

Hon Colonial Secretary

# THE CARBONEAR HERALD,

## AND OUTPORT TELEPHONE.

Vol. 1.

CARBONEAR, NEWFOUNDLAND, JULY 3, 1879.

No 7.

**THE CARBONEAR HERALD**  
AND  
**OUTPORT TELEPHONE,**  
Is Printed and Published from the  
Office, west of the Post and Telegraph  
Offices, Water Street, Carbonear, every  
THURSDAY MORNING.  
**Terms - - - \$3.00 Per Annum**  
(Payable half-yearly in advance.)

**Advertising Rates.**  
Fifty cents per inch for first inser-  
tion, one-third of the above for each  
continuation. Standing Advertisements  
inserted monthly, quarterly,  
half-yearly or yearly on the most  
reasonable terms.

All communications to be addressed  
to the Editor, Proprietor and Pub-  
lisher.

**J. A. ROCHFORD,**  
Herald Office, Water St.,  
Carbonear, Nfld

**JUST RECEIVED,**  
Per Cortes, from New York,  
100 Barrels Beckstein's T. M.

**PORK,**  
50 ditto LOINS, 50 ditto JOLLS,  
50 ditto BEEF CUTTINGS.  
May 22. J. & T. HEARN.

**AGENCY CARD.**

The undersigned thankful for past  
favours informs his friends and the  
trade, that he continues to manage the  
Collection of Debts due by persons resid-  
ing in Conception Bay District, New  
foundland. Security for future pay-  
ment taken by mortgage on property or  
otherwise. Holding commissions as  
Notary Public, Commissioner Supreme  
Court, and Land Surveyor, business  
under these heads carefully attended to.  
Plans of Land taken.

Inquiries made—questions answered  
All business considered confidential. No  
greater publicity than necessary given  
to any matter.

The proprietor of any newspaper  
copying this card will have his news-  
paper bills collected as payment for  
yearly insertions in the paper and copy  
paper sent to my address.

**G. W. R. HIERLIHY,**  
Bay Roberts.

**FOR SALE.**

**A. Prince & Co., 5 Oct. Double  
CABINET ORGAN,**

6 stops, in handsome Walnut Case;  
cost \$150 will be sold for \$100; de-  
livered in St John's, if applied for  
immediately.

Apply to

**F. W. BOWDEN,**  
At Bowden's Sewing Machine Depot,  
St. John's, Nfld.

**ST. JOHN'S, No. 1,  
MARBLE WORKS**  
THEATRE HILL, ST. JOHN'S,

**ROBERT A. MACKIM,**  
MANUFACTURER OF

**Monuments, Tombs, Grave  
Stones, Tables, Mantel Pieces,  
Hall and Centre Tables, &c.**

He has on hand a large assortment of  
Italian and other Marble, and is now pre-  
pared to execute all orders in his line.

N. B.—The above articles will be sold  
at much lower prices than in any other  
part of the Provinces or the United States.  
WARRANTED TO GIVE GENERAL SATISFACTION.

**NOTICE.**

**AGROSS NEWFOUNDLAND  
WITH THE  
GOVERNOR;**

**A VISIT TO OUR MINING REGION;  
AND—THIS**

**Newfoundland of Ours,**  
Being a series on the natural resources  
and future prosperity of the colony, by  
the Rev. M. HARVEY.

For sale at the office of this paper price  
fifty cents.

**BLANK FORMS**  
neatly printed at the 'Herald' Office.

**ADVERTISEMENTS.**



**PROCLAMATION.**

By His Excellency Sir JOHN  
HAWLEY GLOVER Knight  
Grand Cross of the Most  
Distinguished Order of  
St. Michael & St. George,  
Governor & Commander  
in Chief in and over the  
Island of Newfoundland  
and its Dependencies.

**WHEREAS** by an Act passed by  
the Legislature of this Colony  
in the 41st year of the Reign of Her  
Majesty, entitled, "An Act respecting  
the fishery of Lobsters," it is enacted,  
that "The Governor in Council may,  
after such public enquiry and notice as  
shall be deemed expedient, from time to  
time, by order, restrict, or prohibit,  
either entirely or subject to any excep-  
tions and regulations, the fishing for and  
taking of Lobsters within any District  
or part of Districts in this Colony  
named in the Order, during such period  
either in every year or in such number  
of years as may be limited by the Order;  
and may by the Order provide for en-  
forcing the Order and any restriction,  
or regulation contained therein, by fine,  
not exceeding One Hundred Dollars; and  
that "All Orders made, and all altera-  
tions or revocations of Orders made  
under this Act, shall be published in  
the Royal Gazette and one other New-  
paper in the Colony, for the period of  
One Month before the same shall take  
effect;" and that all offences against  
this Act, or against any Order made in  
pursuance of this Act, may be prosecut-  
ed, and all fines under this Act or any  
such Order, may be recovered with cost  
of suit, on summary conviction before  
a Stipendiary Magistrate; and in de-  
fault of payment of any fine, the same  
may be recovered by distress and sale  
of the offenders Goods and Chattles; or  
in case of such default he may be com-  
mitted to prison for a period not ex-  
ceeding Three Months, or until pay-  
ment."

Now, therefore, I, the Governor, by  
and with the advice of my Council, do  
order that—1st. No person shall, with-  
in any District in the colony, between  
the 5th day of August and the 31st  
day of the same Month, inclusive, in  
any year, fish for, Catch, Kill, Buy, Sell  
or have in his possession, any Lobsters  
for the purpose of being Canned or Tin-  
ned, or put or preserved in Tins or  
Cans otherwise, for Exportation; and  
upon the Pen-on Fishing for, Catching,  
Killing, Buying, Selling or having in  
his possession any Lobsters within the  
said period, shall in all cases devolve  
the proof that such Lobsters are not for  
the purposes aforesaid.

2nd. Soft shelled and young Lob-  
sters, of less size than Nine Inches in  
length, measuring from Head to Tail,  
exclusive of Claws or Feelers, shall not  
be at any time Fished for, Caught,  
Killed, Bought, Sold or Possessed, but  
when caught by accident in Nets or  
other Fishing apparatus, lawfully used  
for other Fish, such Soft shelled and  
young Lobsters shall be forthwith liberat-  
ed alive, at the risk and cost of the  
Owner of, or Person working such Net  
or apparatus, or whom in every case  
shall devolve the proof of such actual  
liberation.

3rd. All Offenders against the pro-  
visions of these Orders shall be subject  
to a fine not exceeding One Hundred  
Dollars, or imprisonment for a period  
not exceeding Three Months for each  
Offence.

Given under my hand and Seal,  
at the Government House in  
St. John's, this Nineteenth  
day of May, A. D. 1879.

By His Excellency's Command,  
**E. D. SHEA,**  
Colonial Secretary.

**CARD.**

**JOHN A. ROCHFORD,**  
**NOTARY PUBLIC.**

"Herald" Building, Water St.,  
CARBONEAR, N.F.L.D.

Next Post & Telegraph Offices.

All business transacted with  
punctuality and satisfaction.

**NEWS PER MAIL.**

**European.**

**A Blasphemer Struck Dead.**

One of the most terrible instances  
of a scoffer struck down in the mo-  
ment of his blasphemy was revealed  
before Mr. Carter at Lambert, on  
Saturday, 24th ult. Deceased was  
an engineer, named Thomas Hudson,  
aged 97, who resided at 24 Saunders  
street, Lambert, and had been em-  
ployed at the firm of Messrs.  
Maudslay for five and twenty years.  
He returned home on the evening of  
the 22nd, and asked his daughter-in-  
law to get him an egg from the fowl-  
house. On proceeding into the yard  
he became excited, and, after using  
a frightful oath, he ran into the par-  
lor, vomited blood, and fell dead.  
Mrs. Fall stated that the deceased  
did not say "God strike me dead,"  
but he used words of a similar kind.  
The jury found a verdict of death  
from excitement, and the coroner's  
experience enabled him to narrate a  
parallel case. A number of persons  
had assembled in a tavern at Putney,  
when a man charged another with  
taking from him twopence. The  
other man after being accused, said,  
"May God strike me dead if I did  
it," and he immediately after dropped  
dead. On being picked up the miss-  
ing twopence was found firmly  
clutched in the deceased's right  
hand. We would strongly advise  
men against taking such wicked  
oaths.—"London Universe."

**Forlorn suicides.**

All Italy is killing itself for love.  
At Verona a forlorn maiden has just  
drowned herself. If she had waited  
a day longer she would have inher-  
ited \$40,000. Another Italian girl,  
unhappy in her love, swallows a  
strong dose of sulphuric acid. Then  
a man throws himself on a railroad  
line. The previous day he had writ-  
ten to his sweetheart that if she  
would not grant him an interview  
she would repent. She did not grant  
him the interview and now repents.  
Then a cab-driver falls in love with  
a woman who loves another man.  
Cabby could not extinguish the  
flames that were consuming him so  
he determined to kill himself. He  
swallowed sulphuric acid and endured  
two hours of agony. At Rome sui-  
cides are of almost daily occurrence.  
A lady, respectably dressed, went to  
the Pont Molle and threw herself into  
the Tiber. Another lady, young  
scarcely seventeen, was seen walking  
at 7. a. m. down the Via dell, Orso,  
in an excited state, and when she  
reached the balustrade beyond the  
Apollo Theatre she flung herself into  
the stream. She was of course  
drowned, for in these days the Tiber  
is swollen, and the current is like a  
mill race. The body of another  
young woman who was crossed in  
love and ended her "sea of troubles"  
by a jump into the Tiber, lay ex-  
posed for recognition. Her lover  
recognized the corpse, and his first  
impulse was to follow the example  
of his sweetheart, and spring into  
the river. He was with difficulty  
prevented from accomplishing his  
purpose.

The Earl of Westmeath died at his  
residence, Pallas, Galway, Ireland,  
on the 12th inst. He was the oldest  
son of William Thomas Nugent, of  
Pallas, commonly called Lord R. Ver-  
erston, as being heir-at-law to the  
barony of the same name created by  
James II., April 3, 1639, and subse-  
quently not recognized by William  
and Mary or by their successors of the  
Hanoverian dynasty. The late Earl  
was born at Pallas, October 31, 1805,  
and married in 1829 Anne Cullen-  
ine Daly, a niece of the Cardinal.  
He succeeded to the questionable  
title of Baron Riverston on the death  
of his father in 1861, and to the  
Earldom of Westmeath July 7, 1871,  
after having proved before the House  
of Lords his descent from the second  
Earl of that title, who died in 1864.  
Lord Westmeath was an excellent  
landlord and highly esteemed for  
his charity and his public spirit. He  
is succeeded by his eldest son, Wil-  
liam Nugent (Lord Delvin), born

about 1832, who was a captain in  
the Ninth regiment during the Crim-  
ean war, and has lately taken an ac-  
tive part in the local affairs of the  
county Galway.

A somewhat remarkable meeting  
lately took place at Lord Salisbury's  
reception. The Earl of Beaconsfield  
and Mr. Gladstone were both among  
the guests. They met in the recep-  
tion room, and had a few minutes'  
conversation. This is the first time  
for many years past that the  
chiefs of the two great political par-  
ties have met, and the incident  
created quite a sensation in the  
crowded "salons" of the Foreign  
Secretary.

In the final sitting of the Interna-  
tional Literary Congress on June 14,  
M. De Lesseps said that in order to  
prove the reality of the interest taken  
in the construction of the projected  
Panama ship canal, and to pre-  
vent undue advantage being taken  
by possible furnishers of capital, it  
had been considered desirable to call  
for a first subscription of 2,000,000f.  
in shares of 5,000f., and although  
the decision had only been taken  
three days ago, he had just received  
from his son in Paris the information  
that the whole sum had been sub-  
scribed, although not a single ad-  
vertisement had been published. It  
would now be possible for him, he  
said, to obtain a concession and be-  
gin the undertaking.

The Berlin "Provincial Corres-  
pondent" states that something  
more than six hundred pardons have  
already been granted by the Emperor  
in celebration of his golden wedding,  
principally to persons imprisoned for  
offences against himself. It is be-  
lieved that two hundred more will  
be granted almost immediately.

The Russian papers tell a singular  
story of filial devotion. A woman  
in Stavropol 50 years old, had reprim-  
anded her son, a full-grown man,  
and was excited to still greater anger  
against him by her daughter.  
At last she grew so infuriated that  
she raised her arm to strike her  
son; but he grasped his mother's arm  
and prevented the blow. For this  
action the old lady made complaint  
against him before a Judge, and he  
was ordered to appear in court.  
Waterupon, filled with remorse at  
having tried to avert the wrathful  
blow of his mother he seized an axe  
and chopped off his offending hand.

**American.**

**A Ball in the bowels of the  
Earth.**

A ball was last night given by  
Capt. Canavan, at the New York  
Mine, Gold Hill, of which mine he  
is superintendent. The ball took  
place at the station opened at the  
depth of 1,040 feet below the surface.  
This station is quite as large as an  
ordinary bedroom, well floored,  
walled in with substantial timbers,  
and has quite a lofty ceiling. The  
ladies were dressed in calico, and  
the gentlemen in correspondingly  
inexpensive raiment. The furniture  
was in keeping with the place, and  
while there was furnished every-  
thing necessary to comfort, nothing  
very extravagant was seen. Never  
before in the United States—if any-  
where in the world—has there been  
given a ball at the depth of nearly a  
quarter of a mile beneath the sur-  
face of the earth. There was no  
tomb about persons slipping into  
the ball-room without tickets. It was  
a queer way, too, of going to a ball  
—this stepping upon a cage instead  
of into a carriage, and being darted  
straight down towards the centre  
of the earth, instead of rolling off  
horizontally in the usual way.—  
"Virginia, New Enterprise."

Sir S. S. Tilley will leave Otta-  
wa, Ontario, for England on the  
21st inst., and Sir John MacDonald  
and Sir Charles Tupper on the 20th.  
It is stated that the object of their  
visit is to secure assistance from the  
Imperial government in construction  
the Canada Pacific Railway.

**A Wonderful Discovery.**

[From the Brisbane "Courier."]

(CONTINUED.)

At ten o'clock next morning, accord-  
ing to promise, Signor Rotura presented  
himself, and, laughing at Mr Grant's  
fears, requested a tub of warm water to  
be brought. He tasted this with the  
thermometer at 32 degrees Fahrenheit,  
and in this laid the dog's head under.  
To Mr. Grant's objections Signor  
Rotura assured him that, as animation  
must remain entirely suspended till the  
administration of the antidote, no water  
could be drawn into the lungs, and that  
the immersion of the body was simply  
to bring it again to a blood heat.  
After about ten minutes of this bath  
the body was taken out and another  
liquid injected in a puncture made in  
the neck. Mr. Grant tells me that the  
revival of Turk was the most start-  
ling he ever witnessed; and having since  
seen the experiment made upon a sheep  
I can fully confirm his statement. The  
dog first showed the return of life in  
the eye, and after five and a half min-  
utes he drew a long breath, and the  
rigidity left his limbs. In a few min-  
utes more he commenced gently wag-  
ging his tail, and then slowly got up,  
stretched himself, and trotted off as  
though nothing had happened. From  
that moment Mr. Grant became aware  
of the extraordinary issues opened by  
his visitor's discovery, and promised  
him all the assistance in his power.  
They next determined to try freezing  
the body, and the first two experiments  
were discouraging. A dog—not Turk,  
his master declining to experiment any  
further on his favourite—was put in  
the freezing chamber at Mr. Grant's  
works for four days, after being pre-  
viously "suspended" by Signor Rotura,  
and, although the animal revived so far  
as to draw a long breath, the vital  
energies appeared too exhausted for a  
complete rally, and the animal died.  
The two next animals, a dog and a cat,  
died in like manner. In the meantime  
Dr. Barker had been taken into their  
councils, and at his suggestion respiration  
was encouraged, as in the case of  
persons drowned, by artificial compres-  
sion and expansion of the lungs. Dr.  
Barker was of opinion that, as the  
heart in every case commenced to beat,  
it was a want of vital force to set the  
lungs in proper motion that caused  
death. The result showed his surmises  
to be entirely correct. A number of  
animals, whose lives have been sealed up  
in this artificial death, have been kept in  
the freezing-chamber from one to five  
weeks, and it is found that, though the  
shock to the system from this freezing is  
very great, it is not increased by dura-  
tion of time. Messrs. Grant and Ro-  
tura then determined upon the erection  
of the works just finished at Middle  
Harbour, an enterprising capitalist,  
Mr. Christopher Newton, Pitt-street,  
finding the necessary funds. Arrived  
at the works in Middle Harbour, I was  
taken into the building that contains  
Mr. Grant's apparatus for generating  
cold, which has already been, in Mr.  
Nicholle's time, too often and fully de-  
scribed to require any further notice  
from me. Attached to this is the freez-  
ing chamber, a small, dark room about  
8 feet by 10 feet. Here were fourteen  
sheep, four lambs, and their pigs, stack-  
ed on their sides in a heap "alive,"  
which Mr. Grant told me had been in  
their present position for nineteen days,  
and were to remain there for another  
three months. Selecting one of the  
lambs, Signor Rotura put it on his  
shoulder, and carried it outside into  
the other building, where a number of shall-  
ow cemented tanks were in the floor,  
having hot and cold water taps to each  
tank, with a thermometer hanging  
alongside. One of these tanks was  
quickly filled, and its temperature  
tested by the signor, I meantime ex-  
amining with the greatest curiosity and  
wonder the 19 days' "dead" lamb.  
The days of miracles truly seem to have  
come back to us, and many of those  
stories discarded as absurdities seem to  
me less improbable than this fact, wit-  
nessed by myself. There was the lamb,  
to all appearance dead, and as hard al-  
most as a stone, the only difference  
perceptible to me between his condition  
and actual death being the absence of  
dull glassness about the eye, which still  
retained its brilliant transparency.  
Indeed, this brilliancy of the eye, which  
is heightened by the enlargement of the