

May 10, 1916

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

(819) 39

Highest Price Paid for all your Farm Products

We want more Butter, Live Poultry and Dressed Meats. Ship your supply at once.

Farmers' and Gardeners' Produce Exchange, Limited

Under control of Manitoba Grain Growers' Association

307 Carlton Street, Winnipeg

LIVE HENS WANTED

Hens	16c
Ducks	18c
Geese	18c
Turkeys	18c
Young Roosters	Best Market Price

If you have any Heavy Hen, ask for prices those prior f.o.b. Winnipeg. Let us know what you have to sell and we will forward orders for shipping. Prompt cash on receipt of shipment.

ROYAL PRODUCE & TRADING CO. - 87 AIRS St., WINNIPEG

OATS!

We want some, and are buying continuously any grade. If you cannot get box cars, wire, phone or write us and we will supply sacks to ship in stock cars. Market prices date of inspection.

LAING' BROS.
WINNIPEG MAN.

Cash for live POULTRY

Send us your live poultry and secure prompt remittance at highest market prices.

	Per lb.
Turkeys, one year old birds	21c
Turkeys, old hens and toms	18c
Ducks	14c
Geese	14c
Hens	15c
Young Roosters	14c
Old Roosters	11c

Express Money Order mailed same day birds received. Crates furnished on request. Prices are F.O.B. Winnipeg and are absolutely guaranteed.

WINNIPEG FISH CO. LTD. - Winnipeg, Man.

EGGS!

20c per doz. f.o.b. Winnipeg

Cases returned. If you have not any, let us hear from you and we will forward you 30 dozen size. Prices quoted are absolutely guaranteed until May 18. Prompt return guaranteed.

Golden Star Fruit & Produce Co.
WINNIPEG MAN.

HIDES FURS WOOL

If you want quickest returns and most money for your Furs, Hides, Wool, etc., ship them to

Frank Massin
BRANDON MAN.
Write for Prices and Shipping Tags

WOOL!

Don't forget to write us for prices before you sell your clip. We buy anything from a fleece to a carload. We also handle hides, furs, horse hair and sheepskin.

North-West Hide & Fur Co. Ltd.
278 Rupert Ave. - WINNIPEG

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

Raising Turkeys

Continued from Page 23

it that she does not get off until all are hatched. The hen with her brood should be placed on a grassy and dry spot, having plenty of sunshine. One hen can handle about twelve to fifteen little poult quite nicely. The first feed may consist of bread soaked in milk and mixed with hard boiled eggs, or even the bread alone will be all right. It may also be mixed with a little bran or shorts. Green food will not be necessary if they are on a green spot. Feed five times a day. Provide coarse sand or grit of some kind. The bread can gradually be changed to shorts and bran; equal parts, or corn chaff can also be added. The eggs may sometimes cause looseness of the bowels, so care must be exercised in feeding them. Small wheat fed two or three times a day will also be greatly relished, and gives good variety in the ration. Milk should be given to drink. At about three to four weeks of age the hen should be allowed out of the coop during bright, warm and sunshiny days. Up to this time the coops should be moved every day or two. A close watch should be kept for lice. Drooping wings and dullness indicate this trouble. Look especially for the head lice and if present rub a drop of lard on the top of the head of each poult. For other lice a small drop of lard rubbed underneath each wing is a good remedy. If looseness of the bowels should appear, a small sprinkling of powdered charcoal should be added to their mash. This is a good digestion corrective at all times and helps to guard against bowel trouble. At four to six weeks of age but little more than grain needs to be fed, but where the poult do not range very far it is wise to continue the feeding of mash until they refuse to eat any. Feeding three times a day after they are two weeks of age is quite sufficient. Turkeys usually range over a considerable area during a day and will practically pick up their own living after they are six to eight weeks old. A feed of wheat at night time will usually induce them to come and roost close to the buildings. This may prevent losses later on.

One of the drawbacks to turkey raising in this country is the difficulty found in keeping coyotes away. Probably the best safeguard against this is closing up the coops each night and also having them fairly close to the buildings. After the poult look for a new roosting place they should be induced to stay close to the buildings again. Some strains of turkeys are naturally inclined to stay around the buildings all day, while other strains will stray and forage over an entire farm.

In the way of disease in turkeys there are two which are quite common. The first one likely to appear is a cold followed by ordinary roup. This is usually due to the poult running in the wet grass early in the morning or being out during or right after a rain. This should be guarded against as much as possible. After it once makes its appearance it will be a difficult matter to get rid of. Sneezing, watery discharge from the nostrils and frothy eyes are the first symptoms. As soon as these are noticed put a little coal oil in the drinking water—if water is used as a drink—and also inject a little into the nostrils of each poult affected. Rub carbolic vaseline in the eyes and surrounding tissue. If swellings appear they should be lanced, the pus pressed out and 2 per cent carbolic acid solution applied once or twice a day.

Blackhead is another common complaint and may occur almost any time after they are two weeks old. Head drawn back into the shoulders, drooping wings and diarrhoea are the symptoms. In wet or damp seasons this disease is usually worst. It cannot be cured, but as a preventive measure all soft feed fed should be given in troughs or pans. Even when the poult are small this should be done. These should be so fixed as to prevent the poult from getting on the food with their feet. The germs of this disease live in the ground, hence this precaution. As a matter of cleanliness it is always best anyway to feed soft foods in this manner.

MACLENNAN BROS.

Track Buyers GRAIN Commission Merchants

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(On request we will Wire or Phone Higher Prices than any competitor for grain of any kind, for shipment to, or in store either Government Interior or any Terminal Elevator, and will make Highest Cash Advance to shippers who sell, or who wish to hold their grain.

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Ship your grain, notify James Richardson & Sons Limited, and let us handle your cars for you. Our experience and facilities will assure you best results.

Highest possible prices, careful checking of grades, liberal advances and prompt adjustments accompanied by Government certificates.

ESTABLISHED 1857

LICENSED AND BONDED

Jas. Richardson & Sons, Ltd.

Track Buyers and Commission Merchants

Grain Exchange

WINNIPEG

LIVE POULTRY

All prices which are quoted below are absolutely guaranteed for 30 days from date of this paper, and are for live weight f.o.b. Winnipeg.

Turkeys	Per lb.	Old Roosters	Per lb.
18c	18c	18c	11c
18c	18c	Geese	18c
18c	18c	Ducks	18c

Let us know what kind you have and how many you have for sale and we will forward enough crates for shipping. Our terms are cash (Bank Money Order) on receipt of goods.

Golden Star Fruit & Produce Co. - Winnipeg

Lowest Prices on PLOW SHARES

ORDER NOW!

These prices are F.O.B. Regina, and are subject to change without notice. The Plated and Brass Shares are current in shape and fit with absolute guarantee. We have shares for every make of tractor stamped in old share.

STEEL HARROW TEETH	STEEL HARROW TEETH
5 lbs. long, 9-16 in. body, 3 in. threaded	5 lbs. long, 9-16 in. body, 3 in. threaded
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THE WESTERN IMPLEMENT SUPPLY CO., 1605 11th Ave. (Dept. G.) Regina, Sask.

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Motoring is two things—a pleasure and a business. One might say it was used sixty per cent for entertainment and forty per cent for commercial purposes. Yet no matter whether you use your car to get orders or orders, your greatest economy will be the reduced cost of motoring.

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If you will drive fast,
If you will make those sudden stops,
If the city will water asphalt,
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Why then—the possibility of skidding will always be with you, unless you figure on those elements of danger when you buy your tires. When you think of how to avert danger in motoring you immediately think of

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