and shanks black at the tip; tarsi black; abdomen clubbed, yellow, with a longitudinal dorsal brown stripe; anal club black.

 \mathcal{Q} . Wings not spotted with white; legs distinctly testaceous, black at the joints; last joints of the tarsi black; abdomen lanceolate, yellow, with a dorsal, ventral, and on each side a later..., brown stripe.

FAMILY BIBIONIDÆ.

[311.] 435. ASPITES (ARTHRIA) ANALIS *Kirby*.—Plate vi., fig. 8.— Length of body, excluding wings, 2 lines; including wings, 3 lines. Several taken in Lat. 65°.

Body black, naked. Head very small; trunk with a dorsal area marked out by a ridge; on each side is a reddish-yellow line drawn from the collar to the base of the wing; but in some specimens this is very indistinct; poisers white; wings hyaline, iridescent, much longer than the body; costal area divided into three areolets, with testaceous nervures, terminating in a black stigma; there are four spurious nervures, the first abbreviated, and the anal one bent towards the margin; the legs are reddish-yellow except the apex of the tarsi, which is black; the intermediate pair are smaller and shorter than the others; anterior thighs are much incrassated, and the tibiæ terminate in a spine; the posterior thighs are elongated; abdomen flat above; anus yellow, as is sometimes the margin of the ventral segments.

FAMILY EMPIDÆ.

436. EMPIS LUCTUOSA Kirby.—Length of body, including wings, 3 lines. Taken with the preceding.

Body entirely black. Proboscis very little longer than the head; wings a little embrowned, with a large black stigma, iridescent, nervures black.

[312.] 437. EMPIS GENICULATA Kirby.—Length of body 3 lines. Taken with the preceding.

Very similar to the preceding, but not so black; wings slightly embrowned, beautifully iridescent; legs, where the shank is united to the thigh, white; proboscis nearly as long as the thorax.