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Suspicion Points More Strongly
To Mysterious Individual Who
Rushed Down Lansdowne Avenue
Young Men Tell of Stranger's
Peculiar Actions On
Night of Murder

In Conversation With Suspect on Fort
Howe Shortly Before Midnight—De-
scription Corresponds Roughly With
That of Man Seen by Edward Curran

Find the man who dashed along Lansdowne avenue on the night of the gruesome murder and you will find the assassin of Harry L. Williams, the well-known young grocer and butcher, who was found dead in his store at the corner of Elm and Main streets, Tuesday night with a bullet wound through his head. This seems to be the opinion of those who have closely followed the acts disclosed since the enactment of the awful crime, which caused such a stir throughout the city.

That a man actually ran along Lansdowne avenue some time after eleven o'clock on the night of the murder and later appeared on Barker street, in the car of Fort Howe, has been proven beyond a doubt, and this phase of the mystery at least has been cleared up.

Yesterday the Times published an interview with Edward Curran, who was engaged repairing an automobile outside a barn on Lansdowne avenue on the night in question. He said that he heard a man's clock strike eleven o'clock and, shortly afterwards, while he was standing at a rapid pace, he saw a man in a dark suit and a hat, who was apparently in such a hurry, that he was unable to get a closer look at him.

With regard to the features of the man he said he was of swarthy complexion or rather dark face. That the man did not go down Logan's alley, as directed, was learned by Audrey Smith, who also started for his home shortly after the man mentioned had been directed to Mill street.

STATEMENT OF
BRITISH LABOR'S
WAR POLICY

Party Executive Issues a Memorandum
TO STOCKHOLM OR NOT?

Conference in Session at Westminster to Decide Whether British Delegates Will Join in International Socialist Congress

London, Aug. 10.—An important conference of the Labor party will be held at Westminster today to decide whether British labor shall be represented at the International Socialist congress at Stockholm in September. The conference will consist of delegates from all trades unions and other labor socialist representatives and is expected to have momentous consequences.

For days past there has been a sharp discussion among labor men with reference to going to Stockholm and the newspapers have been filled with the predictions and interviews. The division on the eve of the conference seems as complete as ever and it is impossible to predict with even an approach of certainty, whether those for the Stockholm conference or those against it prevail.

The main historic cause of difference was the conversion of Arthur Henderson, minister without portfolio, to the view, while he was in Petrograd, that it is desirable for British labor men to go to Stockholm and share in the deliberations of the international delegates, including the Germans.

It is printed in today's Daily Telegraph where it occupies more than two closely printed columns. The memorandum was to be presented to the labor conference in London today and further will be submitted to the special conference on August 31, prior to its proposed submission successively to the allied and international socialist congresses.

Briefly, the memorandum is a strong endorsement of the demand for the repatriation and restoration in behalf of Belgium and other invaded countries, a declaration in favor of the right of nations for the maintenance of peace and the liberation of oppressed people from Turkish misgovernment and a demand for the establishment of a league of nations for the maintenance of peace and the elimination of war from the world.

Belgians and Italians Will Not
The Belgian and Italian socialists have refused not to attend the international conference at Stockholm, according to a despatch from the Swedish capital to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES
A writ has been issued in the supreme court in the suit of W. W. Boyce against the Canadian Pacific Railway for \$1,200, alleging negligence.

WIN THE WAR AT ANY COST WAS
SPIRIT OF LIBERAL CONVENTION

Dominated by Spirit of Militant Patriotism—Sincere Conviction That Laurier is the One Man in Canada to Cope With the Crisis

The Edmonton Bulletin says, commenting on the Liberal convention at Winnipeg, "It was emphatically a win-the-war convention, a win-at-any-cost convention. It was dominated by the spirit of militant patriotism which swept the west when the call to arms was sounded. The temper was a pronounced aggressive temper which demanded that government and public at home shall push the fighting as the men of the front are doing."

The Saskatchewan Phoenix says that, for many Liberals fired with patriotic zeal, this convention decision will be regarded as a compromise and will cause serious reflecting regarding its wisdom. Let it be remembered, however, that the decision was reached under the guidance of men like Norris, Martin, Sifton and Brewster, the western pioneers and men like Hon. J. A. Calder had conferred ceaselessly with the cabinet which endangers the peace of Canada and thus presents a disaster which would have a crippling and demoralizing effect on the whole empire, and cause for which the allied nations are struggling.

CAPT. A. S. DONALD

Fredericton, Aug. 10.—Capt. A. S. Donald, reported in the casualty list as wounded, was attached to the 86th Field Battery C.E.F. in this city for some time in the spring of 1916. He formerly belonged to Moncton where he was an officer of the 19th Field Battery. Capt. Donald was overseas with an ammunition column draft. He is well known throughout the province as an athlete and as a civil engineer, having been engaged in the construction of the National Transcontinental Railway.

MRS. HAMILTON BROWN

There is mourning in Upland because of the death of the widow of Charles Hamilton Brown, a lady who by her charming disposition, her devotion to church work, and her interest in the people, had become universally beloved. She was only thirty-three years old, and died of the result of blood-poisoning. Besides her husband, two children survive. Mr. and Mrs. Brown came from England to Canada some seven years ago, and after two and a half years in Manitoba, removed to this province, when he was appointed rector of Upland. Universal sympathy goes out to the stricken family. The funeral will take place from the rectory at Upland on Saturday afternoon.

BIG LEAGUES TODAY

National League—Brooklyn at Chicago, clear, 3 p.m.; Philadelphia at Pittsburgh, clear, 3:30 p.m.; Boston at Cincinnati, clear, 3 p.m.; New York at St. Louis, clear, 3:30 p.m.
American League—Cleveland at Philadelphia, clear, 3:30 p.m.; Detroit at Boston, clear, 3:30 p.m.; Chicago at Washington, clear, 3:30 p.m.
International League—Toronto at Newark, no game today, two on Sunday; Montreal at Providence, rain, 3:30 p.m.; Rochester at Richmond, clear, 4:30 p.m.; no game at Baltimore today. Today's game, Buffalo at Baltimore, will be played as part of double header tomorrow.

WEATHER REPORT

Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meteorological service.

Synopsis—High pressure now covers the central portion of the continent, with a moderate disturbance has developed near Nantucket. Showers have occurred in some parts of Ontario and the maritime provinces, and heavy rain is expected near Quebec. In the western provinces the weather has been mostly fine.

Ottawa Valley—Moderate to fresh westerly winds, fair today and on Saturday; not much change in temperature.
Clearing on Saturday
Maritime—Winds increasing to strong breezes or gales from the southeast with rain. Saturday strong westerly winds, showers at first, then clearing.
New England—Partly cloudy tonight, fair and warmer Saturday, strong north-westerly winds.

KILLED MANY GERMANS IN
SUCCESSFUL RAIDS AT LENS

Only Infantry Action in Section Where Canadians Have Distinguished Themselves—On Eastern Front Both Forces Claim Minor Successes—Russians Putting up Stiffer Resistance

London, Aug. 10.—The official communication issued by British headquarters last night reads: "Artillery activity on both sides continued in the neighborhood of Ypres. There was no infantry action. Successful raids took place early in the morning in the neighborhood of Lens. We secured a few prisoners and killed many Germans. Our troops entered the enemy positions at all points attacked and, after destroying the dugouts and wrecking his defenses, returned with slight casualties. Hostile artillery has been more active than usual in the Nieuport sector. Air work continued yesterday, although bad weather interfered. In air fighting, two German airplanes were brought down and another driven down out of control. None of ours is missing."

FRENCH MADE FURTHER GAINS

London, Aug. 10.—The French forces on the left flank of the British lines in Belgium made further progress to the east and north of Bizchaote last night, according to the official report made to the war office today by Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig. British raiding parties blew up the German dugouts on a wide front east of Monchy-Le-Preux, on the Arras front, the report adds, and greatly damaged the German defenses. The text of the statement reads: "On our left flank our allies continue to progress east and north of Bizchaote. On a wide front east of Monchy-Le-Preux, raiding parties blew up the enemy's dugouts and did great damage to his defenses. On the battlefield, directly east of the Belgian town of Ypres, the British completed the capture of the town of Westhoek and secured the remaining positions held by the Germans on the Westhoek ridge, the official statement adds."

AUSTRIANS RELEASE
CAPTAIN WILSON, M. P.

Destroyed Important Despatches Before Taken Off Greek Steamer by Enemy Submarine

London, Aug. 10.—Capt. Arthur Stanley Wilson, Conservative member of parliament, who was taken off a Greek steamer in the Mediterranean sea by an Austrian submarine in December, 1915, has been released by the Austrians and is on his way home. Capt. Wilson was accompanied by Colonel H. B. Maguire, former British military attaché at Sofia, when the Greek steamer encountered the Austrian submarine in the Mediterranean. Both men were made prisoners. It was said at the time that Captain Wilson was carrying despatches and that they had been seized by the Austrians. Later a letter written by Capt. Wilson to his sister in London said that he was going to destroy the despatches before he was captured.

RUSSIAN MINISTER
SEEKS VINDICATION

Petrograd, Aug. 10.—M. Tchernoff, minister of agriculture, has challenged Professor Milukoff, former foreign minister and editor of the Reich to appear before an arbitration court in connection with his comments in a newspaper on the charges against M. Tchernoff. The Reich has been prominent in arranging M. Tchernoff's resignation. Professor Milukoff has accepted the challenge and nominated legal representatives. It was recently charged that M. Tchernoff had been connected with the German general staff. This led to his resignation as minister and finally, in the resignation of the cabinet, M. Tchernoff successfully defended himself against the accusations and again became a member of the reorganized ministry.

FOUR BROTHERS AT THE FRONT

Mrs. M. Barton, 528 Main street, has received word that her son, Pte. Fred Barton, was officially reported seriously ill in hospital at Reading, August 7, with pleurisy. To counteract this distressing news, Mrs. Barton received a letter from her son, dated July 16, stating that he was feeling much better, but expected to be confined to hospital for two weeks more at least.

Pte. Barton went overseas with the 55th Battalion and was transferred to another unit when he reached England. He has been in the trenches several months and had been doing good work previous to his present illness. He was employed, while in the city, with the York Cotton Mills, and is eighteen years old. He was not seventeen when he enlisted. He has three brothers at the front, Gunner Arthur, with an ammunition column; Pte. Harry, who left here with the 118th, and Edward, with the Canadian Engineers. This is surely one family's bit and a showing justly to be proud of.

GALVANIC CURRENT MIGHT
HAVE DESTROYED U-BOAT

Ferrol, Spain, Aug. 10.—It has been found necessary to move the German submarine U B 23, which was interned recently, from its present anchorage alongside the cruiser Ville de Bilbao because the cruiser is reinforced with copper while the submarine is constructed of iron establishing a galvanic current which eventually would have destroyed the U-boat.

EXPLOSION IN LONDON

London, Aug. 10.—An explosion and fire in a big chemical works in East London last night wrecked the building and killed or injured scores of workers. Thirteen bodies of women so far have been rescued from the ruins. A large number of injured have been treated at the police stations and other convenient places. Bodies are still being searched for.

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BROKE INTO GERMAN LINES

Paris, Aug. 10.—French forces last night made further progress against the German positions on the Belgian front. The Frenchmen broke into the German lines, occupied several farms to the east of Bizchaote and west of Langemark, and captured a number of machine guns, according to the official statement given out today by the French war department.

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Petrograd, Aug. 9.—The Russian war office statement issued today reads as follows: "There were fatalities of greater intensity in the direction of Rostov. On the Romanian front, south of Aesch, as far as the village of Selka the enemy conducted a series of attacks of considerable intensity. All were repulsed. In the region northwest of Sipot and Katergal, the enemy, after obstinate attacks, occupied a series of heights, forcing back our troops slightly eastward. Between rivulets Sica and Destiana a number of enemy attacks were beaten off. The enemy succeeded in penetrating our trenches on one of the heights, but he was ejected by a counter attack. This retirement developed into a flight. We captured eight prisoners and a machine gun. After artillery preparation the enemy attacked the Romanian positions in the region between the rivers Sita and Kasino and in certain districts pressed back some of them. An attack south of the River Kasino was repulsed by the Romanians."

GERMANS CLAIM
SUCCESS IN EAST

Berlin, Aug. 9, via London (British Admiralty, war wireless press)—The text of the German official statement issued today reads: "The German army has broken into the enemy lines in the direction of Rostov. The enemy conducted a series of attacks of considerable intensity. All were repulsed. In the region northwest of Sipot and Katergal, the enemy, after obstinate attacks, occupied a series of heights, forcing back our troops slightly eastward. Between rivulets Sica and Destiana a number of enemy attacks were beaten off. The enemy succeeded in penetrating our trenches on one of the heights, but he was ejected by a counter attack. This retirement developed into a flight. We captured eight prisoners and a machine gun. After artillery preparation the enemy attacked the Romanian positions in the region between the rivers Sita and Kasino and in certain districts pressed back some of them. An attack south of the River Kasino was repulsed by the Romanians."

A RETURN VISIT

Copenhagen, Aug. 10.—A despatch from Vienna says that Count Cernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, will leave this evening for German headquarters and then go to Berlin to return the recent visit of Chancellor Michaelis.

WHAT CHRIST WOULD DO

New York, Aug. 10.—The Tribune this morning publishes the following: "London, Aug. 9.—The master of Balliol College was asked at a public meeting today this question: 'If Jesus Christ was on earth today, would he prefer to be in prison for holding conscientious objections?' 'The master answered the young man: 'There are many historical incongruities which you can bring out simply by imagining this, that or the other thing. For instance, Julius Caesar at a telephone. Can you imagine any religious leader or any religious minded man holding back if he saw things done to children for whom he was responsible and not doing all he could to prevent them?'"

SHOWS DISAPPROVAL
BY RESIGNING POST

London, Aug. 10.—The newspaper says that Col. Sir Neville Chamberlain, inspector general of the Royal Irish Constabulary, has resigned the directorship of the national service to which he was appointed last December as a result of the reorganization of the department. It is reported he disapproved of some of the changes in connection with the organization.

Canadians in Successful Raid
On Two Thousand Yard Front

(By Stewart Lyon, special correspondent of the Canadian Press in France). Canadian Army Headquarters, Aug. 10.—Under the protection of a heavy barrage, shortly after four o'clock on Thursday morning, raiding parties on a front of more than two thousand yards penetrated the enemy's positions in the Cite-du-moulin and St. Laurant sectors, returning with several prisoners. The raiders on a large part of the front attacked passed over the enemy first line and support trenches which were found lightly held and in bad condition. A number of the enemy's subterranean shelters were demolished, but nothing is known as to the fate of their occupants. Our men returned to their own trenches with manifest reluctance. Some of them said there would have been no difficulty in pushing forward into the streets of Lens. The troops engaged were from Ontario. Their casualties were slight. At some points the trenches were found to have been abandoned out of all resemblance to defensive positions. Many dugouts were also seen that had been blown in by our heavy guns. Our exploring party had land mines exploded in front of them near a crater which was the scene of lively fighting earlier in the week. Undisturbed by these explosions they pushed on and encountered an enemy patrol of thirteen men, who took shelter in a dugout. Only two answered the call to surrender and the remainder were killed in the destruction of the dugout.