## DEPTH INTERVIEW

the decision on a basis considering it a living thin so I considered to myself that it "problem", and if the living thing anto my mind at all it was - what it or it? And I believed ieve I made the rice

BRUNS: You Puerto Rico and when the abortion finally arranged and the operation about to begin, what were you thi

portions until lab des very nervous abortions until lat as very nervous and very scared. It tompletely at ease. It was sort a jal place, more than anything else will could describe it. The recent was not the typical doctors red st. She was offering coffee, ter me (laughter) smiling at everyon d you had an interview with the first, who explained to you was going on, what

## "Don't move "t move, the harm I'll you if you move could fatal."

would be happening you talked about finances, etc with him, and then you had to soom for the anesthetic. I was all sign the form, because I didn't bw how it was going to come be all didn't really have to worry about signature anyway because I was good it was illegible. The anest that I had was only a local anest to I was totally conscious through operation and when the operation on the wall. when the operation n, on the wall directly in front of a clock which I watched the whole and the operation took twelve and forty-five seconds.

BRUNS: Now t tell us about the operation itself detail as you figure into as much

> wrong unless t that there is d or the child....l where one can it comes to short question don the Cou planned parenthood, the Council W the conand that to decide over the such did ow it has National who should question of abo

O'Neill The Most Rev. M

the operation DORIS: To say similar to an was embarrasing internal examination had to lay on the table with you in the braces. It was painful. The everal ways of performing an about and the way that this doctor to so to pull the womb out and class so there were

several muscles stretched - obviously, and this was the cause of the pain. The pain was similar to very bad menstrual cramps and all across your abdomen. He had two nurses assisting him and then the social director, I guess that is what you would call the receptionist was holding your hand, and she would say to you, "It hurts right across here doesn't it?, well don't worry about it, it will soon be over", and she talked to you the whole time trying to make you relax. The doctor himself was fairly gruff and he said "Don't move, don't move, the harm I'll doto you if you move could be fatal", which made you shake with nerves. After the operation it was again rather embarrassing you were given a sort of diaper like thing to put on, only it was large; larger than a diaper and more cumbersome and bulky, and he had given you a needle before the operation which totally relaxed you, and you couldn't really walk It was like you had just woken up without ever having gone to sleep. You had to walk back to a large room and be put back to bed and in that room were the nine other girls, four of which had already had the abortion and the others were waiting for theirs, and they could see you come in this was the fairly embarrassing part.

> "Traditionally abortion has been onsidered legally, morally and socially unacceptable. Only recently has this position been questioned by some segments of society. I feel today should keep an open mind to both sides of this debate. After the emotionalism of todays scussion has passed we will have to come to a mature decision on this subject within the context of our own societies traditional respect for the value of human life."

Father DeCourcey St. Dunstans

BRUNS: The abortionist was an MD then? He was a medical doctor.

DORIS: Yes he was a surgeon.

legal abortion was it? It wasn't legal as

DORIS: No it wasn't legal, Puerto Rico has abortion laws similar to ours, except that they are not particularly enforced the same way that a child here under sixteen cannot buy cigarettes but everyone does. Puerto Rico is overpopulated and a poor country so there is nothing really done about it. The people that I was there, none of them were Puerto Rican. The majority were from New York city, and they were all wealthy. It was no poor butcher shop job.

BRUNS: How did the MD seem to treat the operation?

DORIS: Very seriously and he didn't speak hardly at all to me, except to warn me not to move. He mostly talked to the other nurses and seemed very efficient and he had already talked to each individual previously to explain the procedure of the operation.

BRUNS: Were you treated like a young girl in trouble or did you get the impression that you were just another broad whowas, "up the stump"?

> "Speaking as a Christian clergyman I can forsee no circums under which the practice of abortion on demand can be justified.

> I do favor abortion in certain limited and clearly definds situations such as pregnancy through rape or incest. In my view the fetus is a potential human life whose right to life should not be tampered with in an indescriminate manner.

> Abortion on demand frequently stems out of an attitude of personal sexual atonomy which is incompatable with the Christian teaching of freedom with responsibility. The clammer for abortion on demand points strongly in the direction of the need for prevention of unwanted pregnancy through responsible family planning".

Rev. Mike Steeves Brunswick St. Baptist Church

DORIS: I was treated not particularly like a young girl in trouble, because I was twenty-three. I wasn't a fourteen year old. But I was treated very high class, and it wasn't, like I said before, a poor job. You were treated like you had made a mistake and you had gotten in trouble and he was going to end that trouble.

BRUNS: Now you've told us that this doctor did give abortions regularly. Was this his sole means of support as far as you know? Is that all he did?

DORIS: No he was a surgeon in a hospital, I'm not sure just which one, in Puerto Rico and he did abortions on Saturday. (laughter) His day off I guess, (laughter) He did about fifteen each Saturday.

BRUNS: Once you had the abortion, what kind of post-operative care did you receive.

DORIS: A nurse kept coming in. You

## BRUNS: I take it that this was an ilthe runway I cursed the lights of San Juan for killing my baby.

went to sleep after the operation because the needle they had given you before took effect and you immediately went to sleep. I was aware or at least semi conscious that the doctor kept coming in himself and he would check for hemorrhagingand the nurse would come and ask if you wanted anything, and you were given coffee and you slept for about an hour and a half and after that the doctor would come and he talked to us as a group about things not to do; like not to carry baggage, not to walk, not to go out in the sun, not to swim, to relax for at least two days, and what to do if bleeding did start, and he gave us his home phone number and said that he would be there at all times and could be reached.

BRUNS: How long did you stay in Puerto Rico after the operation?

by gary constantine

DORIS: I had the abortion on Saturday morning and I left Puerto Rico Monday night. Leaving the airport was the only time I had any regrets. As the plane was going down the runway I cursed the lights of San Juan for killing my baby. I cried for about five minutes and then substituted rational for emotion andhave never regretted my decision since. Any existing regret has taken the form of hating Puerto Rico and a vow never to return.

BRUNS: Did you develop any complications at all?

DORIS: Well I had a fairly long trip back, changing flights in New York and again in Montreal, and going through customs, and when I did arrive back in Fre 'ericton and told him that "mission impossible" was completed and could I phone himif necessary because I was starting to hemorrhage: bit, but not that mcuh, and I was so weak, and he told me that I could call him at any time which made me relax a bit more and I felt much better, but I stayed in bed for about five days.

## I don't want to have to go through it again.

BRUNS: This doctor in Fredericton that you phoned after you got back, was he committing anything illegal by giving aftercare?

DORIS: As far as I know-no. There would be no way of proving I suppose that he didn't perform the abortion, except that I would say he didn't. I'm not sure if they could tell by the method of the operation whether he had or not, but by giving me care afterwards he was in no way responsible.

BRUNS: Do you have any regrets to this day about what you did:

DORIS: No, definitely not.

BRUNS: Now this whole thing now has been over for a long time, ah, what kind of a sex life have you had since then? Do you have more sex, less sex or no sex at all?

DORIS: For a long time following the abortion I had no sex at all, and then very gradually; it was about sixteen months later that I began having sex again, but I think I can say that it is still less than before (the abortion). Though I'm not really bothered I do have a constant fear of pregnancy again even though I am taking birth control pills. I don't want to have to go through it again.

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