RELIABLE STORAGE.
ROBERT CARRIE, 27 Front-st East, Has an excellent clean flat for Storing Furniture. Every care taken. Plenty of room. 135

The Toronto World.

GAS TUBING! GARDEN-HOSE! HOSE-REELS
TORONTO RUBBER COMPANY LTD. 28 King-st. W., Manning Arcade.

FIFTEENTH YEAR — WEDNESDAY MORNING JUNE 13 1894. — ONE CENT.

THE NEW DURHAM POISONING

SENSATIONAL STATEMENT MADE BY THE HIRED MAN LING.

He States That Mrs. Hartley Told Him She Had Given Her Husband Rough on Rats, and Offered Him $1000 to Keep Quiet—Had Intended to Use Poison Three Years Ago.

NORWICH, June 12.—The adjourned inquest on the body of Caleb Hartley was continued this afternoon and evening at New Durham. It is the general belief here that at this hour Mrs. Hartley and the hired man, Edward Ling, have been arrested, but as there is no telegraphic communication with the village the result cannot be known to-night.

Ling Makes a Confession.

Edward Ling, with whom it is alleged Mrs. Hartley was on intimate terms, has made a damaging admission to the Baptist minister of the Springford circuit. This confession has not been made public, but it is stated on authority which cannot be disputed that Ling by his remarks to the clergyman incriminated Mrs. Hartley.

Offered Him $1000 to Hold His Tongue.

In an interview with Ling he stated that Mrs. Hartley said she had given deceased what she called Rough on Rats and offered him, Ling, $1000 of the deceased's insurance if he would keep the matter quiet. Ling said he did not want any of deceased's insurance, but did not say whether he would keep quiet or not. He further stated that Mrs. Hartley told him she intended to have poisoned deceased three years ago, but could not get the chance to do so.

The Son Inherits the Estate.

Fred Hartley, the son, has been to Brantford this week, and it is said is assisting the crown in gathering evidence against Ling and his mother. As previously reported Fred Hartley falls heir to the property at New Durham when he becomes 23 years of age. He is now in his 21st year. The young man also inherits the Shuttleworth estate which is said to be worth $25,000. The only surviving heir besides himself is an old lady in Brantford. At her death Fred becomes sole heir. The estate is in the Old Country.

A MASONIC JUBILEE.

Æmilius Irving, Q. C., Celebrates His Fiftieth Year as a Member of St. Andrew's Lodge A.F.A.M.

The Masonic Hall, Toronto-street, last evening was crowded to its fullest capacity by prominent brethren of outside Masonic centres as well as of the city, assisting old St. Andrew's Lodge in doing honor to R.W. Bro. Æmilius Irving, P.D.D.G.M., who has been a distinguished member for 50 years of the mother lodge of Masonary of Toronto and its vicinity. The R.W. Brother was initiated into St. Andrew's Lodge on April 9, 1844, passed to the second degree June 19, 1844, and raised to the third degree Aug. 30, 1844.

St. Andrew's Lodge has a record that it may well be proud of. In 1793 Governor Simcoe set sail from Niagara with a company of the Queen's Rangers to settle York as the future capital of Upper Canada. From documents in possession of the craft it is learned a Masonic lodge, named Rawdon, was formed, and the this lodge afterwards became identified, through its members, with St. Andrew's Lodge, and thus did Masonry first find a habitation in Toronto.

The following brethren well known in Masonic circles were present: R.W. Bros. E. T. Malone, Elvas Tully, G. J. Bennett, Fred Manley, E. Gardiner, James Bain and V.W. Bro. D. Rose; W. Bros. W. P. Gundy, Thomas Bell, J. S. Lovell, W. C. Anderson, George Kappele, J. T. Slater, James Gibbs, Douglas Armour and James Glanville, Bros. George Shepley, Q.C., A. B. Aylesworth, Q.C., Rev. W. F. Wilson, W. G. Eakins, and also Bro. P. A. Irving of British Columbia, a son of R. W. Bro. Æmilius Irving.

W. Bro. John Pearson, after making a few suitable remarks called upon the past masters of St. Andrew's Lodge to come forward, and the worshipful brethren formed a circle around R.W. Bro. Irving, and R.W. Bro. W. C. Wilkinson, who has been a member of St. Andrew's Lodge since 1867, read an address extending the congratulations of the brethren of the mother lodge to Mr. Irving.

The address was gotten up in the form of an album, bound in rich royal blue calf, elegantly chased with gold and inscribed with the following words: "St. Andrew's Lodge, A.F.A.M., No. 16, G.R.C. to R. W. Bro. Æmilius Irving, Q.C., P.D.D.G.M., Toronto." It consisted of several pages of artistic designs. The address was engrossed by Mr. J. G. Owen.

R.W. Bro. Irving, in responding to the address, gave a short review of his Masonic life.

The brethren then adjourned to the refreshment room, where an hour was spent in speech and song.

Army and Navy Veterans.

The Army and Navy Veterans met last night and elected their officers for the ensuing year. They are:

Hon. president, Col. Sweny; hon. vice-president, Capt. Walker; president, Sergt. Jesse Butler; vice-president, Samuel Briggs; secretary-treasurer, James Freeman; trustees, William Hall, J. Fawcett, James Firman; auditors, Alex Smith, Peter Broke, Marshall B. Fagen.

A resolution was passed thanking Rev. Mr. Johnson and the choir of Spadina-avenue Congregational Church for their co-operation in the church parade.

The Niagara Season.

The opening hop of the season will be held at the Queen's Royal Hotel, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Saturday evening. The bass fishing at Niagara is now at its best. A special rate of $2 per day, or $10 per week, is given for this month. e

Have you seen Jerusalem? No! Then go to the Cyclorama, corner Front and York-streets, and see the greatest painting of the age; 50 feet high and 400 feet around. Open daily 9 a.m. to 5p. m. Admission 25 cents. 136

Personal.

Sir James L. Robinson, Bart., lies in a precarious condition at his residence at 436 Jarvis-street. Since April his health has been gradually declining. For weeks he has been unable to attend the Surrogate office at Osgoode Hall. He is nearly 80 years of age.

The results of the May examinations for graduates in the Illinois Training School for Nurses in connection with the Cook County and Presbyterian Hospitals of Chicago have just come out. Miss Florence H. Banting of Toronto heads the list, with an average of 96 2-3 per cent. Miss Mabel Warren, another Torontonian, is next, with an average of 92 per cent.

H. Mullholland and family, Winnipeg; Emil Nerlich, Frankfurt, Germany; R. W. Evans, Montreal; Mrs. John Milligan, Miss Ada Milligan, Port Hope; A. R. Vigil, Miss Julia Geyer, Miss Glockner, New York; Miss Veitch, Lindsay; Miss Bright, Brockville; Charles W. Tuck and wife, Hamilton; H. W. Dawson, Brampton, are at the Elliott House.

Messrs. H. F. Barker and J. Chalmers of the third year in the Department of Civil Engineering, School of Practical Science, having fulfilled the conditions respecting their vacation work of the school, have been allowed their recent annual examinations. Mr. E. B. Webster of the first year in the Department of Civil Engineering, having fulfilled the conditions respecting practical work, has been allowed his recent examination.

Do you ever suffer from indigestion? If so, try Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti. Its good effect will surprise you.

AFTER AN INSPECTOR'S SCALP.

A Motion in the York County Council to Remove School Inspector Fotheringham.

At the meeting of York County Council yesterday, in accordance with a notice of motion by Mr. Evans, it was decided hereafter that the county treasurer will pay to the local municipalities entitled thereto eight-tenths of all moneys paid to him on account of non-collected taxes returned to him by the treasurer of local municipalities.

Mr. Woodcock's motion re the tenants of the Court house, the amounts paid, the arrearages, insurance, etc., next came up, when the council went into committee of the whole with Mr. Ross in the chair. In speaking to his motion, Mr. Woodcock said, since introducing it, the clerk had informed him that the treasurer was probably the person who could give the information. Mr. Woodcock said he didn't know who had the information, but thought some official ought to be able to give the council the statement asked for. Referring to the financial statements as published, he found that in 1888 only $30 had been received for rents, while in other years not a cent was returned as having been received. He thought the warden ought to be possessed of the information, and said that if he was warden he would know all about it. The committee rose and asked leave to sit again on Thursday, when the County Treasurer will be asked to appear before the committee.

The warden presented several communications; one from the County Clerk of Grey, asking York Council to co-operate with Grey Council in asking the Dominion Government for the reduction of railway fares; another from J. L. Hagerman, drawing the attention of the council to the dangerous condition of the Sutton bridge.

An account from H. A. Collins & Co., amounting to $1831, for repairs to the court house and sundry articles, such as snow shovels, mops, etc., was received. The matter will come up again.

Wants the Toll Reduced.

Mr. Chester presented a petition from Joseph Duncan, Charles C. Small and Alex Ross, asking for a reduction of toll on gate No. 1 Kingston-road. The petition stated that Alex Ross had offered $330 for the toll gate, but that on account of the increased facilities for reaching the city, the revenue has greatly fallen off, and that it is utterly impossible for him to carry out his contract.

A petition was presented by Mr. Sylvester from George Morgan and 140 others, asking for the removal of Public School Inspector D. Fotheringham of South York, on account of partial and unjust discrimination in regard to the conduct and equipment of public schools and their surroundings.

The matter was laid over until Thursday next at 10 o'clock, when the inspector will be present to answer the charges.

After High Constable Jones Again.

Mr. Woodcock gave notice that he will move, That the Bylaw Committee be instructed to bring in a bylaw to repeal bylaw 405. This is a bylaw which fixes the salary of High County Constable Jones at $600 per year.

A motion by Mr. Scott was carried, to the effect that the Bylaw Committee be instructed to bring in a bylaw on Friday to define the duties of the Warden and County Commissioners and to provide that all expenditure in connection with the county buildings shall be authorized only by the Warden and commissioners.

The council then adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

LIKE HOT CAKES.

Dineens' Straw Hats Are Going in Thousands.

'Twas another phenomenal day.

One of Dineens' delivery wagons had over four hundred new straw hats to deliver on one trip yesterday. That will give the reader some idea of the big rush there is for summer headgear at Dineens'.

There are over a score of designs in the new stock, which thus includes every variety of material, weight, style and price. With such an assortment no one can go wrong in selecting a hat from the big stock at Dineens' stores.

The record of the June sale so far surpasses that of any previous week. Both Saturday and Monday were big days, more hats being sold on each than on four ordinary days. And that's saying a good deal, for one of Dineens' "ordinary" days would surprise other hatters.

Almost the entire staff of the firm at the main store has been transferred to the straw-hat department, while at the branch the salesmen are handling straw hats from early morning till closing time.

Dineens' styles are authoritative. They are to be had only at the corner of King and Yonge-streets and 254 Yonge-street.

What Shall We Drink This Summer?

By all means drink Sprudel. It is by far the most refreshing and invigorating of any mineral water sold on this continent, and if you drink it regularly you will not have dyspepsia, and you will be free from kidney difficulties. It mixes equally well with milk, native wine, lime juice or spirits.

Crushed Under a Piece of Square Timber.

MORRISTON, Ont., June 12.—While George McPherson of Schaw was hauling a heavy piece of square timber through the village a number of children, unnoticed by him, attempted to jump on the log, among whom was the 3-year-old daughter of John and Mrs. Fahrner. The timber knocked the little one down, passed over her head and killed her immediately.

Athlete Cigarettes—more sold of this brand than all other cigarettes combined.

Killed by Lightning.

GUTHRIE, O.T., June 12.—The residence of Farmer Mitchell, near Grady, was struck by lightning last evening. Orton Mitchell, agen 50, was instantly killed and his three sisters were injured so badly that they will probably die.

Chancellor Rand as a Composer.

The closing exercises of Moulton Ladies' College took place in Bloor-street Baptist Church last night and were presided over by Chancellor Rand, McMaster University. The program was of a literary and musical character, rendered by the members of the graduating class. A feature of the program was a song entitled June, composed by Chancellor Rand and set to music by Mr. A. S. Vogt. Addresses were delivered by Chancellor Rand, Rev. O. C. S. Wallace, the principal of the college and others.

I will pay cash for "Harlow White" pictures. Price must be close. Box 111, World.

The Arlington, corner King and John, is a large nearly new and very attractive hotel of great elegance in all its appointments, with a cuisine and service of superior excellence; also the most comfortable, coolest and brightest hotel in Ontario. W. G. Havill, manager.

The Columbia Wire Truss will hold any rupture with perfect comfort. It has no understraps, does not touch hips, or does not inconvenience wearer in the least. Price: Single $3, double $8. May be fitted properly at Charles Cinthe's, 134 King-street west, opposite Rossin House, Toronto. 36

Headquarters For Engine Packings.

We have on hand the largest and best assorted stock of engine packings in Canada. Engineers will do well to call on us and have a look through our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

We carry also a large stock of asbestos cement of the best quality for boiler covering, etc. Canadian Mineral Wool Co. (ltd.). 122 Bay-street, Toronto. 136

WIMAN AS A CHEQUE EXPERT

HIS CASE WILL GO TO THE JURY TO-MORROW AFTERNOON.

Evidence That Bullinger's Signature Was Spurious, Which Is Admitted By the Defence—Other "Transactions" By Cheque—An Overdraw of $62,000 in Six Months, Which "Could Not Be Helped."

NEW YORK, June 12.—The court of Oyer and Terminer was crowded this morning when the trial of Erastus Wiman was begun in earnest.

The intense heat had no deterrent effect on public curiosity, and the doorkeeper of the court room was kept busy deciding whom he should admit. Mr. Wiman did not come into court until 10.30. He looked as if the weather was a little too much for him. His high collar was turned well away at the neck, his hair was rumpled and, for a man as particular as Mr. Wiman is known to be, he presented rather a dishevelled appearance.

It was expected that Mr. J. N. Greenshields of Montreal would make application to take part in the defence. He did nothing of the sort, however, but will content himself with offering his advice and counsel to Gen. B. F. Tracy, A. B. Boardman and Lester W. Clark, who are defending Mr. Wiman. The trial this morning was opened by Assistant District Attorney Wellman for the prosecution.

The Prosecution Opens.

Mr. Wellman was very business-like and spoke quietly and seriously. He said that Mr. Wiman was to be tried for forging the name of E. W. Bullinger to a cheque for $5000 drawn on Feb. 6, 1893, on the Chemical Bank, drawn by R. G. Dun & Co. He then went on to define the different degrees of forgery, and he explained that the uttering of a cheque known to be forged was forgery in the second degree. He explained that Mr. Wiman had been indicted, first for forging the cheque, and second with at least uttering it knowing it to be forged.

Mr. Wellman continued that Mr. Wiman was never at any time a partner in the firm of R. G. Dun & Co. Mr. Wiman was employed as manager of the firm, getting in lieu of salary 17 per cent. of the net receipts.

Continuing, Mr. Wellman said that Mr. Wiman had on many occasions forged Mr. Bullinger's name to cheques. He said that he would show that Mr. Wiman had been doing this sort of thing for a long time.

He Admits He Signed the Cheque.

At this point Gen. Tracy rose to make an objection. He said that it was conceded that Mr. Wiman had written the name of Mr. Bullinger on the cheque in question and had deposited the cheque in the bank. He had a right to do this, Gen. Tracy said, as he was a partner of the firm of R. G. Dun & Co.

Judge Andrews ruled that Mr. Wellman could go on, but cautioned the jury to be governed only by such evidence as was brought out at the trial.

Mr. Wellman then stepped forward toward the jury box and sneered: "Yes, gentlemen, he admits that he signed the cheque, but why? Because we have his letter confessing his crime and begging for mercy. That is the reason he admits he signed the cheque."

Continuing, Mr. Wellman said that Mr. Wiman had been in the habit of placing cheques sent to the firm to his own account, and that at the time of the alleged forgery Mr. Wiman was $187,000 in debt to the firm of R. G. Dun & Co.

This practically ended Mr. Wellman's opening for the prosecution.

Not a Partner, but Paid by Commission.

About this time District-Attorney Fellows came into court. Mr. Wellman then introduced as evidence the agreement made on Sept. 1, 1889, between R. G. Dun, Erastus Wiman, A. J. King and A. D. Douglas. By the terms of this agreement, which Mr. Wellman read aloud, Mr. Wiman was employed as manager of the business and was to receive as compensation 17 per cent. of the net profits of the business, which in no case should be less than $10,000 a year. King was to receive $5000 per annum, or 5 per cent. of the profits, and Douglas $5000, or 5 per cent. of the profits. Mr. Wiman, according to this agreement, was in no sense a partner, but merely manager of the business.

Wiman Drew all Cheques.

The first witness called was James Harrat, cashier for R. G. Dun & Co. He said that he had been employed by R. G. Dun & Co. for about 18 years. He had been cashier for 10 years. He identified the cheque in question, and said that he had made it under orders from Mr. Wiman, who had come to him and said that they must owe Bullinger some money, and that he had better draw a cheque for $5000, which he did. He also identified the signature on the back of the Bullinger cheque as that of Mr. Wiman.

On the cross-examination General Tracy essayed to show that Mr. Wiman had been in the habit of drawing nearly all of the cheques for the concern. Witness could not remember one single instance in the past ten years when Mr. Dun had drawn a cheque. Mr. Wiman had always drawn the cheques for the monthly pay rolls. Mr. Dun was regularly at the office until late in the afternoon, but for six months of the year he was out of the city, leaving all of the business in the hands of Mr. Wiman. The witness was then excused.

Bullinger Denies the Signature.

The next witness was Edward W. Bullinger, who looks like a Methodist minister and wears spectacles. He said that he was the publisher of a railway guide. Mr. Bullinger went on to tell of his business relations with R. G. Dun & Co. He said that all his relations with the firm had been through Mr. Wiman. At the period under consideration, Mr. Bullinger said the firm of R. G. Dun & Co. owed him about $15,000. He had, prior to Feb. 6, made no demand on that firm for the money. Mr. Wellman then handed Mr. Bullinger the $5000 cheque, and asked if the signature, E. W. Bullinger, was his. Witness said that it was not; that the writing was not at all like his.

In answer to Mr. Wellman's question, the witness said that he had never authorized Mr. Wiman to sign his (the witness) name to any instrument whatever. Continuing, witness said the first time he had seen the cheque was after the proceedings had been begun against Mr. Wiman.

Mr. Wellman then tried to introduce as evidence a cheque drawn Jan. 7, 1893, and endorsed E. W. Bullinger with E. W. underneath it. This cheque was in other respects similar to the one drawn in February. It was rejected at the bank, however. Mr. Wiman, it is said, took the cheque to Mr. Bullinger, saying that it was drawn by mistake and got him to sign it.

General Tracy objected to this on the ground that Mr. Wiman admitted that he had signed the cheque with Mr. Bullinger's name. The objection was sustained.

General Tracy did not cross-examine at any length. He simply got Mr. Bullinger to write his name on a slip of paper.

The Cheque Cashed and Credited to Wiman.

The next witness was Cyrus H. Saylor, receiving teller of the Central National Bank. He testified that the "Bullinger" cheque had been received by the Central National Bank and cleared and paid by the Chemical National Bank. There was no cross-examination.

William M. Place, the assistant receiving teller, produced his ledger, showing that the cheque was entered to be credited to Erastus Wiman's account.

John A. Kennedy, a bookkeeper, produced his books and showed that Mr. Wiman had been credited with $5000 according to his instructions. General Tracy objected on the ground that this evidence was immaterial. The objection was over-ruled. Kennedy was asked what balance Erastus Wiman had in the Central National Bank on May 22, 1893. He did not know and was excused in order that he might get the balance book of the bank.

Another Peculiar Cheque Episode.

Augustus H. Wheeler, a public accountant, was the people's next witness. He said that for seven years prior to February, 1893, he had been bookkeeper for R. G. Dun & Co.

Mr. Wellman wanted to know how Wiman's account with R. G. Dun & Co. had stood on Dec. 31, 1891.

The witness said there was a balance of $2866 due Mr. Wiman. This balance was not found, however, until after Mr. Wiman had handed witness his cheque for $135,000. This cheque Mr. Wiman told the witness to hold until he, Mr. Wiman, told him to deposit it. To the witness' knowledge the cheque had never been deposited.

Mr. Wellman then wanted to know how Mr. Wiman's account stood on Dec. 31, 1892. The witness stated that on the day in question Mr. Wiman had been in the firm's debt $24,290. At this time the $135,000 cheque was still in the witness' possession. Witness had never told anyone about the cheque.

Mr. Wellman then tried to show that the defendant had increased the witness' salary materially after the episode of the $135,000 cheque, but Judge Andrews ruled with Gen. Tracy, who had objected to this line of evidence. Mr. Wellman then turned the witness over to Gen. Tracy.

On the cross-examination Gen. Tracy brought out the fact that the $135,000 cheque had been entered on the books. The transaction was open and above board. Anyone could have seen the whole thing by working over the books. There had been absolutely no effort at concealment made.

The witness continued, under cross-examination, that Mr. Dun never looked at the books, and that Mr. Wiman had always transacted all the business for the firm. Mr. Wiman's share of the profits had during the past five years averaged about $80,000 a year.

The witness was then excused and Bookkeeper Kennedy of the Central National Bank recalled. He said the largest credit Mr. Wiman had at the bank from Dec. 31, 1891, to May 22, 1892, was $29,294.

An Overdraw of $5000.

Edward Green, an expert accountant, was the next witness called. He had made an examination of the books of R. G. Dun & Co., which lasted from March, 1893, until the following fall. Mr. Green testified that from Jan. 1, 1883, to Feb. 6, 1893, Mr. Wiman had drawn from R. G. Dun & Co. $16,857.67, while his share of the profits was but $11,445.92.

An Exchange of Cheques.

Alexander G. Vancleaf, treasurer of Fairbanks & Co., the next witness, testified that he had received a cheque drawn by R. G. Dun & Co. from Mr. Wiman and that he had drawn a cheque for the same amount made payable to Mr. Wiman and given it to him in exchange for the R. G. Dun & Co. cheque.

Charles F. Zentgray of the firm of L. de Jonge & Co. of this city gave testimony of a similar nature.

Bullinger's Signature Spurious.

Daniel T. Ames, a handwriting expert, was called. He said that he had compared the signature, E. W. Bullinger, on the cheque in question with Mr. Bullinger's signature. The signature on the cheque was spurious. Mr. Ames had also compared the signature on the cheque with a letter written by Wiman to R. G. Dun on July 1st, 1891. This letter had been marked for identification, but had not been put in as evidence.

Gen. Tracy objected to any mention of the letter being made until it had been put in as evidence.

Mr. Wellman offered the letter as evidence. After it had been passed around among the jurors Mr. Boardman, for the defence, read it aloud with evident satisfaction. It was from Mr. Wiman to R. G. Dun in relation to Mr. Wiman's overdrawing his account with R. G. Dun & Co.

Overdraw of $62,000 in Six Months.

In the letter Mr. Wiman says that he had learned with much surprise that he had overdrawn his account for the first six months of the year $62,000. He said that he was very much pressed for money, as he had been obliged to make many improvements in his Staten Island property. He expected, however, to sell considerable land at Erastina and elsewhere on the Island and thus he hoped that by fall he would have been able to materially reduce his indebtedness to R. G. Dun & Co. He said that he knew he was very much to blame for overdrawing his account, as it was not the first time it had happened, but he could not help it in this case.

To Go to the Jury Thursday.

After the reading of the letter David Bennett King was called. He was not allowed to give any evidence, however, as Gen. Tracy refused to allow the witness to state that he was the receiver for Erastus Wiman's estate, insisting that the papers in the case be put in evidence. This Mr. Wellman promised to do to-morrow morning.

An adjournment was then taken at 4.45 p.m. until to-morrow morning at 10.30 o'clock. In adjourning court Justice Andrews announced that he would sit late to-morrow afternoon, as he was anxious to have the case go to the jury early Thursday afternoon. Mr. Wellman said that he would have all the evidence for the people in by noon to-morrow.

When you ask for Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco, 5, 10 and 20 cent plugs, be sure that the retailer does not induce you to buy any other brand in order that he should make larger profits.

Very Low Rates to Cleveland, Sault Ste. Marie, Marquette, Duluth and Chicago.

We have some very beautiful trips which cost almost nothing, and parties who desire a tour on the upper lakes should secure their berths early. We are also agents for the Niagara Navigation Company, Empress of India, Carmona and Garden City and the Hamilton Steamship Company. For full particulars apply to A. F. Webster, northeast corner of King and Yonge-sts. 136

Beaver Tobacco is the "old reliable gentleman's chew." Don't forget it. ed

Plumbing.

W. J. Burroughes & Co., first-class plumbing; steam and hot water heating. 353 Queen-street west. Established 1878. Telephone 134. e

What Some Hotelkeepers are Doing.

On account of the great popularity of the celebrated Mount Clemens Sprudel Water, some hotelkeepers and others are selling mineral waters that are bottled in Toronto for Sprudel. Now everyone knows Sprudel is bottled fresh at the spring, and that if it were shipped in casks and bottled in Toronto it could be sold at half the price, and everyone ought to know that, unless mineral waters are bottled at the spring, they stand a good chance this hot weather of being loaded with bacteria.

Cheer up by using Adams' Tutti Frutti to aid digestion. The most celebrated physicians use it and recommend it.

JOHN ARMSTRONG ENDORSED.

OPEN AIR MEETING IN SUPPORT OF THE LABOR CANDIDATE.

Crawford Opens His Campaign in the West With a Rousing Meeting at Parkdale—Meetings in the Interest of Messrs. Marter and Tait in the North—General Political News.

Eminently successful was the open air meeting held in support of the candidature of Mr. John Armstrong last evening. Several hundred workingmen assembled on the vacant ground at St. David's and Sackville-streets and for two hours listened with marked attention to the earnest speeches of the labor candidate for East Toronto and a number of his supporters.

Mr. John Armstrong presided and was sanguine of success for the cause of labor.

The Candidate's Platform.

Mr. John Coulter made a capital speech. He explained the labor platform, and each of the points he made was loudly cheered. He urged the right of labor representation in the Legislative Assembly as well as that of farming and the professions. Then he declared for union wages in all Government contracts, the limitation of the hours of work, the submission to the people of all legislative measures, no taxation of the industry of the people, the abolition of the property qualification for aldermen and the direct representation of the toiling classes in both City Council and Parliament.

His Record.

Mr. Armstrong referred to his 23 years' service in the cause of trades unionism, to his advocacy of free libraries, the 9-hours' movement, the Technical school and other measures of social reform. This was one of the happiest of his many references and long was the responsive applause. He said little of Dr. Ryerson, but created laughter when he showed that gentleman's inconsistency in wishing to tax churches and exempt gas plants.

"I would," said the People's John, "tax everything that is revenue-producing. I will be the same earnest worker for your interests in the Legislature that I have been in the Trades and Labor Council. For 37 years I have been resident in the East End, and if the workingmen do their duty I will be their representative on June 26. Give the lie to your slanderers as to your lack of union." [Cries of "We will" and loud cheering.]

Good Support.

Rattling speeches were then made eulogistic of Mr. Armstrong and his program by Messrs. Phillips Thompson, Robert Glockling, past president of the Trades and Labor Council; G. T. Beales, president of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress; D. A. Carey, District Master Workman of the Knights of Labor; John Brown, president of the Citizens' Milling Company and member of the Board of Trade; and Mr. A. W. Wright, Toronto, ex-member of Executive, K. of L.

Canvassers for Mr. Armstrong will meet at 336 Queen-street east to-night; to-morrow the second open air meeting will be held in Broadview-avenue at Paul-street; on Friday the canvassers will meet at Don bridge; and on Saturday there will be a mass open air meeting in Eastern-avenue Park.

CRAWFORD'S CAMPAIGN.

The Conservative Candidate for the West at Parkdale.

Crowded to the doors was Parkdale Masonic Hall last night, when the supporters of Ald. Crawford, the Conservative candidate for West Toronto, gathered in a grand rally.

All through the meeting there was enthusiasm that the extreme heat of the hall could not lessen. The speeches were strong and to the point and Sir Oliver Mowat's Government was shown in clear light.

John Laxton was in the chair and on the platform were Ex-Ald. Bell, Ald. Atkinson, W. G. Murdoch, J. J. May, H. Simpson, James Kerr, W. D. McPherson, William Croker, H. Bracken, James Boddy, R. W. Pritchard, D. Creighton, R. E. Sheppard, Barlow Cumberland, Ex-Ald. Bailey, W. Christian, J. Beatty, Ald. Dunn, Ex-Ald. Booth, Michael Basso, Richard Armstrong, W. W. Hodgson and Ex-Ald. Graham.

David Creighton was the first speaker of the evening. Mr. Creighton made a strong attack on the administration of provincial affairs. The Mowat Government was everywhere claiming credit for measures which were first introduced by the Opposition. That Mowat "monument of economy," the Parliament Buildings, was a monument to the Government's treachery. The buildings, which, according to statute, should have cost not more than $750,000, had up to Dec. 31 last been a hole in which $1,430,000 had been sunk. The province had been loaded up with officials who had nothing to do. Hon. C. F. Fraser, a good and hard working man, had after breaking down in the House been appointed to an important office. "If he is capable of filling that office, how many offices could be filled by one able-bodied man?"

E. E. Sheppard made a strong and witty address. Commencing with a chatty introduction to his "Fellow-mongrels, as the Reformers style us." The Conservatives had been styled "radicals." They were radicals in one thing, as they wanted a radical change in the Government. The Mowat Government claimed that they had all the virtues and the brains of the province, besides everything else. Mr. Sheppard denied that the Reformers had all the virtues and the brains, although it was true that they had everything that was loose. [Wild applause.] The speaker pronounced for the total abolition of Separate schools and the audience cheered.

Barlow Cumberland dissected the Reform financial policy and quoted figures showing the bad system of raising money employed by Sir Oliver.

Ald. Crawford was received with the wildest enthusiasm. The audience rose and gave three hearty cheers for the nominee. He spoke briefly, but made an excellent impression. In straightforward language Mr. Crawford laid down the issues of the campaign. He thought that the prohibition convention had acted in a manner which showed that the delegates were politicians, first, last and always, Sir Oliver held the temperance people in one hand and the license-holders in the other. Both classes supported Sir Oliver. This must have been a literal application of the rule, Let not thy right hand know what thy left hand doeth. [Applause and laughter.]

"If we are ever going to do justice to all we will have to eliminate or abolish separate schools," said Mr. Crawford amid loud applause.

W. G. Murdoch made a rattling address full of witty remarks and caustic criticism. The cost of the sheriffs' and Crown Attorneys' offices in Toronto and the County of York was more than that of the similar offices in the city and County of New York.

James Boddy also addressed the meeting, which broke up with hearty cheers for the Queen and Mr. Crawford.

MR. TAIT IN THE NORTH.

Largely Attended Meeting in St. Paul's Hall.

Mr. J. A. Proctor occupied the chair at the meeting in the interest of Mr. Joseph Tait at St. Paul's Hall last evening. The hall was well filled.

Mr. John Bertram went into a very elaborate and detailed statistical defence of the Government's policy of disposing of timber limits without the order or consent of the Legislature.

When the candidate stepped forward he was most cordially received. As he was speaking to men among whom he had lived for more than 20 years, and his stand on temperance being well known, he did not deem it necessary to elaborate his views on this question. Comparing his own record in the Legislature with that of his opponent in the same place, he claimed to be more in harmony with advanced temperance sentiment than was his opponent. He was opposed to the municipal control of licenses, because not a single municipality has ever asked for such power to be placed in its hands.

In defending the action of the Government in granting retiring allowances, he claimed that the Opposition objected in only two cases, in both of which workingmen were concerned. He would favor the abolition of all retiring allowances, but so long as professional men were given these allowances he would protest against the workingmen being treated differently.

As he had no particular liking for the trappings of Royalty in our midst, he would vote for the abolition not only of the Government House but of the office of Lieutenant-Governor, leaving his duties to be performed by the chief justice of the province.

Speaking of the separate school agitation he said that, while he believed the power of abolition rested only with the Imperial authorities, his idea was a national educational system in which no religious views were expounded.

Ex-Mayor Fleming reviewed a few instances in which he claimed the candidate had assisted the City Council in obtaining favorable municipal legislation during the times the city was compelled to apply to the Legislature for special legislation. As a temperance man he claimed that it was the duty of every temperance man in Ontario to cast his vote for the Mowat Government. He could not see how any honest temperance man could support Mr. Marter in preference to Mr. Tait.

Three cheers for the Queen, Sir Oliver and Mr. Tait closed the meeting.

MONSTER MARTER MEETING.

The Candidate and Others Deliver Stirring Addresses in the North.

Douglas Hall, Bloor and Bathurst-streets, was crowded to the doors last night to hear George F. Marter, the Conservative candidate for North Toronto. Mr. W. Cavell occupied the chair. Speeches were delivered by Messrs. W. Munns, J. N. McKendry, F. Arnoldi, Rev. J. Coburn, J. R. L. Starr and Charles Durand.

Mr. Durand said he thought he is the oldest voter in Toronto, having voted here for 49 years, and had been a life-long Reformer, but he felt a strong desire to say a few words at this time in favor of Mr. Meredith, Mr. Marter and honest government. Mr. Durand called the policy of Sir Oliver Mowat an old-fogey Tory policy. The speaker compared the superior intelligence of Mr. Marter with that of his opponent, Mr. Tait. Mr. Durand referred to the Government of Sir Oliver Mowat as base, dishonest and rascally.

Mr. G. F. Marter was received with rounds of applause, and commenced by saying he felt he would be elected. The Mowat Government had outlived its usefulness. In referring to the sale of timber limits, he said that if Mr. Meredith was returned as Premier no limits would be sold before the sanction of Parliament had been obtained. Mr. Marter dwelt at some length on the system adopted in purchasing supplies for public institutions, and charged the Government with gross extravagance in this matter. He advocated tendering for all purchases, and said that if the Conservatives were returned such a system would be adopted. He referred to the disclosures made before the Public Accounts Committee, which showed that the Government had been charged from 15 to 25 per cent. more than other parties for supplies furnished the institutions. He claimed that the Government lost from $5000 to $7000 annually by not getting cash discounts when purchases were made.

The meeting broke up with cheers for Mr. Meredith and the candidate.

A Prohibitionist to Oppose Bigger.

At a meeting of temperance workers at Belleville, Mr. R. J. Graham of that city was nominated for the Legislature for West Hastings. He accepted, and says he will be an independent, but will support prohibition.

Hon. N. Clarke Wallace and Dr. Beattie Nesbitt of Toronto addressed a meeting at Beaverton yesterday in the interest of Mr. Glendenning, the Conservative candidate for North Ontario.

Supplemental Registration.

The supplementary sittings for the registration of absentees and sick persons will be held as follows: South Toronto at the Court House, North Toronto at Yorkville Town Hall, West Toronto at Brockton Town Hall and East Toronto at 611 Queen-street east.

The Elgins.

The Liberals are counting upon a gain in the Elgins, but they reckon without their host. East Elgin is conceded to Bromer, the Conservative candidate, who is opposed by Patron Ford and Liberal Dance. It is in the west that the whole interest centres. St. Thomas, which for the Dominion is in the east, was transferred to the west by Sir Oliver's gerrymander eight years ago. Ingram won it for the Conservatives at the next general election and McColl retained it four years afterwards. The Liberal candidate, McNish, is admittedly a strong man and both sides estimate that he will carry the townships, by 300 according to the Conservatives, by at least 400 according to the Liberal estimate. The P. P. A. is strong in St. Thomas, McColl does not deny being a member of the organization and he is satisfied that the Railway City will give him sufficient votes to offset the Liberal majority against him.

Mr. Clancy's Chances.

Mr. Clancy is not yet defeated in East Kent, despite the confidence of The Globe and the Grit daily started in Chatham with funds publicly charged to have been advanced by the Ontario Government for the sole purpose of defeating Clancy. The World saw Mr. Clancy yesterday, and, while he admits that the battle is likely to be a close one, he yet has every confidence that he will be elected.

East Algoma.

The contest in East Algoma has not shown much excitement, and it is not likely that there will be anything like a hot contest. One reason for this is that the two candidates are personal friends and fellow-townsmen. Mr. Hearst, the Conservative candidate, is making a capital fight and it looks now as if he had a fighting chance of defeating Farwell.

Political Notes.

A rally of Mr. Ryckman's supporters was held at East Toronto Village last night. Dr. Shaw presided. Secretary T. L. Church of the Toronto Young Conservatives, the chairman and W. B. Bentley spoke.

Sir Oliver Mowat will speak at the opera house, Windsor to night on behalf of the Government candidate, W. J. McKee.

The prohibitionists of East Toronto have finally decided not to place a candidate in the field and the fight will be between Dr. Ryerson, the Conservative nominee, and John Armstrong, the representative of labor. The canal-promoter is incidentally in the field, nominated by and representing himself.

Athlete Cigarettes have no rivals.

Dollar Articles For Fifty Cents.

Quinn's fame for fine neckwear is becoming more and more widely spread as time goes on apace. He is now showing a window of grey neckwear at fifty cents. It seems something worse than a crime to sell such a rich quality of goods for such a ridiculously low figure. We doubt very much if there is another store in this country where such articles could be procured for less than one dollar.

Sweet balmy sleep is the result of good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti keeps the digestion right. Do not be imposed on with imitations.

Temperance Drinks.

Champagne Cider, 75 cents per dozen pints and $1.25 quarts. Sprudel Ginger Champagne, the most delicious of all temperance beverages, $2 per dozen quarts; bottles to be returned. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street. Telephone 1708.

D. Ritchie & Co., manufacturers of Athlete Cigarettes—our production is over three-quarters of the consumption of cigarettes in Canada.

DEATHS.

MACDONALD—At his residence, 42 Seaton-street,