

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

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ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1904.

NO. 109.

A. A. STOCKTON FOR COUNTY; DANIEL THE CITY MAN AGAIN

Opposition Fill Their Ticket

Thorne, McInerney and Hatheway First Named for County in Convention Thursday Night, But Declined--Dr. Daniel the Only One for the City Running--An Enthusiastic Gathering.

The Conservative nominating convention Thursday night at the J. W. Daniel for the city and Dr. A. A. Stockton for the county and the choice was ratified by an enthusiastic meeting in the York Theatre assembly room, N. B. street, at the residence of Dr. Daniel.



DR. J. W. DANIEL

he seconded, J. D. Hazen explained why he could not accept nomination. There had been talk earlier in the day that W. S. Fisher was wanted but that he declined. The meeting Thursday was well attended and considerable enthusiasm prevailed. The chair was taken shortly after 7:30 p. m. J. D. Hazen, his announced that the St. John's delegates had not been elected and although they were entitled to twelve he proposed that the fourteen present be admitted. This was agreed to. The chairman then requested all delegates to move into the room set apart for them to choose candidates and this was carried.

The Nominations.

As soon as the delegates were assembled W. H. Thorne was voted to the chair and said J. D. Hazen would give them his reasons for not accepting a nomination for the city and county of St. John. Mr. Hazen was warmly received. He explained that in the spring he pledged himself to his constituents and he did not feel it would be fair now to leave the provincial parliament to accept a nomination in St. John. The names of W. H. Thorne, W. F. Hatheway and G. V. McInerney were mentioned by various delegates but, each declining nomination, the name of Dr. A. A. Stockton was proposed by Mr. Kelly, of St. Martin's. This was seconded, and when put to the meeting was accepted unanimously and with much enthusiasm. The nomination of Dr. Daniel for the city was a mere formality and on this he settled the delegates returned to the large room. Meanwhile telephone messages were sent to Dr. Stockton and Dr. Daniel apprising them of their nominations and requesting their presence. Mr. Hazen informed the meeting to this effect and was greeted with cheers. Alderman Marais moved that the resolutions be adopted and the resolutions were carried with much enthusiasm. Calls were then made for Mr. Hazen and he said he would fill in a few minutes. He congratulated the Conservative party on putting in the field two candidates so acceptable in every way. As regards Dr. Daniel, the speaker, had never any doubt from the day Dr. Daniel was returned last February by a majority of 300 that when the time came he would be again nominated. He had been mentioning in the faithful discharge of his duties to his party and to the city in general. Referring to Dr. Stockton, Mr. Hazen said he enjoyed their confidence in a marked degree. He was a sound lawyer and there was no better platform speaker in the dominion. Dr. Stockton had not sought the nomination but would have been pleased to stand side-by-side with him. However, had sought him--as a courageous man he would accept and they (Continued on page 3, sixth column.)

GRANT HELD ON ROBBERY CHARGE

THE ESCAPED FREDERICKTON PRISONER NOW IN BOSTON JAIL

Identified as One of Three Men Who Jostled Chelsea Man and Relieved Him of His Pocket-book Containing \$1,258. Boston, Mass., Oct. 13--(Special)--Arthur Andrews, alias Chas. G. Grant, who recently escaped from Frederickton jail, was this morning found probably guilty in the Charlottetown municipal court of the larceny of \$1,258 from Weston D. Cunningham, and was held in \$2,500 bonds for the superior court. In default of bail he was committed to jail. Mr. Cunningham is a carriage merchant and lives at 19 Addison street, Chelsea. While riding on a Chelsea car in City Square, Charlottetown, shortly before 6 o'clock Thursday afternoon, Oct. 10th, three men crowded against him on the rear platform, one of whom took his wallet. Andrews has been identified as one of the trio.

SENATOR WOOD AND H. A. POWELL SPEAK AT MONCTON

Conservative Candidate Predicts That G. T. P. Eastern Section Will Never Be Built.

Moncton, N. B., Oct. 13--(Special)--The weather tonight was rather unfavorable for the Conservative meeting in the Opera House, but the hall was fairly well filled. E. A. Kelly presided, and the speakers were Senator Wood and H. A. Powell. The railway question was the principal issue discussed. Senator Wood dealt with the contract between the government and company. He condemned particularly the amended contract made by the government last session, as it was all to the advantage of the company and to the disadvantage of the government. Mr. Powell, after touching upon the fiscal policy of the two parties, launched into a discussion of the proposed trans-continental road, dealing particularly with the eastern section. The road from Quebec to Moncton, he contended, if built, would parallel the C. P. R., and compete with it for through traffic from Montreal to the provinces. But he did not believe this portion of the road would ever be built. He said it was an election fake, and nothing would be heard of the road from Quebec to Moncton after Nov. 3. Mr. Powell predicted success for the Conservatives at the polls.

POLICE GUARDING NEW YORK WITNESS

Man Who Testified Against Sam Parks' Successor on Trial for Extortion Afraid of His Life.

New York, Oct. 13--George J. Esig, the complaining witness in the extortion charges against Philip Weinsinger, in the trial before Judge Newburger, is protected tonight by a guard of county detectives. Esig would not attack would be made on the man who has testified against Weinsinger, and is responsible for the labor leader's arrest. District Attorney Jerome had three detectives accompany him to night to his home, where they will remain to escort him to the trial tomorrow morning. Esig says that shortly after Weinsinger's indictment in August, he received threatening letters and that since his testimony yesterday against Weinsinger, more letters have been received. About three weeks ago he was assaulted by three strange men near his home, beaten over the head and seriously injured.

DEATH-DEALING WHISKEY SEIZED

New York, Oct. 13--The first decisive move by the Federal authorities in the investigation of the alleged poisoned whiskey which is claimed to have been responsible for more than a score of deaths in the vicinity of Tenth avenue and 4th street, was made today when internal revenue officers raided the Fritchie saloon which had been closed by order of the local authorities after an investigation. Eight barrels containing alleged poisoned whiskey were taken and a quart of the liquid in each barrel will be sent to Washington for chemical analysis.

RUSSIANS RETREAT WITH HEAVY LOSS

Kuropatkin Falls Back After Losing Thirty Guns

Oyama Reports That if His Flanking Movement Succeeds Disaster is Certain for the Czar's Forces--More Troops Engaged Than at Liao Yang, and the Battle Bloodier--Jap Shells Creating Havoc at Port Arthur.

No appreciable progress has been made in the projected advance of the Russian army under General Kuropatkin since the initial success of the movement in the capture of Hentiaupon. Fighting of the most stubborn description continues along practically the entire front. Field Marshal Oyama reports the capture of thirty guns from the Russians, and claims distinct successes in forcing the Russians to retire from some of their advanced positions. General Kuropatkin's report to Emperor Nicholas is couched in guarded terms, and claims nothing in the way of accomplished results.

RUSSIANS WHIPPED WITH HEAVY LOSS

Tokio, Oct. 13--2 p. m.--It is yet too early to measure the results of the tremendous struggle which has been waged for the past three days. The Japanese, but all reports reaching Tokio indicate that General Kuropatkin has been decisively whipped and severely punished. The Russian commander is estimated at five thousand and his position, while making his dispositions with his forces scattered and he is beaten before he could recover. The Japanese yesterday began a desperate effort to turn the Russian right and if this effort should be successful, it will carry disaster to the Russian army. The Russian force around Hentiaupon is estimated at one thousand guns. The Japanese force exceeds the number engaged at the battle of Liao Yang. Kuropatkin Admits Defeat. St. Petersburg, Oct. 13--General Kuropatkin reports that during the fighting yesterday the Russian right wing was reinforced from the principal positions; that this evening the left wing was ordered to fall back on the main position, and that the Russian right wing was obliged to fall back. The report does not mention the fighting on the left wing. The full text of General Kuropatkin's report, which is dated Oct. 13 and addressed to the emperor, is as follows: "Last night and throughout today the Manchurian army was engaged in a fierce fight. The Japanese concentrated a great force against our dispositions on the centre and right wing. We carried on the fight from advanced positions, and it became necessary to support these advance positions from the main positions. The right wing held its advanced position and only at nightfall, under my orders, retired to the principal position. In the centre the troops were forced to retire from the advance to the main position about 2 p. m. According to reports and my own observations, the Russian right wing is a formidable force. We repulsed numerous Japanese attacks and ourselves assumed the offensive. The heroic defense of its advance position by the Toman Regiment is especially deserving of mention. "During the night our troops on the right flank recaptured at the point of the bayonet a village which had been lost on the previous evening. On the left flank severe fighting for the possession of a pass had been continued. Our troops scaled almost inaccessible rocks and held their ground for two days, gradually approaching the enemy. "I have not yet received a report of the result of today's fight on the left wing. Under the conditions of the fighting the losses are necessarily considerable. I have ordered that the positions we now hold be stubbornly defended tomorrow."

UNKNOWN SCHOONERS DRIVEN ON CHATHAM BAR BY HEAVY GALE

Liners Unable to Reach Stranded Vessels on Account of Terrific Storm. Chatham, Mass., Oct. 13--A terrific sea, the result of a three days' northeast, drove upon Chatham outer bar at 8 o'clock tonight an unknown three-masted schooner, which the life savers were unable to reach, and which at a late hour tonight they feared would go to pieces before morning. The vessel had lights in the cabin when she struck the bar, but the life savers were unable to get any response to their hail, nor any answer to their signals. A three-masted vessel was sighted just before dawn tonight passing Nauset light, and was apparently a lumber loaded schooner, bound from some eastern port. Two hours later the south patrol from the Old Harbor life saving station sighted a similar vessel in the breakers on Chatham bar, and immediately turned his night signals and called up his station.

WARM DEBATE ON HIGHER CRITICISM IN ANGLICAN SYNOD

Montreal, Oct. 13--(Special)--Higher Criticism was the subject of animated discussion at the Anglican Synod this afternoon. The debate arose over a resolution to publish in the synod records, Bishop Carmichael's sermon of a doctrinal character which he delivered at the opening of the session. The debate lasted over two hours. The proceedings culminated in a sermon on the part of those who favored the scientific explanation of the Scriptures. The subject was introduced by an amendment of Canon Welch of Toronto who wished to eliminate a clause recommending the insertion of the resolution within the minutes of the synod regarding Biblical criticism. He gave as reason that the resolution which was proposed by Dr. Langley, of Toronto, conveyed the impression that the doctrinal explanations given by Bishop Carmichael in his sermon were receiving the unanimous support of the synod. In the discussion which followed a member said that college professors who advocated higher criticism were receiving the money of the church under false pretences. Judge Hanington, of Dorchester (N. B.) was among those who bitterly condemned the tendencies of the higher critics. (Continued on page 6, fifth column.)

STOESSER REPORTS VIOLENT BOMBARDMENTS

St. Petersburg, Oct. 13--General Stoesser reports to the emperor under date of Oct. 5 as follows: "The Japanese have increased the number of their guns against the north front, commenced an approach against the section of the fortress, the night of Oct. 1st, but were stopped by volleys. The Japanese then directed their attack on the again with reinforcements literally under a shower of shrapnel, and finally succeeded in driving out the Japanese, but the Japanese artillery fire was so withering that the Russians were unable to remain in the trenches. At night the Japanese artillery bombarded the Russian centre, preparing the way for a general counter attack, which Field Marshal Oyama ordered for Tuesday. The Japanese offensive extended to their extreme left. General Oku's army being for the first time engaged. At night, full twenty of the Japanese had forced back the Russian right, but the centre held fast, although some positions had fallen into the hands of the Japanese. 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The Japanese commanders, in their reports, give expression to their admiration of the valor of the Russians. The Manchurian headquarters reported today as follows: "Our right army has been pursuing the enemy northward. "The column which was dispatched in the direction of Shihchiao Tsu to intercept the retreat of the enemy from Hentiaupon, continues its operations. The Russian right wing continues its attack on the Russians and expects to occupy the line between Tangshankou and Huchinku today. The enemy in this direction is reported to retreat continuously until dusk last evening. "A report that a large column of the enemy is moving to the southeast and is working at the erection of defensive works at Chienluangshien cannot be verified. "The number of guns captured by the central column of the left army is sixteen, instead of eight, as previously reported. "The right wing of the central column of the left army captured four guns. The counter-attacks against the central column of the left army were very daring, but those attacks were repulsed with heavy infantry fire. "The right wing of the left army, while pursuing the enemy west of the Shihli river, captured five guns, making the total number of guns captured twenty-five. "The supports and the artillery reserve advanced to Kuchiatan and vicinity, driving the Russians from Hentiaupon. The central column of the left army captured 150 prisoners. "The right wing of the left army captured 150 prisoners. "The supports and the artillery reserve advanced to Kuchiatan and vicinity, driving the Russians from Hentiaupon. Battle Will Continue Today. St. Petersburg, Oct. 14--5.30 a. m.--Desperate fighting and heavy losses on both sides, with varying success for the Russians--such is the summary of the report filed by General Kuropatkin in a telegram filed Oct. 13. There is no sign of the battle slackening. On the contrary, General Kuropatkin telegraphs that he has ordered the army to resume the fight with unabated vigor today. General Kuropatkin himself is in the thickest of the fight on the west flank. The conflict has been most desperate at the centre and at those points had to be repeatedly reinforced owing to the great pressure of the Japanese attack. At nightfall on Oct. 12 the Russian right was withdrawn from its main position; one of the abandoned positions was retaken at the point of the bayonet during the night. Contrary to Field Marshal Oyama's report, no indication is given in General Kuropatkin's telegram of an enveloping movement by General Oku. The only positions captured by force were at the centre, where the Russians were compelled to retire during the afternoon. There is no mention of the loss of guns. The war office declines to deny that there was such a loss, but explains that such an incident is quite possible, while positions were changing hands, but that even if it is true it is of no material consequence. According to telegrams from Russian correspondents, the horrors of the battle were intensified by bitter cold and rain. General Mischenko, who has been reported to be raiding in Korea, played a conspicuous part in the fighting on the Russian left flank. Stoesser Reports Violent Bombardments. St. Petersburg, Oct. 13--General Stoesser reports to the emperor under date of Oct. 5 as follows: "The Japanese have increased the number of their guns against the north front, commenced an approach against the section of the fortress, the night of Oct. 1st, but were stopped by volleys. The Japanese then directed their attack on the

CANDIDATES PREACH LIBERAL DOCTRINE IN OPERA HOUSE

MINTO'S STIRRING ADDRESS AT THE MONTREAL BANQUET

REFERS TO GREAT STATESMAN TRYING TO LINK INTERESTS OF COLONIES AND MOTHERLAND

What is Good for the Empire is Good for Canada, and Vice Versa--The Empire is Facing Difficult Problems, Says Retiring Governor General. Montreal, Oct. 13--(Special)--Lord Minto was given a farewell banquet tonight by the citizens of Montreal. Mayor LaPorte presided, and the Roman Catholic and Anglican bishops were present. In the course of his speech Lord Minto said, speaking of the six years he had spent in Canada: "They have been years of marvelous prosperity, of great advancement in commercial wealth, of great development of the magnificent resources of this wonderful country. But greater inlets in the history of Canada, than any of those, have come into existence. A great war has raised considerations as to the imperial responsibilities of the king's subjects beyond the seas, and a great statesman is aiming at directing into one common channel the interests of the motherland and her self-governing dependencies. "We are in a transition state, the old order of things is passing away, colonies are becoming nations, with a national sentiment of their own; but I say it, as strongly as I can say it, with no diminution of affection to the motherland from which they sprang, we are face to face with a problem full of difficulties. No doubt conditions are changing and we cannot afford to stand still. "Now that I am leaving you I will only say: Work out the problem with all deference for the traditional doctrines of the old world, with full regard for the hope of your rising nationality, with all respect for racial traditions, but remember always that what is good for the empire is good for Canada, and what is good for Canada is good for the empire."

OPEN THE PLATFORM Campaign

Messrs. O'Brien and McKeown Given Hearty Reception, But Rain Prevented a Full House--Dr. Pugsley Goes Fully Into Questions at Issue Between the Parties.

Heavy rain was against the opening of the Liberal campaign of speech making in St. John Thursday night, but the Opera House was fairly well filled, there was a good number of representative men on the platform and the speakers were given a hearty reception. They were R. O'Brien, Hon. H. A. McKeown and Hon. Wm. Pugsley. Ald. T. H. Bullock made a good chairman. With him on the platform at the speakers and Col. McLean, A. O. Skinner, Dr. D. E. Berryman, W. J. Mahoney, L. R. Morton, F. J. McPeck, W. E. Scully, Henry Gallagher, Col. Downie, Francis McCaffery, G. Sydney Smith, Dr. J. M. Smith, T. H. Hiley, Thos. McAvity, A. W. Adams, Joseph Bullock, Dr. H. G. Adey, Chas. Knodell, T. P. Pugsley, Dr. J. Purdy, M. P. P. B. R. Macaulay, Thos. Lannan, Geo. A. Day, H. McAvity, P. J. DE. A. D. Smith, P. Mooney, Geo. A. Knodell, John M. Elmore, John T. Power, J. H. McAvity, D. J. Brown, F. Corr, G. Weimore, Merritt, M. A. Mooney, Paddy McAvity, John A. Chesley, T. H. Estabrooke, R. Craigie, Henry Doherty, Dr. A. L. Kerr, F. J. G. Knowlton, Dr. A. F. F. T. A. Linton, W. G. Seervi, A. W. I and others. The O'Brien was the first speaker and was given a warm reception by all as he was gratified at seeing so much attendance in face of such weather. He was followed by Dr. Pugsley, who said that from a personal and conservative standpoint the government was guilty of not heeding certain demands by the city in connection with the railway bill, but that had the Board of Trade asked that the government had not granted? Regarding government ownership, Mr. Borden had it, in the Liberal platform, it could not be said he said a plank last year. He proposed variety of schemes and while he advocated government ownership his own party was unanimously with him. The Conservatives contended that it was nothing in the G. T. P. contract compelling the company to run through maritime provinces. Mr. O'Brien quoted extensively from the bill that was binding for the railway to be through New Brunswick. He drew attention to the St. John Board of Trade in August, 1903, when fault was found with the wording of the Grant-Trunk transcontinental bill. W. M. Jarvis had then contended that the contract had been guaranteed as well as would could guard it and the resolution expressing want of confidence in the bill was voted down. The Tory press said one result of this large contracts in construction of the railway would be the "graft." Insinuations had also been thrown out that in a large measure the government was responsible for dishonest practices. Mr. O'Brien quoted from a government paper that the government had taken precautions to guard against any dishonesty in construction of the road. Trade and Growth. There were many other features in connection with the election outside of this railway issue. In a recent speech at Amherst Mr. Fielding pointed out the striking fact that in the Conservative regime of eighteen years the Canadian exports and imports amounted to \$86,000,000 and in the eight years of the Laurier government they were \$228,000,000. He drew attention to the St. John Board of Trade in August, 1903, when fault was found with the wording of the Grant-Trunk transcontinental bill. W. M. Jarvis had then contended that the contract had been guaranteed as well as would could guard it and the resolution expressing want of confidence in the bill was voted down. The Tory press said one result of this large contracts in construction of the railway would be the "graft." Insinuations had also been thrown out that in a large measure the government was responsible for dishonest practices. Mr. O'Brien quoted from a government paper that the government had taken precautions to guard against any dishonesty in construction of the road. Trade and Growth. 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