## CHRISTIAN BANNER.

"If any man speak, let him speak as the oracles of God." This is love, that we walk after his commandments."

VOL. VIII.

COBOURG, JULY, 1854.

NO.7

From the Christian Baptist.

## CHRISTIAN NOT PARTY UNION.

I have no idea of seeing, nor one wish to see, the sects unite in one grand army. This would be dangerous to our liberties and laws. For this the Saviour did not pray. It is only the disciples of Christ dispersed among them, that reason and benevolence would call out of them. Let them unite who love the Lord, and then we shall soon see the hireling priesthood and their worldly establishments prostrate

in the dust.

But creeds of human contrivance keep up these establishments; nay, they are declared by some sects to be their very constitution. These create, and joster, and mature that state of things which operates against the letter and spirit of the Saviour's prayer. ples cannot be united while these are recognized; and while these are not one, the world cannot be converted. So far from being the bond of union, or the means of uniting the saints, they are the bones of controversy, the seeds of discord, the cause as well as the effect of division. As reasonably might we expect the articles of confederation that league the "Holy Alliance" to be the constitution of a republic, as that the Westminster or any other creed should become a means of uniting christians. It way for a time hold together a worldly establishment, and be of the same service as an act of incorporation to a Presbyterian congregation, which enables it to make the unwilling willing to pay their strends, but by and by it becomes a scorpion even among themselves.

But the constitution of the kingdom of the Saviour is the New Testament, and his alone is adapted to the existence of his kingdom in the world. To cesto, the ancient order of things this must be recognized as the only coast tational of this kingdom And in receiving citizens they must be reserved into the kingdom, just as they were received by the apatter into it, when they were in the employment of setting it up. And here tet us ask, How did they receive them. Did they propose any articles of religious opinions? Did they impose any inferential principles, or require the acknowledgment of any dogmas Not one. The acknowledgment of the king's supremacy in one proposition expressive of a fact, and not an opinion, and a promise of allegiance expressed in the act of naturalization were every item requisite to all the privileges of citizenship. As this is a fundamental point, we shall be more particular in detail.