

bers of the Council who apparently are so anxious for economy to consider whether economy could not be effected without imposing burdens upon students, and without breaking faith with any of the bodies who were original parties to the agreement whereby the formation of the Council was rendered possible.

THE CODE OF MEDICAL ETHICS.

I.

HOW many physicians possess a copy of a code of Medical Ethics? How many have read any code or have any definite idea of what the code contains? The writer believes it to be exceptional to find a physician with any knowledge of medical ethics. If he does know anything of the subject it is due not to the faculty which trains him for his profession, nor to the Provincial Council which robs him of his money, examines and re-examines him, then gives him a \$2.00-per-annum permission to practise, keeps a detective to see that he behaves himself, but does not protect him against quacks and unqualified M.D's. What the Doctor knows about medical ethics he has thought out for himself, having for his text, "Whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, even so do unto them," or he has after diligent search found a copy of the code and instructed himself therein.

Ethical questions deal with the most delicate relations of life; they have to do with the hidden springs of action which prompt to any given course; they involve the instincts and impulses as well as the reason and judgment of the individual. Anything that can be said upon the nobility of the profession of medicine would be trite. It claims for itself, and the willing tribute of others accords to it, the pre-eminence among the call-