

years have expired from the date of his registration, namely, 1914, and so on.

The result of this will be that the ten-year clause will be taken advantage of more largely in the first few years of its operation than later, and after ten years have elapsed there will be only a few men seeking registration by this means, because the natural law is always operating and cannot be legislated away, namely, that we are growing older.

I now come to my final paragraph and about this there was much discussion and argument: At what date was the Act to come into force? Leaving aside much detail of interesting argument, it was finally settled in the Act that it was not to become operative, but was more in the nature of a permissive Bill, till all the Provincial Legislatures had legislated in effect that they agreed to its provisions, and had so amended the Medical Act of the Province that it provided that if A. B. presented himself to the Registrar of the Province, holding a certificate that he is enrolled on the Medical Register of Canada, he is entitled to be registered on the Register of the Province as a licensed practitioner by complying with the ordinary regulations in that behalf, such as paying the established required fee, etc., etc.