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by your commission of vice admiral of this province granted to General Murray, expressly introduce all the laws of the English courts of admiralty into this province; and by your commission to the same gentleman to be captain general and governour in chief of this province, did direct him to summon an assembly of the freeholders and planters in this province, and in conjunction with them to make laws and ordinances not repugnant to the laws of England, by which it seems to be pre-supposed that the laws of England were already introduced there; and did in other parts of the said commission allude to divers of the laws of England as being already in force here, as particularly the laws relating to the oaths of abjuration and supremacy, and the declaration against transubstantiation—From these several exertions of your Majesty's roval authority in favour of the laws of England, your Majesty's attorney general of this province humbly collects it to have been your Majesty's gracious intention to assimilate this province in religion, laws, and government to the other dominions belonging to your Majesty's crown in North America: he therefore conceives that the immediate revival of all the French laws relating to civil suits in this province, in the manner suggested in the foregoing report, will have at least the appearance of a deviation from the plan of conduct which your Majesty has hitherto adopted, and of a step towards a preference of the contrary system of keeping this province distinct from and unconnected with, all your Majesty's other colonies in North America:² and this appearance he humbly conceives to be itself a considerable inconvenience, and very fit to be avoided. would follow unless very strong reasons of justice or policy made such a measure necessary, which he does not conceive to be the case; for, on the contrary, he apprehends that the said total revival of the custom of Paris, and all the other French laws relating to civil suits, will be attended with the following additional inconveniences.

Other inconveniencies from such a measure.

First inconvenience.

In the first place, it will make it difficult for any of your Maiesty's English subjects to administer justice in this province, as it will require much labour and study, and a more than ordinary acquaintance with the French language to attain a thorough knowledge of those laws.

Second inconvenience.

In the next place, it will keep up in the minds of your Majesty's new Canadian subjects the remembrance of their former government, which will probably be accompanied with a desire to return to it. When they hear the custom of Paris, and the parliament of Paris, and its wise decisions, continually appealed

² See Carleton's letters to Gage and Shelburne, pp. 280, 281.

¹ Given in Maseres, "A Collection of several Commissions &c." p. 113.