organization of American states, the Passamaquoddy power project and the Canadian decision to declare a 12 mile exclusive fishing zone. The first committee met under the co-chairmanship of Representative Gallagher and Speaker Macnaughton; the second committee was co-chaired by Senator Aiken and Speaker Bourget. The membership of the committees is shown in Appendix "A" to this report.

At the conclusion of the business sessions which are summarized in the committee reports appearing as Appendix "B" to this report, the Canadian delegates proceeded to the floor of the United States Senate where they were welcomed by Senator Aiken, Senator Mansfield, Senator Holland and Senator Young. An extract from the Congressional Record of January 15, which is printed as Appendix "C" to this report, contains the statements of welcome. Following a luncheon at which the Canadian delegates were guests of Senator Aiken, a press conference was held by the four co-chairmen.

Late in the afternoon of Wednesday, January 15, the members of both delegations and their wives had the great honour of being received personally by the President and Mrs. Johnson at the White House. That evening the Canadian delegates and their wives were the guests at a reception and dinner given by the United States delegation and addressed by Secretary of State Dean Rusk.

On Thursday morning the members of both delegations and their wives paid a solemn visit to Arlington national cemetery where Speaker Bourget laid a wreath at the tomb of the unknown soldier. The United States co-chairmen paid a similar tribute at the site of the Canadian Cross. Speaker Macnaughton laid a wreath at the grave of the late President John F. Kennedy as a mark of respect from the people of Canada.

Thursday afternoon the group left Washington by air for historic St. Augustine, the oldest city in the United States. Here the program included a reception and dinner offered by the United States delegation and attended by the mayor, members of the chamber of commerce and ranking city officials.

Friday the party proceeded by bus to Cape Kennedy where the following day, an extensive tour was made of the installations of the national aeronautics and space administration (NASA) and the U.S. air force. This included detailed explanations by the responsible scientists of the various space

programs such as Ranger, Titan, Gemini and Saturn, and on the spot inspections of the several launching sites, affording the Canadian delegation an insight into the complexity and magnitude of the United States space program.

Both delegations returned by air to their respective capitals on Sunday, January 19.

It was the consensus of those members of the United States and Canadian delegations who had attended previous meetings of the Canada-United States interparliamentary group that the seventh meeting was among the most successful to date. From the Canadian standpoint, this was due, in very large measure, to the care that went into the selection of delegates and the preparations for the meeting and to the responsible attitude of all delegates. It was gratifying to us, that, without exception, the Canadian delegates attended all meetings and other functions and participated to the very fullest extent in the discussions.

We would not wish to conclude this report without mentioning the important contribution made to the success of the meeting by the wives who accompanied most delegates. As it was well said on another occasion, their presence more than doubled the effectiveness of the exchange in the promotion of good will and understanding.

We should like to record our appreciation to President and Mrs. Johnson for their graciousness in receiving the delegation. We should also like to express our thanks to the co-chairmen, Senator Aiken and Congressman Gallagher, and to the members of the United States delegation for the warmth of our reception and to congratulate those responsible on the excellence of all arrangements. We should also like to thank the R.C.A.F., the Department of Transport and the United States air force for taking care of all transportation arrangements. Finally, we wish to acknowledge the excellent staff work on the part of officials of various departments of the Canadian government who assisted us so greatly with the organization of the meetings and in our preparations for the discussions.

Dated at Ottawa, March 6, 1964.

Maurice Bourget, Alan A. Macnaughton,
Speaker of the House
Senate. Speaker of the House
of Commons.

Joint Chairmen