

Summer Resorts

ON THE RICHELIEU AND ONTARIO
NAVIGATION CO.'S LINE



QUEREC, 66,000. Is 172 miles below Montréal, on the River St. Lawrence. Steamers of this Company leave every day, connecting here with Toronto boat.

BAIE ST. PAUL, on the left, and then Isle aux Coudres is passed on the right.

LES EBOULEMENTS, with its little village and church, high up on the hill.

MURRAY BAY, the most popular watering place on the north shore.

CAP A L'AIGLE, another growing resort. From Capé Tournant all the way to Murray Bay, the steamer keeps close to the precipitous shore, which rises in places to a height of two thousand feet, and is clothed with a thick, warm growth of evergreen, varying in hue from the lighter color of the cedars to that of the deep, dark-shaded pines. Many prefer this portion of the trip to the Saguenay itself, as being equally grand and at the same time brighter. At Murray Bay and beyond, look out for porpoises. At Cap a L'Aigle the river is eleven miles wide.

RIVIERE DU LOUP is a favorite watering place. It is a prosperous town of 7,000 people, and a divisional point on the Intercolonial Railway. The Temiscouata Railway, from this point to Edmundston, on the C.P.R., forms the short line connection to St. John, N. B. Six miles east of this on the south shore, is the village of Cacouna, the most important watering place on the Lower St. Lawrence, with its excellent hotel, the St. Lawrence Hall. Leaving Rivière du Loup, the steamer again crosses to the north shore, where

TADOUSAC, twenty-two miles distant, at the mouth of the Saguenay River, is reached. Tadousac—Crée Tatoushak—signifies "Nipples."—Jacques Cartier anchored here under the shelter of Hare Island. It was also the centre whence the first Jesuit Fathers started for the Saguenay, Mistassins and Hudson Bay. The Montagnais Indians included the Papinachosis (or "Ever Smiling"), whose gentle nature has been ascribed to the whole Montagnais branch, Ojibwapians, Pickowagmians, Tadousacians, Betsiamites, Chicoutimians and Mistassins. They were tall, straight, strong, agile, and fond of fun; honest as compared to the Hurons, who were thieves and nomads, living exclusively by fishing and the chase, as distinguished from the Iroquois, who built and fortified villages and tilled the ground. There is a large and very excellent hotel owned and kept by the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company. Boating, golf, fishing and other amusements are available. Among the cottages is one formerly owned by Lord Dufferin, one of the Governor-Generals of Canada.

CHICOUTIMI, 4,000. At the head of navigation, the headquarters of the Saguenay lumber trade, and the centre of a good dairying country. The Chicoutimi River here joins the Saguenay from the west. From Lake Kenogami, seventeen miles from Chicoutimi, this river falls 486 feet. The portage at one of the falls is called "Portage de L'Enfant," from the story of an Indian baby left in a carelessly fastened canoe, which was carried over the fall of fifty feet without upsetting. The splendid new Hotel Chateau Saguenay, opened here, will be found all that tourists and sportsmen can desire. Passengers for Roberval take the rail at Chicoutimi.