction to the report in the Toronto News that last January he was prepared to accept remedial legislation and a portfolio under Sir Mackenzie Bowell. He added: "I wish to say, Mr. Speaker, that it may be a question of practical politics with our party as to whether at an early date the Toronto Mail and Toronto News should not be read out of the Liberal-Conservative party."

In the house to-day Mr. Laurier said that he was absent last night when the leader of the house read Premier Greenway's telegram to Sir Donald Smith, and also stated that such an invitation as was mentioned in that dispatch had been forwarded to Mr. Greenway. Mr. Laurier stated that the house would be interested, and also the public would be interested to know whether or not such an invitation as was mentioned had been forwarded to Mr. Greenway.

Sir Charles Tupper—"I will say in answer to the hon. gentleman that my statement as read in the house had been sent by telegraph to Lieut.-Governor Patterson, with the request to lay it before Mr. Greenway." (Laughter.)

Mr. Laurier—"That is then all the invitation that has been sent?"

Sir Charles Tupper—"Yes, the arrangement for a conference is not yet completed." (Renewed laughter.)

Winnipeg, March 10.—Owing to the inability of Sir Charles Tupper to be present at the provincial convention of Conservatives, it has been indefinitely postponed.

Winnipeg, March 10.—Eleven dealers were fined yesterday for selling cigarettes to children. The fines aggregated $113.35.

—While no physician or pharmacist can conscientiously warrant a cure, the J. C. Ayer Co. guarantee the purity, strength, and medicinal virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It was the only blood-purifier admitted at the great World's Fair in Chicago, 1893.

THE OLDEST OF OLD STORIES.

A European Adventurer Marries an Millionairess With Usual Results.

New York, March 10.—A dispatch from Bridgeport says that rumors have reached the ears of many friends of Mrs. Callias, formerly Mrs. P. T. Barnum, that her second marriage is not as happy as it promised. It is not denied that Mrs. Callias intends returning to this country, notwithstanding when she left Bridgeport it was with the avowed intention of remaining abroad for the rest of her life. P. T. Barnum's second wife was a beautiful English girl, some 30 years his junior, whose widowhood he endowed with an annuity of $40,000 besides an independent fortune in real and personal property. Her home at Seaside park alone cost $100,000. Mrs. Barnum, during one of her continental tours met at Catro a Greek gentleman named Demitrius Callias Bey, who, it is reported, had extensive olive plantations on the island of Meletia in the Grecian Archipelago. Some time after the death of Mrs. Barnum, the Greek sued for her hand and won it, and their marriage was solemnized in August last year. Mr. and Mrs. Callias sailed for Europe, with the intention of thereafter making their home in Callais island. There are ill-defined rumors that the olive plantations, Grecian fortune and the happy home among the islands of the archipelago never materialized.

A TUPPERIAN TRAP

In Which to Catch the Greenway Government Tripping Over the Negotiations.

Invitation Comes Too Late, and the Blame Will be Thrown on Manitoba.

Ottawa, March 10.—The whole talk here to-day is the action of the Dominion government in sending for Premier Greenway. Nobody believes here that the government is in earnest, more especially as the conference is to be held after the second reading of the remedial bill. The Dominion government intends asking the house to vote for the second reading of a coercive bill, establishing separate schools against the will of the province, and then they are to send for Premier Greenway to ask him to accept same, notwithstanding that his government and the legislature have declared most emphatically that they will not do so. The whole affair is ridiculous. This cry of sending for Greenway has been the means of keeping many of the anti-remedialists with the government so far; at least they have insisted that steps should be taken in this direction or they would declare themselves against the bill, so that the government is making this pretense for a conference when they know it can be of no avail. The fact of the matter is the government have discovered that they have made a huge blunder in this affair from the beginning, but they cannot get away from the bargain which they made with the hierarchy to pass the remedial bill. What they expect to do now is to invite Mr. Greenway here at a time when it will be impossible to do anything, and then the government will throw upon him the failure of the negotiations. This is perfectly clear.

PROPOSED CABLE TO ALASKA.

Pacific Coast Senators and Congressmen in Favor of the Project.

Washington, March 10.—A special to the Seattle Times says: Senator Wilson, Congressmen Hyde and Doolittle favor the erection of a cable to Hawaii and Alaska. They so expressed themselves to the Times correspondent this morning. Senator Squire could not be found, but it is understood he favors such a scheme. The Times representative saw the other Pacific Coast senators, Messrs. White, Perkins and Mitchell, and they are heartily in favor of this plan. While the idea of a cable to Alaska is somewhat of a surprise to a few senators and congressmen, yet the fact remains that they seem to look at the project with kindly eyes. Congressman McGuire, the San Francisco member, the only Democrat from California, is favorable to the Hawaiian cable scheme, but favors the building by subsidy. The other representatives and senators, however, did not put in the word "subsidy," when replying as to their views in the matter. There is now pending before the interstate and foreign commerce committee of the house a bill authorizing the construction of a submarine cable to Honolulu, but up to the present nothing in the shape of a bill for an Alaskan cable has been presented in either branch of Congress.

Ninty Per Cent.

Of all the people need to take a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla at this season to prevent that run down and debilitated condition which invites disease. The money invested in half a dozen bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla will come back with large returns in the health and vigor of body and strength of nerves.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. Cure all liver ills. 25c.

TORIES IN A TANGLE

The Proposition Now is to Send an Emissary to Sue for Peace in Manitoba.

A Scheme to Get Dissentient Conservatives to Vote for the Second Reading.

Daly's Diatribe Against Hon. Jos. Martin and the Greenway Government.

Ottawa, March 11.—It is said here now that the minister of justice and some other minister of the crown will visit Winnipeg shortly to confer with the provincial authorities in regard to the school case.

The whole affair is viewed here as a gigantic farce to get the Conservatives to vote for the second reading of the bill. At any rate the bill cannot be put through while Sir Charles Tupper and other Conservatives are thinking of sending for Mr. Greenway.

Mr. Daly was put up in the house yesterday just after Sir Charles Tupper had made his statements to abuse Premier Greenway and the local government in the most violent way. Daly's whole speech was an attack on Hon. Mr. Martin and the local authorities. This is the kind of conciliation which is going on here.

A delegation of the Western Immigration Association met the members of parliament representing the district west of Port Arthur in the Tower room of the house of commons to-day to talk over the best means of getting immigrants into the country. Thomas Earle, M.P., was appointed chairman. The delegates pressed upon the members the idea of making immigration work free from political influences. What they suggested was that the government should appoint as head of the immigration department a man such as Professor Robertson, who is now over the dairy department, and that the executive of the Western Immigration Association should be an advisory committee. Some of the delegates pointed out that the mixing up of politics in immigration work had a disastrous effect. Mr. Earle was appointed to arrange an interview with the government when these views will be laid before them.

It is stated on good authority that the members of the Dominion cabinet have submitted the question as to the expiration of the present parliament to the supreme court of Canada, and the ministry will abide by the decision. It is also predicted that the justices of the supreme court will hold that parliament legally expires in June, not on April 25, as held by Sir Oliver Mowat.

Carroll, French Liberal, made one of the best speeches yet heard in the school debate. He opposed the bill strongly, saying he believed there was a private understanding between Langevin and the government that money was to be forthcoming if the provincial authorities failed to comply with the provisions of the bill. He claimed that too much had been made in Quebec about the finding of the judicial committee. It was not in any sense a judgment, but merely an opinion.

In the senate yesterday Boulton asked if it was the intention of the government to dispatch a vessel to Hudson's Bay with a view of ascertaining further information as to its navigability as an ocean route. Senator Perley said that the productive capacity of the Northwest was not yet sufficient to warrant the opening up of this route. There were many things that the Northwest needed more. Premier Bowell said it was not the intention of the government to send a vessel this season. The departments of marine and fisheries and customs were considering the advisability of maintaining a vessel in these waters for the protection of the customs revenue, and to prevent American fishermen from poaching in Canadian waters. That vessel would also make an investigation extending over years, with a view to settling the question of the navigability of the straits.

—There is no excuse for any man to appear in society with a grizzly beard since the introduction of Buckingham's Dye, which colors natural brown or black.

ROYAL Baking Powder.
Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report

'FRISCO'S JACK THE RIPPER.

Another Resident of Morton Street Mysteriously Murdered.

San Francisco, March 11.—The women who infest Morton street and St. Mary's place of this city, are in a state of terror on account of the murder of two of their class within a month. Both women were strangled to death in their rooms. In both cases the murderer escaped. The last victim of the mysterious strangler was found early this morning. The murders here are similar in detail to those among the same class of women in Buffalo and Denver, and it is thought that the Buffalo strangler has come to San Francisco.

SPAIN AND U. S.

Talk About Britain Mediating—Disturbance at Bilboa.

Madrid, March 10.—The Correspondencia announces that it is reported in political circles that England is trying to mediate between Britain and the United States for the settlement of the Cuban question, on the basis of a recognition of the sovereign rights of Spain over Cuba, which would be granted an autonomous administration, the customs receipts, however, being devoted to the payment of the Cuban debt.

A dispatch from Barcelona says that the merchants of that city have agreed not to sell American products in the event of President Cleveland approving of the Cuban belligerency resolutions of congress. They have also opened a subscription towards a fund which is to be devoted to the purchase of warships.

The noisy demonstrations of patriotic fervor and hostility to the United States were renewed at Bilboa to-day, and efforts were again made to do violence to the U. S. consulate. The mob succeeded in stoning the Dutch consulate, having mistaken that office for the consulate of the United States, which was effectually guarded by the police force.

—All last winter Mr. George A. Mills, of Lebanon, Conn., was badly afflicted with rheumatism. At times it was so severe that he could not stand up straight, but was drawn over on one side. "I tried different remedies without receiving relief," he says, "until about six months ago I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. After using it for three days my rheumatism was gone and has not returned since." For sale by all druggists; Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Cuba.

Havana, March 11.—Col. A. Salermo, in command of the Spanish column operating against the insurgents in the province of Pinar del Rio, has won a victory and captured a fortified position occupied by the enemy. The insurgents were found occupying a strong position in the neighborhood of Gaucamayo plantation, strengthened with artillery which protected the infantry, but the troops dislodged them and they retreated to the plantation of Dos Hermos where they formed in the line of battle. After an hour's fighting, during which cannon shots were exchanged, the insurgents dispersed with 10 killed and wounded.

New York, March 11.—General Calixto Garcia, Captain Samuel Hughes, J. D. Hart, Captain John Brabazon, Bernardo J. Bueno and Benjamin J. Guerra, of the Bermuda expedition, were today indicted by the federal grand jury for taking part in an armed expedition contrary to the neutrality laws.

DELTA CREAMERY.

To the Editor:—In your Semi-Weekly of the 6th inst, Mr. Chandler refers to the Delta Creamery Company as not having paid a dividend. They only ran about six months in 1895 and their financial statement at their annual meeting was satisfactory to the shareholders and patrons, as shown by the unanimous vote of thanks to the retiring officers. The company did not expect a dividend directly, but they trace one indirectly in so far that they are not dependent on ploughing and sowing only, and having their returns annually, but get their ready cash every month, which is a boon to the struggling settler.

If the gentleman has any stock for sale in the said company or any other person has, and will apply to the subscriber, he can find a purchaser in your humble servant at even better prices than he quoted. I enclose my name, but not for publication.

March 9, 1896. SHAREHOLDER.

A. Leflar.

DISEASED LUNGS
CURED BY TAKING
AYER'S Cherry Pectoral.

"I contracted a severe cold, which settled on my lungs, and I did what is often done in such cases, neglected it. I then consulted a doctor, who found, on examining me, that the upper part of the left lung was badly affected. The medicines he gave me did not seem to do any good, and I determined to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. After taking a few doses my trouble was relieved, and before I had finished the bottle I was cured."
—A. LEFLAR, watchmaker, Orangeville, Ont.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Highest Awards at World's Fair.
Ayer's Pills Cure Indigestion.