

YEAR.	DEPOSITS.	
1856	\$8,600,000,	say £1,720,000
1860	15,900,000	" 3,180,000
1870	50,700,000	" 10,140,000
1880	84,800,000	" 16,960,000
1890	136,200,000	" 27,240,000

The total deposits in chartered banks, post office and government savings banks, Montreal and Quebec savings bank, and the real estate loan companies, was at 30th June, 1887, \$183,756,329 (say £36,751,266), and is now over \$200,000,000 (say £40,000,000). The currency of Canada was declared by 34 Vict. c. iv. to be dollars, cents, and mills, similar to that

of the United States. By same Act the British sovereign is declared legal tender at \$4.86 $\frac{2}{3}$. The gold coins of the United States of \$5 and upwards are a legal tender. Copper and silver money is coined, but no gold.

[*Transactions Literary and Historical Society, Quebec, Stevenson (1874-75, 1876-7;)*.
 —Statutes, orders-in-council, and gazettes of provinces before Confederation. —*Dominion of Canada Gazette*, and Acts respecting Banks and Banking, Insolvent Banks, The Currency, Dominion Notes, Savings Banks in Province of Quebec, and Post Office Savings Banks. —*Statistical Record, Canada.*—*Banks, Bankers, and Banking in Canada*, Garland (1890.)]