CIRCULAR LETTER

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TO THE CHURCHES COMPOSING THE WESTERN NEW BRUNSWICK BAPTIST

The founders of the Baptist churches in these Provinces were mighty in the Scriptures, and were distinguished alike for their soundness in doctrine, as they had been taught by the Spirit of God, and for pracedesire to emulate their faith and practice, and would earnestly exhort you in this our annual epistle, that you "stand in the ways and see, in order that the promise," ye shall find rest to your souls," which was are of the spiritual Israel of God.

The sacred writers invariably combine doctrine with precept; they rarely dwell upon christian privileges without at the same time enforcing evangelical obedience. The apostle Paul closes his argument upon the doctrines of sovereign grace in the Epistle to the Romans, eigs of God, that ye present your bedies a living sacrifice, holy, acceptable to God, which is your reasonable service." And the apostle God, adds, "every man that hath this hope in him, purifieth himself, tion and active obedience. Spiritual feeling is not excited, without at expend itself in action. Comfort is given, not to lull into sloth and indifference, but to act as a cordial and stimulus to exertion and duty.

The doctrines of digine severeignty, the love of God in Christ, unmerited favour to the guilty, and all those truths pertaining to the salvation of Christ Jesus, which are commonly designated the doctrines of grace, have ever been dear to the hearts of our people: nor do we fundamental principles, or the unscriptural character of that attachment, but we desire to stir up your pure minds by way of remembrance, while we detain you for a short season upon this vital theme.

There are those who think that the consolatory truths of free grace and final perseverance are adverse to the perceptive and practical parts of the christian system. They would modify the broad and distinct statements of Scripture, lest they should encourage presumption; and would explain away the predestinating will of the Sovereign Ruler, lest they should hamper themselves in the free proofs mation of his mercy. But ye have not so learned Ohrist. Those who are perfectly just as it stands, and insist both on divine fore appointment and human freedom conjoined with accountability; both on the security of the believer in Christ, and the absolute necessity of holimess in heart and life; the duty of exhorting men to repeat, and beseeching them to be reconciled to God.

It is true that these dectrines have sometimes been taught in such a manner as to foster presumption, and militate against prety; teachers, who have claimed for themselves pre-eminently the distinctive title of