

The Silent March.

When the march begins in the morning And the heart and the foot are light, When the flags are all a flutter And the world is gay and bright, When the bugles lead the column And the drums are proud in the van, It's shoulder to shoulder, forward, march!

Get the Most Out of Your Food

You don't and can't if your stomach is weak. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it. It gets tired easily, and what it fails to digest is wasted.

Among the signs of a weak stomach are uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, and disagreeable belching.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Strengthens and tones the stomach and the whole digestive system. A beautiful fringe of timber. The natives were astonished to see white men, but no hostile demonstrations were made.

Marquette was well enough acquainted with the language of the Illinois tribe of Indians to converse with the villagers. When he had explained who they were, the object of their visit and the pleasure it afforded them to meet some of the inhabitants of that delightful country, the Indians gave the explorers a very cordial welcome.

They were invited to a feast which the squaws had prepared, and which Marquette describes as follows:

"It consisted of four courses. First, there was a large bowl filled with a preparation of corn meal boiled in water and seasoned with oil. The Indian conducting the ceremonies had a large wooden spoon which he dipped into the mixture, called by them Tagemoty, and passed it in turn into the mouths of the different members of the party.

Marquette and Joliet were delighted with the beautiful country. The fish and game were plentiful, and the friendly reception by the Indians, all conspired to give the explorers a lofty conception of both the country and its inhabitants. This was Iowa as seen by the first white man.

Upon the 17th of June the present year, 237 years after the famous discovery of Marquette, Prairie Du Chien unveiled the base of a bronze statue itself to be dedicated some time later in the year. The statue is to be paid for by popular subscription and will be a bronze effigy standing forty feet in height, located upon a high point of land and visible for miles up and down the Mississippi, and commanding a view of the Iowa bluffs.

The career of Father Marquette reads like a romance. He was the first white man to set foot upon Iowa soil, hence his life carries with it much of historical interest to the people of the Hawkeye State. He had spent many years with the Indians in the vicinity of Green Bay, building churches and teaching and preaching to them. The Indians held him in high esteem. They had a warm affection for the good missionary who had devoted the best years of his life to their welfare. He had resolved to go farther west and see the great River, which he had heard of so often.

The Indians watched the white men, waving their farewell, until they disappeared in a bend in the river. The place where they landed is supposed to be where Montrose now stands. A complete record of their trip and a description or chart of the country was kept by Joliet, but unfortunately were lost. Father Marquette's chief interest in all his daring expeditions into unknown regions was the conversion of the Indians to Christianity. He made but few notes or records of his travels. Fierce feuds and savage warfare had prevailed among the tribes of Indians, but the first white man that came among them was met with warm welcome and substantial tokens of friendship. The French, doubtless under the influence of the Jesuits who led them in nearly all their expeditions, treated the Indians with kindness and respected their rights.

The people of nearly all other nations regarded and treated them as savages having no rights that white men are bound to respect. The French lived in peace and security among them, while the English, Spanish and Portuguese made war upon them, which brought retaliation and massacre of men, women and children. Father Marquette won the confidence and esteem of the Indians, and when he and his party bade farewell to the Illinois chief, the latter presented him with the pipe of peace. The sacred calumet, ornamented with brilliant feathers was suspended from the neck, and was a safeguard among all the savage tribes that he might encounter in his journey.

In latitude 33 degrees they met a fierce tribe of Indians of the Michigan nation. These natives had heard, no doubt, by tradition, of the invasion of De Soto, one hundred and thirty years before, and the atrocities perpetrated on their ancestors. At first sight of the canoes manned by white men, the alarm was sounded. A large band of warriors assembled, and armed with bows and arrows, tomahawks and war clubs, embarked in their canoes and advanced with yells of defiance upon the seven Frenchmen. The fearless Marquette, unswayed by the impending danger, held aloft the sacred calumet. Seeing the token of peace, the Indian chief restrained his men, and in turn made signs of peace. He invited Marquette and his party to the village, where for several days they were entertained with hospitality. They descended nearly to the mouth of the Arkansas river, a distance of more than 1,100 miles.

They learned that the great river they had discovered emptied into the Gulf of Mexico, at a distance of about 600 miles from where they were camped. The object of the expedition was accomplished, the party had entered a region where the language learned by Marquette was unknown, and it was difficult to communicate or procure information from the natives. The Indians were hostile and might at any time attack the little company. Should these men be killed their valuable discoveries would be lost to France. Moreover, they were liable to come upon Spanish Settlements, of free-robbers, of which they were as much in dread as the Indians.

Hence they concluded it was their duty to return to Canada and report the result of their long and interesting voyage. Propelling the canoes up stream in bad weather was not such an easy task, but energy and perseverance accomplished it. Arriving at the mouth of the Illinois river, they heard from the Indians that this river afforded a much shorter route to the Great Lakes than the Wisconsin river. They therefore ascended it for two weeks and then crossed the Illinois prairie from its head to the Chicago river, and followed that stream to the shore of Lake Michigan. Father Marquette died in 1675 at the age of 35 years. His country was mankind. —Northwest Review.

Honor to Marquette.

The people of Prairie Du Chien and of the state of Wisconsin on June 7 did honor to the memory of Pere Marquette, the Jesuit Father who discovered the upper Mississippi river. The people of the east section of the Iowa assisted in doing homage to the French explorer who was the first white man to look upon the Father of Waters. It was June 17, 1873, that Marquette and Louis Joliet emerged from the Wisconsin river and floated out upon the broad bosom of the much talked of, but never before seen, Mississippi river. The confluence of the two rivers is at a point a short distance below the site of Fort Crawford and what is now the city of Prairie Du Chien. Upon the 17th of June the present year, 237 years after the famous discovery of Marquette, Prairie Du Chien unveiled the base of a bronze statue itself to be dedicated some time later in the year. 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SHARP KNIFE-LIKE PAINS Would Go Through Heart

Thousands of people go about their daily work on the verge of death and yet don't know it.

Every once in a while a pain will seem to shoot through the heart but little attention is paid to it at the time, and it is only when a violent shock comes that the weakness of the heart is apparent.

There is only one cure and that is MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS. Mrs. J. E. Nixon, Riverview, Ont. writes:—"Two years ago I suffered with a bad pain around my heart. At times it would almost stop beating and then, a sharp knife-like pain would seem to go through it. As I had heard Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills were a grand remedy for the heart, I sent and got two boxes of them, and when I had only used a box and a half I was entirely free from pain."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers or will be mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

a masked ball and barn dance on Friday evening at the Champlain Club. The occasion was one of the most unique and pleasant of the season. The Ladies' Alumnae Auxiliary Association held a meeting on Tuesday and decided upon August 12th as the date for the annual bazaar for the benefit of the Chapel of Our Lady of the Lake.

The boys of the College Camp, the liveliest place on the assembly grounds, gave good evidence of what the American lad can do at their camp fire Tuesday evening. The programme consisted of minstrel, vaudeville, burlesque, songs, dances and quartette numbers.

The lecture programme for next week includes the course in Education by the Rev. William Turner, D. D., and the series on "The Church the bulwark of the Republic" by Rev. John H. O'Rourke, S. J. The evening periods will be taken by Thomas F. Wilkinson, LL. B., of Albany, N. Y., and song recitals by Miss Bertha Clary, of New York.

Maud—I do wish Tom would hurry up and propose. Ethel—But I thought you didn't like him. Maud—I don't I want to get rid of him.

Wire Wounds. My mare, a very valuable one, was badly bruised and cut by being caught in a wire fence. Some of the wounds would not heal, although I tried many different medicines. Dr. Bell advised me to use MINARD'S LINIMENT, diluted at first, then stronger as the sores have healed, and best of all, the hair is growing well, and is NOT WHITE as is most always the case in horse wounds. F. M. DOUCET. Weymouth.

Better take a hardwood table ma'am. It is the fashionable thing," the dealer said. "No," said the young woman; "baby will soon be old enough to hammer, and he never could drive a nail into hard wood. I'll take a plain pine table."

"Who is that man you were just talking with?" "That's my brother-in-law." "He looks enough like you to be your own brother." "He is my own brother. We are twins." "Twins? Then why did you say he was your brother-in-law?" "Because he is, I have three brothers—one in law, one in medicine and one in the army."

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria. "The last time I saw him was thirty years ago, when he was a baby." "Well, I saw him yesterday, and he hasn't changed a bit."

Her Baby Nearly Died. WAS TAKEN SICK WITH Dysentery. Mrs. Chas. Farrell, Oakland, Man., writes:—"My dear baby was taken sick last fall, and we got the doctor and he said she had dysentery. She nearly died with it, but two or three doses of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry completely cured her. My two little boys got a bad case of diarrhoea and two doses made a wonderful change and they were completely cured also. I would not be without such a grand medicine as Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry if it were twice the price, as I consider it a wonderful medicine, and I cannot recommend it too highly."

Do not accept any of the many substitutes for this sterling medicine, but ask for Dr. Fowler's and insist on getting what you ask for. Price 35 cents. Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The Cliff Haven Dramatic Co., under the direction of Mr. Bernard Sullivan, gave the third performance of the season on Saturday evening. In honor of the officers of the 6th U. S. Infantry who graced the occasion with their presence, the cast presented a double bill. New York Cottage 1, under the supervision of Mr. F. Ounnon, gave

Montague Dental Parlors. We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless. A. J. FRASER, D. D. Aug. 15 1906-3m

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FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B.

Sun Fire offices of London. Fidelity Phenix Fire Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACBACHERN, AGENT.

Telephone No. 362. Mar. 22nd, 1906

Lime.

We are now supplying best quality of Lime at kilns on St. Peter's Road, suitable for building and farming purposes, in barrels or bulk by car load.

C. Lyons & Co. April 28-4i

Pressed Hay WANTED!

We will buy some good bright Timothy Hay.

C. Lyons & Co. Feb. 10th, 1909-2i

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WE HAVE IN STOCK

For the Summer Trade a fine selection of TEMPERANCE DRINKS!

FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, etc.

If you need anything in Pipes, Tobacco, Cigars or Cigarettes, we can supply you.

DROP IN AND INSPECT.

JAMES KELLY & CO. June 23, 1909-3m

Spring & Summer Weather

Spring and Summer weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,

PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN

Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN

Job Work!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Tickets Dodgers Posters Check Books Receipt Books Note Heads Note Books of Hand Letter Heads

Some Reasons Why Farmers and Gardeners should buy CARTER'S Tested Seeds!

We have been in the seed business for thirty years.

It is no side line with us. We are here buying or selling or making contracts for growing different varieties in different countries all the year round.

We sell only such seeds as are best adapted to our soil and climate, and our long experience has gained for us this knowledge.

Our supplies of seeds are carefully tested for Germination and Purity by competent persons before sending out.

Our supply of No. 1 Clover and Timothy, Wheat, Oats, Barley, Corn, Buckwheat, Turnip Seed, etc., etc., is procured from the most reliable sources. Many varieties are grown especially for us.

We do the largest Seed Business in the Maritime Provinces.

We do not sell cheap seed of inferior quality. "The Best and only the Best" is our motto.

Buy "Carter's Tested Seeds" and you are safe. Over one hundred and sixty reliable merchants sell them.

Our prices are as low as seeds of equal high standard can be bought for in Canada.

Seedsman to the people of P. E. Island, Queen Street, Charlottetown.

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Are the Farmer's friends.

Made from Solid Leather throughout, counters, insoles and heels. They stand up and stand the strain of hard wear through all kinds of mud, slush and wet.

Men's Amherst Boots, \$1.60 to \$2.75

Women's " " 1.25 to 1.75

Boys' " " 1.50 to 2.00

Girls' " " 1.10 to 1.35

Children's " " 1.00

Alley & Co.

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Mrs. Larter, Proprietress

Will now be conducted on KENTSTREET

Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodation at reasonable prices.

June 12, 1907.

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE: 148 PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

June 15, 1910-14

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon

McLean & McKinnon Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

D. C. McLeod, K. C. | W. E. BENTLEY

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MONEY TO LOAN Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

MARITIME EXPRESS

—VIA— Intercolonial Railway

—IS— THE TRAIN BETWEEN

Halifax —AND— Montreal.

Meal Table d'hotel Breakfast 75c. Luncheon 75c. Dinner \$1.00

Direct connection at Bonaventure Union Depot with Grand Trunk trains for the West.

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