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TWELFTH YEAR. THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 26, 1891. ONE CENT.

EAST YORK IS CONCEDED.

REFORMERS VIRTUALLY ADMIT MACLEAN WILL BE ELECTED.

In Every Division Liberals are Rallying to His Support—Hon. A. S. Hardy Addresses a Large Meeting at Association Hall—Meetings Throughout the City Last Night.

"There is no doubt," said a prominent Reformer yesterday, "that Maclean will be elected in East York if the full vote is got out, but there is not time between this and election day to hunt up the non-resident vote."

This is the most sanguine view that Reformers take of the contest in East York. Their hopes have dwindled to the hope that a sufficient number of non-resident voters will abstain from using their franchise to allow of Mr. Mackenzie squeezing in. But the hope is a delusive one. The indications are that a very large proportion of these votes will be polled. All non-residents who have votes in St. Paul's Ward and in St. Matthew's, and may now be living in other quarters of the city should send their addresses to Maclean's central committee rooms, Yonge-street Arcade, so that they may be sent for on polling day.

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From every division of the riding the most encouraging reports come to hand of the prospects of Mr. Maclean's election. The fact that the present is the most vital political contest in the history of the nation, and that the election of a supporter of U.R. in East York might have the effect of placing it within the power of Messrs. Cartwright and Laurier to destroy the policy which Sir John's Government has built up, outweighs all feelings of sentiment that have existed during the past eight years. The electors realize that the wealthiest constituency in the province should have as its representative a young man of pluck and perseverance whose fighting qualities are at their best. It is in the nature of things that when a man's political predilections are averse to his country's welfare he must step aside, whatever his worth has been in the past. The fight is not one of men; it is one of policies, and the supporter of the policy inimical to his country's life and growth must fall with the leader whose cause he espouses. This is the feeling which generally prevails throughout the riding and workingmen, farmers, farmers' sons and citizens generally are rallying to Mr. Maclean's support.

***

Last night Mr. W. F. Maclean and Mr. W. K. McNaught addressed the electors of East York at Wexford on the town line between York and Scarboro. Mr. McNaught's argument was to show the farmers, gardeners, dairymen, butchers and the like in the riding were prosperous because they had a market for all they could raise at their doors in the great and growing city of Toronto, a city whose greatness and future growth depended on the N.P. The farmers of Ontario sold more animals for meat and agricultural produce to Toronto alone than they exported to the boasted market of 65 millions. This statement, borne out as it was by the official figures, had a big effect. The home market and the British market was the thing for the farmers to cultivate.

Mr. Maclean's promise to urge upon the Government to build a harbor at Ashbridge's Bay is well received by the electors of East York over the Don.

Through the township of York the farmers and gardeners have become land rich by reason of the growth of Toronto, and they are willing to vote for pulling out the N.P. peg and bringing land values back to what they were in 1878.

St. Matthew's Ward expects to give Maclean 600 majority.

CENTRE TORONTO.

Speeches by Messrs. Hardy, Kerr and Bertram—Ald. Hallam as a Poet.

The Liberals of Centre Toronto held a mass meeting in Association Hall last night. The hall was well filled, the chair being taken by Dr. W. H. T. Aikins.

Those on the platform were: Hon. A. S. Hardy, Thomas Thompson, R. S. Baird, Malcolm Gibbs, R. Jaffray, Ald. Hallam, G. B. Smith, M.L.A., T. J. Anderson, ex-Ald. Steiner, Hugh Miller, James Macdonald, J. Morrison, J. McCausland, G. A. Cox, Ald. G. M. Rose, J. Bertram, J. Blackley, F. S. Spence, R. J. Fleming, J. Hay of Woodstock.

Ald. Hallam regarded the victory of Mr. Gibson in Hamilton as an omen of success in the Dominion election. As an Englishman and an adopted Canadian, he repudiated the statement that the Liberal policy was annexation. He was not going to allow the Conservatives to apply such a term to Liberals understand. He denounced the National Policy, especially with regard to the importation and manufacture of woolen goods. Of the millions invested in factories under the N.P., 60 per cent. has been entirely lost. What was wanted was not a restrictive policy, but a wider market.

At this point the alderman could not adequately express his sentiments in prose and so broke into rhyme thus:

POLITICAL DOGS.

The Tories are protective dogs
And saucy puppies too,
And sometimes impertinent whelps
Escape from not a few;
But truce to nicknames, what I wish
Is, if like dogs we be,
We'd strive to cultivate like them
A staunch fidelity.

Reformers, e'en like terrier dogs,
Hunt out the vermin too:
The rats they seek to kill are laws
Which benefit the few.
And while they guard like mastiff dogs
Those liberties we bless,
They loudly bark when Tory wolves
Would make that number less.

Mr. John Bertram, speaking of discrimination against Great Britain, asked what was the difference between discrimination and exclusion? Sir Charles Tupper, in introducing the tariff bill of 1887, said it was for the purpose of shutting out foreign bar iron. The English manufacturer did not care what term was used. It was the same to him whether his goods were excluded by tariff or by the fact that the Canadian got his goods from the United States. The point was too fine a one to wrangle over. Sir Charles Tupper has said in parliament that the English government had decided that the control of Toronto harbor is vested in the Government. It has been in danger of destruction but nothing was done to preserve it. The government told the city that unless it contributed $100,000 of its own money they would do nothing towards repairing it. The government has spent the money in a miserable way. Many contractors would undertake to do the whole work better for the amount contributed by Toronto alone. The members of the city have made no attempt to have the payment refunded. How differently were Quebec and Montreal treated! Graving docks were built by the government at Quebec. Montreal was refunded the $3,000,000 it spent on improving the river.

Mr. Kerr repeated the platform he laid down at the Pavilion last week. The city was not treated properly in the matter of the volunteers, the drill shed, the rifle ranges, the railways and the bonuses contributed to them, etc. If the old members were re-elected and the Government sustained these items of injustice would not be repaired. If he was elected and the Liberals returned, the wrongs of the city would be righted. The victory of the Liberals and unrestricted reciprocity would mean the development of the nickel, which, being at the back of Toronto, would be a great advantage to the city.

Mr. Kerr laid pipes for the labor vote. He declared that if the present Government were sustained it was their intention to pass a law making trades unions illegal. If the workingmen were true to themselves they would submit to no such servitude. If he were not an Irishman he would ask them to vote for him. [Laughter.]

He Stands for the Queen and the Country

It was said reciprocity would lead to annexation. If so, why was the Government going in for it? It was not true. During the prosperous years of the treaty of 1854 there was no talk of annexation. Sir John himself declared in 1865 in a state paper that all agitation for organic change in the country had ceased in consequence of the prosperity attendant on reciprocity.

Regarding discrimination against Great Britain Mr. Kerr said he was prepared to take a stand. He had no hesitation in saying that the policy of the Liberal party as laid down by Mr. Laurier was one in which there is to be no discrimination against the Mother Country unless with her concurrence. Unrestricted reciprocity differs entirely from commercial union in that Canada would retain control of her own tariff, and that is what the Liberal party is advocating. The London Times, speaking for the English people, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the English Government itself in 1874 — have all declared that Canada would be permitted to make such treaty arrangements as were in her own interests and to discriminate if it pleased. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach in 1879 said practically the same thing.

In conclusion Mr. Kerr grew eloquent on the subject of loyalty. He stood on the solid platform of loyalty to his country and to the Queen. "God save the Queen. Long may she reign. I stand with you for the Queen and the country. We stand prepared to uphold the flag that has braved for a thousand years the battle and the breeze." to permit Canada to negotiate such treaties as her own interest required. Was Canada going to exercise her right? He quoted extensively from statistics to show that in spite of a high tariff the United States took more Canadian products than did England and therefore was the natural market for Canada.

Dr. Aikins in introducing the next speaker said the members of the Government would never experience a conversion until like King Nebuchadnezzar they were sent to grass for seven years.

He Says He Will Get a Solid Liberal Vote.

Mr. J. K. Kerr on coming forward was greeted with loud applause and cheers. He said some portions of the press assured him that he could not expect to get an undivided Liberal vote. He was proud to say that he had had not a single Liberal who was not going to vote for him. He had pleasure in reading this letter which he had just received:

TORONTO Feb. 25, 1891.

J. K Kerr, Esq., Q.C., Toronto:

DEAR SIR,—I am very glad that you have consented to become a candidate for Centre Toronto for the House of Commons, although I deeply regret to say I am not in accord with the trade policy of the leaders of the Liberal party upon the question of unrestricted reciprocity. Nor do I agree with the Government upon the subject of the National Policy which, in my opinion, is a departure from sound principles, and has placed a burden upon the chief industry of the country, too much for it to bear, and which, if I mistake not, the farmer will refuse any longer to carry.

I feel, however, that the interests of Toronto will be best served by the return of at least one Liberal member. For, in the past, I think the claims of Toronto have been largely ignored by the Government, and I think further the great Liberal sentiments of Toronto should have a representative at Ottawa.

Under these circumstances, provided you will not do anything to affect the autonomy of the Dominion or discriminate unjustly in legislation against the Mother Country, and more in the direction of the *freest possible trade* relations with *not only the United States*, but with *the whole world*, I shall have great pleasure in supporting you at the poll on March 5.

Yours faithfully,
SHARLESTON CALDBOOTT.

Mr. Kerr took the pledge, saying that he was a loyal subject of Her Majesty and the upholder of a policy which would not discriminate against Great Britain.

The interests of Toronto have not received proper attention from Parliament. Toronto has been practically disfranchised by bringing on the election at the present time. The three Conservative members never raised their voice in Parliament in favor of Toronto. The city, by reason of its population, is entitled to twice as many members. The election is held on the old voters' lists, which do not include thousands who are now entitled to vote.

The Little Thunderer on the Situation.

Hon. A. S. Hardy made a rattling address of over an hour. He devoted himself principally to denouncing the National Policy.

The modifications and extensions of the treaty of 1854, lateral, collateral, horizontal and otherwise—(laughter)—mentioned by the Government in their reasons for dissolution were like the readjustment of the tariff spoken of in 1878. In both cases the voice and hand were those of Esau. [Applause.] The Government was not sincere in proposing even a limited reciprocity with the United States.

Speaking of the heavy debt incurred by the Government, Mr. Hardy said the promises of Sir Charles Tupper in the Maritime Provinces would probably add five or ten or twenty millions to the debt.

A voice: "They have a rubber conscience."

Mr. Hardy quickly: "They don't rub it enough to get it bright." [Laughter.]

Mr. Hardy declared the National Policy on which the Government was taking its stand was a failure. The manufactured goods exported 15 years ago amounted to a million more than last year. The volume of trade in 1889 was only $201,000,000, against $217,000,000 in 1873. The price of wheat and barley has fallen. The exodus has increased. 145,000 United States was the wealthiest country in the world and for that reason we should have freer trade with that country. The balance of trade was represented by the Government to be the barometer of prosperity. Well, the balance against Canada which in 1878 was 10 millions increased in 1889 to 20 millions. The failures, according to Bradstreet, were 607 in 1881 involving 6 millions, 1665 in 1888 involving 14 millions, 1747 in 1889 involving 14½ millions. There were 431 failures in the first 6 weeks of 1891, an increase of 16 per cent. over the same period of last year. He quoted extensively from statistics to show that the trade with the United States amounted to millions, but the Government would not look at it, while the trade with Spain and Japan and China and South America and the other countries with which the Government wanted to negotiate treaties amounted to only a few thousands. Why, what did China want from us?

A voice: "Rats!" [Uproarious laughter.]

The population of towns and villages in Ontario was decreasing under the National Policy. He compared the population of 77 in 1879 with that in 1889. Of these 21 had made a total increase of 194 and the remaining 56 had made a total decrease of 9238. Allowing for the natural increase by births the total falling off in population of these places in the last ten years would be about 50,000.

It was said the Liberal policy would discriminate against Great Britain and therefore was disloyal. Mr. Hardy's reply was that it did not necessarily discriminate against Great Britain. It would rest with either country to make as many treaties with other nations as it pleased or to arrange its tariff as it pleased with reference to any other country. It would be for Parliament to say whether it would discriminate against Great Britain. Then, how does England treat us? When England makes treaties with other countries she leaves us out.

Farrer Has Not the Reform Password.

Sir John tried to identify Mr. Farrer with the Reformers. He did not say that Farrer was an old Tory, educated in the Tory ranks. Mr. Hardy did not approve of Mr. Farrer's sentiments. He did not want annexation or Imperial federation, but Canada. He wanted the status quo. He did not want to sacrifice Canadian independence to the United States or to hand over Canadian institutions to British nabobs. [Cheers.] Home Rule for Canada! [Applause.] The great heart of the Liberal party was loyal to England and pre-eminently loyal to Canada. There was no annexation party. Mr. Farrer was always a Tory. Mr. Hardy had never heard him say he had joined the Reform party. No one was responsible for Mr. Farrer except himself. He had never joined the Reform Association and never got the password. He was brought up in the Tory camp. At one time he acted as private secretary to Sir John. Perhaps it was then he learned to be an annexationist. If anyone is responsible for Farrer's training it is his godfathers and godmothers of the Tory party. The letter read by Sir Charles Tupper at Windsor simply repeated the annexation sentiment. Mr. J. J. C. Abbott and Sir David Macpherson were once annexationists and were cashiered and dismissed from the volunteers. It was ridiculous to accuse Farrer of annexation in Windsor when the inhabitants of that town had just elected an avowed annexationist, Sol. White, as a Tory member of parliament. Sol. White actually sat on the platform with Sir Charles Tupper. The thing is bosh, a pretence, bogus loyalty, interested loyalty. It is a sort of breezy, wheezy, oozy gush.

The meeting closed with cheers for the Queen, the candidates and Mr. Laurier.

EAST TORONTO.

Meeting in St. George's Hall in the Interest of Mr. Wheeler.

A public meeting was held in St. George's Hall last night in the interest of Mr. Alexander Wheeler, the Reform candidate in East Toronto. Mr. E. T. Malone presided and there was a good attendance. A majority of those present were in sympathy with the views of the speakers.

G. B. Smith, M.L.A., urged that the Reform party was not responsible for the treasonable writings of Mr. Farrer. "He is a Conservative," remarked the speaker. "He is not editor of The Globe. Everything he writes passes through the hands of the editor-in-chief."

Mr. Alexander Wheeler said he opposed the Government because it was for the classes and against the masses.

Ald. Macdougall endeavored to prove that 75,000 Canadians had left the country since the N.P. came into force.

Mr. J. Lockhart Gordon, an alleged convert to Gritism, took up the blue ruin cry. It pained him, while on trips through the northern part of the province, to see the desolation prevailing everywhere. If it is in the interest of Canada to discriminate against Great Britain, let them do so.

A voice: "Can you explain the difference between reciprocity and unreciprocated reciprocity?"

"I don't think," remarked Mr. Lockhart as he took his seat, "that is a question which comes before the meeting to-night."

Messrs. J. A. Proctor and Bryan followed with vigorous speeches.

WEST YORK CONSERVATIVES.

A Largely Attended Meeting in the Interest of Clarke Wallace.

The West York Liberal-Conservative meeting held in Brockton Town Hall last night was a big success.

Thomas Hurst presided and beside him on the platform were M. C. Ellis, James Bond, Dr. Spence, H. C. Jones, Dr. Orr, George B. Boyle, Ald. Gowanlock, George Lindsey, D.H. Watt and the two candidates, N. Clarke Wallace and W. H. P. Clement.

Mr. Clement was the first speaker. He confined his remarks to the expounding of statistics which he considered very significant, and was given a very attentive hearing.

N. Clarke Wallace followed and was received with the wildest applause. He was proud of the prosperous condition of the country at present, and explained the lamentable results that would attend a Grit victory on March 5. "Tell us all about the barley," shouted a Grit from the back of the hall. "What about the black flag?" yelled another, and the speaker explained that Peter Ryan had hired a few men at $2.50 a day to carry the flag.

George Lindsey was the next speaker. He was attempting to describe what he called the miserable condition of the Canadian farmers when a facetious listener brought him down by saying, "Did you ever see a plow?" The speaker claimed that the true issue before the electors was not limited reciprocity or annexation, but limited or unlimited reciprocity.

James Bond convulsed his audience in explaining the true reasons for his casting a Conservative vote at this election for the first time in his life. "What takes our young men to the States?" asked Mr. Tennant. "Why, the trains and boats. They are not like people who can't buy a ticket," replied the undaunted Jimmy.

D. H. Watt also explained the barley question to the satisfaction of all. In answer to a question about the number of empty houses in the city he said that it couldn't do the workingman any harm if the capitalists built too many houses.

M. C. Ellis spoke for a few minutes and the meeting broke up with the usual cheers for the Queen, the Old Man, and for the Conservative candidate.

Did John Charlton Write This?

OTTAWA, Feb. 25.—George Cox, president of the Liberal-Conservative Association of Ottawa, has received from John Taylor, president of the West Hastings Liberal-Conservative Association, a photograph of a letter alleged to have been written by John Charlton, ex-M.P., which reads as follows:

With a French Catholic leader and under the manipulation of such unscrupulous machine politicians as J. D. Edgar, et al., I have not the utmost confidence in the immediate future of Reform party. (Signed) JOHN CHARLTON.

A Balloon in His Throat.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 25.—Charles Snyder, 7 years of age, of 128 Arlington-avenue, died at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He choked to death on a balloon. The family were seated in the parlor when a cry of pain from another part of the house alarmed them. Charlie was found struggling on the floor. The boy's face was purple for want of breath and his eyes were bulged out in painful effort. Charlie's respiration lessened fast, and before the doctor arrived he expired. The balloon was later extracted from the boy's throat.

Through Wagner Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Car Toronto to New York via West Shore Route.

The West Shore through sleeping car leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.55 p.m. daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 10.10 a.m. Returning this car leaves New York at 5 p.m. arriving in Toronto at 10.35 a.m. Sundays leaves Toronto at 12.20 p.m. connecting with through car at Hamilton.

Victim of a Fallacy.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 25.—Mrs. Norton, the aged mother of Della W. Norton, the Christian Scientist, died last evening of pneumonia. Mrs. Norton was taken ill several days ago. The sick woman's daughter applied Christian science treatment and of course the woman died.

Blind, But Won Two Husbands.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Among the immigrants landed to-day were Johann Heider, aged 29 years, his wife Catharina, aged 44 years, and three children. Mrs. Heider became blind in her childhood, but has won the affection of two husbands.

A Candidate Breaks His Leg.

PAISLEY, Feb. 25.—Word has just been received here to the effect that Alexander McNeill, Conservative candidate for North Bruce, has broken his leg.

Once used, always used, Hallamore's Expectorant. 246

The Quebec Disaster.

QUEBEC, Feb. 25.—The inquest on the victims of the Harepoint disaster ended to-day and a verdict that the boiler burst from overpressure but attaching blame to no person was rendered.

Taps From the Telegraph.

The King of Italy has conferred the order of knighthood on Police Inspector Thomas F. Byrnes of New York, in recognition of the assistance the inspector has rendered many Italians.

Gen. DaFonseca, who was chosen provisional president of Brazil at the time of the overthrow of the empire, has been formally elected president of the republic.

The U.S. treasury department has approved the action of the collector of customs at Buffalo exacting duty on natural gas imported into the district in pipes under Niagara River from Canada.

TAKING OF TOKAR DESCRIBED

HOW OSMAN DIGNA'S DERVISHES WERE WORSTED BY THE EGYPTIANS.

The Egyptians Only Saved from Defeat by the Arrival of a Reserve Force—Osman Digna Had Executed a Number of Sheiks, Suspecting Them of Treachery.

SUAKIM, Feb. 25.—Further particulars of the recent fight at Tokar have just been received. Colonel Slith, on learning that Osman Digna was preparing an attack on the flank while the Egyptians were marching from El Teb, hastened his advance to Tokar. The cavalry drove in the enemy's mounted scouts, but the enemy advanced rapidly in a semicircle through the thick brushwood. Their presence was made known only by occasional glimpses above the bush of moving men and banners. The hills, a mile distant, were covered with reserves.

Both sides tried to seize outlying houses for protection. The Egyptian infantry rushed to and occupied some ruins and then raced with the dervishes to seize the houses outside of the general line of defence. One company, succeeding in occupying a house, poured a withering fire upon the dervishes, over one hundred of whom fell within a yard of the building. This checked their advance. The semicircle of the enemy was now shifted and was extended until it enveloped the entire line, gradually outflanking the Egyptians.

Horsemen led by Osman Digma and Naib dashed around the right flank and threatened the rear, where the transports had been placed with weak protection. A reserve battalion of Egyptians, however, advancing rapidly, checked the horsemen. The situation was critical for a moment, but the front battalions advancing ran five hundred yards and cleared the ground, carried all the houses and swept off the enemy, who did not stop until they took a position on rising ground.

At the height of the fight the transport camels and mules stampeded and the enemy's horsemen got among them. The Egyptian cavalry immediately charged and drove the dervishes out by hard fighting, which ended in a rout. The enemy having re-formed on rising ground, the Egyptians advanced again, but the enemy's reserves fled without waiting for them. On reaching the second position held by Osman Digna, a hilly place, the Egyptians saw an Arab town stretching in a crescent below them, with rows of tents backed by thousands of straw huts extending for miles. Marching to the village, a host of Arabs poured out begging for pardon. A number of bodies of sheiks were found whom Osman Digna had executed, suspecting them of treachery.

England and the Soudan.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Notwithstanding the qualified denial of Sir James Fergusson there is a general belief that Lord Salisbury's Government meditates an advance into the Soudan, with the view of reconquering that vast region for the Khedive and for England.

DOWN AN EMBANKMENT.

Wreck on the Pan Handle Railroad—Four Persons Killed and Several Others Fatally Injured.

RICHMOND, Ind., Feb. 25.—On the Richmond division of the Pan Handle Railway at Hagerstown this afternoon, a train was coming down a steep grade when the framework of the engine in charge of W. W. Bartlett, engineer, and Noah Dunn, fireman, broke and derailed every car. The cars caught fire, but the fire was quickly extinguished. The day coach and parlor car rolled over twice down a 16-foot embankment. The engine held the rails. The accident resulted in the death of four persons, two more being probably fatally injured and twenty more others more or less severely hurt. The killed are Conductor Case, O. P. Deal, maintenance engineer, Claim Agent Needham and A. M. Reeves, banker of this city. Fatally hurt: Mrs. G. McCrew and Mrs. J. C. Busim.

The Springhill Disaster.

SPRINGHILL MINES, N.S., Feb. 25.—Four bodies, those of Henry Livingstone, John Francis, Neil McLeod and W. E. Hyde, were recovered late last night, and two others, those of Donald McKay and Richard Murphy, were taken out this morning. They were all buried beneath a great heap of stone. There are still five bodies to come out, and searching parties are now looking for them. Another of the wounded, Henry Nash, died at midnight. Yesterday afternoon, shortly after the body of her husband was taken home, Mrs. John Connexton gave birth to a child. The mother is now in a critical condition. Daniel McDonald, who was taken out unconscious from the effects of afterdamp, is in a bad way and may die.

Magnificent Vestibule Pullman Sleepers, Toronto to New York via Erie Ry.

Nothing like comfort and there is only one way of securing this luxury and that is to purchase your tickets via the great double track Erie through vestibule sleepers; leaves Toronto at 4.55 p.m., daily, except Sundays, handsome dining cars attached to all trains for meals. You can also leave Toronto at 10.00 p.m. 4.45 p.m. and 11 p.m. By the latter connection you have a daylight ride over this great picturesque route. For full particulars apply to R. S. SHANE, 19 Wellington-street, telephone 884, Toronto.

An Old Man Burned to Death.

WYOMING, Feb. 25.—About 9 o'clock last evening residents on the 6th line of Plympton saw fire issuing from a log house occupied by Charles McGinnis, aged 60. It was impossible to enter, as the high wind had fanned the flames so that the whole interior was in a blaze. The old man was seen to be lying on the floor near one of the windows, from which he had evidently been trying to escape. This morning his remains were found burned to a crisp.

In the last issue of The Shareholder of Montreal appeared the following regarding the last annual report of the North American Life Assurance Company of this city: "The progress which the company has made and the success which has attended its operations place it in the front rank of our Canadian insurance companies. The financial statement is the highest tribute to the careful management, the ability of its executive and the firm hold which it has taken upon the confidence of the people." 246

Crushed by the Ice-Roller.

A man named Watkins, employed by Ice Dealer John Graham to cut ice from Small's pond, met with a painful accident yesterday afternoon. He fell in front of the ice-roller and was badly crushed, his right leg being snapped in two places. Dr. Burgess was called in and relieved the sufferer, after which he was conveyed to his residence in Queen-street east.

25c per bottle. Hallamore's Expectorant. 246

Frozen to Death.

GREAT FALLS, Montana, Feb. 25.—Five laborers from Chicago traveling through the northern part of the state in search of work were caught in a severe storm in Two Medicine Mountains and four were frozen to death.

If you hold property in York township, St. Paul's Ward, East Toronto or Scarboro', call at Maclean's headquarters, see if you have a vote in East York, and then record it for him and the N. P.

The Sheffield House Importing Company (Registered).
65 Yonge-street (below King). New goods in solid silver English spoons and forks; wholesale prices. C. E. Robinson, Manager.

Infallible. Hallamore's Expectorant. 246

FIRES IN SEVERAL TOWNS.

Several Buildings Destroyed at Parry Sound—Loss $10,000.

PARRY SOUND, Feb. 25.—Last night fire destroyed the premises occupied by Gribbin & Co., George Raymond, baker, and H. W. Wolton, furniture dealer. Gribbin's loss on stock is $8000, Raymond and Wolton's loss on stock will be slight; insurance unknown.

Arnprior's Costly Blaze.

ARNPRIOR, Feb. 25.—Fisher's block and adjoining buildings were destroyed by fire last night. The total loss is $9550, as follows: John T. Wait, owner of the block, loss $1000, no insurance; Alexander Kellough, loss $2000, insurance $1100, Western and City of London; E. C. Armand, loss $3500, insurance $2200; Misses Dromond and Patteson, dressmakers, $150, no insurance; R. G. Moles, damage by removal, water and fire $900, fully insured; J. E. Thomson, lawyer's office, $300, no insurance; Oddfellows' Hall, insured, $800; Foresters' Hall, insured $200; J. S. Moir, damage $200 in removing; Alf. C. Fyre, $500.

Incendiarism at Sarnia.

SARNIA, Feb. 25.—A determined attempt was made to fire the outbuildings of the middle ward school. A large quantity of coal oil had been used to saturate the boards of the shed and the building was burning furiously before the fire brigade succeeded in quenching the flames. A reward of $100 is offered by the Town Council for the detection of the incendiary.

THE HEALTH OF THE PROVINCE.

Those Entrusted With Its Care Give Pertinent Pointers.

The Provincial Board of Health commenced its regular quarterly session yesterday in its rooms, 173 Yonge-street. Those present were: Dr. Cassidy (chairman), Dr. Bryce (secretary), Dr. McLay, Woodstock; Dr. Rae, Oshawa; Dr. Vaux, Brockville; Dr. McDonald, Hamilton.

A letter from the health officer of Wellesley, Ont., related the conviction of a farmer there for selling the hide of an animal afflicted with actinomycosis. Dr. Cassidy said watered milk was sold in this city every day.

A communication from E. B. Armstrong of Port Hope stated that the Grand Trunk Railway at that point stored ice from a pond which was impregnated with sewage. The ice is used in the drinking tanks on passenger trains. The attention of the railway has been called to it.

Attention was called to the practice of certain physicians of certifying that children who have been afflicted with contagious diseases are fit to re-attend school before a proper time has elapsed or the physician has satisfied himself, as he is required to do by section 94 of chapter 205, R.S.O., 1887, that the infection no longer exists in the house and clothing and other effects have been properly disinfected.

The report of the Committee on Epidemics was adopted. It reiterated former resolutions of the board and recommended the prosecution of the transportation of bodies which had died of diphtheria, anthrax, scarlet fever, measles or puerperal fever.

Complaints were read about a dam in South Bay which flooded the surrounding country and caused malaria. The matter was referred to the Committee on Epidemics to report to-day.

The session of the board will be resumed this morning at 10.

NOT FIT TO DRINK.

The Medical Health Officer Sounds the Alarm—Sewage-Impregnated Water.

MR. MAYOR,—I have been watching the city water for some time, making an analysis of it every now and then. During the last few days I find it is getting much worse. It is at present in that condition that it is imperatively necessary to warn the citizens against using it without first boiling and filtering. It is now very foul. The third-class water, Enclosed please find an analysis of water taken from my laboratory, Feb. 23, 1891. A. R. FITZ, Act. M.H.O.

	Parts per million.
Total solids darkened on ignition indicating organic matter	130.0000
Volatile matter	43.5000
Chlorine as chloride	trace
Free ammonia	.0930
Albumen	.1670
Nitrogen in nitrate and nitrites	.0263
Total oxygen in 15 min. at 140° Fah.	.2820
For organic matter—nitrogen in all nitrogen compounds	.1469

Microscope gives evidence of the presence of various substances of animal and vegetable life.

The California Storm.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Feb. 25.—The present storm has caused a great flood. All the bridges over the Santa Anna River have been swept away excepting the Santa Fe bridge on the Redland branch and the Southern Pacific bridge. The Santa Fe bridge is totally destroyed. The Santa Fe bridge and the railroad bridge on the road to Riverside are all gone. All the bridges over Little Creek are washed away. The storm appears to be over.

At least six persons have lost their lives in the floods. Many houses have been swept away and a number of families are missing.

An Advance Shipment of New Spring Hats Just Opened at Dineen's.

Imported English felt Derbys of the latest styles, gentlemen's high silk hats, boys' Derbys and knockabouts, Scotch caps for school wear, etc. Those requiring a really fashionable hat for early spring should see this fresh importation. Many of the styles are made exclusively for us by the best English makers and should be seen by those in want of a stylish hat. Dineen's store is on the corner of King and Yonge-streets.

Had His Coffin Measurement.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—James Owens, a traveling salesman, 60 years old, was found dead in his room in the Coleman House today, and his death was supposed to have been caused by apoplexy. Two days ago he showed to the hotel clerks a card on which was written his name and address and his measurement for a coffin. Owens lived in Milwaukee.

Don't cough. Use Hallamore's Expectorant. 246

Mr. J. A. Lawrie, the favorably known caterer, late of Headquarters, has now reopened at "The Shades," 99 King-street west, a comfortable and well-equipped dining hall, where he will be pleased to see his old customers and insures them a really first-class Bill of Fare at reasonable rates. Breakfast 7.30 till 11 a.m., lunch from 11.30 till 3 p.m., supper from 5.30 till 11 p.m. Don't forget to call on the old reliable Gus. 246

Burglars Foiled.

HENSALL, Feb. 25.—Burglars effected an entrance in McArthur & Co.'s private bank last night, endeavoring to drill the combination of the vault, but apparently the drill was broken before the drilling was completed. They then resorted to the smashing of the hinges and combination of the vault, but were unsuccessful in opening the same, although severely damaging the vault.

Catarrh—Hay Fever—Catarrhal Deafness

A New Home Treatment has been discovered whereby the worst cases are permanently cured by a few simple applications made fortnightly by the patient at home. Send stamp for circular. A. H. Dixon & Son, 345 West King-street, Toronto.

Died on a Theatre Stage.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 25.—James Hatch was found dead on the stage of the Academy of Music this morning, having fallen from the flies some time during the night.

Young men of Toronto who wish to see the N. P. sustained and are willing to give W. F. Maclean a lift in East York ought to call at his headquarters in the Yonge-street Arcade and assist. There is work for all to do.

A Train Robber Gets 99 Years.

TEXARKANA, Ark., Feb. 25.—Ninety-nine years in the penitentiary was the sentence on Saturday night imposed upon John A. William, leader in the notorious Cotton Belt train robbery at Spur Switch in June last.

OVER 100 REBELS EXECUTED

AND THEIR WIVES AND CHILDREN PUT TO DEATH.

The British Forces Capture the Stockades of a Burmese Chieftain—Burning and Looting His Palace—Many of the Defenders Killed—The Imperial Parliament Appoint a Labor Commission.

MARSEILLES, Feb. 25.—The captain of a steamship which has arrived here from Madagascar reports that as a result of a revolt upon the part of the natives, the Governor of Nossi-Be, an island and French colony off the northwest coast of Madagascar, has caused the execution of over a hundred rebels and killed their wives and children.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.—The British forces under Major Smythe have captured the stockades of the Tsawbwa of Wuntho in Upper Burmah, killing 27 of the defenders. The Tsawbwa palace was set on fire, looted and finally destroyed. The British loss was 13 killed or wounded. The Tsawbwa escaped.

An English Baronet's Opinion.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Sir G. S. Baden-Powell (Conservative), member of Parliament for Kirkdale, Liverpool, who recently made an extensive tour of Canada, in a letter to The Times says he has perfect confidence in the loyalty of both parties in Canada. The Canadians, he says, are fully alive to the value of independence and will soon dispose of the few annexationists who are to be found in their country. The probable outcome of the present agitation will be a system of modified reciprocity between the United States and Canada. Canada, he says, would not consent to lose her foreign markets.

Mrs. O'Shea's Legacy.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The will of Mrs. Wood, aunt of Mrs. O'Shea, bequeathed to Mrs. O'Shea a large fortune, of which the divorces expected to obtain possession, but frequent public allusions to Mr. Parnell's probable interest in the fortune have induced her brothers to bring an action to have her declared invalid on the ground that undue influence was used and that the deceased was incapable of making a will. The suit, which is brought in the names of Charles and Sir Evelyn Wood, is being tried before Justice Jeune.

Military Outrage in Nuremburg.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—Great excitement prevails in Nuremburg, Germany, over a military outrage. A sergeant of the German army named Brunfeldt compelled a private soldier, whom he accused of neglecting to keep himself clean, to stand in a semi-nude condition under a pump. The man was not robust health, and the exposure to the chilly torrent of water caused his death almost immediately. The people who witnessed the outrage loudly denounced it, and a riot at one time appeared imminent. The affair is being investigated by Brunfeldt's superiors.

Attributed to American Experts.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Some of the £1200 in Bank of England notes stolen by sneak thieves on the 16th instant from a bank messenger in the office of the National Provincial Bank, this city, have been traced to Queenstown, from which fact it is inferred that the two men who accomplished the job have sailed for America. The police believed at the time of the theft that the criminals were American experts.

The New Remedy.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—Prof. Liebrich's new method of treating tuberculosis was described by him before the Berlin Medical Society to-day. The substance used is cantharidate of potash, which is administered in solution of systematic injections under the skin. Chemical experiments made by Drs. Fraenkel and Hermann seem to prove that the substance is remedial in tuberculosis and other diseases.

Why Favor the Wesleyans?

LONDON, Feb. 25.—A bill has been introduced in parliament to enable ministers of the Wesleyan Methodist Society to celebrate marriage on the same terms as the ministers of the established churches, that is without the presence of a registrar or his representative. Some surprise is expressed that the bill does not propose to extend the privilege to all the non-conformist clergy.

Admiral Hornby Fatally Injured.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—First Admiral Sir Geoffrey Thomas Phipps Hornby, K.C.B., was thrown from his trap to-day at Havant, near Portsmouth, and sustained concussion of the brain. He has been insensible since the accident and doubts are entertained of his recovery. He is 66 years of age.

The New McCarthyite Paper.

DUBLIN, Feb. 25.—Preparations have been completed for publishing in Dublin a daily paper devoted to the interests of the McCarthy faction. The paper will be entitled The National Press. The first number will be issued March 7. The McCarthyites then begin a vigorous campaign in Ireland March 8.

House of Commons.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—In the House of Commons Hon. William Henry Smith announced the appointment of a commission on labor disputes, including the question of hours.

Foreign Notes.

Large numbers of dervishes are pushing forward from Kassala to assist Osman Digna.

Prier, Wooten & Co., timber merchants, London, have failed. Liabilities $250,000.

The heirs of Meissonier have decided to sell the contents of the great painter's studio at auction.

Successful experiments with the new goat's milk cure for tuberculosis have been made by Prof. Pieq at Cannes.

Mr. Parnell, because the McCarthyites are sending a subscription deputation to the United States to collect funds, will send one too.

A banker in the Place Boisbleu, Paris, has absconded. The police found his safe empty. His losses amounts to 600,000 francs.

The League of Patriots in Paris has violently denounced the visit of Empress Frederick of Germany to the Palace of Versailles.

A debtor summons to recover the sum of £1700, the amount of costs awarded against William O'Brien in his suit against Lord Salisbury for libel, has been issued.

Two clergymen, while sleighing at Temsvar, in Austria, Monday, were attacked and devoured by wolves. Two night watchmen of that city were also devoured by wolves.

M. De Freycinet is privately