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25c KINDS. 11c GLE ROLL. and floral pat-

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BOARD - 1014 neter, round hard-ard, nicely finish-

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Sweep clean—g—12-inch wide—dle. Today 49c.

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Regularly \$4

er—blucher lace an tanned Trot sizes 13, 13½, 1, \$4.00. Just for

well finished in An ideal summer 2.75. Midsummer

# PROBS- Light winds; mostly fine and decided warm; showers in a few localities. Senate Reading Room SENATE POOTTAWA

Germans Pushed Back on Both Sides of the Ourcq River---Armentieres-Coincy Railway Cut---Heights Dominating River Avre Captured---Further British Advance.

Increasing Resistance of Germans Fails to Stem Advance.

STRONG POINTS FALL

Blow Aimed at Montdidier Useful Diversion Against Enemy.

The entente allied troops on the Boissons-Rheims salient continue to gain ground, both on the western side of the battlefront and on the south along the Marne and toward Rheims, notwithstanding the increasing resistance of the Germans and the bad weather that is prevailing on the

southern part of the line.

ating the valley of the Avre River and the plains beyond. Fifteen hundred Germans were captured by the French.

fighting as a local operation.
South of Soissons the drive of the Franco-American forces toward Fere-en-Tardenois has pushed further back the Germans on both sides of the Ourcq River. South of the river, notwithstanding the fierce resistance, the allied forces reached the railroad line between Armentieres and Coincy, running southward to Chateau Thierry, and pressed on beyond it. This advance brings the French and American troops relatively to within seven miles of Fere-en-Tardenois, and also gives them a dominating position for big gun play over the eastern section of the railway line running from Armentieres to Fere-en-Tardenois.

Jaulgonne Recaptured.
On the northern bank of the Marne Town of Jaulgonne, from which the Americans retreated during the Gerson in his historic utterance." man offensive, has been recaptured and left in the rear by the advancing troops. East of Jaulgonne the French likewise have advanced their line on to their newly-won positions, notwith-standing the viciousness of the German counter moves and the statement of the German war office that they

vere driven out.
Likewise, southwest of Rheims, where the British are fighting with the French, strong positions have been captured, and the allied line advanced nearly a mile. Tho the reinforced German front here stubbornly contested the advance, the British and French chine gun fire behind them. Where The text of the communication folthey are forced to give ground the lows:

JAP PRIVY COUNCIL FOR SIBERIAN POLICY

London, July 23.—A Reuter despatch from Tokio dated July 19 says that a special session of the privy council, presided over by the emperor, met that day to consider the Siberian question and passed the government's measure in the premises.

A despatch from Tokio July 19 said it was believed in political circles there that the Japanese Government's reply to the proposal made by the United States relative to entente allied intervention in Biberia would be despatched to Washington that day. The despatch added tha tit was understood the Japanese emperor would accept the American proposal in every particular.

Dillonites Decide to Force Discussion in Parliament on Erin's Affairs.

London, July 23.—The Irish Nationalists returned to parliament today after a three months' absence, which was due to the government's decision to introduce conscription in Ireland.

At a meeting previous to the assembling of commons, the Nationalists decided to put down a motion regarding. And no sub-station was in a position to partial affairs which will allow a sensition to promise any mail to the sub-update, as those of the whole, as those of the men as traight wage of not less to the decided to put down a motion regarding, and no sub-station was in a position to promise any mail to the sub-update and the provious days, they nevertheless have can give a day for it.

between the British and Irish nations. "That this house entirely endorses the principles laid down by President Wilson in his great speech at the principles laid down by President Wilson in his great speech at the principles laid down by President Wilson in his great speech at the principles laid down by President Wilson in his great speech at the grave of George Washington, when speaking of the objects for which American forces toward Ferench and her allies are fighting, he said: "These great objects can be put into a single sentence. What we seek is the reign of law, based upon the carriers were on hand to sort it out as regards the streets and the carriers were on hand to sort it out as regards the streets and the original will the carriers were on hand to sort it out as regards the streets and the original will the carriers were on hand to sort it out as regards the streets and the original will the carriers were on hand to sort it out as regards the streets and the original will the carriers were on hand to sort it out as regards the streets and the original will the carriers the consent of the governed and sustained by the organized opinion of the into this house entirely endorses mall remained at the depot, due to the walk-out of the transfer men, only five being on hand to do 35 men's work. The British mail which was distributed was at the various substations, but could not be dealt with until the carriers were on hand to sort it out as regards the streets and the reliance of the opinion of the carriers were on hand to do 35 men's work. The British mail remained at the depot, due to the walk-out of the transfer men, only five being on hand to do 35 men's work. The British mail remained at the depot, due to the walk-out of the transfer men, only five being on hand to do 35 men's work. The British mail remained at the depot, due to the walk-out of the transfer men, only five being on hand to do 35 men's work. The British mail remained at the depot, due to the walk-out of the walk-out of the walk-out of th achieved by debating and seeking to reconcile and accommodate what statesmen may wish, with their projects for balances of power and of national opportunity. They can be realized only by the determination of what the thinking peoples of the world desire, with their longing hope for justice and for social freedom and opportunity.

"And that this house is of the opinion that the true solution of the Irish question is to put into operation with to the east of Chateau Thierry the out delay with regard to Ireland the

Italians Push Along Crest of Mali Silvnes in Offensive.

Rome, July 23.-The Italians are gained the advantage, and in addition to inflicting heavy casualties, took prisoners and five guns. The British alone captured 300 Germans.

The counter-attacks of the Germans Further to the east, French parties football. continue to be delivered with great occupied the heights on the left bank violence and with heavy gun and ma-

"In the Tonale region, in the Val Germans are leaving numerous ma-chine gun nests in the open to harass Arsa, and on the eastern endge of the their enemy and aid in making secure the retirements.

Asiago Plateau, the artillery duels have been more in ense. Hostile patrols were driven back with losses at Mount View, in the Mori region

### WANT ASSURANCE FROM DELEGATES

Letter Carriers Decide to Await Word From Men at Ottawa.

BRITISH MAIL ARRIVES

Could Not Be Dealt With

confer with a sub-committee of the Dominion Cabinet, and has also decided to remain out until assured by this delegation that the government

# AT MAISON BLEUE

Heavy Bombing Operations Pro-Marne Battlefront.

man airplanes were brought down or by interning himself in London. but out of action by French and Brit- is he afraid of parliament in session ish airmen yesterday. Four captive and is he afraid of the people of Canada? balloons were burned and many tons c! bombs were dropped on German both? concentration points. This announcement is made i the official communica-

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne Front, July 22.—The French and American troops fighting south of Soissons have captured four German tanks, which were operating against them in conjunction with the German infantry. The alited artillery immediately spotted the tanks as they came into action and quickly put four of them out of commission. Four others retreated.

MAGAZINE EXPLODED

for Want of

Sorters.

London, July 23—Further details of the British air raid on Tondern, Schleswig, prove that the results were better than was at first believed. The early communications justified the reports that only two zeppelin sheds, with the airships inside, were destroyed.

Later information obtained from the pilots of the attacking aircraft is to the effect that a bomb was diopped on a flat building, built partially underground, one mile east of Tondern, and that, from the nature of Tondern, and that from the nature of Tondern, and that the airships inside, were destroyed.

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Ottawa to Prescott and Other Roads to Become Provincial.

While the latest gains recorded are not as great, on the whole, as those of previous days, they nevertheless have added positions of strategic value to the allied line for the further prosecution of the efforts to clear the territory of the enemy. In the fighting more prisoners, guns and war stores have fallen into the hands of the French, British and American fropes.

As a diversion, the French to the northwest, midway between Soissons and Amilens, have delivered a blow and Amilens, have delivered a blow against the German line which has been productive of excellent results. Striking on a front of about four miles, General Foch's troops penetrated the sense productive of excellent results. Striking on a front of about four miles, deneral Foch's troops penetrated the miles and gained the heights dominating the valley of the Avre River and the plains beyond. Fifteen hundred Germans were captured by the French. Wilson in his great speech at the Germans were captured by the French. Wilson in his great speech at the work. The British mall which was On August 15 the provincial gov-ernment will take over the Ottawa-

convert into provincial highways.

The Prescoti-Ottawa road passes
thru North Gower, Johnston, the
Village of North Gower and the Vil-

### Ottawa, the Centre of Canada.

Sir Robert Borden hadn't been in office Conservative party beyond repair; in less than eix months he has hopelessly smashed the Unionist government, and He did these things because of his in-

decision and his inaction. He cannot make up his mind until it is too late; when he acts he does the wrong thing, or at best the right thing in a wrong way. Government by order-in-council in Canceed Against Germans on Entire ada has become a menace to liberty and a block to Canada's helping to win the ada has become a menace to liberty and

Sir Robert's mandate is from the people of Canada to carry on the governmen Paris, July 23.—Thirty-seven Ger- Canada; not to keep away from Canada

cabinet and congress behind him are ment is made I the official communication issued by the war office tonight.

The text of the statement reads:
"On July 22 the work of our aerial forces continued along the whole battlefront very actively. Franco-battlefront very actively. Franco-battlefront very actively. Franco-battlefront very actively of the set for the nation. Their keynote was organization and co-operation, and "We have been able to tide over times of great difficulty and moments." Pritish squadrons fought numerous combats, which cost the enemy heavy lesses. Thirty-seven German aircraft on the ablest men in their class. Wilson of grave anxiety as to the sustemance of grave anxiety as to the grave anxiety as the grave anxi combats, which cost the enemy heavy losses. Thirty-seven German aircraft were brought down or put out of actionand four captive balloons were set afire.

"Bombing operations were continued in the same methodical way as on president and the sa in the same methodical way as on prein the same methodical way as on preceding days and with as good results. Enemy concentration points, bivouacs, communicating links were bombed with 29 tons of projectiles. British Lombing planes dropped 4 1-2 tons of explosives on aviation grounds and stations in the rear.

"On the night of July 22-23 an expedition against the railroad station at Maison Bleue attained its object. Thirteen hundred kilos of projectiles

Thirteen hundred kilos of projectiles

Tarirteen hundred kilos of projectiles

his leadership all aliens have to behave the measure to help us not in foodstuffs alone, but with brave and gallant troops."

Referring to Emperor William's famous reference to the "contemptible British army," which Mr. Chamberlain said would never be forgotten nor forgiven by the present or future generations, the speaker continued:

Thirteen hundred kilos of projectiles BRITISH PRISONERS DIE.

Over Twelve Hundred Soldiers, Sailors, Indians Are Dead in
Eighteen Months.

London, July 23.—In the house of
Commonstoday Read Admiral G. P. French and
mirally board, announced that the open diline are pushing along mirally board, announced that project men lish nave officer and eight navel officer and six and officer and eight navel are the heights on the left bank of the lishes on the left bank of the legites on the left bank of the province of the status of the soldies on the legites on a visiting from the heatings in the Agreeman status of the soldies on the legites on th

CAPTURED BY ALLIES EGHT V

IN RAID ON TONDERN

Allies Clear Austrians From Southern Bank of Holta River. Paris, July 23.—A French official statement says: "Eastern theatre, July 22.-There was reciprocal artillery activity in the region of Doiran and west of the Vardar. Patrol engagements took place in the region of Nonte.

"In Albania our troops continued their attacks vesterday."

"In Albania our troops continued their attacks yesterday, and after heavy hand-to-hand fighting drove the Austrians from all their positions south of the Hoita River. In the course of two days we captured six hundred prisoners, including six officers and twelve machine guns. On our left, on the west bank of the Devoli, Italian troops captured Hill 900."

FRENCH PRESS ON

IN ALBANIA DRIVE

Afternoon Raid Carried Out Against Baden Town-Bursts Seen on Railway Sidings.

London, July 23 .- The official state ment on aerial operations issued by the air ministry tonight says: "In a raid carried out on the after-noon of the 22nd instant, the main station of Offenburg (Baden), was hit and bursts were seen on the sidings. One hostile machine was destroyed.

All our machines returned.
"On the night of July 22-23 repeated attacks, attended with good results, were carried out against the enemy's airdromes. Fires and explosions were observed. Other tarthree years before he had smashed the Sets were engaged with bombs and Conservative party beyond repair; in less machine gun fire."

# presumably the Unionist party. The omens are not good. He did these things because of blooks.

culty Has Passed.

London, July 23.—At a Mansion House luncheon today to H. H. Hoover, American food controller, the first In this war President Wilson and his half of the government appreciation to Mr. Hoover and the people of the United States for the help rendered

# IN ADVANCE OF ALLIES

Eighteen Hundred Prisoners Made in Progress at Montdidier and Along the Ourcq --- British Troops Gain Over Thousand Yards in Attacks Between

Paris, July 23.—French, American and British troops made considerable advances during the day on the Aisne-Marne front, according to the war office announcement tonight. In addition to occupying several villages, they captured 1800 prisoners or more. The text reads:

"On both sides of the Ourcq attacks by our troops during the day obtained satisfactory results, notwithstanding the tenacious resistance offered by the enemy, who brought up fresh reserves. North of the river we captured and went beyond Le Plessier-Huleu and reached the western outskirts of Oulcy-la-Ville. We occupied the Village of Montgru.

"South of the Ourcq Franco-American troops crossed the Chateau Thierry road, carrying their line more than a kilometre to the east. The Village of Rocourt is in our hands, as well as the greater part of Chatelet Wood.

"On the right bank of the Marne we made new progress porth of Mont

"On the right bank of the Marne we made new progress north of Mont St. Pere and Charteves, which is in our hands. Likewise we enlarged our bridgehead at Jaulgonne.

"On the front between the Marne and Rheims there were violent

engagements. Between the Ardre and Vrigny Franco-British troops attacked strong enemy positions and advanced more than a kilometre, in-flicting heavy losses. The British took three hundred prisoners and five

"North of Montdidier a local operation this morning enabled us to capture Mailly-Raineval, Sauvillers and Aubvillers. We took 1500 prisoners, including 30 officers."

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne Front, July 23.—Information reaching the intelligence department of the American army tonight indicated that the Germans were still continuing their retreat. Far behind their lines they are being subjected to a heavy fire by both French and American guns, which doubtless is hampering the movement of their

London, July 23.—Immediately south of the River Ource, on the Alsne-Marne battlefront, the advancing French forces are reported to have had very heavy fighting today. Nevertheless they have succeeded in reaching several places on the railroad between Armentieres and Coincy. This part of the railroad is more than six miles to the east of Neuilly-St.

Twelve hundred Germans were made

ing large reinforcements to the south

Mard.

At the same time it also effected an important local improvement in the line at a sector where every advance means better pretection for Amiens and Paris. The French attacked on a four-mile speaker was J. Austen Chamberlain, who expressed in warm terms on behalf of the government appreciation half of the government appreciation Mailly-Raineval within fifteen minutes. About a thousand more prisoners have been counted by the entente allies in the past 24 hours. Of this number about half have been credited to the of fact the allies just now are far too busy to devote much time to the count-ing of prisoners. Fighting of the fiercest character continues, and the he Soissons-Rheims loop is very close, strenuous work, and probably not so many prisoners are being taken as would be the case in a direct advance

or a retreat action.

Little Change on Map.

There has been little change in the past 24 hours in the appearance of the

Ardre and Vrigny.

enormous supplies.

The situation along the River Marne was unchanged today except that the Germans apparently overwhelmed some of the French troops across the river south of Vincelles and north of Dormans.

To Western Edge of Wood.
London, July 23.—The French attack near Montdidier has progressed to the western edge of the wood north of Sauvillers-Mongival, which means a total advance of two miles.

tacking with surprising momentum, both on the Marne and along the west side of the salient.

It is true, of course, that this is exactly what the German would be likely to do if he were actually in the advance of retreat but the adjies so

advance of two miles.

This point is about two thousand process of retreat, but the allies so yards east of Mailly-Raineval and far have had no definite indication that gives the French control of the heights the German has made up his mind dominating the valley of the Avre.

The Germans are burning villages The French attack near Montdidier today was a very well executed and some small dumps, but presumably a further prodding will be needed to push him back to the River Vesle, Meanwhile the entente affles, not cording to despatches received this afternoon from the battlefront, was presumably designed as a diversion, aimably designed and some small dumps, but presumably a further prodding will be needed to push him back to the River Vesle, Meanwhile the entente affles, not only the infantry, but also the article and bomb-dropping aviators, are working without rest at the business of making either a stand or a withdrawal difficult for the Germans.

### **RUSSIANS REQUEST MILITARY SUPPORT**

Propaganda Continues Active Among Vast Numbers of War Prisoners.

London, July 23.—An undated des-atch from Vladiyostok received here

"There is every hope," the despatch, which was sent by Reuter's correspondent, adds, "that the situation created by the movement of General Horvath, the anti-Bolshevik leader, will be liquidated and the danger of civil war averted. The attitude of the allies will dominate the situation in eastern Siberia. The status of the