THE GREAT MUNICIPAL ADDRESS TO LORD DUFFERIN.

The delegation of municipal representatives of Ontario, appointed to present Lord Dufferin the joint address of the Ontario municipalities, arrived at Quebec on the 5th. Amongst them were Alex. Robertson, Mayor of Belleville, and Charles Francis, Esq., Reeve of Trenton. Mayor Daly, of Stratford, was elected Chairman, and Mr. Biscoe, Guelph, Secretary. Seventy-four Mayors, Wardens, Reeves and Councillors had signed the address, which had been beautifully illuminated. It was presented in the afternoon on the terrace in rear of the Governor's quarters in the citadel, under brilliant auspices both as to weather and attendance. The band of "B" Battery was stationed on the parade ground in front of the building and played some fine music at intervals.

Mayor Daly, of Stratford, introduced the deputation, the members of which were severally presented to his Excellency.

The title-page of the address was framed and beautifully illuminated. The text was supported on each side by scroll work, capped by the arms of the Governor-General. At the head of the engraving was the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa and a copy of the royal arms. At the foot a beaver and maple leaves formed the centre, and supported to the right by a view of Niagara Falls and Goat Island lighthouse, and to the left a view of Lachine Rapids. The title page reads thus:---

1872.

JOINT ADDRESS

OF THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS OF ONTARIO TO THE

RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF DUFFERIN Upon his departure from Canada, 1878.

To His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir Frederick Temple, Earl of Dufferin, Vis-count and Baron Clandeboye of Clandeboye, in the County Down, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom, Baron Dufferin and Clandeboye, of Ballyleidy and Killeleagh, in the County Down, in the Peerage of Ireland, and a Baronet-Knight of the most Illustrious Order of Saint Michael and Saint George and Knight Commander of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor-General of Canada and Vice-Admiral of the same,

The address itself was engrossed on separate leaves suitable for binding, and was handsomely got up. It read as follows :-

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY :

We, the delegates from the various municipal Corporations of Ontario, loyal subjects of Her Majesty, charged with the agreeable duty of conveying to your Excellency and the Countess of Dufferin a parting memorial of the affection in which you are held by the people of Ontario, crave audience of your Excellency.

Permit us to assure you that our mission is a sad, but also a pleasing one; sad, inasmuch as we are mindful that the ties which have linked you in affectionate union with us for the past six ears are about to be severed; and pleasing, in that we have the opportunity ere you leave of placing in your hands the evidence that those whom we represent are actuated by the feelings of the most respectful gratitude towards the Viceroy whose rule has been signalized by so many examples of enlightened statesmanship and executive ability. To indulge in expressions of fulsome adulation, or address you in terms capable of height controlled. ble of being construed as meaningless flattery would be but a doubtful compliment to your superior intelligence. We desire rather, in the simple but eloquent language of the heart, to tender your Excellency, on behalf of the people of Ontario, their unqualified approval of your career as Governor-General of Canada, accompanied with the warment records. nied with the warmest personal regard for your Excellency and the amiable Countess of Dufferin

While admiring the tact, firmness, and efficiency displayed in the discharge of your important State duties, we have not failed also to appreciate the lively interest you have taken in whatever was calculated to promote the prosperity of the several Provinces or aid in the material and intellectual improvement of the people. It has been your study to become thoroughly acquainted with the character and the resources of the country, and the requirements of all classes therein, and kindness of heart which you have d in visiting the habitations of even in the most remote territories, has won for you golden opinions.

Our scientific and educational institutions. encouraged by your generous bounty, have acquired fresh vigor from the impetus which a liberal appreciation of their merit is always sure to impart, and we cannot but advert to the fact that innocent amusement, so essential to the preservation of "a sound mind in a sound body," has received your Excellency's endorsation.

We feel convinced that many real blessings to our country will be the outgrowth of your zeal

Be pleased to bear with you our sentiments of profound attachment to the Throne and person of Her Majesty the Queen, and our best wishes for the continued health and happiness of yourself and your distinguished consort.

Although about to be deprived of the advantage of your great mind in future guidance of Canada's

Excellency our Dominion will have a friend and powerful advocate, and Britain a statesman worthy of her incomparable renown.

With feelings of unfeigned regret we bid your Excellencies farewell.

(Signed)

R. Lewis, Mayor, city of London. R. Lewis, Mayor, city of London.
Alex. Robertson, Mayor, city of Belleville.
Robert Henry, Mayor, city of Brantford.
T. M. Daly, Mayor, of Stratford.
John Crotty, Mayor, of Bothwell.
A. Trerice, Warden of county of Kent.
Jno. Rae, Warden of county of Wellington.
Arthur Boyle, Warden of Haldimand.

Wm. Gray, Mayor of Chatham. Wm. Mack, Warden of the united counties of tormont, Dundas and Glengarry.

T. H. Parker, Mayor of Woodstock J. W. Scott, Mayor of Listowel.

David Dunn, Warden of county of Simcoe R. T. Banting, County Clerk of Simcoe. C. J. Mattice, Mayor of Cornwall.

John G. Haggerman, Warden of Northum erland and Durham. Warden of the united Joshua Legg, Jr., Warden counties of Leeds and Greenville.

C. Livingstone, for Dresden. W. Chadwick, Mayor of Ingersoll. Paul Ross, Mayor of Walkerton. W. R. Aylsworth, Warden of Hastings. Geo. Howard, Mayor of Guelph.
J. P. McMillan, of the Guelph Town Coun-

cil. C. Francis, Reeve of Trenton. W. R. Webster, Reeve of Front Leeds and Lans lowne.

W. D. MacNaughton, Warden of the county of Lambton. Robert Rae, ex-Warden of Lambton.

Robert Campbell, Reeve of Watford. W. Ireland, ex-Warden of Lambton. W. Peers, ex-Warden of Oxford and Reeve of East Oxford.

G. H. Coole, ex-Warden of Oxford and Reeve of West Oxford. Thomas Brown, ex-Warden of Oxford and

Reeve of Ingersoll. F. Cody, Deputy Reeve of West Oxford. Seneca Pitcher, Reeve of Norwich. D. W. Millar, Councillor of Norwich. W. Nasmith, Concillor of Woodstock. T. R. Dupuis, Alderman of Kingston.

R. J. Carson, Alderman of Kingston. W. K. Scott, Alderman of Kingston. E. C. Palmer, Councillor of Norwich. John N. Tuttle, Reeve of Iroquois.
F. S. Stevens, Clerk of County of Haldimand.
Christopher Edmundson, Warden of Brant.
C. R. Heyd, Alderman of Brantford.

R. Scott, Deputy, Reeve of Galt.
J. Tamblyn, Deputy-Reeve of Clark.
H. Golding, Councillor of North Oxford. Kilmer, Councillor of Walkerton. Whitehead, Councillor of Walkerton.

Hunter, Councillor of Walkerton. D. Moore, Councillor of Walkerton. J. Barclay, Councillor of Oakville. Dennis Coffee, Councillor of Guelph Andrew W. Robb, Deputy-Reeve of Stratford G. Stephenson, Reeve of Scarboro' George Morgan, Councillor of Scarboro'. W. Rosebury, Councillor of Bothwell. Tredway, Deputy-Reeve of Scarboro'. Jacob Currier, Clerk of Sandwich West. Fred. Biscoe, Councillor of Guelph.

W. W. White, Town Clerk and Treasurer o irthur. Fred. O. Proctor, Clerk of Drayton. George Taylor, Reeve of Gananoque; Chas E. Britten, Deputy-Reeve of Gananoque J. A. Ramsden, Deputy-Reeve of Humber

Colquhoun, Councillor of Waterloo.

W. Buckner, Warden of Welland. Francis Roe, Reeve of Oshawa. Alex. McKellar, Warden of Middlesex. H. Grant, Inspector of Public Schools, Strat-ord; A. G. Mackay, Councillor of Stratford. John Landerkin, Reeve of Drayton. Hugo Kranz, Mayor of Berlin,

The address was read by Mr. J. P. McMillan, of Guelph.

His Excellency in his reply spoke as follows, and was frequently and heartily applauded:

GENTLEMEN :- I hardly know in what terms I am to reply to the address I have just listened to. So signal is the honour which you have conferred upon me that a whole Province, as large, as important, as flourishing as many a European kingdom, should erect into an embassy the and rural municipalities, and despatch them on a journey of several hundred miles to convey to a humble individual like myself an expression of the personal good-will of the constituencies they represent, is a circumstance unparalleled in the history of Canada or of any other country. (Loud applause.) To stand as I now do in the presence of so many distinguished persons, who nust have put themselves to so great personal inconvenience on my account, adds to my confusion. And yet, gentlemen, I cannot pretend not to be delighted with such a genuine demon stration of regard on the part of the large-hearted inhabitants of the great Province in whose name you have addressed me. (Loud applause.) For quite apart from the personal gratification I ex-perience, you are teaching all future administrators of your affairs a lesson which you may be sure they will gladly lay to heart, since it will show them with how rich a reward you are ready destiny, yet we shall always feel that in your to repay whatever slight exertions it may be

within their power to make on your behalf. (Applause.) And when, in the history of your Dominion, could such a proof of your generosity be more opportunely shown? A few weeks ago the heart of every man and woman in Canada was profoundly moved by the intelligence, not only that the Government of Great Britain was about to send out as England's representative to this country one of the most promising amongst the younger generation of our public men, but that the Queen herself was about to entrust to the keeping of the people of Canada one of her own daughters. (Great applause.) If you de-sired any illustration of the respect, the affection, the confidence with which you are regarded by your fellow-subjects and by your Sovereign at home, what greater proof could you require than this, or what more gratifying, more delicate, more touching recognition could have rewarded your never-failing love and devotion for the Mother Country and its ruler? (Cheers.) But, though the Parliament and the citizens of Canada may well be proud of the confidence thus reposed in them, believe me when I tell you that, quite apart from these especial considerations, you well be congratulated on the happy choice which has been made in the person of Lord Lorne for the future Governor-General of Canada. It has been my good fortune to be connected all my life long with his family, by ties of the closest personal friendship. Himself I have known, I may say from his boyhood, and a more conscien tious, high-minded or better qualified Viceroy could not have been selected. (Great applause.) Brought up under exceptionally fortunate con ditions it is needless to say he has profited to the utmost by the advantages placed within his reach, many of which will have fitted him in an especial degree for his present post. His public school and college education, his experience in the House of Commons, his large personal acquaintance with the respresentatives of all that is most distinguished in the intellectual world of the United States, his literary and artistic taste, his foreign travel will all combine to render him intelligently sympathetic with every phase and aspect of your national life. Above all, he comes of a good Whig stock, that is to say, of a family whose prominence in history is founded upon the sacrifices they have made in the cause of constitutional liberty When a couple of a man's ancestors have perished on the scaffold as martyrs to the cause of political and religious freedom, you may be sure there is little likelihood of their descendants seeking to encroach, when acting as the representatives of the Crown, upon the privileges of Parliament or the independence of the people (Loud cheers.) As for your future Princess, it would not become me to enlarge upon her merits. would not become me to entarge upon ner merios. She will soon be amongst you, taking all hearts by storm by the grace, the suavity, the sweet simplicity of her manners, life, and conversation. (Tremendous applause.) Gentemen, if ever there was a lady who in her earliest youth had formed a high ideal of what a noble life should be; if ever there was a human being who tried to make the most of the opportunities within her reach, and to create for herself, in spite of every possible trammel and impediment, a useful career and occasions of benefitting her fellow creatures, it is the Princess Louise, whose unpretending exertions in a hundred different directions, to be of service to her country and generation, have already won for her an extraordinary amount of popularity at home. (Applause.) When to this add an artistic genius of the highest order and innumerable other personal gifts and accomplishments, all combined with manners and an address so gentle, so unpretending as to put every one who comes within reach of her influence at perfect ease, you cannot fail to understand that England is not merely sending you a Royal Princess of majestic lineage, but a good and noble woman in whom the humblest settler and mechanic in Canada will find an intelligent and sympathetic (Cheers.) So that, gentlemen, I know which pleases me most—the thought that the superintendence of your destinies is to be confided to persons so worthy of the trust, or that so dear a friend of mine as Lord Lorne, and a personage for whom I entertain so much respectful admiration as I do for the Princess Louise should commence their future labors in the midst of a community so indulgent, so friendly, so ready to take the will for the deed, so generous in their recogn tion of any efforts to serve them, as you have proved yourselves. And yet, alas, gentle-men, pleasant and agreeable as is the prospect for you and them, we must acknowledge there is one drawback to the picture. Lord Lorne has, as I have said, a multitude of merits. But even spots will be discovered on the sun, and unforirreparable, and, as I may call it, congenital defect, attaches to this appointment Lord Lorne is not an Irishman. (Laughter.) It is not his fault. He did the best he could for himself. (Renewed laughter.) He came as near the right thing as possible by being born a Celtic Highlander. (Continued laughter.) There is no doubt, about it, the world is best administered by Irishmen. (Hear, hear.) Things never went better with us, either at home or abroad, than when Lord Palmerston ruled Great Britain— (cheers)—Lord Mayo governed India (cheers. Lord Monck directed the destinies of Canada cheers) and the Robinsons, the Kennedys, the Laffans, the Callaghans, the Gores, the Hennessys administered the affairs of our Australian Colonies and West Indian possessions. (Loud applause.) Have not even the French at last made the same discovery in the person of Mac-Mahon? (Laughter and applause.) But still we must be generous, and it is right that Scotchmen should have a turn. (Laughter.) After all Manufacturing Company, Hamilton, Ont.

Scotland only got her name because she was conquered by the Irish (great laughter), and if the real truth were known it is probable the house of Inverary owes most of its glory to an Irish original. (Applause.) Nay, I will go a step farther. I would even let the poor Englishman take an occasional turn at the helm (great laughter), if for no better reason, to make him aware how much better we manage the business. (Renewed laughter.) But you have not come to that yet, and though you have been a little spoiled by having been given three Irish Governors General in succession, I am sure you will find your new viceroy's personal and acquired qualifications will more than counterbalance his ethnological disadvantages. And now, gentlemen, I must bid you farewell. Never shall I forget the welcome you extended to me in every town, village and hamlet of Ontario. first came amongst you it was in going through your beautiful Province that I first learnt to appreciate and understand the nature and character of your destinies. (Applause.) It was there I first learnt to believe in Canada, and from that day to this my faith has never wavered. Nay, the further I extended my travels through the other Provinces, the more deeply my initial impressions were confirmed. But it was amongst your smiling happy hamlets my brightest reminiscences are intertwined. (Great applause.) And what transaction could better illustrate the mighty changes your energies have wrought than the one in which we are at this moment engaged? Standing as we do upon this lofty platform, surrounded by antique and historical fortifications so closely connected with the infant fortunes of the colony, one can't help contrasting the present with others of an analogous character, which have been frequently enacted upon this very spot. Often and often have the early Governors of Canada received in Quebec deputies from the very districts from which each of you have come. But in those days the sites now accupied by your prosperous towns, the fields you till, the rose-clad towers and trim lawns where your children sport in peace, were then dense wildernesses of primeval forest. Those who came from thence on any errand here were merciless savages seeking the presence of the Viceroy either to threaten war and vengeance, or at best o proffer a treacherous and uncertain peace. How little could Montmagny, or Tracy, or Vaudreuil, or Frontenac, have ever imagined on such occasions that for the lank, dusky forms of the Iroquois or Ottawa emissaries, would one day be substituted the beaming countenances and burly proportions of English-speaking Mayors, Aldermen and Reeves. (Applause.) And now, gentlemen, again good-bye. I cannot tell you how deeply I regret that Lady Dufferin should not be present to share the gratification I have experienced by y ur presence. (Great applause.) Tell your friends at home how deeply I have been moved by this last and signal proof of their good will; that their kindness shall never be forgot-ten, and that as long as I live it will be one of the chief ambitions of my life to render them faithful and effectual service. (Tremendous The group was then photographed on the ter-

ace from which the finest views in the district of Quebec is obtained. Lord Dufferin invited the delegates immediately afterwards to partake of light refreshment in his dining-room, and then escorted them to the steamboat City, and entertained them with a trip down the river to Montmorency Falls and back, returning to town at 7 p. m. The delegates were accompanied by the three pipers brought with them from Ontario.

DOMESTIC.

To KEEP TOMATOES.—Tomatoes picked when just ripe and with a portion of the stems retained, and at once covered with a brine composed of a tea cup of sail dissolved in a gallon of water, can be kept nearly all the year without noticeable loss of freshness of taste.

LUNCHEON APPLES .- Peel the apples, leaving an inch of the stalks. Put them in a saucepan, cover them with cold water, and let them simmer gently till they are tender throughout. Take them up before they are broken, put them on a dish, sprinkle powdered sugar thickly upon them, and serve hot or cold. Cream or milk may be eaten with them.

To Make Apple-Snow .- Take one dozen To Make APPLE-Snow.—Take one dozen apples, boil them over a slow fire until they are soft, then remove the skins and cores; beat the apples well with a wooden spoon until they become frothy; strain through a sieve; then beat the white of twelve eggs until you can turn the dish upside down and not spill out: add balf a pound sifted refined sugar: mix it with the apples, then beat all together until it looks like snow; place it on a cake dish, build it up as high as possible, place a sponge-cake or lady fingers around the sides like "charlotte russe."

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure for consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French, or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N.Y.

HAMILTON TIE MANUFACTURING CO .- BOW