rurbed as little as possible. Preferably the mate should be removed from about the old tie, the trad) Squa jacked up sufficiently to permit its removal, we rallel wit out allowing material to run in under the adjactive one as ties, and the new tie then slipped in and bedack of the after trimming up the old tie-bed for its receptible a unifif necessary.

108. The tamping and ballast trimming for ties renewed should be completed each day.

PILING NEW TIES.

109. New ties carried in stock, or those delive along the track for use in the following seas must be neatly piled for seasoning as near point where they are to be used as possible, acco ing to the standard method best suited to quantity and local conditions.

(a) Piles of ties should be located at least feet from the nearest main track rail, on the m suitable piling ground, with a clear distance of feet or more between piles, and so located as to obstruct the view or cause snow to drift on track, and when piled in yards they must not less than 6 feet from the nearest siding rail.

(b) Whenever possible ground supports of so stuff must be used, giving not less than 6 ind clear space under the bottom of the piles, and any case there must not be more than 2 ties contact with the ground.

(c) All ties requiring peeling before use in track, should, when time permits, be peeled bef being piled.

e) The

d as close uld be on sh this, fo laver.

f) Old t piled at ty to the egraph lin burned wl first sui sition is a

10. Sawn itch turnou 111. They ds sawed own on th ey must b width.

112. They act conforn

113. Satisf th any kind e material 1 bars.