

To-Day's Messages.

9.00 A. M.

SUPREME WAR COUNCIL.

LONDON, Jan. 9. The Associated Governments have decided to establish a Supreme War Council, consisting of two representatives each of France, Italy, the United States and Great Britain, according to an official announcement to-night, to deal with the questions of Food Finance and Shipping resources, with relation to revictualling and supplying liberated and enemy territory, and co-ordinate such supplies with supplies for Allied and neutral countries. At the request of the War Cabinet, the Earl of Reading and Sir John Beale will, for the time being, represent Great Britain. They will start for Paris immediately. Herbert C. Hoover and Norman Davis will represent the United States. Etienne Clemente, French Minister of Commerce, and M. Vilgrain represent France.

REPATRIATION FIGURES.

LONDON, Jan. 9. (Via Reuters' Ottawa Agency.)—The only theatres, apart from Russia, where active operations are still going on are the Caucasus and Transcaucasia. The British have now occupied the three bridgeheads across the Rhine. As regards the repatriation of prisoners figures to January 6, there were 6,900 officers, 134,000 men and 4,500 civilians.

ACUTE FOOD SHORTAGE.

LONDON, Jan. 9. (Via Reuters' Ottawa Agency.)—The situation in the Balkans continues to be difficult, owing to the shortage of food. Supplies have already been sent under armed guard to Vienna.

FEAR GERMAN AGGRESSION.

LONDON, Jan. 9. (Via Reuters' Ottawa Agency.)—Regarding the situation in Russia, it is again authoritatively emphasized from the view point of the General Staff, that the present position is the outcome of measures designed solely with a view to the ending of the war with Germany, and ensuring complete immunity from German military aggression in the future.

THE MENACE OF BOLSHIEVISM.

LONDON, Jan. 9. (Via Reuters' Ottawa Agency.)—Mr. Scavini, former British Minister, who has just arrived in London from Russia, interviewed by Reuters' correspondent, said that the situation in Russia was hopeless. So long as the Allies took no steps to end Bolshievism, which was a real international danger, and growing strongly every day, for the Bolshievists were marvellous propagandists, and were working in all countries with the object of causing a world revolution. He was sure the Bolshievists would win in Germany, unless the Allies took immediate steps to stop them, by supplying the Germans with more food and sending a sufficient force to expel the Bolshievists from Petrograd and Moscow. Such a force need not be big, because the whole population was opposed to Bolshievism. As soon as the Bolshievists were expelled from Petrograd and Moscow, the whole movement would collapse. He was sure an arrangement could be made with Finland to send volunteers for this purpose. The great danger was, if Liebknecht won in Germany, then Germany would join Russia, and Europe would be without peace for a long time. That was why it was important to finish with Bolshievism immediately.

COMPLETE ANNOUNCEMENT SHORTLY.

PARIS, Jan. 9. Announcement of the French delegation to the Peace Conference in addition to bringing a distinguished array of French statesmen into the arena of the Peace congress, has begun to give definiteness to the delegation of the great powers of which the American delegation has been by itself up to the present time. It is expected that the British Italian and Japanese delegations now will be announced officially. The leading figures, like Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino for Italy, and Viscount Chinda and Ambassador Matsui for Japan, already are known although not officially appointed, but the resignation of a full list will bring into being the real directing force of the Congress comprising five great powers of the world, each of which will be represented by five of its foremost statesmen. It will be this Supreme Council of the great powers which will guide and shape the deliberations and results of the entire congress and while all the other powers will later have a full hearing, and a voice it will be the great powers which will initiate and direct the general conduct of affairs.

FEW CHANGES IN NEW CABINET.

LONDON, Jan. 9. Premier Lloyd George is expected to announce his reconstructed Ministry to-morrow. It is understood

there will be few changes in the personnel, but a re-distribution of the offices. The Premier will follow precedent by taking the post of First Lord of the Treasury, and Bonar Law will be Minister without portfolio, and thus will be free in his duties as Government leader in the House of Commons. Winston Spencer Churchill will become Secretary of War. It is understood that Walter Hume Long will go to the Admiralty, and Edward Shortt, now Chief Secretary for Ireland, will become Home Secretary.

DIVISION OF GERMAN TONNAGE.

LONDON, Jan. 9. The United States, Great Britain and Italy have agreed upon a plan for taking over German passenger tonnage. The plan will be laid before the German and Allied Armistice Commissions next Monday. France is not included in the plan, as she got the bulk of the Austrian passenger tonnage, and is willing that the other three bid for the German ships. Representatives of the three Governments will submit their plans to the Commission at Spa.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S SHARE.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9. Canadian coins to the value of \$3,170,221, were issued by the Ottawa branch of the Royal Mint during the year just closed. Coins to the value of \$245,000 for Newfoundland, comprising 620,000 silver pieces were also issued during the year. 4,435,300 shilling blanks were produced and shipped to the Royal Mint at London.

IRELAND'S NEW CONSTITUTION.

LONDON, Jan. 9. The first publication of what purports to be a Sinn Fein constitution for Ireland, was made to-day by the Globe. This has a particular interest, in view of the Sinn Fein proposal to hold an Irish Congress in the near future. The preamble of the constitution runs as follows: "Whereas the people of Ireland never have relinquished their claim to separate nationhood, and whereas the Provisional Government of the Irish Republic at Easter 1916, in the name of the Irish people, and continuing the fight made by previous generations, reasserted the inalienable right of the Irish nation to sovereignty and independence, and reaffirmed the determination of the Irish people to achieve it, and whereas the proclamation of an Irish Republic at Easter 1916, and the supreme courage and the glorious sacrifices of the men who gave their lives to maintain it have united the people of Ireland under the flag of the Irish Republic, we, the delegates representative of the Irish people in Congress are enabled to declare the following to be the constitution of the Sinn Fein." The article then sets forth the Sinn Fein aims at securing international recognition of Ireland, as an independent republic, and having achieved that status, that the Irish people by a referendum may freely choose their own form of Government. It says the Sinn Fein organization shall, in the name of the sovereign Irish people, deny the right, and oppose the will of the British Parliament and the British Crown, or any foreign government, to legislate for Ireland. It also says that the organization will make use of any and every means available to render impossible the power of England to hold Ireland in subjection by military force or otherwise.

MASSACRE OF CIVILIANS.

WARSAW, Jan. 9. Vilna has fallen into the hands of the Bolsheviki armies, several thousand strong, which drove out the Polish militia. A massacre of civilians began at once.

THE STRIKE DANGER.

NEW YORK, N.Y., Jan. 9. Unless railroads can bring into New York by round about routes, the hunger point may be reached within 48 hours, and the lives of thousands be imperilled, as a result of the marine workers strike, which tied up virtually all traffic in the harbor today, according to a statement to-night from the office of A. H. Smith, a regional railroad director. At the end of the first day of the marine workers strike, which virtually halted traffic in New York harbor, the New York Boat Owners Association announced to-night that the men had signed an agreement for the appointment of a conciliation board, to arbitrate all differences. This announcement brought prompt denial from the strike committee, which termed it "An owners welfare proposition."

TROOPS AND RIOTERS FOUGHT.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 9. It is reported that there were 150 casualties here this afternoon, as a result of a clash between troops and strikers, at the Vasena Street Works. The troops opened fire on the strikers, who responded with rifles. The Government has stationed soldiers and artillery in the vicinity of the steel works, and troops from various sections of the Republic, including Rosario, are being rushed here.

NOON.

STEAMER TOTAL LOSS.

LONDON, Jan. 9. The British steamer Merida, which

was reported stranded at Letouquet, on the French coast, Dec. 30, has parted amiships and will be a total loss, according to advices received here to-day. The Merida, a vessel of 3,655 tons register, left Baltimore on Dec. 6 and arrived at Havre Dec. 24. She was on a return voyage to the United States when she met with the accident.

LUNATIC "NOT GUILTY."

PORT ARTHUR, Ont., Jan. 9. Romeo Fe, who killed Carlo Kasari, at Ignace by hitting him with an axe, was found not guilty of murder, because of insanity, at the Assizes here to-day.

OBJECTS TO FRENCH PROTECTORATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9. Miran Sevasly, of Boston, Chairman of the Armenian National Council, of America, to-day, called upon Asst. Secretary of State Phillips, to protest in behalf of the Armenian people, against the carrying out of the terms of a declaration by Foreign Minister Pichon, in the French Chamber of Deputies, that France would maintain a protectorate over portions of Asia Minor, formerly under the Ottoman Empire. Mr. Sevasly said the claim of the French Government to the right of a protectorate over Armenia, was based on a secret treaty, between Russia and France, negotiated after the outbreak of the war, and that the Armenians hold that no secret treaty would be binding in view of President Wilson's declaration against such. He also said the Armenian people are guaranteed their political integrity by the treaties of Paris and Berlin, and that no secret treaty could abrogate the signatures to them of the responsibility of seeing that the provisions of previous treaties were carried out.

FIGHTING CONTINUES.

BERLIN, Jan. 9. Heavy fighting continued throughout last night at various points in Berlin. The civil warfare already is estimated to have cost twenty times as many lives, as were sacrificed in the overthrow of the Hohenzollern dynasty sixty days ago. The correspondent is informed that the Government troops have been repulsed in every attempt they made to recapture public buildings from the Spartacists. The opposition forces hold the Reichstag building, the approaches to the Brandenburg Gates and the Silesian railway station. Premier Ebert has issued a manifesto to the "Workers Bourgeoisie and Soldiers" denouncing the Spartacists as being responsible for many persons being killed and wounded.

PROCEEDINGS ADVISED.

LONDON, Jan. 10. Proceedings against the former German Emperor are advised in a special report by a sub-committee of the Commission charged with inquiring into violations of the laws of war, appointed two months ago. The parent body has done a great deal of work through its sub-committees, each of which was assigned some particular phase of violation charged against enemy countries. Plans for a tribunal, which will try cases in which violations of the laws of war are alleged, have already been submitted. One of the most difficult phases of the work has been the inquiry into ill-treatment of prisoners, their employment behind the firing lines, illegal methods of warfare, misuse of the Red Cross flag, bombardments of hospitals and the execution of Miss Edith Cavell and Capt. Fryatt. The sub-committee having this work in charge has already examined about one hundred thousand cases of ill-treatment of prisoners, and has about 150,000 more to investigate. This sub-committee has already submitted an interim report on the employment of prisoners behind the firing lines, and in German mines and quarries.

Supreme Court.

January 9. Julian Chaisson pleaded guilty to the charge of bigamy, and was sentenced to one year's imprisonment with hard labor. William Snow was arraigned on the charge of manslaughter, and pleaded not guilty. On motion of Howley, K.C., for the Crown, the hearing was set for Feb. 20th, before a special jury. Accused was allowed bail in the amount of \$20,000, himself furnishing bonds in \$10,000 and Messrs. George Snow and W. H. Rennie in \$5,000 each. W. H. Trask also appeared on a charge of manslaughter, and pleaded not guilty. On motion the trial was set for February 17th, before a special jury. Bail was granted in \$20,000, defendant furnishing \$10,000 and Messrs. Edgar-Templeman and E. J. Horwood, \$5,000 each.

January 10. John Badcock and Frank H. Steer. On motion of Mr. Hunt, for plaintiff, and by consent of Mr. McNelly, for defendant, the hearing is set for Saturday, Feb. 8. Bell Island Transportation Co. vs. Michael E. Martin. On motion of Mr. Foote, for plaintiff, and by consent of Howley, K.C., for defendant, the hearing is set for Tuesday, Jan. 21.

Had Interview.

We understand that a deputation of the Great War Veterans' Association waited on the Minister of Militia yesterday afternoon to the \$35.00 clothing allowance which was not given to soldiers discharged previous to Nov. 28th, 1918. The outcome of that interview we are not privileged to say, but the result will be made known at the next meeting of the Association.

Fishery Over.

A message received by the Minister of Marine & Fisheries from Pilley's Island, states that the total catch for the fall of 1918, of Scotch pack herring for Green Bay, is thirty thousand barrels and further adds that five thousand barrels are still at Pilley's Island awaiting shipment.

Light Needed.

The residents of Waterford Bridge Road, extending from the Cross Roads in a few hundred yards, are complaining that no light has been installed there yet. The Council has already promised to put one there, as it is very dark at this section, a darkness greatly intensified because of the lighted portion further east.

Reids' Boats.

Arrive to have left Placentia for West yesterday. Clyde arrived at Port Union at 10.30 a.m. yesterday. Dundee left Moreton's Hr. at 4.10 p.m. yesterday. Ehle at Humbermouth. Glencoe not reported, on account of wire trouble. Home at Lewisporte. Kyle not reported, on account of wire trouble. Meigle arrived at St. John's last night. Sagona at Orange Hr. yesterday. Petrel at Port Union. Fogota left Belleoram at 4.50 p.m. yesterday, going to Port aux Basques.

Personal Mention.

Sergt. Fitzgerald, Ferryland, who was in town with a prisoner returned yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kenny leave for Boston and New York by Sunday's express. Miss Lillian G. Burton, telegraph operator, and Miss Laura J. Burton, of Glovertown, arrived in the city by last night's express on a brief visit.

Must Remain at Home.

President Wilson is fortunate compared with the French President in being allowed to bring his wife to Europe with him. A French President who took his wife out of the country would find himself in serious trouble. She receives foreign Royalties when they visit Paris, but her realm is strictly limited to that city. If the French President goes anywhere on an official visit his wife may not accompany him; nor may she return visits paid by Royalty to Paris. She does not even accompany him on his State functions at home.

The Mystic Number 11.

The coincidence of the 11th hour of the 11th day of the 11th month, the hour at which the world war ended in 1918 has brought many exclamations. But here is another 11th affair, sent by a diligent Bible reader. In the First Book of Kings in the Old Testament: 11th verse of the 11th chapter of the 11th Book of the Old Testament: Wherefore the Lord said unto Solomon, forasmuch as this is done of thee, and thou hast not kept my covenant and my statutes, which I have commanded thee I will surely rend the kingdom from thee and will give it to thy servant—Montreal Daily Star.

THE FLOWER OF HER SET.

Mrs. Howley: Is Mrs. Powell observing wheatless days? Mrs. Cowell: Yes! She hasn't even a grain of sense!—Cartoons Magazine.

WEATHER ACROSS COUNTRY.

Calm and dull, raining in places.

NOTICE—The Children's Red Cross Classes will re-open on Saturday morning—Jan 10, 11

DIED.

Yesterday at 5.30 p.m. of pneumonia, Myra Louise, aged 14 years, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Parsons, of 54 Freshwater Road. Funeral this afternoon at 3.45 o'clock. Passed peacefully away on January 9th, at 11.30 a.m., William H. Grant leaving to mourn a widow, one child father three sisters two brothers and a large circle of friends. Funeral on Saturday at 2.30 p.m. from his late residence 33 Gilbert Street.

MINARD'S LINDENT CURES GAR-GET IN COWS.

Train Movements.

Wednesday's west bound express left Spruce Brook at 10.50 p.m. yesterday. Yesterday's west bound express left Glenwood at 6.45 a.m. Yesterday's east bound express left Glenwood at 8.50 a.m. To-day's east bound express is leaving Port aux Basques after arrival of Kyle.

Here and There.

When you want Steaks, Chops, Cutlets and Collops, try ELLIS' PERSONAL.—Rev. Canon Smart of Heart's Content is in town on a brief visit.

Come in and have a cup at the Victory Dance, Jan. 15th, 1919, C. C. C. Hall. Music by C.C.C. Band.—Jan 10, 51

NO PASSENGER REPORT.—On account of wire trouble no passenger list was received by the Reid Co. to-day.

'DINNA FORGET' the Victory Dance, Jan. 15th, 1919, C. C. C. Hall. Music by C. C. C. Band.—Jan 10, 51

AT THE CROSBIE.—P. A. Bell, R. A. Hillalp, A. J. Edelson, Wm. Bennie, W. E. Mullaly, A. E. Jamieson, J. D. Henry.

DR. H. A. SMITH, Specialist eye, ear, nose and throat, resumes practice, Jan. 10, 1919, Jan 10, 11

S.S. MEIGLE.—The S.S. Meigle arrived in port this morning with a general cargo, consigned to Reid Mfd. Co. after 36 hours run from Sydney.

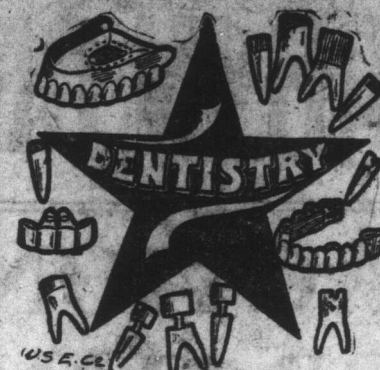
Essence of Ginger Wine can be obtained at Stafford's Drug Stores for 20c. bottle. Postage 5c. extra.—Nov 25, 11

POLICE COURT.—Several witnesses were examined in connection with a case of desertion. The defence began at three o'clock this afternoon. A couple of civil cases were also heard.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on the box. 30c.

BALKY HORSE.—Much consternation to the driver and more amusement to the bystanders was caused by a horse near the General Post Office this morning. The animal, which was attached to a long cart, became balky, and for a time would not move ahead, keeping circling around in the open space usually occupied by the mail horses.

Quinine That Does Not Affect Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets) can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on the box. 30c.



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By our system of dentistry, the artificial cannot be detected from the original teeth. High grade guaranteed dental work at reasonable prices. Special attention given to patients living out of town. Teeth extracted painlessly by our own exclusive methods. Crown and Bridge work. Gold Inlays, Porcelain Gold and Silver fillings, and Plate Repairing, all expertly executed at moderate prices. Extractions of teeth free when plates are ordered. Painless Extractions 50c. Full Upper or Lower Sets . . . \$12.00 PHONE 62.

M. S. POWER, D. D.S., (Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College, Garretson Hospital of Oral Surgery, and Philadelphia General Hospital.)

112 WATER STREET. (op. M. Chaplin's.)



Tired Eyes

Sensations exist for our guidance. They are Nature's warnings. Over-worked eyes demand rest. Eyes that tire easily call for help. Properly adjusted glasses afford the only assistance possible.

We make a specialty of relieving tired eyes and guarantee satisfaction.

R. H. Trapnell, Ltd. ST. JOHN'S, N.F.

DIPHTHERIA CASES.—Two cases of diphtheria were reported this morning, and the patients, a woman of Scott Street, and a 13-year-old lad of LeMarchant Road, were removed to hospital.

A New Disease.

From the Westminster Gazette. Members of Army Medical Corps have some curious experiences gathered in the course of their work, but it might be supposed that they would have fewer opportunities of making discoveries than have their colleagues behind the fighting line and in the base hospitals. But evidently there are exceptions. A man presented himself for examination the other day, one of whose friends tells me, "and I put the question: 'Well, what's the matter with you?' 'Timorbilli.'" "What?" He repeated it. "I don't know what that is," I said. So he produced a paper from his own doctor, and it was written, "This man is suffering from Timor Belli." It sounds rather certainly than "cold feet" is quite as full of meaning!

"Seasonable Weather."

Snow and ice are welcome Christmas, but one can have much of them at times. The Christmas of 1860 is believed to be the coldest ever recorded for Great Britain. The temperature remained at 17 degrees below freezing-point for three days. Someone who kept a Christmas diary speaks of having seen a horse pass with icicles at nose six inches long, and as thick as three fingers." Terribly cold spells have been experienced at Yuletide abroad. During the year 401 the Black Sea was entirely frozen over; in 452 the Danube was blocked, and an army perished across it; while the Dardanelles was completely ice-bound during Christmas of 642. The snow heaped in drifts of nearly hundred feet height.

The Adriatic Sea suffered two centuries later, and remained frozen some considerable time; in 1229 the river courses were blocked with ice, and during the same period the Rhine could not be navigated. Severe winters were the lot of those living in England, during the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries the Thames having been ice-bound more than one occasion. As the world grows older, summer and winter become less apparent. Our present winter certainly bears out the fact.

VACCINATION.

After church parade the pastor said:—"I wish to speak to those of you who have not been confirmed. Will the men divide themselves into two parties, please? Those who have, fall out on the right, and those who have not on the left. Most fell out on the right. In the shuffle this remark was heard:—"You been confirmed, B?" "Bet your life. Got the marks on me arm yet."—Tit-Bits.

OH, THAT'S DIFFERENT.

Excited Listener: And so you come down out of control? Aviator: No, out of petrol! —Cartoons Magazine

RAINBOW FLOUR

\$15.25 per barrel

And Well Worth the Money.

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Because
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Just See How White it is.

Do you know that Quality Outflour
In 49 Pound Bags
Is the Most Satisfactory Substitute.

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Selling
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every

Speak



RUTH CAMERON

person—he never spoke. This tale has its point here of most of an excellent reason I would like to know. Did the monk like people spoke evil of? They Enjoy Hearing. I don't suppose he would not have been placed by the powers of heart of man as well as I have known people careful not to speak whom I could have greater joy from their hearing other people. I am thinking especially of a man who is of this type. She Draws P.

She is always pointing virtues, and she takes the fact. I know, for I know when people carry favor with her presence. And yet she seems to me to have talent for drawing people to repeat each other and ridicule in general, indulge in it so is so careful to be from. The very emphasis of people's virtues seems to be the devil in us with our own self re out a fault in the balance a virtue. Of may be entirely unimportant, and yet something as if it were (sublimely) deliberate. Her little air of unbel credulity certainly

HIGHLY SIZED TA

New Pack QU
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FRESH EGGS
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