

# CYSF election bout on; vote is on Tuesday

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## 2 York Green supporters are acclaimed in colleges

## Dark Horse in presidential race

EXCALIBUR learned last night that York's presidential race had corralled another strong candidate, Dark Horse.

Horse, retired transportation consultant to a large Toronto dairy, announced his surprise candidacy in a press conference held at his home close to Greenwood Raceway.

In his prepared speech Horse stressed his leadership experience gained in his years in the milk industry.

"I really understand the importance of putting the horse before the cart," he said.

Horse scorned the notion that his somewhat doubtful academic qualifications would prove any greater barrier to his being a great York president.

"What this place needs is a little plain horse sense anyway," he said firmly.

"Besides, former president Curry, H. Sauce, wasn't any Einstein — just look at the mess York is in now."

Horse was certain that his family heritage would prove the deciding factor.

"Good breeding is the key to all such races and I come from a long line of upper middle class horses," he said.

Offering a little something for everyone in his campaign platform, Horse promised to plough over all York's unused acreage and plant his favourite little weed, grass.

"We'll plant two thirds in gold grass and one third in green grass, but none of that blue stuff — it's a down."

According to usually reliable sources, Stone Pearson Pott, head of the board of governors, was highly impressed with the potential of this plan.

Pott was also quoted as saying that Horse was probably the only presidential candidate who wouldn't object to having the board on his back.

Borax Lastic, chairman of the presidential search committee, felt that he could successfully re-

interpret the terms of the search procedure so that the senate would endorse Horse's candidacy.

"It's not that the procedure is all that flexible," observed Lastic, "it's just that the Senate is really stupid."

Borax Lastic went on to point out that the senate traditionally had been very sympathetic to animals.

"Why look, for example, at all the bull they swallowed at their last meeting."

When asked to comment, Captain America said that he felt Dark Horse was a perfectly acceptable candidate.

"What we really have to be careful of," he said, "is a horse of a different color."



Dark Horse

Two supporters of the York Green Committee have obtained positions on the new Council of the York Student Federation following acclamations in both Vanier and Founders college.

A. R. Gouge and Janice McCall have both been acclaimed CYSF college representatives in Vanier and Founders respectively.

All three Founders reps were acclaimed last week. The three Vanier reps were acclaimed Tuesday when a fourth candidate David Olson, dropped out.

Only last week an entire slate of Green Committee candidates were soundly defeated in the McLaughlin college elections.

The day after the defeat Tim Delaney, co-founder of the Green Committee, reversed an earlier decision and announced that members of the Green Committee would now not run for CYSF as a YGC slate but rather as "individuals."

There are four supporters of the Green Committee known to be running for other positions in CYSF:

David Beatty, president; Tim Delaney and Mike Grosney, McLaughlin reps; James Bull, Winters rep.

The election for remaining positions takes place Tuesday from

9:30 am to 4:30 pm. Polling booths will be located at the top of the ramp leading to the McLaughlin and Winters dining halls and at the top of the ramp leading to the Vanier and Founders dining halls.

Students from College E, graduate students, and graduate students in business administration will vote in front of the post office in the humanities building.

Forums for presidential, vice-presidential and college representative candidates will be held today in McLaughlin common room at 1 pm and in Vanier at 2:30 pm.

Tomorrow the candidates will speak in college E common room at 1 pm.

Candidates already acclaimed are: Vanier reps, A. R. Gouge, John Laskin and Doug Owens; Founders reps, Janice McCall, Robert Lowes and Ken Hundert; Masters of Business Administration reps, Dennis Charbonneau, Greg Hurd and Dan Sterling.

At press time no one had applied for any of the three positions allocated for graduate arts and science students.

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### Meeting today

## York people join bid to stop expressway

Students and faculty at York are busy helping in the bid to stop the Spadina Expressway construction.

A general meeting has been planned at noon today in the Winters JCR to discuss and form some concrete action against the expressway. Controversial Ward 7 councillor John Sewell, York humanities professor Bill Thompson, Pollution Probe member Rob Mills and Dennis Lee of Anansi Press, the publisher of *The Bad Trip* (The Untold Story of the Spadina Expressway), will speak at the meeting.

Petitions are being signed at tables opposite the post office in the Ministry of Love and in the hallway between Vanier and Founders colleges.

The hub of the activity is room 313 in Founders College — the

office of history professor Tom Cohen.

Future plans include three-hour canvasses of areas in North York by York students and staff on Saturday.

The object of the canvass is to "break the myth of North-South opposition to the expressway," humanities professor Paul Levine says. The myth, he says, is that inner city residents oppose the expressway while outer city dwellers are in favor of the expressway.

Other York faculty members working with the Stop Spadina movement include Ramsay Cook, Michael Creal, Sidney Eisen, Eli Mandel, Lionel Rubinoff and Jack Granatstein.

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## Socialization, oppression of women is described

By MONICA WILDE

If you are one of those who think women's liberation is limited to symbolic bra burnings and pickets at beauty contests, the open forum on Friday afternoon was designed to open your eyes.

Speaking before a lively audience in Vanier JCR Colleen Levis of the Young Socialists described how women are held back in present-day Western society. Concerning the right to control her own body, Miss Levis said that women were "brutally discriminated against."

She pointed out that thousands of illegal abortions are performed each year because strict abortion laws leave no other alternative for many women. The pill, she said, is "dangerous" because enough research funds are not yet available to fully explore its side effects. Meanwhile, she said "millions of women are being used as guinea pigs."

But this is only one aspect of a process that begins almost at birth. As a young child, a girl is taught to play with dolls in preparation for her future role. In school, she is channeled away from maths, sciences and other analytic fields; by the time she gets to university, her pattern of expectations automatically leads her into arts or "service" fields such as nursing or home economics.

Miss Levis cited a study from McMaster University which showed that twice as many women as men were enrolled in humanities; in all other fields, the ratios were exactly reversed.

When women go out to get a job, Miss Levis said, they are not considered as seriously as men. Many employers, she said, assume a woman will just get married eventually and waste all their training. Women still predominate in the traditional fields such as nursing and teaching, but nowhere else.

Significantly, Miss Levis pointed out, even in these fields, the organization heads are still men.

If a man finds success in a career and decides to remain unmarried, he is idolized as a playboy. "Look at Trudeau," Miss Levis said.

If a woman does the same thing, she is seen as a failure who couldn't get a man. If a woman does have a family and continues to work, she is faced with a double burden, because society doesn't provide enough facilities to help her with the child rearing or housework.

"We feel the present situation is intolerable." With that introduction, Miss Levis outlined the proposals of the Young Socialists to better women's conditions:

— Society must share in the responsibility for child rearing. Adequate daycare centres must be set up so that all the resources of the community are brought together for the sake of the children. Thus poorer children will no longer be at such a disadvantage in resources, and others will no longer be isolated from the mainstream of society.

— Woman must be given control over her own body. Legalized abortion on demand, adequate pregnancy leave, and further research on The Pill are all necessary.

— Education must be altered. Women should be given greater encouragement to go into analytic and scientific fields. They must also be educated into awareness of the roles women have been playing in other societies where they have not been so passive.

Though women can make important gains within the present structure of society, Miss Levis emphasized that eventually "the economic basis of women's exploitation must be lifted."

Specifically she blamed the capitalist system which makes use of women as consumers and as a source of

cheap labor. Thus women do not regard men as their enemies — both, she said, have a common cause against a total system that must be changed.

For those who remain unconvinced, here are some random findings made by this reporter:

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics, that stalwart government agency, reports that the average earnings of female workers in Canada are scarcely better than half those of males (1961 statistics.)

Though some of the gap can be explained by age differences and lower educational level, even these considerations leave unexplained an earnings gap of 15-22 per cent. The report concludes: "It seems clear that some portion of the residual differential stemmed from discrimination, i.e. the fact that women were paid less than men for comparable work."

The American Sociological Review, in a recent study on the status of women in the profession, had equally dismal findings.

Though women form a two thirds majority at the undergraduate level in sociology, the proportions are reversed in graduate school; only one third of all M.A. candidates are women.

At the PhD level, female candidates sink to a low of 20 per cent. The report suggests that many women are discouraged from going on to graduate work because award committees are often tight-fisted about investing money and training in candidates "who, because of marriage and family, they suspect, will not yield the same dividends as men in terms of furthering the profession."

Of course, as long as an argument like this keeps women out of higher graduate work, it follows that they will be unable to make any contribution to the profession.