

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Liverpool, Sept. 4.

The chief topic of the day is the rumoured intention of Her Majesty to visit Ireland preparatory to an amnesty, remitting to Mr. O'Connell and his fellow prisoners the remaining term of their imprisonment. Whether true or not, the mere rumour has created great excitement among all parties.

An attempt has been made by Mr. D. O'Connell, jun. to identify Father Mathew with repeal but he has been denied having any connection with the movement.

LONDON MONEY MARKET, Sept. 3.—In the expectation that the Tabiti affair has been or will be amicably settled, the funds have improved this morning. As respects political affairs, there is a complete calm among the influential men in the city.

From the East we learn, that at Aden an army of 5000 Arabs was collecting for the purpose of attacking the place.

The accounts from Madrid continue to be of little interest. The arrangement of the dispute between Spain and Morocco is said to have been affected by Mr. Bulwer, and we rejoice to find that it has proved satisfactory to both parties.—The bank of San Fernando do had agreed to advance 60,000,000 reales for the use of the government during the month of September.—A letter from Cadiz of the 22d ult. mentions that the Prince de Joinville's arrival from Mogador was daily expected.

Liverpool Timber Market.

September 4.

The import this month has been unusually limited, and continues to exhibit a remarkable deficiency, as compared with last year, when 72 vessels, 31,691 tons, had arrived against 41 vessels, 20,920 tons, this year; and on the whole import, since 1st February, there now appears to be a deficiency of 87 vessels, 33,654 tons, or very nearly one half of last year's imports to the same date. This state of the trade, joined to the diminished country demand, and the almost entire absence of old stocks, has had the effect of advancing and sustaining prices at very high rates. American Pine Timber.—Of Quebec several cargoes have been received from the Timber Merchants who retail them, all the others have been from the quay at, from 17 1/4 to 17 3/4 per foot, according to quality, and one (the last sold) at 18 1/4 per foot.

Of St. John, several cargoes of superior quality and size, have arrived and been sold as follows:—one cargo, of 19 1/4 inch average, at 19 1/2; two cargoes of 20 1/4 inch average, at 20 1/4; one cargo of 21 1/4 inch average, at 21 1/4; and one cargo of 22 1/4 inch average, at 22 1/4. A cargo of Bay Chaleur, of small average, at 15 1/4; and one of Rimousini, at 17 1/4 per foot. Birch continues in good demand, and in the month of St. John, with cargo, was sold at 15 1/2 per foot, and a cargo of Nova Scotia at 19 1/4; since St. John with cargo, has been sold at 19 1/4, 19 1/2 and 20 1/2 per foot, the last sold being at 19 1/4. Maps and Spars.—No sales to report.—Quebec Deals have been sold, with cargo, at 28 to 29 per standard, and sport, 29 to 30; to 210 has been paid for for mending planks. New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Fir Planks and Boards, Saint John Spruce, with cargo have been sold at 2 1/4 to 2 3/4 per foot, of two inches, spruce, one cargo of St. Andrews has been sold at 2 1/4 to 2 1/2; one St. John, at 2 1/4, and two at 2 1/2; one Halifax at same price, a cargo at 2 1/2 per standard, another at or about the same price, and one 2 1/2 to 2 3/4; the last sale was of a cargo of Miramichi Yellow, which is said to have been at 2 1/2 per standard.

Quebec Staves.—Standard, with cargo, have been sold at from 30 to 35, and one lot at 45 per standard M. and in lots apart at from 42 to 47 1/2 per M. Some of old stock, in the yard, all pine, good quality, have been sold at 55 to 100, and holders are generally asking higher prices. W. O. Pouchon's middling quality have been sold at 110 to 112 per M. and fair quality at 115 to 116 1/2. Lathwood.—St. John and Quebec, with cargo, has been sold at 14 and Bay Chaleur at 23 1/2 per (athom). New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Ash Hhd. Staves, with cargo have been sold at 25 to 26 per thousand.

The extent of tonnage cleared from Liverpool and other parts during the last two or three months for our colonies, has been so unusually great, the present deficiency in the supply of timber, may be made up before the close of the season.

Tremendous Gale at Apalachicola, Fla., Great Loss of Property.—As we anticipated yesterday morning, we were visited last evening by a tremendous gale, which has done extensive damage throughout the city. It commenced blowing from the N. E. about three o'clock and gradually increased to a perfect hurricane, till about half past five o'clock when it lulled, and became a dead calm, which continued about an hour—the wind then shifted round to N. W. and blew with extreme violence till 8 o'clock, when it ceased altogether. The tin-roofs of the brick stores, torn to pieces, were flying in the air like scraps of paper, boards, bricks, and every thing which the wind could reach were sent flying in every direction. Fortunately no lives were lost, and very little bodily injury sustained, though several had very narrow escapes. Shanties, stables, out-houses, fences and trees, in innumerable quantities, were blown flying about in every direction. The wharves are considerably injured, but not as much as they would have been had the wind not been accompanied by a heavy rain, which beat down the sea the tide did not rise high enough to cover them, a few planks but no timbers were displaced. We have not yet learned of any

disaster on our coast, but we fear that two or three vessels, which are daily expected, may have felt the effects of it.

No correct estimate has yet been made of the property destroyed, but we think it will take from \$18,000 to \$30,000 to cover the loss, as a large quantity of the goods in the stores that were untouched are damaged.—*Apalachicola Advertiser, Sep. 8.*

Terrible Earthquake.—The Kingston Jamaica Despatch, of the 10th ult. says, letters from St. John Nicaragua give accounts of "an awful earthquake." The city of Nicaragua lies in ruins; only one house is to be seen. The churches and plantations in that quarter are also destroyed. No mention is made of any lives being lost. The visitation (says the Despatch) must have taken place some time in the end of June. The British blockade of the port of St. John is still continued.

The Turk's Island and the Bahamas.—Differences exist between the Turk's Island and the Bahamas. They have originated in the oppressive policy pursued by the Government of the Bahamas, in the exercise of its jurisdiction over those Islands. All hopes of redress having fled, the people of Turk's Island recently appointed a Delegate to proceed to England, for the purpose of obtaining their grievances in home government. The gentleman delegated by the Turks' Islanders (Daniel T. Smith Esq.) arrived here a few days since, and proceeds forthwith to England, via New York.

It is well known that the Turk's Islands, were chiefly settled by families from Bermuda, and for a considerable period of time the Government of this Colony, exercised jurisdiction over those Islands.

We have not the steps taken in the Turks' Islanders will reach the Nassau Officials a lesson which they will not soon forget.

Postage.—It has been determined that the making of lines found an advertisement or paragraph in newspapers with any or more, unaccompanied by any writing upon the same, is not considered by the Department to be "a memorandum" within the meaning of the 13th and 30th sections of the Act of 1825 and consequently does not subject the newspaper so marked to letter postage.—*Boston Mail.*

Deaths from the Bite of a Rattlesnake.—A considerable excitement has existed in our village during the past week, in consequence of the death of Dr. Stinson, of the town of South-Ad and Boston, from the bite of a rattlesnake.

The facts, as we have been related, are as follows:—Dr. Stinson, from some strange infatuation, was several months past, kept in a small room, in his dwelling some 50 snakes of several kinds, about 25 of which were rattlesnakes, and with which he used to juggle with perfect freedom as would the more cautious persons on a kitchen. We are told that the most of the rattlesnakes had been deprived of their poisonous fangs. This may be so, or it may not. This Doctor had so much confidence in certain preventions he had prepared, against their bites, that he had paid little regard to the important point, as will be seen by what follows. About a month since, a person caught 8 or 10 of these dreadful reptiles, which he brought to this place, and sold to Dr. Stinson, which were placed in their wild and native state with those he had before collected, one of which was a monster in size. On the 12th inst. we believe, the Dr. accompanied by several persons, entered the room in which these horrible creatures were confined, and as usual, commenced handling and petting them, for the purpose, we suppose, of domesticating them; and in attempting to take hold of one large one, was bitten on the right hand between the little and adjoining finger. Almost as quick as thought the hand had commenced swelling, and before the preventive could be applied, the place of the bite was swollen to the size of a nutmeg, and so closed the wound, that the medicine, if there is any virtue in it, could not take effect. Within one hour after he was bitten, he was overcome by its effects, that he could not sit up; went to his bed, was bled as often as once per hour during the succeeding night, lingered through the day until about 7 o'clock in the evening, when he died, a victim to his own folly.

We understand that the Doctor had inoculated himself and family with the poison contained in the fangs of these snakes, under the impression that it would prevent fatal results ensuing from their bite.—*Saratoga Sentinel.*

The Drought at Rochester.—We are in the midst of an unparalleled drought. The bed of the Genesee is nearly bare, and most of our mills are idle, for the want of water. Many of the wells in the city are dry, and all of them are unusually low.

More Canal Disturbances.—Letters received in Toronto from St. Catharines, mention that there have been further serious disturbances at the quarries on the Welland Canal. The Toronto Colonist states that one man is put down as having been killed, by another from a different county in Ireland; and hereafter the light having become general, the troops were despatched to the place to quell the riot; the works are of course suspended, at the place of rioting, in the mean time.

William Lyon Mackenzie, of Canadian-rebellion notoriety, has been appointed to a situation in the New York Custom House.

In another column we have published the proceedings of the Commission of the Free Church General Assembly, on the subject of the Colonies. It will be seen that they have

determined to send out three ordinary ministers to Canada and Nova Scotia to assist in establishing the lately formed Synods, and that they are about sending out six preachers of their own denomination. Of the three ministers who have been already appointed, Mr. Scott, we have been informed, comes to this Province, while Mr. Guthrie and Mr. Macfarlan prefer to Canada. In their pastoral spheres we have no doubt, that these gentlemen will fulfil their tasks with zeal and fidelity, and that their labours will be beneficial and acceptable to the Churches they have come to assist.

There is one point that strikes us about the conduct of the Free Churchmen, as to the Colonies, and that is, the overbearing importance they attach to their own labours. They are not at all as if there were no religion in the Colonies, and no ministers, except what they have introduced. "Surely ye are the men and women will die with you." Indeed, Dr. Bar is seems to date the introduction of the gospel into Nova Scotia, from the arrival of the Rev. Mr. Robt. at Halifax.

There is something not altogether honest about this. Dr. Bar knows that there was a flourishing Presbyterian Church in this Colony, before ever Mr. "lamentable spiritual destitution" existed, the slightest sympathy from the Church of Scotland; and he knows that body whose hands he has weakened by his former exertions, are at present principally devoted to the preservation of genuine Presbyterianism in Nova Scotia. As if the presence of the neighbouring Protestants, as detractors of the fortunes of religion, because there are no others, or their sending out is in concealment, and at the same time, to secure a monopoly which they do not deserve. And we cannot help thinking that the efforts of the Free Church in establishing a second Presbyterian body in this Province, looks a good deal like preaching Christ out of envy and strife.—*Pictou Chronicle.*

From the Fr. Station Head Quarters, Sept. 13.

Letter Posters.—The Contract for clearing 244 acres of wilderness land, at the Grand Falls, has been taken by Messrs. F. W. Haines & James E. Perry, and L. R. Cowan, at 25 per acre. We are informed they commenced operations on Wednesday last, and that they intend losing no time to the completion of their contract.

This tract of land is for a military establishment, on which a fort is to be built, and is to be cleared for the accommodation of 1000 men, and for the building of very extensive magazines.

The sum of £79,000 is already a need as only a part of the sum is the intention of Government to expend in the land clearing of the Province, and it is considered that all that will be required to complete the present undertaking, and should the Road between Halifax and Quebec be opened, as we have said, and the very nature of the extensive drainage and fortifications about to be erected at the Grand Falls, which the roads to pass, a further sum of probably not less than £100,000, for that purpose, will be expended within the limits of the Province.

After the depression of the last three or four years these prospects are encouraging, and viewed in connection with the improving state of Agriculture, and the results of our staple trade, we may anticipate a period of much greater prosperity, than we have ever experienced.

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 2, 1844.

CHARLOTTE COUNTESS HARR. Hon. Harris Haffell, President. T. B. Wilson, Esq. Solicitor. Director next week—G. Gilchrist. Discount Day—TUESDAY.

Hours of Business, from 10 to 2.

BILLS AND NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

ADAMS AND FLETCHER HOUSE. Commissioners—R. M. Andrews, R. W. Wilson, C. A. Babcock, Thos. Turner, John Bailey.

Saint Stephens Bank. G. D. King Esq. President. Director next week—John Marks. Discount Day—SATURDAY.

Hours of Business, from 10 to 1.

BILLS AND NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES

Liverpool, —Sep. 4 Montreal, —Sept. 22

London, —Sep. 3 Quebec, —Sept. 22

Edinburgh, —Sep. 1 Halifax, —Sept. 23

Paris, —Sep. 1 New York, —Sept. 23

Toronto, —Sept. 13 Boston, —Sept. 31

THE COUNTY ACCOUNTS will be observed are published on the first page of this morning's paper, and we are authorized to announce with, in future, be published after each April Court. In these accounts we observe several large sums charged by Coroners for requests held by them, but on reference to the Law, we notice that the County is obliged to pay the expenses of every request, and that the Coroner's duty and fees are clearly laid down.

The Rev. J. Macnaughton, from the Free Church of Scotland, preached a most eloquent and impressive sermon, to a large and respectable congregation in this Scotch Church here, on Thursday evening last. At

the conclusion of his sermon the Rev. Gen. Newman entered into a brief and perspicuous explanation of the late secession of the Free Church from the Establishment.

On Sabbath last, the Rev. Mr. MURDOCK, from Windsor, N. S. preached in the same Church, in the fore and afternoon, two impressive sermons to large congregations.

Down.—We are informed that a person named Wilson, and his son, a lad about 16 years of age, left this Town on Thursday last, in a small boat with a Cow, for Robbinston and when within a few rods of the shore, the Cow upset the boat and melancholy to add, young Wilson met with a watery grave. The father succeeded in getting hold of the keel of the boat—from which he was taken in a very exhausted state by a schooner's boat—which towed the boat and the Cow's carcass ashore. Thus in an instant, this poor man was deprived of a son who was of great assistance to him—and that within a short distance of his house.

We are requested to mention that the monthly Meeting of the St. Andrews Total Abstinence Society will be held at the Town Hall, on Monday evening next, at half past six o'clock. The public are invited to attend.

BOUNDARY LINE BETWEEN CANADA AND NEW BRUNSWICK.—The principal object of the late visit of His Ex. Sir Wm. Colebrooke, to the Governor General, appears to have been the settlement of a boundary line between this Province and Canada, but we are sorry to learn His Ex. did not succeed in his endeavours. The Government of Canada claim lands nearly down to Mores Hill.

They might as well claim Woodstock and Fredericton at once. The people of this Province, never will submit to have their rights wrested from them—this very territory has been the means of heavy charges upon the Provincial Chest. We sincerely trust the Executive will urge upon the Secretary for the Colonies, the just rights and claims of this Province to the lands which have been under its government, ever since its division from Nova Scotia—and we are no doubt, that the boundary line will be established in our favour. By an order published in the Royal Gazette, we notice His Excellency has ordered all timber cut on this territory (without license from the Authorities in this Province) to be seized.

Sir Charles Metcalfe has issued his proclamation calling a meeting of the Parliament of Canada on the 23d of October, for the despatch of business; this will be the first session held since the removal of the Seat of Government to Montreal.

We have received Bermuda papers to the 7th Sept. The Legislature was prorogued on the 26th August. The Legislature voted large sums for prizes and the encouragement of Agriculture.

We beg to call attention to the premiums offered by the Agricultural Society and also to the Cattle Show and Fair to be held at the Farm of Mr. John McDouall, on Thursday the 24th day of the present month. —[See Advertisement.]

COMMUNICATION.

For the Standard.

Mrs. SMITH—As you have given notice that you will publish the County Accounts in your next Standard, and there being several charges of Coroners for holding inquests, would I not be well to state, for the information of the Public, that in 1841 an Act was made detailing the duties of Coroners, with a Table of fees annexed and making it imperative on the Justices to pay the charges out of the County Funds.

Yours, &c. A Subscriber.

Sept. 30, 1844

The price of Flour has risen in the New York Market. The demand has been mostly for speculation, the regular trade being rather small.

The Potato Crop.—Many of the American papers speak of a disease among the Potatoes, as prevailing to an alarming extent. The Claremont, N. H. Eagle has the following notice:

"We regret to learn that the Potatoes, which a few weeks ago gave promise of an abundant crop, has on almost every farm in this vicinity, been damaged, and in many instances wholly destroyed, by a disease hitherto unknown among our farmers. The stock bears the same appearance as when struck by rust, and the vegetable immediately decays."

During Attempt at Robbery.—An attempt was made on Sunday evening last to rob the Woodstock Agency of the Central Bank, in which the miscreants had nearly succeeded. It would seem, from the number of two left behind, that the parties intended opening the safe, in which the papers &c. of the Bank were deposited; but failing to do this, they determined to carry all off together and open the treasure at their leisure. After getting the safe about half way down stairs it is supposed that they got frightened, as they evidently made precipitate retreat, leaving their tools, consisting of iron chisels, timber dogs, a lamp used as a dark lantern, rope and fishing lines, supposed to have been used as signals. It was a bold undertaking, and we hope that some decisive measures will be adopted to endeavor at least, to bring the villains to justice.

It will be perceived that a reward of £50 has been offered for the conviction of the offenders.—*Woodstock Telegraph.*

Melancholy Accident.—On Monday, the 23d inst., Mr. John Evans, captain and owner of the schooner "Eliza Jane" of this port, was unfortunately killed by a blow from the boom of his vessel, while on her passage from this port to Boston. Medical aid was obtained from the American revenue cutter which came alongside shortly after the melancholy catastrophe, but was unavailing. The remains of the unfortunate man was brought here in the steamer "Herald" on Wednesday morning, and interred the day following. He has left a wife and four children to deplore their sudden bereavement.—*St. John Herald.*

The four following Acts, passed by the Legislature of this Province in April last, were specially confirmed and ratified by Her Majesty in Council at a Court at Windsor, on the 3d September last.

An Act to regulate the management and disposal of the Indian Reserves in this Province.

An Act to enable Her Majesty's Government to carry into effect within the Province the provisions of the fourth Article of the Treaty of Washington.

An Act to incorporate the Arestook Boom Company.

An Act for the relief of the Reverend Samuel D. Rice.

The expenses of the Civil Government, of Canada are about £220,000 per annum.

Accounts from St. Helena states that no rain had fallen at the island of Ascension for fifteen months. All the springs were dried up and the inhabitants were obliged to cruise off the island in vessels, to catch rain water for consumption.

Persons indebted to this Office for the last three years, will be called upon during this month for the payment of their respective accounts.

MARRIED.

At St. John, on the 24th Sept. by the Rev. Dr. Gray, Mr. John Anderson, Merchant, to Mary, daughter of Mr. J. M. McCulloch, late of St. Andrews.

At Parish Church of Sackville, on Wednesday the 11th ult. by the Rev. Dr. Jarvis, Edward J. Smith, Esq. Postmaster to Mary, daughter of Mr. John Bell, Merchant, all of that place.

DIED.

At Fredericton, on the 23d ult. James W. Biggs of that place, in the 36th year of his age.

Same place, on Monday the 23d instant, Thomas F. Tredwell, son of Samuel F. Tredwell, in the 34th year of his age.

At New Orleans, on the 18th August, Mr. Wm. F. Drake, Merchant, late of St. John, N. B. in the 35th year of his age.

In the City of Brooklyn (New York), on Thursday morning the 13th ult. after a long and painful illness, Jane Violetta Campbell, youngest daughter of the late Colin Campbell, Esq. of New Brunswick.

SHIPPING JOURNAL.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Sept. 30 schr. Dart, Russel, Bangor, ballast.

— " — Wm. Walker, Dallimore, Boston, Provosts, R. Walton, and others.

— " — Mary Jane, McMaster, Eastport, sundries.

— " — Mary Jane, McMaster, Eastport, ballast.

Sept. 26, schr. Rumble, Jackson, Cornwallis, ballast.

— 27, " Mary Jane, McMaster, Eastport, ballast.

— 23, brig Ocean, Rowell, Southampton, Deals, Wm. Babcock & Son.

CLEARED AT ST. GEORGE.

Sept. 14, brig Minerva, Donaldson, Cork, Deals, by H. Seelye.

— 24, brig Unity, Hutton, Cork, Deals, by H. Seelye.

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NOTICE.

THOSE Farmers who wish to avail themselves of the opportunity now offered, for the improvement of their flocks, are hereby informed, that the imported "New Leicester Tups" are left one with Mr. Joseph Walton, and one with Mr. John McDouall, and that the "South Down Tups" are left with David Mowatt Esq., where each person is allowed to send, not to exceed six Ewes, by paying 2d. 6d. each ewe, in advance, if not paid up Members of the Society, and paid up Members, by paying 1s. each ewe.

The Public will please to take Notice that the CATTLE SHOW AND FAIR, will be held on Thursday (not Saturday) the 24th of October, if the weather is favourable,—if not, on the next "fair" day.

By order of the Board, D. D. MORRISON, Secy.

October 1st, 1844.

TO LET.

WHAT pleasantly situated and commodious HOUSE, at present in the occupation of Wm. Babcock, Esq., in King Street. Attached to the House are a large and well finished Shed and Barn—and an excellent garden, with a never failing Well. For particulars, please apply at the STANDARD OFFICE.

Sept. 11, 1844.

BLANKS.

For Sale at this Office.