

Sunday School.

LESSON VIII.—MAY 26, 1907.

Childhood and Education of Moses—Exod. 2: 1-15.

Commentary.—I. Moses' birth and infancy (vs. 1-5). 1. A man—His name was Abraham and his wife's name was Jochebed (Exod. 6: 20; Num. 26: 59). House of Levi—Thus Moses' parents were both of the tribe of Levi.

2. A son—There were two children older than Moses, Miriam (15, 29) who was probably from eight to ten years older, and Aaron (7, 7) who was three years older (7, 7). Goodly child—The text simply says that he was good, which signifies that he was not only a perfect, well-formed child, but that he was very beautiful.

3. When Moses was about forty years old there came a great crisis in his life, about which we learn in Heb. 11: 24-27. We are not told what was the occasion of his decision to abandon the Egyptian court at this time; but it is clear that God was leading him to forsake the idolatrous and immoral influences with which he was surrounded.

4. His sister—Miriam. It appears that Moses had only one sister (Num. 26: 59). Afar off—So as not to show her anxiety. To wit—To know.—R. V. It was her duty to see whether Pharaoh's daughter found him, and whether he was in danger from any cause.

5. Daughter of Pharaoh—It has been estimated that she was about sixteen years of age at this time, and that Moses was born in the third year of her reign (Heb. 11: 23). The women of Egypt are now kept secluded in harems, and it is not customary for them to bathe in the Nile.

6. Saw the child—As soon as she saw the child she knew that it was one of the Hebrew children, for only a Hebrew mother would have need to hide her child in this manner. The babe wept—The sight of a beautiful babe in distress could not but fall to make the impression here mentioned. It may have been conjectured that the cruel edict of the Egyptian king did not continue long in force. See chap. 1: 22. Had compassion—Thus the babe found a protector in the very family of the king who had slain her mother.

7. His sister—Miriam had drawn near enough to see and hear everything. No doubt the child had been carefully instructed by her mother. But God's hand was directing matters, and to him, rather than to any human wisdom, must the praise be given.

8. Moses' training (vs. 9, 10, 9). Nurse it—By thus taking the child the nurse became from time to time in some sense the recognized servant of the princess. But otherwise how would she enjoy her sister with her babe thus before her? They wages—She took the child. No doubt this God-fearing mother trained her child very carefully. Children should be very thankful when they have Christian parents who bring them up in a knowledge and fear of God.

9. To the Pharaoh's daughter—"Though it must have been nearly as severe a trial for Jochebed to part with him the second time as the first, she was, doubtless, reconciled to it by her belief in his high destination, and in the future deliverance of Israel." He became her son—"By adoption; and the high rank afforded him advantages in education which, in the providence of God, were made subservient to far different purposes from what his royal patroness intended." We can obtain an idea of what his education

was from Acts 7:22. "Being adopted into the royal family, he was no doubt received into the priestly caste, and knew all the secret learning of the Egyptian priests. His experience of the Egyptian life must have been wide." But Moses had not only a moral and an intellectual training, but, according to Josephus, he had also a practical preparation for the great work that was before him. Called his name—What name he had from his parents we know not; but whatever it might have been it was ever after lost in the name given to him by the Princess of Egypt.

10. When Moses was about forty years old there came a great crisis in his life, about which we learn in Heb. 11: 24-27. We are not told what was the occasion of his decision to abandon the Egyptian court at this time; but it is clear that God was leading him to forsake the idolatrous and immoral influences with which he was surrounded.

11. Moses' mother. I. Faith-filled.—"By faith Moses, when he was come to years, refused to be called the son of Pharaoh's daughter" (Heb. 11: 24). Was it not because this godly mother (v. 1), during those months while her baby lay so close to her heart (v. 2), and during those three months while he was "hid" in her home (v. 3), sent constantly up to the baby a prayer for her little one? When Bishop Simpson was a young man he went to his mother and said with reluctance and diffidence, "Mother, I feel impressed that I ought to preach the gospel." She threw her arms about his neck and answered, "My boy, I prayed for that before you were born."

12. Faithful.—"The maid went and called the child's mother, and the woman took the child and nursed it" (vs. 8, 9). Here is a hint that God means that the baby's mother shall be the baby's nurse. There is not a spot on earth nearer to heaven than a child's cradle. There is no mission on earth more sacred than the care of a little child. No duties that are God-given ever lead a mother to neglect her child. Above all others, to the little ones home should be the place of careful training, love, prayer and blessing.

13. Reward.—Her baby was laid back in her mother arms, money was provided for the household necessities, the boy grew to be one of the great ones of earth and heaven (Rev. 15: 3), and Jochebed found a place among the heroes of faith (Heb. 11: 23). "Mother," said a little boy, "when you get old and want some one to read to you, I'll pay you off." The child's mother read to him a great deal, especially on the Lord's day. His own efforts were so slow, he seemed to appreciate how good his mother was to him, and that some time in the future he might return her kindness. "I'll pay you off, mother," he cried with childish satisfaction. Little one, do you know the only way in which you can ever pay off mother? By loving Jesus and doing his will and preparing for heaven, just as little Moses did.

14. Moses' sister, Miriam was patient and loving (v. 4), willing and faithful (vs. 7, 8). Thus she was a link between baby Moses and his Egyptian home. Thus the identity of Moses and the knowledge of the brotherhood of Aaron became possible, which was of great importance in the later history of both. The life of Caroline Herschel tells how large a place a sister may fill. From dusk to dawn the great astronomer would stand at the telescope narrating the wonders he saw. All through the winter's night his faithful sister wrote down his observations and sometimes the ink froze in her pen. She spent many hours of the day making the necessary calculations. For nearly forty years Herschel and his wonderful sister worked thus together. His many and marvelous discoveries could never have been made but for her ministering presence.

15. Moses' protector. God is ever on the side of the children. He planned a way of safety for the babe which would never have occurred to human sagacity; not by miraculous agencies, but by the simple, natural instrumentalities of His providence. God delights to use the weak and foolish things of this world (1 Cor. 1: 27). He used a baby's beauty (v. 2), a woman's faith (v. 3), a tiny ark (v. 3), a sister's love (v. 4), a woman's heart (v. 5), a baby's tears (v. 6), the cruel king's own daughter (v. 9). "Nurse it for me," the princess said, and those words gift the babe about with safety. "Every soldier in the land grasped his weapon now for his defence. All the wealth of Egypt ministered to his wants. All the might of Pharaoh availed for his protection. The poor child of the Hebrews was the son of Pharaoh's daughter." God's love is over all. God's love is with all.

16. Fought to the bitter end. Man Dragged From Cell to Scaffold and Hanged. Gantersville, Ala., April 29.—Bob Watts (white) was hanged for murder here to-day, under tragic circumstances. He had become possessed of a knife, and resisted to the end. Ammonia was thrown into his cell and he was thus overcome and dragged to the scaffold by force, coughing and moaning piteously.

Ramsay's Paints For Spring Painting. Whether you are going to "touch up" the woodwork, paint the floors, brighten the porch, or make the whole house fresh and bright as new—get Ramsay's Paints. There's the right paint—the right tint or color—for every use. Mixed just right—of the right ingredients—to wear right and look right. 65 years of paint making have taught us the right way to mix paints. 65 years in business prove that we mix them right. Write us for Post Card Series "C," showing how some houses are painted. A. RAMSAY & SON CO. - MONTREAL. Paint Makers Since 1842.

LEADER OF SAND LOT RIOTS DEAD IN FRISCO.

Dennis Kearney Passes Away From Old Age—Organizer of Workingmen's Party.

San Francisco, April 29.—Dennis Kearney, the labor agitator, who achieved notoriety late in the seventies when the so-called "Sand lot riots" took place, died of old age at his home in Alameda last night. Dennis Kearney once came pretty near being the political boss of San Francisco. He it was who, at the time of the "Sand lot riots," led a mob of workmen to burn the homes of wealthy San Franciscans on Nob Hill. For many years he was a power in San Francisco politics and his word was law with thousands of workmen. Kearney was born in County Cork, Ireland, and came to New York when he was only 11 years old. At an early age he went to sea and displayed such a talent for commanding men that when he was only 19 years old he found himself master of one of the largest sailing vessels that plied between the East Indies and Great Britain. Later on he sailed between China and San Francisco, and the year 1875 found him at work as a drayman in San Francisco. Labor disputes followed, and in the turbulence that followed Kearney rose naturally to be the leader of the employees. Kearney made a particular point of the Chinese agitation, declaring that the foreigners ought to be driven out of the country because they took bread out of the mouths of American workmen. Within a few years the Irish adventurer had founded an organization known as the workingmen's party and had become its president. The party held its public meetings on the sand lots in the suburbs of the city, this fact accounting for the designation by which the subsequent riots were known.

YOUNG BLIZZARD RAGING IN WEST.

Chicago Having a Time With the Snow and Cold—Fruit Crop Hard Hit by the Frost.

Chicago, Ill., April 29.—Chicago was in the grip of a second April blizzard to-day that made it one of the coldest places in the country. Snow that fell all day was followed by ice and freezing temperature to-night. Throughout the entire northern tier of States the reign of boreas is supreme and the biting teeth of the wind are felt as far south as Ohio and even into Northern Texas. From every section of that district reports are to the effect that fruit has been ruined. Spring plowing has been retarded and as a result several millions of dollars in loss to farmers, stock growers and fruit raisers is anticipated. Lake shipping has also been interfered with. Snow in Northern Kansas and Northern Missouri and freezing weather extended from the Nebraska-Iowa State lines south into the Panhandle of Texas was reported with predictions of cold weather. There was a fall of between two and three inches of snow at Dresden in the northwestern corner of Kansas, a light fall at Concordia, Kan., and an inch at Marysville, Mo. The temperature at Kansas City this morning reached 39 degrees. In Chicago the temperature is almost unprecedented. On April 25 last year, a thermometer registered 80 degrees at noon, the lowest point being at 6 o'clock in the morning. To-day the highest point reached was 44 degrees at 12 o'clock. Since that time the tube employed gradually, the mercury scaling down to almost freezing at noon. The snow that fell during the day registered nearly half an inch, the greatest fall for the season in years.

APPEAL TO CARNEGIE.

TORONTO UNIVERSITY WANTS RETIRING ALLOWANCES. Toronto, April 29.—Dr. Maurice Hutcheon acting president of Toronto University has submitted a memorandum to the trustees of the Carnegie foundation for the advancement of teaching, asking for an appreciation of the utter inadequacy of the provisions for retirement in the university in Toronto, and in view of that the trustees will include this university among the beneficiaries of the fund administered by them. The appeal is made relative to the system of retiring allowances made to professors and faculties under the scheme of Mr. Carnegie. Two Strangers Disfigured the Famous City Temple in London. London, April 29.—Passers-by were astonished this morning to see the word "Ichabod" (the glory is departed from here) in glaring letters, 18 inches high, fixed to the front of the City Temple. It had evidently been written by a skilled hand, as the letters were perfectly formed and spaced. Persons not aware of the significance of the word thought that it was merely a new decoration and passed on. Eventually a newly sufficiently curious found the Temple caretaker and enquired why the word was on the portico. The caretaker, who until then was not aware of its presence, promptly obtained a ladder and washed the letters off. A subsequent investigation revealed that two well dressed men, with a long ladder, had inscribed the word early in the morning. Nobody interfered with them, it being assumed that they were orthodox Christians, who, saddened by Dr. Campbell's heresy, conceived it to be their duty to fulfil the invocation of the late pastor of the church. Dr. Parker, who on a memorable occasion declaimed from the pulpit of the Temple: "Should it ever come to pass that the great public teacher, and the restorer of the truths of Christ's death and resurrection be denied by the future occupier of the pulpit, or should the fact of His gracious Godhead and Divinity be questioned, may the word Ichabod be written over the doors of the City Temple!"

WILL ANTI-FRICTION AXLES EVER COME INTO GENERAL USE?

The public have for some time been looking for an axle that will do the same work on carriages and wagons that the ball-bearing does on the bicycle. On this subject a prominent authority says: For years mechanics and engineers have ceaselessly lent their energies to design and develop an anti-friction axle that would be cheap and durable as well as easy-running. There have been many flat failures and partial successes. One thing at least has been demonstrated clearly, and it is that where weight has to be carried, a sufficient bearing surface must be provided, and as only the minimum bearing surface can be obtained in a ball-bearing the future axle must be of the roller type. There is no doubt but that it is merely a matter of time when some clever mechanic will produce an anti-friction roller bearing axle that will have the necessary bearing surface, simplicity of construction and durability. When such an axle comes on the market, at a price that the general public can afford to buy, it will not be possible to sell a vehicle with the plain axle any more than it is possible to-day to sell a bicycle without the ball-bearing.

BLOWN TO PIECES.

WAS WARMING DYNAMITE—HORSE AND COW ALSO KILLED. Rochester, N. Y., April 29.—Samuel Johnson, aged 53, of Millville, was killed by an explosion of dynamite to-day, his body being blown to pieces. Johnson had been employed blowing up stumps and rocks for various farmers. This morning he was in a barn warming dynamite for the day's work, when a terrific explosion, which was plainly heard in Medina, occurred, wrecking the barn and setting it on fire. A horse and a cow were blown through the side of the barn and killed. Johnson's body was badly burned in the fire, which destroyed the barn. He leaves a wife and daughter in Lockport.

Market Reports—The Week.

TORONTO FARMERS' MARKET. The Grain Market continues very dull. Farmers are busy seeding, and, consequently, there are no offerings. Prices are purely nominal. Dairy produce is steady. Butter in more liberal supply, with the demand good; it sells at 26 to 30c per lb. Eggs steady at 18 to 19c per doz. Chickens scarce and firm. Hay is firm, with the demand good; eight loads sold at \$15 to \$17 a ton for timothy. Straw quoted at \$13 to \$14 a ton. Dressed hogs are unchanged, with light quoted at \$9.25 to \$9.50 and heavy at \$9 to \$9.25. Wheat, white, bush ... \$ 0.75 8 00 Do., red, bush ... 0 75 0 00 Do., Spring, bush ... 0 73 0 00 Do., goose, bush ... 0 85 0 00 Oats, bush ... 0 44 0 45 Barley, bush ... 0 56 0 57 Peas, bush ... 0 77 0 78 Hay, timothy, ton ... 14 00 17 00 Do., mixed, ton ... 11 00 12 00 Straw, per ton ... 13 00 14 00 Seeds—cleaned—Red clover, per cwt. ... 14 50 15 50 Alsike clover, per cwt. ... 10 50 13 00 Timothy, per cwt. ... 5 00 7 00 Dressed hogs ... 9 00 9 50 Eggs, new laid ... 0 18 0 19 Butter, dairy ... 0 30 0 33 Do., creamery ... 0 15 0 18 Chickens, dressed, lb. ... 0 18 0 22 Turkeys, per lb. ... 0 18 0 22 Apples, per bbl. ... 2 00 3 50 Potatoes, per bag ... 0 85 0 95 Cabbage, per doz ... 0 35 0 50 Onions, per bag ... 1 75 2 40 Beef, hindquarters ... 8 00 9 50 Do., forequarters ... 5 50 7 00 Do., choice, carcass ... 6 75 8 25 Do., medium, carcass ... 7 50 7 00 Mutton, per cwt ... 10 00 11 00 Veal, per cwt ... 8 00 9 00 Lamb, per cwt ... 13 00 15 00

The Cheese Markets.

Brookville.—At the first meeting of the Cheese Board, held here to-day, 1,500 boxes were registered, of which 740 were white, balance colored; 800 boxes sold on board at 11-1-1/2c. Picton.—To-day nine factories boarded 420 boxes; all colored; highest bid, 11-1-1/2c; all sold; buyer, Thompson. Cawton, N. Y.—To-day 1,440 tubs of butter sold at 12-1/2c; 300 boxes export cheese, 10-3-4c; 450 tubs, 11c. Belleville.—There were 1,107 white and 118 colored cheese offered here to-day; 117-1/2c was bid, and 773 sold, balance on curb. Cornwall.—Cheese boarded at Cornwall to-day, 200 white; 11-1-1/2c to 11-1-1/4c offered, Montreal inspection. Sellers not willing to accept Montreal inspection, and none sold.

British Cattle Markets.

London.—Liverpool and London cables are steady at 11-1-1/2c to 12-1-1/2c per lb., dressed weight; refrigerator beef is quoted at 8-3-4c to 9c per lb. John Rogers & Co., London, cable: Canadian steers, 11-1-1/2c to 11-3-4c; States steers, 11-1-1/2c to 12c, with trade slow and market weak. Winnipeg Wheat Market. Following were the closing quotations to-day on Winnipeg futures: Wheat, April 78-3-4c bid, May 79-3-4c bid, July 81-5-8c bid, Oats—April 37c bid, May 37-3-4c bid, July 38-1-8c bid.

Flour Prices.

Flour—Manitoba patent, \$3.85, track; Toronto; Ontario, 90 per cent, patent, \$2.67 bid for export; Manitoba patent, special brands, \$4.50; strong bakers', \$4. Toronto Live Stock Market. Receipts of live stock at the city market since Tuesday were 96 car loads, as reported by the railways, composed of 1,574 cattle, 1,47 hogs, 113 sheep and lambs, with 500 calves and 1 horse. The quality of fat cattle was fairly good. Trade was much the same as on Tuesday, the market being inclined to be slow, and had it not been that there were several buyers from outside points it would have been much worse, owing to the large supply of cattle succeeding the large run on Tuesday. Exporters—Only a few lots of exporters were on sale, and these sold from \$4.90 to \$5.25 per cwt. Export bulls sold from \$3.75 to \$4.25. Butchers—George Rowntree, who bought 325 butchers' cattle for the Harris Abattoir Company on Wednesday and Thursday, quoted prices as follows: Loads of good to choice cattle, at \$4.70 to \$4.90; fair to good, \$4.40 to \$4.65; good cows, \$4 to \$4.50; medium cows, \$3.50 to \$3.80; common cows, \$2.75 to \$3.20 per cwt. Feeders and Stockers—Mr. Marby, who bought about 100 feeders to-day, reports prices as follows: Steers, 1,100 to 1,200 lbs., each, at \$2.50 to \$4.75; steers, 1,000 to 1,050 lbs., each, at \$2.50 to \$4.50; steers, 800 to 900 lbs., each, at \$3.00 to \$4.50; stockers, 50 to 700 lbs., each, at \$2.50 to \$3 per cwt. Milch Cows—There was a fair trade in milkers and springers at prices ranging from \$30 to \$55 each, the bulk selling at \$40 to \$50 each. Not many cows sold over \$35. Veal Calves—Prices were easy, owing to large receipts. Prices ranged from \$3 to \$6, with a few new milk fed at \$6.50 per cwt. The bulk sold from \$4 to \$5.50 per cwt. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts were light, and prices firm. Export sheep, \$5 to \$5 per cwt.; yearling lambs, \$6.50 to \$8 per cwt.; spring lambs sold at \$4 to \$6.50 each. Hogs—About 1,500 hogs were bought by Mr. Harris at unchanged quotations. Selects, \$3.40, and lights at \$3.15 per cwt. Bradstreet's Trade Review. Hamilton—Business continues active along all lines there. Retail trade is moving rather better and collections are somewhat more prompt. Local industries are busily engaged. Manufacturers in most lines have all the business they can attend to. Country produce coming forward fairly well with prices firm. London.—The sorting trade is now fairly active although apricot retail trade has had a quiet tone so far. Belleries in some lines are still slow. The box and shoe business here is showing remarkable growth. Ottawa—Wholesale trade continues exceedingly active, although scarcity in some lines of goods is still a factor. Hardware lines are moving well. Values are firm. Local industries are busy and active and collections generally fair.

Do Your Children Cough in the Night?

What mother's or father's heart has not leaped into their throat when they have been suddenly awakened in the night by that hard and prolonged, or that smothering, choking, croupy cough, that belokens the most serious results unless relieved at once? What shall I do? is the first thought, and without an effective and reliable remedy at hand the child may suffer or die before relief can be given.

SLOCUM'S COLTSFOOTE EXPECTORANT

is a quick and absolutely safe, reliable and certain cure for all forms of Cough, Cold, Sore Throat, La Grippe, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all irritated and inflamed conditions of the throat or chest. It will save every mother many a sleepless, anxious night, and the children as well as adults many an hour's suffering and illness.

"I had been suffering for over two months with an obstinate cough, and had also my little girl. We tried several remedies common to any drug store without obtaining any apparent relief. In fact we were growing worse. I got a bottle of Coltsfoote Expectorant from my druggist and inside of two days the cough was cured, and the results so permanent and rapid that we decided to keep Coltsfoote Expectorant in our home continually."

C. A. ROBERT PALEN, Ottawa. No home should be without it. It is the greatest family medicine for those troubles the world has produced. Keep it on hand. It is a never-failing friend. 25c. at your dealer.

GOOD FOR OLD AND YOUNG. PERFECTLY HARMLESS. CHILDREN LOVE IT.

FISHERIES QUESTION.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S PREMIER TRYING TO SETTLE MATTER.

St. John's, Nfld., April 29.—The Colonial Government officials here say that Sir Robert Bond's conference in London on Wednesday with Lord Elgin regarding the American fisheries question was only the first of a series of discussions adjustment of the entire matter. Premier Bond is in telegraphic communication with his Minister, who will consider whatever proposals are made to him and suggests such amendments as seem desirable. The officials here expect that the negotiations will be protracted and that a solution of the question will be difficult on account of the firm stand taken by Newfoundland and the conciliatory attitude of the British Cabinet towards the United States.

EPITAPH ON HER BEARD.

Housewife Becomes Frightened and Leaves Home. Waterbury, Conn., April 29.—Mrs. Isabel Bronson, widow of the Ransom place, South Kent, Monday, leaving for her husband a cheerful heartstone, no light, an abandoned cat, and this note: "Ben—You will find us down at Pettibon's from now until I get shelter." Mrs. Bronson baked scones, using an old brick oven. The loaves were flat and nearly twenty inches long. Embossed on the bottom of each she found: "May she rest in peace." "Died May 1, in her thirtieth year." Mrs. Bronson thought fate had decreed she must die. Neighbors have broken the news that an old tombstone was doing duty in the oven, but Mrs. Bronson will not return, despite her husband's pleadings.

A Magistrate Investigates Zam-Buk

SAYS IS A WONDERFUL HEALER AND DOES MORE THAN IS CLAIMED FOR IT.

Probably no household remedy in existence has won such glowing tributes from people in high places as has Zam-Buk. Mr. Roger F. Perry, Justice of the Peace for British Columbia, recently tested this famous balm, and this is what he says of it: "The Pavilion, Goldfields, B. C. "Gentlemen,—After a very fair trial I have proved Zam-Buk eminently satisfactory. In my case it has cured a skin rash of five years' standing which no doctor had been able to do any good for. "I would certainly encourage any person to keep Zam-Buk in their home. It truly does even more than you claim for it. For my own part I would not be without it in the house. Yours very truly, (Signed) "Roger F. Perry, Justice of the Peace for B. C."

Zam-Buk differs from ordinary salves and embrocations, for while these mostly contain animal oils and fat, Zam-Buk is purely herbarial. It cures and heals rashes, festering sores, ulcers, eruptions, boils, eczema, chafing sores, etc. In the household it is the handiest possible remedy for burns, scalds, children's injuries. It instantly cleanses any wound to which it is applied, prevents festering inflammation or blood poisoning. It cures piles, varicose ulcers and fistula. All spruigists and stores sell at 50 cents a box, or from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price, 6 boxes for \$2.50. The treaty of peace signed by Nicaragua and Salvador provides for a Central American League Congress.

T H I S O R I G I N A L D O C U M E N T P O O R C O N D I T I O N