$\frac{\text { SATURDAY EV'NG. FEB. 29, } 1868 .}{\text { LABOUR CONQQUERS. }}$ It was a fuvorite maxiun of the
youthful, clever, bat unfortuanate poet Chatterton, that by perseverance and thing. Poor youth! his own conduct
afforded no demonstration of the truth of the adage, for hc found himself unorld, and after strugsting with the sometimes fairly, sonietimes deceitcontest, and with suieidal hand severed his conncotion with carth. How then ean the proverb be true, labor
minia vinciu. Here was genius belier omuia vincit. Here was genius believ-
ing it, and perishing while he adhered o the fiath. But he made one miss-
take; while he had faith in the power take, while he had faith in the power
of labor to triumph over all obstacles he did not considor that it was often
necessary for it to make reiterated efforts before it could become comthe spirit was willing, but the flesh
was. weak, and the draught of poison which took his life proved that his moral and physical courage had both
been ronted in the warfare which his circumstances rendered it neeessary self with food and raiment. There are numberless, Chattertons
in the world. We see them every day starting on the race of life with eager firmly, that by labor they will be able to overcome all the obstructions that
may lie in their path may hie in their path, and yet we often
witness their total break-down before we can believe that they have got more
than fairly started. Imagination had hortened the way, and diminished and there is ofien a bitter awakening
as they pass along. Fortune and di as thes pass along. Fortune and dis.
tinction are seldom to be attained per saltuin; it is uot very frequently
that there is such a train of fortuitous circumstarces in any person's favor as will carry him to funce with express
rapidity. He who would be great
must be content to. work his way to greatness by degrees. Societies or small number of individuals high above the rest, and in consequence
they are generally very particular about those whom they select for elevated positions. But he who is de-
termined to win his way must not consider the world's fastidiousness in he be wholly disheartened if his first effirt be not crowned with success. ed by persererances ; empires, such as by the deteruination and unwavering courage of her people, and most men after many and grievous defests Great men have always been assiduous and unremitting laborers. It is re--
corded of Justinian that one hour': sleep in the twenty-four. was all he
ever indulged in. This is true, still it has a tendency to show the impression that his own gencration
and his historian gained of his industry. Julian, who though an apestate was undoubtedly clever, used a steal an hour from the time which should have been devoted to the refection of the
body in order to read Plato; King Alfred labored sisteen hours a day,
and in Sir 1 saac Newton's study it it
said that the light was searcely eve extinguished. Had these wen, and
many, many others like them, been terrified at the thoughts of labor'; had
they succumbed bcneath their firs they succumbed bcneath their first
disappointurents their names would
never have been never have been known to fame, and
science might have stood behind the
same veil which same veil which covered it a thousand
years ago.

## Those were days, however, some

 what unilike the present. Now peoplewant to rige to prominencerand wealth
by a sudden bound then by a sudden bound, then they wer grees. Those who imagine that the
will be able to will be able to carry out these new ideas may as well- undeceive them-
selves at once. They are impractica selves at once. They are impractica
ble; and if they will not shrink from the realization of the truth, but gird up their loins and prepare resolutely for the contest. L
them not despair, and do nothing a all, beceause can't do great things, an
do them instantly. Behoid the umph of perseverance in the case Disraeli, now prime minister of Eng Land, formerly a nonentity in the
House of Commons. the present moment a victor prejudices in a land where prejudice are strong-a conqueror by persisten habor. He suffered many defeats, bu he never faltered; he paused to renew his energy and made fresh essays, and at last most brilliant success has reWarded his perseverance. His history particularly than those of weak cou rage who are likely to be utterly eas down by the first frown of Fortune. The Leegislature of Quebec was
pogued on Saturday the 22nd inst.

Soard of Trade was read a lid Hme and
passed. Mr. Wood rose to move the. House
into committee of Ways and M Mans. In
In
 11312 to m
Governmen
expenses.
Ho motion of Hon. J. S. Macdonald the
Hiuse gain resoved itiferf into com
mitte on Bill No. 65, respection mitte on Bill No. 6, respecting revis-
trare Registry oofices nd the Revistra
tions of Instruments rolating to Lands in Outario. After a good deal of discus-
sion relating to fees charged by Regis-
trars, and amendments propose strant, and amendments proposed by Mr.
teatie, the committe rose and reported progress.
At
six Lt six oclock, His Excellency the
Lientenant Gorernor come down to
give the Royal assent to the following
Bills. An act respecting the statules. An
Act respecting the oftice of Speaker of
An
he Legisiative Assembly. An Act to to Act respecting the office of Speaker of
the Lepisative Assembly. An At to
estublish a Cousolidated Revenue Fund
 itled, "AA A. Act respecting the
duty, on taver-keepers, and
further provisions respect
 ning public matters and official notic
n Act ter enal cha . 110 of the Co
lidated Statutes or the late Province Canada entitled An Act Act respecting In-
pectors of Pulic Ayllurs, Hospitas,
he Provincial Penitentary of Canada and he Provincial Penitentary of Canada and
fall Common Gais, Reformatoies and
other Prisons, except the Provincial Penother Prisons, except the Provincial Pen-
itentary in this Province, and io inspec
tion of such Public Asylums, Hospitals, itenary, in this Province, and to inspec-
tion of such Public Asylums, Hospitals,
Common Goas,
Prisons. An Anater Act Common Gaols, Reformatories and other
Prisons. An Act to secure Free Grants
and Homesteans to Actual Setler on the
Public Tands An Act Yublic Lands. An Act respecting Vol-
hutary Conveyances. An Act omend
the Aect 20
 nd the Registration of Instruments
lating to Cand in Upper Canda
Act to remove doubts as to the authority





 on Monday; the Attorney d eneral stat
ing that he would have fit repinted as
amended before the third reading. Impeachment. The Gilole says:-It is surprising
how muth the exciteuent in the Unit.
od States is subsiding The The Witte fursther news of imgor There is is
Washington, though a great aboundance or rumours and speculations.
At last acounts the Committee of the
House of Represt House of Representatives apponted
to prene the articles of impeach
ment uent, had not repported. We ean we of
understand that thenr task is one of
some dificutr. The cours have not decided an thing in the matter of the
relativeclaimsof of tunton and Thomas,
and do not seeurlikely to do do so very

 iticians and newspareers disconss no
thing else. The orvans of aech party
teem with fine.drawn legal arg
 and frantic partizan appeals, but the
prospeet of another civil war is, tor-
tunately for our neighbours, infinites simally sumall. The .. revolutio
evidently to be a bloodless one.
$\qquad$
 alcw gadurtismunts. Grand Militrary Ball. -
 TOWNN HEAエエ Thursday, lath March, 1868
 Books for the Times,
nove Dr.cook

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