known, to the first monographer of Embia, the Veteran Entomologist—Indefatigatus, Doctissimus!

The rudimentary venation separates this species from all known, by the want of the lower branch of the sector.

Prof. Westwood in his monograph, l. c., p. 374, mentions two apparently distinct species in gum copal, probably from the eastern coast of Africa, in the collection of Dr. Strong, of Brook Green—"one which from its size may probably be the *Embia Savignyi*; seemed to possess 14-jointed antennæ." The size of *E. Savignyi* is so much larger that this copal species can not be *O. Westwoodi*.

The other species was of still larger size, with slightly stained wings and 24 joints in the antennæ. Both are unknown to me.

The published copal insects contain no Embia. A careful examination of the large collection of copal insects here did not give any more Embia.

7. Oligotoma nigra, n. sp.

Embia nigra Hagen, Synop. Psoc. et Embid., l. c., p. 221-222 (no description).

Male, dry: Length of body 8 mill.; exp. of wings 13-15 mill. Head dark fuscous, a little shining, sparingly covered with small pale hairs; head a little longer than broad; the part behind the eyes narrower, rounded, nearly orbicular; above slightly convex; eyes large, black; epistom quadrangular; labrum large, fuscous in middle, rounded; antennæ longer than head and prothorax, 13 joints present, fuscous, very hairy, hairs long, brown; 1st joint cylindrical, a little thicker than the others, once longer than broad; 2nd cylindrical, short, as long as broad; 3rd as long as 1st, larger on tip; 4th to 6th short, very little longer than broad, thicker on tip, 5th and 6th longer and thicker than 4th; 7th to 9th about alike, similar to the preceding ones, but longer; 10th to 13th longer, about four times longer than broad, more cylindrical; rest wanting. specimen has also 13 joints, but here the 10th to 13th are not so elongated; perhaps the difference is caused by the preparation. Mandibles strong, brown, with three black sharp teeth on tip; the right mandible has the inner teeth shorter; max. palpi 5-jointed, the two apical ones longer, the last one ovoid; lab. palpi 3-jointed, fuscous, the apical longer, ovoid; labium pale, rounded, bifid; head below brown, mentum blackish. thorax brown, much narrower and shorter than the head, a little longer than broad, and dilated to the wings; sides oblique; a transversal sulcus