THE ACADIAN.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., MAR. 10, 1911.

Editorial Notes.

The supporters of the federal government who say that every defection in parliament—and there are dozens of them—'relieves the party of a heavy load' will perhaps find the entire burden gone after the next election.

....

If Laurier gets this reciprocity agreement through parliament without the mandate of the people of Canada, all Taft will apparently have to do when he gets ready for annexation will be to send to Ottawa for Fielding and Patterson, and the bargain will be made.

....

The Montreal Witness, a paper that has followed its party with a degree of fidelity that is touching, complains that some of its old friends are deserting it on the ground that they cannot stand for annexation. We believe the attachment of our people to the crown is secure.

....

When the C. P. R. takes over the D. A. R. on April 1st a new regime will begin. It is known that extensive improvements have been contemplated, and a wide open future seemed to be in store for the Annapolis Valley. The men who control the C.P.R., and who after April 1st will own and operate the D.A.R., say that the reciprocity pact entered into by the federal ministers spells ruin. They say that the magnificent work of a generation has been traded away by childish ide as. We presume, however, that the pro-reciprocity orators who held forth at Kentville on Tuesday will forward to the big railway a full report of their speeches. Had these orators had any sense, or even non-sense, they would have kept their speeches to themselves. It was a case of politics gone mad. Reciprocity couldn't possibly help Kings county a dollar's worth. Reciprocity will not come into operation, because the people won't have it. The C.P.R. and the other big railways have spent too many millions to provide transportation for our produce, to stand meekly by and see the country go to smash, and be gobbled up by exploitors from Uncle Sam's land. Those Board of Trade speeches should be sent to the proper officials for perusal.

....

Certainly those who aim to control the political destines of Kings county put a decidedly low estimate on the intelligence of the people whom they seek to rule over. We have had many striking illustrations of this fact and none more conspicuous than was apparent in the meeting held at Kentville on Tuesday of this week. This gathering was supposed to have been convened at the instance of the so-called 'Kings Co. Board of Trade,' an institution which was organized some years ago with good intent, but which of late has existed merely as a political organization. The meeting on Tuesday afternoon was packed with government heelers, even Mr. Wickwire feeling constrained to desert his legislative duties in order to be present and orate. During his absence from Halifax, however, the interests of the county were efficently looked after by Mr. Campbell, who holds his seat in the legislature as the representative of the county by virtue of the mandate of his constituents. The ostensible purpose of the Tuesday meeting was to pass a resolution favoring the reciprocity pact now before the federal government, and this, of course, the government's friends present succeeded in doing, although the arguments presented by most of the speakers certainly did not show that reciprocity would be in the interest of the county, while the welfare of the Dominion was apparently not taken into consideration at all. We cannot think that any intelligent citizen of the county will allow himself to be fooled by such silly tactics as are being employed in this matter. On the other hand we believe that the people of this county will take the first opportunity to show that they resent such an insult to their intelligence.

In the school exam. record published last week in THE ACADIAN the following errors appeared:—Angus Biderkin, arithmetic, 83, should be 95½, average 72; Harold Vaughn, algebra, 78½, should be 91, average 75. These errors were due to mistakes in the original sheets handed to the editor.

The adv. of Mr. A. M. Wheaton, who has begun a coal business in Wolfville, appears elsewhere in this paper. Watch his advs. from week to week.

BUY FOR CASH
at Cash Prices.

10 lbs. Gran. Sugar	$ .50
7 " Rolled Oats	25
Mooney's Cream Sodas, per lb.	09
Best quality Cheese, "	16

Other prices in proportion.

C. W. DAWSON

GERMAN.

Special private class just beginning a course in German, leading to the study of German Science Texts. Abreviated course; limited number admitted by immediate application.

MISS ROSAMOND ARCHIBALD,
Main St. B. A. (Smith.)

The Nova Scotia Temperance Alliance.

IMPRESSIONS RECEIVED FROM RECENT MEETINGS.

During the last few years a large number of philanthropic, patriotic, self-sacrificing men and women of Kings county have been enthusiastically engaged in the cause of temperance and other moral reform. No unbiased person could associate with them without catching more or less of an electric impulse to 'spend and be spent' for God and home and native land.' An even more intense similar consciousness was characteristic of the recent meetings of the Nova Scotia Temperance Alliance in Halifax Well did the Halifax Herald of last week say that 'every face on the floor had purpose written on it. It was a convention of men and women animated by conviction, and in whose lexicon there is no such word as fail. The atmosphere was electrical with determination and enthusiasm.'

The personnel of the opening service was decidedly interesting and inspiring, The president, Rev. G. A. Lawson, (now of Moncton, N. B.,) in retiring from the chair electrified us by his animating words and impressive personality, and by informing us that 'the lid is tightly down' on the saloon, and local prohibition working well in the now dry and prosperous town of Moncton. The physical make-up of the new president somewhat resembles that of the late Kings county Scott Act Inspector, Ira Cox, except that in build the present presiding officer of the N. S. T. A. is somewhat larger, and, if possible, more solid and stalwart. His name is A. J. McDonald, pastor of the first Presbyterian church of Truro, by nativity a Cape Breton boy. The Alliance and the cause of Moral Reform have in Rev. Mr. McDonald a prize.

The other officials are all good men and true, men to be depended on for faithful service. In short, the spacious hall in which the meeting was held on the 21st inst. presented a fine combination of grace and grit, brawn and brain. The delegation was large, extending from the Yukon to Cape Breton and Yarmouth. From the last mentioned extreme came the temperance veteran, William Burrill, whose presence and historic works were an animation and a benediction. He has also been a pocket-nerve supporter of the cause of temperance.

Indeed a large proportion of our organized men and women have not been slow to invest liberally and sacrificingly of money in said cause. Just now Cape Breton is the 'great fighting ground' for prohibition of the accursed liquor traffic, and in the delegation to recent meetings she made a fine showing of the highest order of stalwarts. Mention needs to be made only of such specimens as Rev. Dr. John Pringle (recently from Yukon) the young incumbent of the president's chair, A. J. McDonald; Rev. Norman McQueen, who, in his town of New Waterford in company with officials, made eleven raids on saloons and cleaned out the hitherto defiant liquor sellers. One of Mr. McQueen's remarks on Tuesday last was that the saloon keeper is not a courageous, but a cowardly man.

I may here add a remark of delegate Patten, of Cumberland county. On reporting for his county and saying that 'liquor is pretty well cornered in the county, except in Joggins and Amherst,' he closed with the sad statement that 'the worst obstacle is the awful stiffness of the churches and the temperance people.' If this indictment is true, a great waking up must occur ere 'the battle is fought and victory won.' Oh, Christian churches, awake, awake! Oh professedly, but unorganized temperance people, hasten to the rescue and then participate worthier in the final triumph.

One discordant note was heard in that memorable afternoon meeting. One layman from Dartmouth and two clergymen of the city of Halifax arose and championed a position most pleasing to the rum sellers and other anti-prohibitionists, namely, that 'Halifax is not ready for prohibition. Such a law could not be enforced. A previous campaign of temperance education is requisite.' Effective replies were of course made to the effect that such education has been going on for years past, and will go on in connection with agitation and appeal for the enactment of a provincial prohibitory law.

As might be supposed, the discussion was largely focused on the city of Halifax, as the head-centre of the famous traffic and the chief fountain or medium of supply for the entire province.

Nothing short of provincial prohibition will prove effective, nor is any thing short of it reasonable. Why, as Dr. John Pringle said, should a prohibition law be applied to Sydney and not to Halifax?

As to enforcement in large cities, doubtless it will be up against most demoniacal opposition, but pass the amendments proposed by our thoroughly posted and indefatigable field secretary, and enthusiastically ratified by the N. S. Alliance, and a stringent prohibition law can be everywhere enforced through any loyal and true government.

The mass meeting, under the auspices of the Alliance, on same evening, in the large and splendid hall of St. Paul's Episcopal church, was thoroughly packed with an audience apparently in full sympathy with the hour. One gentleman among many present from the city remarked on returning home 'That was the best temperance meeting I ever attended.' And the tribute was merited. The three first speakers were Revs. Principal Clarence MacKinnon, A. B. Cohoe, and Dr. John Pringle. They electrified the audience in twenty-minute speeches, and were followed by some eight seven minute speakers, all of whom spoke admirably and effectively. As usual in Temperance Alliance meetings, they were opened and closed by prayer and interspersed with appropriate music. 'Where is my wandering boy to-night?' was pathetically sung in the evening, together with such hymns as 'Rescue the perishing,' etc.

But the meeting on the next morning of delegates before the government was not favored with such clear sailing. It was soon apparent that some of the principal amendments passed the day previous enthusiastically, would meet with no favor from our present political administration. Some disillusionments, however, were thus afforded to even some members of the Alliance—one discovery being that Premier Murray, Attorney General, McLean and the present government have no adequate conception of the awful criminality, degredation and suffering of the business of the saloon, in city or country, and do not mean to grant provincial prohibition of the traffic. Well, the N. S. Alliance and the County Alliances are temporarily foiled, but not vanquished or disheartened. Notwithstanding the ridiculous and personally insistent attitude of Messrs. Murray and McLean against pledging candidates, the Alliances will continue pledging them, and will at no very distant day through such men, compel the legal enactment and enforcement, if not of prohibition, of the sale of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes.

A. CHIPMAN.

P. S. At the premier's banquet Mr. McLean characterized the Liberal Conservative party of Nova Scotia as 'sagamores,' that is to say, a secondary class of American Indian officials—a comparison indicating a not very elevated type of Attorney Generalship or manhood. And, as already reported in the press, during the meeting of the Alliance deputation before the government, the same statesman remarked that 'Scalawags are more apt to consent to pledges than are respectable men.' No wonder the Alliance delegation exclaimed, 'Oh no, oh no!' According to this opinion Prof. E. W. Sawyer, C. A. Campbell, E. A. O'Brien, Albert Pearson, W. L. Hall and Mr. McLean's opposing candidate in the Lunenburg election, Willis J. Margeson, Esq., are much more likely to be scalawags than honest respectable men. The latter young gentleman has the deserved reputation of being one of the ablest, cleanest and most promising men of Kings county.

As to the personnel of the Christian ministry in attendance at Alliance sessions, our Presbyterian brethren made indeed a fine showing. At least nine Baptist ministers were present, two of them from Yarmouth county, at least four from the city, and to a man these men were a determined unit in demanding the immediate enactment of a straight, strict provincial prohibitory law. Moral statwarts in other professions might be cited among the delegates.

A. C.

FREE ENTRANCE TO CANADA

Following is third of the series of articles on Reciprocity re-published from the Canadian Century Magazine of Montreal.

Corn and Tobacco.

From the Canadian Century.

It will be remembered that at one time quite an extensive area of Southwestern Ontario was devoted to growing corn. The duty on corn coming into Canada from the United States was removed and the Canadian market was immediately so flooded with importations of corn from the United States that corn growing had to be almost completely abandoned by the Canadian farmers. About the same time additional protection was given Canadian tobacco growers, and the result was that tobacco crops took the place of corn crops in that part of Ontario formerly most noted for corn.

What Is the Matter With Maine?

The farmers of the State of Maine have all the advantages that reciprocity could bring to the Maritime Provinces of Canada and none of the disadvantages. They have free access to the much-talked-of 'market of ninety millions,' and cannot be shut out of it suddenly by a vote of Congress, as Canadian farmers might be at any time under the Reciprocity Agreement. They are nearer to the markets of Boston and New York than any part of the Maritime Provinces, and yet the farmers of Maine are no more prosperous than those of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island. They have no dreams about the value of the 'market of ninety million people.' They know that the cost of railway haul shuts them off from most of the markets of the United States, although there is no tariff to keep them out. The percentage of increase in population is less than in the Maritime Provinces.

There are said to be many thousands of acres of abandoned farms in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont. Many of these farms were occupied for generations, but the young people moved to the cities or to the Western States and the old folks died.

The Price of Hogs.

Canadian farmers may as well make up their minds to give up the business of raising hogs if the Reciprocity agreement is adopted. The average price of hogs in Chicago and Montreal for the five years ending December 31, 1910, was as follows:

Year	Chicago	Montreal
1906	$6 20	$7 77
1907	6.10	7 43
1908	5 70	7 10
1909	7 35	8 64
1910	8 90	9 60

In October, 1907, live hogs sold in Chicago, as low as $3 80 per cwt., against $6.65 per cwt. at the same time in Montreal.

During the same period prices of hogs have averaged lower in Buffalo than in Toronto. Occasionlly the price goes higher in Buffalo, but commonly is lower.

The farmer of the Southwestern States has a longer season than the Canadian farmer. He not only has cheap corn, but he is able to grow several crops of alfalfa, and this enables him to produce hogs very cheaply.

The Canadian packing houses expect to be crowded out of business by the importations of hog products from the big Chicago packing houses, so that the Canadian hog raiser will have no home market.

There is no Winter There.

In the severe Canadian sense there is no winter in Australia, New Zealand and the Argentine Republic. Cattle can live outdoors throughout the year, so the farmers of those countries do not have the expense of winter shelter and winter feeding. They are consequently able to produce butter, cheese, eggs and meats much more cheaply than Canadian farmers can. No part of New Zealand is far from the ocean, and, while Australia has a vast interior, the farms of Australia are all near the sea coast, so that the railway haul to ocean ports is not great. In spite of the fact that they are very much farther from the British market than Canada is, immense quantities of food from those countries are sold in the United Kingdom. Now the Canadian market is to be freely opened to them as a result of the Reciprocity Compact, and we get nothing in return.

PURITY FLOUR

"More bread and better bread"

Makes just the kind of biscuits you like to make

41

Good Values in Reliable Alarm Clocks

Every home should be provided with an accurate, efficient and strong alarm clock. A good one will measure time for you by day and night and call you promptly and insistently at the minute you wish to arise. We have some excellent samples of the best made—accurate "sleep meters" that look better, work better and are better in every way than the common kind.

Our Prices are:—

For the old style, nickel case, bell on top	$1.00
Nickel Case (shown above) bell on back, rotary hammer alarm	$1.50
Oxidised iron case, bell on back, shut off attachment with automatic release, no legs or projections of any kind, a very satisfactory clock	$2.00

J. W. WILLIAMS

SUCCESSOR TO J. R. WEBSTER & CO.

You Say You Can't But You Can.

I know Cod Liver Oil is the thing I need, but
I can't take it on account of its horrible taste

Ever say that?
If you did, you had in mind the old blue bottle of cod liver oil and its taste and smell really were something to be dreaded.

Nyal's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is a modern Scientific Remedy Palatable and Pleasant.

You can take Nyal's Emulsion Anybody can And everybody should who feels the need of a body-builder and strength-giver, particularly those who have lung trouble or are in a run-down and weak condition.

Nyal's Emulsion contains pure Cod Liver Oil combined with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda to strengthen the Nervous System.

If you want to nourish the body and fortify the nervous system, take Nyal's Emulsion. Large bottle $1.00.

A. V. RAND, Phm. B.,

EVANGELINE RINK

Fairbanks-Morse Engines

May be a Little Higher in Price, but are Equally High in Quality.

That's What You Want.

PLAYER PIANOS.

We have in stock two self playing Pianos of standard make that we offer at greatly reduced prices.

On account of the special value that there is in these Pianos for immediate purchasers we feel sure that our proposition will be of particular interest to anyone who anticipates purchasing a player Piano at any time.

Your Piano can be exchanged and easy terms arranged.

Write quickly for particulars.

N. H. PHINNEY & CO.
LAWRENCETOWN.

Stores at Lawrencetown, Bridgewater, Windsor, Yarmouth and Halifax.

Motion Pictures

At Temperance Hall

Thursday - Friday - Saturday

3 Shows Each Evening. 1st Show Commences at 7.15.

Pictures Brilliant, Steady, Non-Flickering.

Unsurpassed by any other house in the Province.

Technical, Educational, Historic, Dramatic, Comic

THE BEST OF MUSIC.

New Corsets.

We are opening this week several new lines of

"CROMPTONS" CORSETS

These are the most reliable and perfect fitting Corsets on the market to-day.

No 430 at $1.75

Other Makes at 95c., $1.50 and $2.00.

New Slip Waists, New White Skirts, New Gowns.

Our new whitewear is made of special soft fine Long Cloth and neatly trimmed.

No. 295 at $1.25

NEW TAILORED BLOUSES.

J. D. CHAMBERS.

Valentines

HAVE ARRIVED.

The Designs are all New and More Attractive than ever.

A Splendid Assortment of Designs in All Prices at

WOLFVILLE BOOK-STORE.

FLO. M. HARRIS.

Useful Xmas Gifts

Call and see our stock of

Skates, Pocket Knives, Carving Sets, Boxes of Stationary, Etc.

Also a lot of other articles we will be pleased to show you at Prices to Suit.

Wolfville Decorating Co'y

'PHONE 86.

J. F. HERBIN

OPTICIAN & WATCH-MAKER.

(1.) Eye Examination and Fitting.
(2.) Lens Cutting, Drilling and Fitting.
(3.) Optical Repair in Every Line.

Three Departments Complete.

Eye Examination Free.

WOLFVILLE, N. S

WE MUST HAVE ROOM

For our stock of Spring Goods To move the balance of our Winter Hats we offer these excellent models at an enormous sacrifice.

There are several grades but just two prices

$1.50 and $1.98

Your choice of any Wing worth from 25c. to $1.00

10c.

W. C. DEXTER & CO.

HERBIN BLOCK.