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& K&K
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Think Free for Home Treatment.
148 Shelby Street,
Detroit, Mich.
& K&K

Murderer
Days Penalty
victed of Killing of
n Girl Executed
Yesterday.
ending Scaffold He
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a Correspondent.
STMINSTER, July 25.—
Clenamdetdinoot, the In-
onvicted of having partici-
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e island reserve on Sep-
st year, paid the penalty
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ning. Sharp at 8 o'clock
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l man, causing instant
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on the scaffold he con-
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the man who discovered
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ten thousand dollars, and
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dollars.
E CITY BEAUTIFUL.
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rate with the municipal au-
ning up the city.
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e addressed a proclamation
in which he said:
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g is old, torn or faded, get
alk, fence or gate needs re-
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operty, and on your neigh-
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NG IN KOREA.
rt Repulse of Russians
the North.
25.—An official report
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nd Purionq and occupied
orthward."
S IN A NAME?
unders are made in ad-
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me to Queen Victoria ad-
"Queen of Kings, Em-
eat Red Sea." One of
ants used to say: "Come
doon, Queen Victoree."

TIMBER NOTICES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date "The Skeena Development Syndicate Limited" intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a "Special License" to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate in the Coast District of British Columbia:

No. 1. Commencing at a post planted about 18 chains Northwest from the shore of the Kh-Yex River and about three miles from its mouth, thence south 160 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence west 40 chains to place of commencement.

Staked June 13, 1905.

THE SKEENA DEVELOPMENT SYNDICATE LIMITED.
John Stinson, Agent.

No. 2. Commencing at a post planted about 200 feet west of the Kh-Yex River and about 3 miles from its mouth, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to place of commencement.

Staker June 13, 1905.

THE SKEENA DEVELOPMENT SYNDICATE LIMITED.
jy5 John Stinson, Agent.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land, situated near HAZELTON, B. C.: Commencing at a post planted at the Northeast corner of Lot 38, marked "W. J. Larkworthy's Southeast corner post," thence north to the south boundary of the KSOO-GU-YA Indian reserve, No. 2A, thence west forty chains, thence south to the Northwest corner of Lot 68, thence east forty chains, more or less, along the northern boundary of Lot 38, to the point of commencement, and containing FORTY ACRES, more or less.

Dated at Hazelton, B. C., this 22nd day of May, 1905.
je18 W. J. LARKWORTHY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following land near Hazelton, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a post marked E. C. Stephenson's S. W. corner (at the N. W. corner of lot 104), thence East 32 chains, thence North 40 chains, thence West 32 chains, thence South to point of commencement, and containing 128 acres, more or less.

E. C. STEPHENSON.
June 6, 1905. je18

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sixty days from date hereof, I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at the N. W. corner of Lot 188, Range IV, Coast District, thence West 40 chains, thence South 40 chains, thence East 40 chains, to the Southwest corner of Lot 188, containing 150 acres more or less.

Dated at Victoria, June 13, 1905.
je14 E. MCCOSKRIE.

NOTICE is hereby given that two months from date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase the following described land, situate on the east bank of the Eestall River, about 15 miles from the town of Port Essington, in the Coast District, Province of British Columbia, to wit:

Commencing at a post marked Southwest Corner, thence running north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains to place of beginning, containing 160 acres, more or less.

J. L. PIERCE, Locator.
May 18, 1905. je2

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated on the right bank of the Fraser River in Cariboo District, British Columbia, two miles above Bridge Creek: Starting from this post marked "J. L. T., S.E.," and thence astronomical north forty (40) chains, thence astronomical west eighty (80) chains, thence astronomical south about one hundred and twenty (120) chains to right bank of Fraser River, and thence following said bank northeasterly to point of commencement, and containing about 640 acres.

J. L. TILTON.
By His Agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Dated May 21, 1905. je13

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

In the matter of an application for a Duplicate Certificate of Title to Sub-Division 4 of Lot 1, Block 16, of part of Section 17, Range VI., Quamichan District (Map 209).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof to issue a Duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above lands issued to James Sumner on the 6th July, 1896, No. 2158c.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., 24th July, 1905. jy15

B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS.
141 Yates Street, Victoria.
Ladies' and Gents' garments and household furnishings cleaned, dyed or pressed equal to new.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that within sixty days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase six hundred and forty (640) acres of land, more or less, situate on Salt Lake, No. 1, on mainland opposite Kalen Island. The initial stake is on the east shore of Salt Lake, No. 1, and running thence from said stake marked S. W. Corner forty (40) chains north; thence eighty (80) chains east; thence forty (40) chains north; thence eighty (80) chains east; thence forty (40) chains south to shore of lake; thence following said shore to place of beginning; located in Range Five (5), Coast District, British Columbia.

May 27th, 1905.
C. D. POWER, Locator,
je9 By J. L. Peirce.

Sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situated in Coast District, Range V.: Commencing at a point near the Southern boundary of the Tsimpsean Government Reserve, on the shore of Salt Lake, East of Kal-en Island; thence East 20 chains, thence South 80 chains, thence West 20 chains, thence Northerly along the shore 80 chains to point of commencement, and containing 160 acres more or less.

THOMAS BUDGE.
May 20, 1905.

Sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated in Coast District, Range V.: Commencing at a point on the East side of the South arm of Salt Lake, East of Kal-en Island. Running from this point East 80 chains, thence South 80 chains, thence West 80 chains near to a post marked G. T. Kane's S. E. Post, thence Northerly along the shore line 80 chains to the point of commencement, and containing 640 acres more or less.

A. G. HOWARD POTTS.
May 19, 1905.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty (30) days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for twenty-one (21) years for grazing purposes, all that parcel of land situated in the Coast District, British Columbia, and about sixteen (16) miles northerly from the east end of Stuart Lake, and more particularly described as follows: Starting from this post marked "J. L. P. S. E.," and thence astronomically north eighty (80) chains, thence astronomically west eighty (80) chains, thence astronomically south eighty (80) chains, thence astronomically east eighty (80) chains, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Dated the 17th day of June, 1905.
J. L. PIERCE,
By His Agent,
J. H. GRAY.
jy4

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty (30) days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for twenty-one (21) years for grazing purposes, all that parcel of land situated in the Coast District, British Columbia, and about sixteen (16) miles northerly from the east end of Stuart Lake, and more particularly described as follows: Starting from this post marked "D. M. H., S. W.," and thence astronomically north forty (40) chains, thence astronomically east one hundred and twenty (120) chains, thence astronomically south forty (40) chains, and thence astronomically west one hundred and twenty (120) chains, to the point of commencement, containing four hundred and eighty (480) acres.

Dated the 17th day of June, 1905.
D. M. HYMAN,
By His Agent,
J. H. GRAY.
jy4

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated on the right bank of the Fraser River in Cariboo District, British Columbia, four miles above Bridge Creek, to wit: Starting from this post marked "M. H., E. Corner," and thence astronomical west for one hundred and sixty (160) chains, thence south astronomical about eighty (80) chains to right bank of Fraser River, and thence following said bank northeasterly to point of commencement, and containing about one hundred (100) acres.

MARK HYMAN,
By his Agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Dated May 21, 1905. je13

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated on the forks of Bridge and Beans Creeks, in Cariboo District, British Columbia, viz.: Starting from this post marked "P. L., C. P." (meaning P. L's centre post), the four corners located as follows: N. E. corner, 5,657 chains astronomical, N. W. the N. W. corner, 5,657 chains astronomical N. W.; the S. W. corner, 5,657 chains astronomical S. W.; and the S. E. corner, 5,657 chains astronomical S. E., and containing 640 acres.

PETER LARSON,
By his Agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Dated May 19, 1905. je13

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that within sixty (60) days from date I intend to apply to the Commissioner of Lands and Works for a permit to purchase six hundred and forty (640) acres of ground, more or less, situate in the Coast District, Range Five (5), British Columbia, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a stake planted and marked N. W. Corner: thence running eighty (80) chains east; thence eighty (80) chains south; thence west eighty (80) chains, and north of Lot five hundred and two (502); thence north eighty (80) chains along Lot four hundred and forty-six (446) to place of commencement—the north line follows the south line of Lot four hundred and forty-nine (449) and lot four hundred and fifty (450)—the land lies east of Kalen Island and on east side of Salt Lake No. 2.

May 27th, 1905.
A. B. SIMON, Locator.
je9 By J. L. Peirce, Agent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that within sixty (60) days from date I intend to apply to the Commissioner of Lands and Works for a permit to purchase six hundred and forty (640) acres of land, more or less, situate in the Coast District, Range Five (5), British Columbia; commencing at a stake on the southeast shore of Salt Lake No. 1, thence running forty (40) chains north; thence one hundred and sixty (160) chains west; thence forty (40) chains to shore line; thence following said shore line to point of commencement, adjoining C. D. Power's location on the mainland—opposite Kalen Island.

May 27th, 1905.
A. L. SMITH, Locator.
je9 J. L. Peirce, Agent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated on the south shore of Fraser Lake, Coast District, British Columbia, viz: Starting from this post marked "A. B. S., N. E.," thence south astronomically one hundred and ten (110) chains, thence west astronomically one hundred and ten (110) chains, more or less, to said shore, and thence following said shore northeasterly to point of commencement.

A. B. SIMON,
By his agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Date, June 5, 1905. je27

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated on the north shore of Fraser Lake, Coast District, British Columbia, viz: Starting from this post marked "D. M. H., S. E.," thence north astronomically eighty (80) chains, thence west astronomically eighty (80) chains, and thence east astronomically eighty (80) chains to point of commencement, and containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

D. M. HYAMS,
By his agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Date, June 5, 1905. je27

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated on the south shore of Fraser Lake, Coast District, British Columbia, viz: Starting from this post marked "J. L. T., N. E.," thence south astronomically eighty (80) chains, thence west astronomically eighty (80) chains, thence north astronomically eighty-five (85) chains, more or less, to the said north shore, and thence easterly along the said shore to point of commencement, and containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

J. L. TILTON,
By his agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Date, June 5, 1905. je27

Collins Fails to Get a Rule Nisi

Justice Martin Refuses Application and Accused Applies to Justice Duff.

Says Will go Before Other Judges if Refused—Evidence Before Judge Lampman.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The application for an order nisi for habeas corpus made by George D. Collins, the fugitive lawyer whose extradition to San Francisco for perjury is sought, was refused by Mr. Justice Martin in chambers yesterday, and the case returned to Judge Lampman sitting in the County court as extradition commissioner. Later the same application was made to Mr. Justice Duff, and is still pending. A decision is expected this morning, and if it is held that Judge Lampman has jurisdiction the case will continue and other witnesses from San Francisco be heard. If the application fails Collins says he will carry it to another judge, and so on, from judge to judge until he succeeds in getting the order or his patience fails him.

His Lordship, Mr. Justice Martin, sat in the room occupied by the Full court when in session. Mr. Helmcken, K.C., for G. D. Collins, who was not present, said he was applying for an order nisi seeking a writ of habeas corpus for the reason of discharging his client, now held in the common jail, from custody on the ground that His Honor, Judge Lampman, had no jurisdiction; secondly, that there was no law in Canada which permitted or required a simple denial in answer to a verification to a pleading to be sworn to, and that perjury was not an offence under the extradition act. Mr. Helmcken read an affidavit by Collins in support of his application, which stated the facts of the arrest and proceedings, and of the objections made before Judge Lampman who had overruled them after they were argued before him at length. The deponent also stated he objected on the ground that Judge Lampman had no jurisdiction and his detention was, consequently, unlawful and unauthorised. Mr. Helmcken went on to say some evidence had been given, and objected that it was not properly authenticated.

Mr. Helmcken pointed out that the extradition commissioner had held with his client to the extent that the Ashburton treaty of 1842 did not include the crime of perjury in the schedule of extraditable offences and the act of 1886 was not applicable, except under section 3 of that act, which stated that its provisions should apply to a new arrangement which came subsequently into force. He contended that legislation must follow a treaty. It cannot foreshadow a treaty, but must be subsequent to it. Canada was not a nation—

Mr. Justice Martin—The Privy Council has decided upon that point that Canada is a dependent federal state, as distinguished from an independent federal state.

Mr. Helmcken said that certain powers are given the government as far as Canada is concerned to carry out an arrangement, but Canada cannot make its own treaties. Canada has exceeded its power in going beyond the treaty. The treaty of 1890 followed the extradition act, and the act therefore could not be said to be legislation upon it. A telegram has been received from the Secretary of State that the law of 1889 had

Never Been Proclaimed

and could not, therefore, affect the accused. The contentions he advanced went to the root of the matter of Judge Lampman's jurisdiction, and the application was justifiable. It is known that a fugitive cannot be surrendered for fifteen days after decision of the extradition commissioner, and it might be argued that the case should proceed and accused take advantage of his statutory rights at the close of the hearing before Judge Lampman. The right of applying for habeas corpus, however, attaches to anyone who believes himself in illegal custody. He would ask His Lordship to grant an order nisi and go into the question.

Mr. Justice Martin—I understand the case was proceeding when broken into by these proceedings.

Mr. Higgins said it was. Under section 142 of the Revised Statutes perjury was mentioned in the act as an extraditable offence. The Ashburton treaty did not apply to perjury, but the Pauncefote-Hay treaty provided for perjury, and section 3 of the extradition act provided for its application to future arrangements hereinafter made, and the Pauncefote-Hay agreement of 1900 made perjury an extraditable offence. Theft was not in the Ashburton treaty, but Gaynor and Greene were charged with theft.

Mr. Higgins read from a judgment of Mr. Justice Hall, in which the judge declined to interfere in an extradition proceeding which was pending, holding such action would have been a breach of faith with a friendly power. It was shown in the Gaynor and Greene case that the extradition commissioner was invested with authority.

Mr. Justice Martin after hearing the argument said there

Was No Difficulty

in disposing of the matter. It was quite clear after hearing the authorities read by Mr. Higgins. It would be an undue interference with a court of justice to grant a rule nisi in the present case, and he would direct the proceedings to be continued before His Honor Judge Lampman.

Back to the Assize court went the throng, and before Judge Lampman took his seat on the bench, Mr. H. D. Helmcken interviewed Mr. Justice Duff and made provision for the application refused by Mr. Justice Martin to be held by him. This hearing was set for 3 p.m.

In the proceedings before Judge Lampman, John J. Groom, clerk of the Supreme court at San Francisco, was called. He produced all the papers in the suit for maintenance filed by Charlotta Eugenie Collins against George D. Collins, in which she stated that she was his lawful wife, married on May 15th, 1889, that Collins had deserted her and refused to pay the rent of her house, as he had done and to support the offspring of the marriage between he and her, the girl now in her custody being in need of clothing, which Collins refused to provide, and meanwhile Collins was living openly with another woman, whom he alleged to be his wife. All the papers in the suit for alimony were produced. Collins objected to each on the ground that it was incompetent, irrevelant and immaterial and not properly authenticated. Copies will be made of these papers for the purpose of the record so that the original documents filed in the court at San Francisco be not impounded. The examination was slowly carried on, constant delays being occasioned by the objections raised, which Mr. Collins said he would argue later. Witness identified Collins, who interpolated that if he would identify the integrity of the records he produced it would be more to the point.

In cross-examining J. J. Groom, accused took up the alimony order made at San Francisco and asked witness if he knew whether the proceedings at which it was secured was not a private

Star Chamber Proceedings

"No, sir," replied witness.

Mr. Collins—Don't you know, sir, that the court made this order at a late hour of the night, giving accused or his counsel no opportunity to be heard.

"No, sir," said witness.

"Do you know," said Collins, that the court house was specially opened at a late hour of the night so that the judge might go there and make the order at a late hour, not having defendant or his counsel present?"

"No, sir," said Groom. "The minutes of the court are here."

Mr. Higgins said he would do away with the statements of accused regarding a so-called star chamber proceeding by producing a certificate from defendant's attorney.

Mr. Collins—You are mistaken. It was the order in alimony, not that certificate or affidavit of my counsel that I spoke of.

Addressing the court, Mr. Collins went on: "I will be able to enlighten Your Honor as to how matters of law are conducted at San Francisco in a manner that would disgrace a cowboy county."

Judge Lampman said he did not know that it would be pertinent to the case before him.

Mr. A. J. Henry, notary public of San Francisco, was called and testified. Mr. Helmcken gave notice that he had interviewed Mr. Justice Duff, who had promised to hear him in regard to application for a rule nisi at 3 p.m. Notary Public Henry's evidence was taken, as Mr. Higgins had stated he was being maintained at Victoria at much expense, and Mr. Helmcken said he was willing to save expenses, although he knew California was sovereign.

Mr. Henry produced his commission as notary public and Collins took exception to it as not properly authenticated. He gave evidence with regard to the swearing of the affidavit made by Collins before him, in which accused denied the marriage with Charlotta Collins, upon which alleged perjury the charge upon which his extradition is sought, was laid. Mr. Henry said Collins had said in

Swearing the Affidavit

which was produced, and objected to in common with all other documents, "This is my signature; I swear to the statements therein contained as being true". Collins raising his right hand in keeping with the customary practice in swearing an oath as he made the statement.

At 3 p.m., Mr. Justice Duff sat in the Assize court room to hear the application for rule nisi and Mr. Helmcken stated the same application as made in the morning to Mr. Justice Hunter. Collins was present, with a large array of law books, evidently prepared to argue at length—but he didn't. Mr. Helmcken read Mr. Justice Lampman's judgment on the points raised by Collins and the objections made.

Mr. Justice Duff said the point Judge Lampman made was clear. He held the act applied to treaties made in the past and to others which might be made.

Mr. Helmcken went on to say the question was whether he could apply for a rule nisi now or wait until the hearing before Judge Lampman concluded.

Mr. Justice Duff—If your contention is sound and perjury is not an extraditable offence the warrant should not have been issued.

Mr. Helmcken said he would make way for Mr. Collins, who was more familiar with the authorities he had brought. Mr. Collins then went on, taking the same ground as he did in the objections made before Judge Lampman that the extradition act of 1886 was void because it transcended the treaty.

Mr. Justice Duff—Do you rely upon the act of 1889? Do you know whether it has been proclaimed?

Mr. Collins was proceeding to argue. Just a moment, Mr. Collins, said His Lordship, this is a matter of fact, not of law.

Mr. Higgins said he had wired his agents at Ottawa, who stated the act of 1889 had never been proclaimed. The court had also telegraphed to the Secretary of State, who replied it had not not been proclaimed.

Mr. Justice Duff—That settles that: the point you make is whether perjury is an extraditable offence or not.

Mr. Collins again

Proceeded to Specify

at length the objections he previously made. In order to constitute an extraditable crime, he said, the alleged offence must be a crime in the law of Canada, it must—

Mr. Justice Duff—You needn't go into that. It does not affect the position. The decision of the Privy Council is clear as to jurisdiction, and it is only into the jurisdiction of the extradition commissioner that we are now enquiring.

Mr. Collins—Passing to the point. The provisions of the treaty which made perjury an extraditable crime cannot apply to the extradition act of 1886. There must be a treaty upon which an extradition act is based—

Mr. Justice Duff—Yes, that is conceded.

Mr. Collins—The act of 1886 is a nullity and inoperative because inconsistent with the treaty.

Mr. Justice Duff—The point is this, and a short point, I think. Can the Dominion parliament apply the extradition act to a subsequent act?

Mr. Collins—The act is void—

Mr. Justice Duff—Why is it void?

Mr. Collins—It is void because it applies to subsequent acts. There is no mention of perjury in the treaty upon which the act of 1886 is based, and it is consequently void, and if void it is void from the date adopted. The condition in the act that it should come into force with reference to a subsequent treaty does not apply.

Mr. Justice Duff—Your position is that a treaty must precede the legislation; have you any authority for that?

Mr. Collins—We take the position that the limitation—

Mr. Justice Duff—What limitation?

Mr. Collins—The inclusion of perjury in the act of 1886 makes it void because it transcends the treaty.

Mr. Justice Duff—You take the position,

A New Position

with regard to the law in this country, that a treaty must precede the act. What you are attacking is that legislation cannot make the act apply. You must then establish that parliament has now the power to pass section 3 of the extradition act.

This section reads as follows: "In the case of any foreign state with which there is, at or after the time when this act comes into force, an extradition arrangement this act shall apply during the continuance of such arrangement; but no provision of this act which is inconsistent with any of the terms of the arrangement shall have effect to contravene the arrangement; and this act shall be read and construed as to provide for the execution of the arrangement."

Mr. Collins—Legislature which establishes a possible treaty is null and void.

Mr. Justice Duff—What authorities have you?

Mr. Collins was proceeding to read authorities, leading up to the question, when His Lordship asked him to confine himself to the point at issue and produce an authority upon the point as to whether parliament had power to pass section 3.

Mr. Collins said he had come prepared to read many authorities and could not lay his hand upon the citation he required at present, but if the court would grant him half an hour—

Mr. Justice Duff—I will adjourn until 10 a.m. The case can then be presented shortly. It all depends upon the authority for section 3. You try to make out parliament has no power to pass the act. Its a new proposition. I would have thought that if you had seriously intended to argue the point you would have had your authorities here; that you would have extracted that bearing upon the point.

The court was adjourned until 10 a.m. today. The hearing before Judge Lampman had been adjourned until 11 a.m.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase Lot 202, Rupert District, containing 240 acres.

GRANT & LIPPY.
Victoria, July 3, 1905. jy5

NOTICE is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to make application to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situated on the north shore of Ootsa Lake, about 20 miles west of the east end of the Lake, in Range 4 of the Coast District, described as follows: Commencing at a post marked J. G. Steele, S. W. Cor., thence north 80 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 80 chains more or less to the lake; thence westerly along the shore of the lake about 40 chains to the place of beginning. This land is west of and adjoining J. Hinkle's land.

June 7, 1905.
J. G. STEELE.
jy11 A. E. Steele, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to make application to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situated on the north shore of Ootsa Lake, about 30 miles west of the east end of the Lake, in Range 4 of the Coast District, described as follows: Commencing at a post marked H. Anderson's S. E. Cor., thence north 80 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 80 chains more or less to the lake; thence westerly along the shore of the lake about 40 chains to the place of beginning.

June 10, 1905.
H. ANDERSON.
jy11 A. E. Steele, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to make application to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situated on the north shore of Ootsa Lake, about 20 miles west of the east end of the Lake, in Range 4 of the Coast District, described as follows: Commencing at a post marked A. E. Steele, S. W. Cor., thence north 80 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 80 chains more or less to the lake; thence westerly along the shore of the lake about 40 chains to the place of beginning. This land is west of and adjoining J. G. Steele's land.

June 7, 1905.
jy11 A. E. STEELE.

(Form F.)
Certificate of Improvements.
NOTICE.

Jersey Lilly Mineral Claim, situate in the Alberni Mining Division of Clayoquot District.

Where located: Near outlet of Anderson Lake, and on right hand side

TAKE NOTICE that Wm. Harrison, Free Miner's Certificate B89649; Sarah M. McDonnell, Free Miner's Certificate B89648, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this Twelfth day of July, A. D. 1905.

WM. HARRISON.
SARAH M. McDONNELL.
By her Attorney in fact, R. J. McDonnell.
jy21

TIMBER PERMIT

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, viz.: Post planted at N. E. corner marked H. A. B., thence running south two miles, thence west one mile, thence north one-half mile, thence east one-half mile, thence north three-quarter mile, thence east one-quarter mile, thence north one-half mile, thence east one-quarter mile to point of commencement, located four and one-half miles east of Snout Point, on Toby Inlet.

Dated July 22, 1905.
jy23 H. A. BULL.

Steamer Lyra Returns From Nome

Reached Port Sunday From St. Michael and Nome With News of Arctic District.

Charmer on Vancouver Route—Princess Beatrice and Venture Return From North.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

Steamer Lyra of the White Star Steamship Company, which took a cargo of 7,000 tons of freight from Victoria to St. Michael and Cape Nome, returned on Sunday evening from the northern ports after a good voyage. The steamer brought no freight or passengers south. Mr. Marrington, purser, gave some interesting details of a rich strike made by Capt. Nels Peterson, a Dawson operator, who took a lay on the Pioneer Mining Company's bench on Little creek at Cape Nome. He took out $400,000 in 60 days. He began work last fall, and shaft after shaft was sunk to bedrock. The winter passed on and no pay was uncovered. The operators worked faithfully, though discouraged, and on February 22nd they made a rich strike. A boiler, engine and hoist were installed, and a dump was made. The lay was to expire on June 1st, and the men worked hard. Paystreak was at a depth of 50 feet in frozen ground, 25 to 35 feet wide, and an average of three feet deep. Bedrock was coated with golden grains. Sixty days were spent on the clean-up at the dump by five men, and the 200,000 pans averaged about $2, some picked pans being as high as $1,250. The cost of operating the mine was two per cent. of the output, and Nels Peterson has now gone to San Francisco with the greater part of $410,000 taken from the claim.

From St. Michael the steamer brought news of floods in the Tanana, causing much damage at Fairbanks. Almost the entire waterfront of Fairbanks has been washed out, all the bridges have been carried away and thousands of logs belonging to the sawmills have broken from the booms and gone adrift down the river. The damage will run into many thousands of dollars. An empty warehouse on the waterfront was washed into the stream, but will likely be recovered.

In spite of the losses recorded above, the people of Fairbanks are rejoicing because the channel has deepened so that the steamers are enabled to reach Fairbanks without trouble.

FROM NORTHERN PORTS.

Princess Beatrice and Venture Return to Port—Salmon Running Well.

Steamers Princess Beatrice and Venture returned on Sunday from northern ports. The Princess Beatrice, Capt. Hughes, brought the returning members of the American Institute of Mining Engineers to Vancouver after a much enjoyed trip to the golden north. The Venture, Capt. Warren, came from Naas and way ports. The Princess Beatrice sailed north again last night. News was brought by the Venture that other catches of salmon were being made in the north. Already about half a pack had been put up at River's Inlet and all the canneries were busily canning. The R. I. C. had 30,000 salmon canned, and the Wadham cannery had 29,000 brought in on one day. There was a good run in the Naas and a steady run on the Skeena, as well as Bella Coola. At Alert Bay a good sized pack had been already put up. All the northern canneries are expected to have a large pack. The Princess Beatrice had among her passengers south Capt. John Irving, who accompanied the mining engineers to Dawson, after showing them over his copper property near Whitehorse. He says stampedes have taken place from Dawson to a new strike made to the west of the Yukon capital. On their way south the passengers presented Capt. Hughes with an address.

JUISEI MARU ARRIVES.

Japanese Vessel Reported Overdue Arrives at Alaskan for Salmon.

News was received by the steamer Princess Beatrice that the Japanese barkentine Jiusei Maru, which was reported overdue, has arrived at Chaik bay, Alaska. The Jiusei Maru is in charge of a former Victoria mariner, Capt. Tony Burtz, well known to local sealing men. He went from Victoria some years ago on board the Japanese sealer Seifu Maru and had a narrow escape from being drowned with a boat's crew lost in Behring sea. He was afterwards given command of the Seifu Maru, and made some good catches of fur seals with the vessel. Recently he was transferred to the Jiusei Maru. That vessel had a hard voyage across the Pacific, encountering several heavy storms. The vessel is under charter to Russel and Alexander of Tacoma to load salt salmon for Japan.

CHARMER BEGINS SERVICE

Between Victoria and Vancouver in Addition to Princess Victoria.

Steamer Charmer began service yesterday afternoon at 1.30 p.m., when she left for Vancouver to give an additional freight and passenger service between Victoria and Vancouver. The steamer is carrying all local freight between Victoria and Vancouver, as well as passengers, relieving the steamer Princess Victoria, which will hereafter not carry freight between these two ports. The Charmer had a goodly number of passengers yesterday. The steamer Whatcom on the Sound route made an extra trip yesterday because of the large passenger travel at this season.

FOR THE ORIENT.

Empress of India and Dakota Sail for Ports in the Far East.

Steamers Empress of India and the Dakota sailed yesterday for the Orient. The India had 45 saloon, 10 intermediate and a large number of Orientals in the steerage. She had a full cargo. The passengers included the following: K. Margi, J. Magushi, Fred Dodwell, M. Obersty, F. W. Wilson, Lieut. H. F. Bell, R. N. Montgomery, E. G. Ferguson, (A. Fraser, A. Chasalon, C. Estrado, Leona Gomez, J. N. Castro, Geo. Gregg, W. C. Nason, H. Gordon and wife, C. F. Zeigler, F. N. Zeigler, R. Drummond, Dr. Fuller and son, E. P. Sulley and wife, F. N. Styn, Miss L. J. Graves, M. Hunt, J. D. Metcalf, W. P. Rutherford. The Dakota will go only to Kobe and return. The passengers who sailed on her included Dr. Edward Bowes, a prominent San Francisco physician, wife and daughter, and 37 others, amongst whom were several returning missionaries.

SUES VIOLA ALLEN.

Seattle Real Estate Man Sues Well Known Actress for Commission.

Seattle, July 25.—Miss Viola Allen, actress, with a reputation on two continents, and reputed one of the most beautiful women in the profession of players, is to be made the defendant in a lawsuit brought in the superior court of King county.

Jonathan Gifford, jr., a realty broker of Seattle, is the other party to the suit and the matter to be determined is whether or not Miss Allen shall pay into his coffers $615 alleged to be due as commission for finding a purchaser for a piece of property which the actress owns in Seattle.

B. C. FRUIT EXHIBIT FOR LONDON

Samples of Local Production for Royal Horticultural Show.

The Colonist has been informed by the Hon. the minister of Finance and Agriculture that the government is arranging for an exhibition of fruit in England at the Royal Horticultural Show. Mr. R. M. Palmer, of the department of agriculture, will select the fruit for the purpose when he returns from Winnipeg.

The following is the copy of a letter received by the Hon. Mr. Tatlow from Mr. Palmer on the subject of the fruit exhibit of the province at the Winnipeg exhibition:

Winnipeg Exhibition,
July 20th, 1905.

Hon. R. G. Tatlow, Minister of Finance and Agriculture, Victoria:

Dear Sir—You will be pleased to know that the fruit exhibits, preserved and fresh, arrived in due time. One case of preserved fruit was in rather bad shape owing to rough handling, but the greater part is in good condition. The preserved fruit was all unpacked and placed in position by the evening of the 19th inst.

The first consignment of fresh fruit was due to arrive at Winnipeg on the morning of the 20th, but was not delivered at the exhibition grounds until 3.30. It was at once unpacked and displayed, and a the formal opening of the exhibition does not take place until the morning of the 21st, we are in good time. All the fresh fruit came through in first-class condition. The exhibit now consists of apples, pears, plums, cherries, red, white and black currants, gooseberries, loganberries, and peaches preserved in fluid, and in fresh fruit we have six varieties of cherries, peaches and strawberries, black raspberries and loganberries. The Okanagan fresh fruit shipments are due to arrive on the 21st, and these should add more cherries, peaches, apples and early plums.

Although the exhibition is not opened, we have already had a great many visitors, and have been highly complimented on the display. The weather is rather unfavorable, owing to thunder storms; it is now raining heavily. Crops from Calgary to Winnipeg all look well.

(Signed) R. M. PALMER.

WANTS LOOKING INTO.

"It takes something pretty rough to make the Vancouver World reflect adversely, even by implication, upon the Dominion government's ways of doing things," writes a Terminal City correspondent of the Colonist. "but it evidently draws the line sometimes. I enclose you the following from its Tuesday night edition:

"'Somebody should be prodded up about the alleged Canadian exhibit at the Crystal palace, London. The Crystal palace exhibition is an annual affair that runs during certain months in the year. Each country can get space allotted on application and a number have the same space year after year. Myriads of people, Londoners and visitors from all over the world, visit the famous glass house and the national exhibits are excellent advertisements of the countries from which they come.

"'Last year, according to a prominent Vancouver citizen who lately returned from England, the Canadian exhibit at the palace consisted of a Peterborough canoe and a washstand, and this year a barrel of third-rate Nova Scotian apples has been added. There is little else to represent the immense and varied resources that the Dominion is so anxious to advertise, and yet Canadians are surprised that so many Londoners are unaware of those resources.

"'It will doubtless interest the Londoners to have visible evidence of the cleanliness of the Canadians in the shape of the washstand, and any not already aware of the fact will gladly perceive that apples are grown in Nova Scotia, while the Peterborough canoe will probably fit in well with the Cockney conception of this country drawn from backwoods' tales written of the