

In the beginning the university had a medical school and two colleges; in 1912 they united to form the College of Arts and Science. A law school on a Shanghai campus was added in 1915, inaugurating the study of comparative law in China. Soochow granted the first two M.S. degrees in chemistry in China in 1917.

In 1949, the communist occupation of the mainland temporarily suspended university operations.

In 1951, the Soochow Alumni Association in Taiwan began the process of reactivating the university by founding Soochow Preparatory School in downtown Taipei. This was recognized by the Ministry of Education as "Soochow University Law College" in 1954 and moved to Waishuanghsi, Shihlin, in 1958. Soochow finally regained university status in December 1969.

Today, the university has five colleges with twenty departments, six graduate programs, and a division of Extension Education. The Colleges of Arts, Science, and Foreign Languages & Literature are located in Waishuanghsi, on the main campus. The colleges of Law, Business, Extension Education, and the Evening Division are all on the downtown campus. Student enrollment in the 1986 academic year was 11,256.

The educational goal of Soochow University is to shape complete individuals to serve society. Like all universities, Soochow has its own specialties. The Department of Music has a well-equipped music hall and the faculty are leading musicians in Taiwan. The Department of Microbiology is the first undergraduate department in Taiwan in this field, and a graduate program is in the planning stage. The Japanese Department of the School of Foreign Languages has pioneered new techniques in the study of Japanese; German is also strong. The Law School is famous for both Anglo-American and Chinese law; its law library probably has the best collection of US legal texts in East Asia. Soochow accounting majors are eagerly sought by large corporations in Taiwan. In these and other ways, Soochow University provides important manpower for the modernization and development of Taiwan.

Tunghai University

Tunghai University, situated in Taichung in central Taiwan, was established in 1955 as the first private university in the island province. It is supported by the United Board for Christian Higher Education in Asia, an affiliate of the World Council of Churches.

The university has six colleges (arts, science, engineering, management, law, and agriculture) with twenty-eight undergraduate departments, ten



The Tunghai University campus is known for its scenic beauty.

graduate institutes offering master's degrees, and two doctoral programs (in sociology and philosophy). There are 7,545 daytime students and 2,942 in the evening division.

Tunghai's current five-year plan calls for the establishment of several new departments and graduate institutes. Construction was recently completed on the new University Library, Management Training Center, Student Union, and a large auditorium with four thousand seats.

Tunghai is a Chinese university with an international flavor. Each year about a hundred overseas Chinese students come from several other Asian countries for their university education, and a number of foreign students come for one year or more of intensive Chinese studies under a University of Massachusetts program. A few Western faculty members serve on a long-term basis, and each year several other foreign professors come on short-term appointments. About thirty younger native speakers of English spend two to three years at Tunghai teaching in the required freshman English program. French, German, Spanish, and Japanese courses are also offered by foreign teachers.

Tamkang University

Tamkang University, which was founded as Tamkang Junior College of English in 1950, was the first private institution of higher learning on Taiwan. It is situated in Tamsui, a suburb of Taipei. In 1958, Tamkang Junior College of English changed its name to Tamkang College of Arts and Sciences. In 1980, the Ministry of Education raised it to university status.

The university has five colleges (liberal arts, science, engineering, business, and management), an evening section, and a school of graduate studies. It also has fifty departments and fifteen

graduate institutes. Total student enrollment stood at 18,412 in the 1986 academic year.

Fu-jen Catholic University

Fu-jen Catholic University, which is situated in the Taipei suburb of Hsinchuang, was first founded in Peking in 1925. The original university was founded largely with the assistance of the Benedictine Fathers from St. Vincent's Archabbey of Latrobe, Pennsylvania. A large amount of financial assistance came from the Vatican and Catholic organizations in the United States and West Germany.

At present, Fu-jen has a day and an evening division. The day division consists of seventeen graduate institutes, one of which offers a Ph.D. program in philosophy and has 369 students. It has six colleges, thirty-seven departments, and 177 classes, with a total enrollment of 10,426. The evening division consists of thirteen departments and eighty-five classes with a total of 4,646 students. The total enrollment of the university is currently 15,072, including 735 overseas Chinese. As of the present, 26,649 have been graduated from the day division and 7,919 from the evening division.

The university is well known for the quality of its education. It fosters the faculty's intellectual vitality by a well-balanced division of labor between research and teaching, and between graduate and undergraduate teaching. At present, the faculty consists of 223 professors, 260 associate professors, 531 instructors, and 154 specialists in various fields, with the majority enjoying fulltime status.

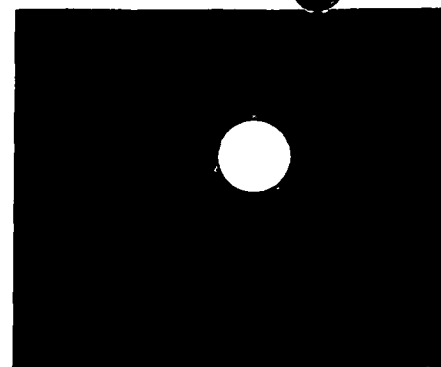
Chinese Culture University

Chinese Culture University, located on Yangmingshan, was founded in 1962 as the College of Chinese Culture. The name "Chinese Culture" was suggested by the late President Chiang Kai-shek. The graduate school was established first, with the day and evening divisions of the undergraduate school being added the following year.

Chinese Culture University has a total of fifty-eight departments. There are eight graduate institutes offering doctoral degrees and thirty-one offering master's degrees. The undergraduate school is divided into nine colleges. Total enrollment in 1986 was 18,659 students.

Feng-chia University

Feng-chia University, located in the central part of Taiwan, was founded on July 5, 1961, to



Sunset at Chinese Culture University, which has the highest elevation among Taiwan's universities and colleges.

commemorate the anti-Japanese hero Ch'iu Feng-chia.

When it first received accreditation from the Ministry of Education, it had only four departments: civil engineering, hydraulic engineering, business administration, and accounting.

The university now includes four colleges: engineering, business, science, and management. In addition, it has a graduate school with eight institutes, twenty-six departments, an evening school, and nine special classes for overseas Chinese students.

In the 1986 academic year, the university had an enrollment of 16,267 students, with 1,448 faculty members, 207 staff members, and more than 40 thousand alumni.

Its Engineering and Business Colleges in particular have made significant contributions to the national construction of the Republic of China.

Chung Yüan Christian University

Chung Yüan Christian University, located in Pujen Kang in Chungli, was founded on October 15, 1955.

The university was set up by a group of Christian educators whose goal was to train young men and women to be able scientists and engineers, and also to teach them about Christianity. When the university opened, it had only 220 students and four departments. It had 9,639 students in the 1986 academic year.

Chung Yüan Christian University has a College of Engineering, a College of Business, and a College of Science. There are nineteen departments and ten graduate institutes. The Evening School was established in 1965 and currently has six departments.