

LOT FOR SALE

5715 per foot, Parkwood avenue, on the N.W. corner of St. Clair, 45 x 150. Ap-... H. H. WILLIAMS & CO. 25 King St. East. Main 5450

PROBS - Fresh to strong southeast, shifting to S. and S.W. winds; fair and milder.

Reading Room 11-12-13-14 House Commons HOUSE COMMONS P.

FOR RENT

27 King Street West, 27 x 88, together with first floor over, same size. Lease for five or ten years. Rent best supplied. Good display window. Alterations to suit tenant. Immediate possession. Apply H. H. WILLIAMS & CO. 25 King St. East. Main 5450

The Toronto World MACKENSEN RETIRES BEFORE ALLIES IN DOBRUDJA French Continue Successful Fighting North of Somme

FOE RETREATS HASTILY FROM DOBRUDJA LINE

Von Mackensen Fires Village Before Withdrawing South Before Allies.

STOP JUL ADVANCE

Roumanians Cease Pursuit When Teuton Reinforcements Arrive.

Special Cable to The Toronto World. London, Nov. 6.—The feature of the news from Roumania today was the official announcement of the retreat of Von Mackensen in the Dobrudja before the strong pressure of the allies and much speculation exists as to the exact nature of the allied action that caused the Kaiser's trusted field marshal to decide on a retrograde. No news has been received of any big battle beyond the ordinary reports of activity by scouts issued from Russian sources.

Bucharest announces today that advanced Roumanian detachments have won several successes in sharp clashes with the enemy. Before retiring Von Mackensen ordered to be set on fire the villages of Dnest, Caritzi, Roman and Gaidar. This is the first intimation of the retreat.

Concerning the operations in the Dobrudja, the Russians report that cavalry and advanced infantry detachments of the allies engaged in successful encounters.

The chief new features of the operations on the Transylvanian front comprise the arrival of hostile reinforcements in the Jul Valley, and the halting of the Roumanian pursuit and the fact that after stubborn battles the Roumanians fighting in the direction of Feredal were compelled to fall back southward a little distance.

The situation in general on the Transylvanian front is unchanged. All along the Danube the artillery firing has become lively.

The Germans claim that they made more progress in the Alt Valley and that southwest of Feredal they captured Leornu height, and that in the fighting on the southern Transylvanian front the Germans took more than 400 prisoners.

The Austrians say that their monitors banded detachments on Dinie Island in the Danube, and captured two Roumanian cannon and four ammunition cars.

Duke of Devonshire's Arrival Deferred for Some Weeks

By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 6.—The Duke of Devonshire's household goods have arrived and are being unpacked at Rideau Hall. The new governor-general will not be here for some weeks yet however.

GERMANY IS TO HAVE DICTATOR OF ECONOMICS

Gen. Groener's Appointment Probably Means Von Batocki's Retirement.

ITALIANS SECURE CAPTURED LINES

Straighten Out New Front Between Gorizia and Sea by Assaults.

FOE ATTACKS LESSEN

Ally Lays Siege to Fortified Village of Castagnievizza.

Special Cable to The Toronto World. London, Nov. 6.—The Italians are firmly established on the new line which they have captured on the front between a point east of Gorizia and the sea, and they are engaged in completing the consolidation of their position. Here and there along their line they attacked points jutting out as salients and broke them off so as to straighten their line. Fifty prisoners were taken in these operations.

The Italians are now proceeding with the siege of Castagnievizza, which the Austrians had strongly fortified with machine guns and other implements of resistance. This place is being violently bombarded by the attacking and it is expected that it will be stormed by bombing squads in a short time.

The Austrians have been launching fewer counter-attacks than on the first two days of the offensive on account of the severe punishment which has been given them. At one place described as in the direction of Lukar the fighting got to close quarters, and the Italians drove back the foe with the bayonet.

At other points on the front the artillery of the enemy was very active. The Austrians who have not admitted the Italian success, but who rather have reported the action as if the Austrians were winning, claim tonight that in the coastal region the attacking activity of the Italians had diminished considerably. They make the assertion that the Italian losses during the last days of the battle were exceedingly heavy and proportionate to the massed employment of the Italian infantry.

ALLIES BATTLE WITH TEUTONS IN HEAVY GALE

Wind Blows at Velocity of Eighty Miles Per Hour.

GUNS FIRE WILDLY

Bombardment of Hundred German Batteries Escapes Aerial Control.

BY ASHMEAD BARTLETT. With the French Army on the Somme Front, Sunday, Nov. 5, via Chantilly, Nov. 6.—The battle today in the district between Sully-Sallise and St. Pierre Wood, was fought without the assistance of aeroplanes.

The wind, blowing 80 miles an hour, prevented the planes from ascending, and consequently the artillery fire from 100 German batteries, as well as from the French and British, was uncontrolled aerially. Every inch of the battleground was a danger spot and the correspondent of the Associated Press and other correspondents were compelled to take shelter in a dugout.

When the French infantry attacked a powerful series of trenches with trench mortars and grenades they found a strong garrison, which in one position surrendered in a body, with their officers, more than 500 running at a racing pace into the French lines, and for two miles and a half to the rear, accompanied by only half a dozen French guards.

It was a strange sight when they ran the gauntlet of the German barrage fire. Surrounded only by immediate members of their families, the candidates prior to receive the election returns at their homes. Tomorrow Mr. Wilson will go to Princeton to vote, while Mr. Hughes will cast his ballot in New York City.

ADMIRALTY REPLIES TO BERLIN CHARGE

No Orders That Survivors of German Subs Need Not Be Rescued.

PRETEXT FOR PIRACY?

Such May Be German Motive in Making Baseless Accusation.

London, Nov. 6.—The admiralty tonight, in a published communique, again denies that it ever issued orders that survivors of German submarines need not be rescued. The communique states that the German press is trying to make capital out of what they describe as a second Baralong case, possibly in order to incite American opinion against Great Britain, or as a pretext for an unrestrained submarine campaign.

The communique cites the facts of the case, showing that a British auxiliary flying a neutral flag, on Sept. 24, 1915, approached a German submarine in the western channel, engaging in sinking a British merchantman. When within range the auxiliary hoisted a white ensign and fired on and sank the submarine, and then rescued the crew of the merchantman from their boats. When this was done, she also rescued two of the submarine's crew who had climbed into a drifting boat.

The communique claims that the use of a neutral flag was justifiable, as shown by the German practice in the case of the Moewe, and in other instances, and says that "nobody but a German could base an allegation of brutality on the lapse of a few minutes between the rescue of Britishers and Germans."

FLAMES DESTROY BARN FIREMEN BUSY ELSEWHERE

Quantity of Hay, Fowls and Machinery Burned, and No Insurance.

BOTH SIDES EXPECT TRIUMPH AT POLLS

Wilson to Cast Vote in Princeton and Hughes in New York.

PROHIBITION CONTESTS

"Dry" Issue in Six States—Keen Interest in Women's Vote.

New York, Nov. 6.—On the eve of the presidential election general confidence in the result of the balloting tomorrow was expressed in the camps of the rival Republican and Democratic forces. Tonight the standard bearers of the leading parties remained quietly at their homes. President Woodrow Wilson at Shadow Lawn and Charles E. Hughes at his hotel in New York.

Surrounded only by immediate members of their families, the candidates prior to receive the election returns at their homes. Tomorrow Mr. Wilson will go to Princeton to vote, while Mr. Hughes will cast his ballot in New York City.

ITALIAN SUBMARINES FIRE ON BIG WARSHIP

Bold Exploit in Austria's Great Naval Post of Pola Reported.

Rome, Nov. 6.—Italian submarines entered the harbor of Pola and ineffectively fired two torpedoes at a large warship and returned unscathed after making a comprehensive reconnaissance under the guns of the fortress.

Italian torpedo boats sank a large enemy steamer moored under the shelter of the defenses at Durazzo the night of Nov. 3.

Pola is the great naval port and arsenal of Austria at the extremity of the peninsula of Istria on the Adriatic, south of Trieste.

Capt. Worsley, of Nova Scotia, On Shackleton's Rescue Trip

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—Sir Ernest Shackleton, Antarctic explorer, arrived here today whence he will take passage Wednesday for Australia, on his way to the south Polar regions to rescue the man of his shipwrecked expedition there. With Shackleton is Captain Frank Worsley of Nova Scotia, captain of the wrecked Polar ship Endurance.

German Steamer is Shifted From Antwerp to Flushing

London, Nov. 7.—A Reuter despatch from Amsterdam says that the German steamer Atto, which has been lying in Antwerp since the outbreak of the war, has arrived at Flushing, with the purpose of continuing the voyage to Rotterdam tomorrow. A military guard has been placed aboard the Atto, which probably will be interned.

Lord Shaughnessy Says Canada Objects to Peace Patters

Canadian Associated Press Cable. London, Nov. 6.—Lord Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific, interviewed, said: "We have no patience with peace prettlers in Canada. Your chief concern is to win the war. When Great Britain thinks the hour has come to discuss peace terms, then Canada will be perfectly satisfied, but not till then."

MEN'S FUR-LINED COATS.

A fur-lined coat is stylish from season to season, and the first coat is little more than the price for a well-tailored heavy winter coat that will begin to show wear the first season, and probably be out of style the second season. Dineen's are specialists in men's fur and fur-lined coats. Dineen's, 140 Yonge street, corner Temperance.

WITH THE CANADIANS AT THE FRONT



Two soldiers from Canada assist in farm work while resting behind the firing line.

ALLIES TO JOIN BATTLE WITH MACKENSEN SOON

Big Forces of Russians and Roumanians Pursue Retreating Foe Southward in Dobrudja.

BY ARTHUR S. DRAPER.

Special Cable to The Toronto World. London, Nov. 6.—The Roumanians and Russians in the Dobrudja have rallied and struck back at Von Mackensen. Infantry and cavalry detachments drove southward along the Danube today and forced the invader back along the whole western flank of the front. Von Mackensen's troops, under the strong pressure of the advancing columns, were compelled to abandon four villages north of Hirsowa. These positions—Danci, Garliet, Bosman and Gadder—were set on fire by the retreating Bulgars and Germans, and were almost consumed by the flames when the entente troops reached them.

The reorganized forces of the Russians and Roumanians are tonight less than 15 miles north of Hirsowa, the nearly 40 miles from the Cernavoda railroad.

Sharp Battle to Begin. The main forces are quickly catching up with the advance detachments, according to advices from the front, and a sharp battle between the opposing armies is expected at any moment. The entente troops are believed to have received reinforcements and fresh equipment since the last clash with the enemy and are expected to launch a wide offensive movement to wrest back the lands of upper Dobrudja. Striking along the Danube they are apparently aiming first to recapture Cernavoda and shatter the enemy's plans for a march on Bucharest from that sector.

The general situation on the Transylvanian front shows little change. South of Feredal and the Red Tower Pass the invading troops are still pressing forward slowly, in the face of stubborn resistance. Today von Falkenhayn's forces seized Leornu height, southwest of Feredal, and advanced slightly in the neighborhood of Iacovita, in the Alt Valley, where Bucharest reports the continuance of forest fighting in the latter region. The Germanic troops are still clinging desperately to the position twelve miles within the frontier which they won in their big assault of ten days ago.

In the Jul Valley, on the western end of the front where the Roumanians have been pushing forward steadily for two weeks, the Teuton resistance has stiffened. Bucharest announces that the enemy has received reinforcements that have checked the advance of Ferdinand's troops. On the rest of the front no gains were recorded by either side.

TORPEDO STRIKES HUN DREADNOUGHT

British Submarine Attacks Big Warship Near Danish Coast.

RESULT IS UNKNOWN

German Squadron May Have Ventured Out Into North Sea.

London, Nov. 6.—An admiralty announcement says: "One of our submarines operating in the North Sea reports that she fired torpedoes at a German battleship of the dreadnought type near the Danish coast yesterday. The vessel was hit."

"The amount of damage is unknown." The announcement gives no intimation whether any considerable portion of the German high seas fleet was in the North Sea yesterday.

It was off the Danish coast that the main German and British fleets engaged in battle last May. On several occasions the German fleet has left its base for short cruises in the North Sea. Ordinarily a dreadnought would not be employed merely for reconnoitering. The fact that a German submarine was stranded off the Jutland coast on Saturday night, and blown up by its crew, would indicate that British warships were near enough to make its hasty destruction desirable.

FRENCH PRESS ON IN BATTLE AMONG TREES

Allies Gain More German Positions in St. Pierre Vaast Wood.

BOMB WAY ONWARD

Gallic Infantry Does Great Execution With Grenades in Somme Action.

Special Cable to The Toronto World. London, Nov. 6.—In the fighting north of the Somme, which was continued chiefly by the French today, the Germans were ousted from more positions in the northern part of St. Pierre Vaast Wood and 600 of them fell as prisoners into the hands of the French.

The Germans started an attempt some time last night to recover the ground which they had just lost. They launched furious counter-attacks, and regained a portion of the high ground about the Butte de Warlencourt that had been taken by the British. But east of Les Boeufs, where the British right had advanced, the gains were secured by consolidation. This was accomplished today. The Germans heavily bombarded the British front between the Ancre and the Somme today, according to the despatch of Sir Douglas Haig.

The French continued their pressure by grenade attacks on the St. Pierre Vaast Wood. They found in a report of their progress that the Germans had lost heavily in the murderous fighting of the night. The dead Germans encumbered the ground over which the French made progress. The Germans still retain some ground, but the French have taken a portion of this wood.

In the village of Sully, which the French had captured in part, and in which the German pendulum swung back a little as a result of their desperate struggles of the night before, the situation was little changed today. Both sides remained under cover for the most part, waiting for night to resume their struggle for the slightest movement in daylight would attract a bomb from the opposing quarters.

No Change at Verdun. The situation here also continued unchanged. The only event to report was the continuance of an artillery struggle in the Douaumont-Vaux-Damloup region.

Signs of revived activity in the Vosges are seen by observers from the report of the making of an attack by the Germans on one of the small French posts in the Vosges, near Verdun. This move was promptly repulsed by the French.

The French official communication issued tonight says: "North of the Somme we continued our progress during the day in the northern part of St. Pierre Vaast Wood. We have taken in this sector since yesterday over 600 prisoners. Foe Losses Heavy."

It is confirmed that the enemy in the course of his violent counter-attacks last night on our positions in the St. Pierre Vaast Wood suffered very heavy losses. Our artillery and trench mortars successfully bombarded hostile trenches south of Amantieres.

"Yesterday in spite of the gale our aircraft did useful work observing for the artillery. One machine was in the air more than three hours."

Farmer Believes Barn Fire Was Caused by an Incendiary

Belleville, Nov. 6.—At an early hour Sunday morning a large barn and some outbuildings, the property of John Stewart of Actinolite, Elzevir Township, was destroyed by fire. A horse, cow and some pigs and hens were burned, and implements and vehicles were destroyed. Mr. Stewart is convinced the fire was incendiary in its origin, as at a late hour on Saturday night he visited the barn and everything was all right. The damage is estimated at \$3000, one-third of which is covered by insurance.