THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1919

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For example note

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tets of Velour with pretty hand em-jackets In Christ-

Price \$3.25 each

b Puffs in pretty hristmas box. 1.95 to \$2.25 each.

k Bath Robes, in In Christmas boxes. \$1.95 to \$2.95 each.

rriage Robes or rool or goat skin. \$4.25 to \$11.25.

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EW BLOUSE.

make charming What gift is more r avidence of the end thoughtfulness beautiful Blouses? titons, though, for are now large, the nd you risk almost ment ff row wait

nty and

\$1.75 to \$8.50. or Crepe-de-chene or suit shades, in-blouse and smock

\$4.98 to \$25.00.

treet

boxes. \$2.25 to \$2.75.

ON'T limit the Christmas wreaths to your front windows. Hang them in the back windows, too, and give the butcher's boy and the groceryman and the other toilers the benefit of the decorations. Save half of your cheerful words for the back-door callers.

DON'T give an invalid a volume entitled "Thoughts of Death," or "Preparing for the Hereafter." Prepare

the invalid for the "right now" with a lot of laughs and a lot of hope by giving him or her some jolly books of plot and fun and travel, and add some interesting puzzles to keep the mind occupied.

ON"T give Bobbie a drum and then scold him for beating it. Did you think he was going to use it for a collarbox or a writing desk?

ON'T buy three or four dollars' worth of foolish tinsel and glass decorations for the tree. Think of the added games and candy and little toys you could have got for the money. Make the tree decorations at home and prove both your economy and originality.

DON'T give your poor little friend a "pair of sensible shoes." Shoes are not a sensible present for a youngster, no matter how poor he is. He wants skates or a sled. The very best present you can give him is something to make him happy. That's all there is to Christmas.

DON'T ornament the tree with lighted candles. Frequently the firemen call and squirt water all over the presents as a result of this, which never fails to dampen the Christmas festivities.

DON'T look a Christmas gift in the price tag.

DON'T give baby a whole bag of candy together with cheap toys from which he may chew the paint. Remember it is Christmas and the family doctor would like a few minutes to himself during the day.

ON'T give the maid a five dollar bill. She doesn't want to be tipped on Christmas, she wants to be remembered.

ON'T sit right down and take charge of Willie's toy train and Susie's toy pia no and baby's jumping jack. As long as they are for the children, why not allow them to play with them?

ON'T give Uncle William a copy of "Pilgrim's Progress," just because you think it would do him good. Such uncles can generally be put into a more Christmas-like frame of mind with a box of cigars.

CANDIES FOR CHRISTMAS

cut with a small cutter. Place hi of a wainut on top of each candy of if liked, coat with melted chocols and roll in chopped coccant. Ch hed figs and dates may be added, desired. Although this candy ow most of its flavor to the humble p tato, it is really delicious. Carrot and Coccant Delights,

Mix two and one-fourth tables its of gelatin with four tables its of water. Pour one cup yrnsirup into a saucepan, add orn-sirup into a sauce alf cupful of milk, bri oint and let boil until old water a soft ball n temove from fire, add of excluded and mashed cooked and mashed carrots, one ful of chopped cocoanut, socked ttin, one-half tablespoonful of but and one tablespoonful of lemon ter, and one tablesponth of other extract. Beat until stiff and turn into a large, well-greased pan. Keep in cool place overnight. This sweet has a novelty of taste that is unusually good, and will prove popular with the most discriminating.

soot, and win prove popular with the most discriminating. Bein Yum-Yume. Boil one-half cupful of corn-sirup, one-half cupful of maple sirup, one cupful of cooked and mashed beans, one cupful of sugar, and three-fourths cupful of water for five minutes, then add two and one-half tablespoonfuls of gelatin dissolved in one-half cup-tul of lukewarm water and cook, str-ring all the time, until it threads from the spoon, or reaches 213 degrees Fahrenheit by candy thermometer. Remove from the fire, add one-half tespoonful of peppermint extract and pour into wet tims. Allow to stand in a cool place overnight, cut into neat pleces, and roll in colored sugar. A really excellent and economical candy.

Sweets the Kiddles Can Make.

Sweets the Kiddles Can Make. Peanut Clusters. Cut up a half pound of sweet dip-ping chocolate (which can be obtain-ed at any high-class grocer's), and put it into the top of a small double boller. Pour boiling water into the lower half, put it over the fire and set in the top part containing the chocolate, allowing it to melt gradually over the hot wat-er. When it is melted, stir in a pint of roasted peanuts, measured after paraffin paper on a big mixing board and dip up a small tenspoontul of the d dip up a small the paper. Do this mount, putting the stance apart. Let ey are entirely firm

Honey Crisp.

Fair dealings, good citizenship, progressive policies, public confidence are the basic principle modern telephone management, and in these things the New Brunswick Telephone Company keeps ahead of the times.

The Great Problems of Reconstruction.

With the return of Canada to Peace the telephone systems of the Dominion are faced with an enor-programme of new construction and delayed maintenance, and in these important matters the New swick Telephone Company has to assume its full share of responsibility.

Reserve equipment normally maintained and necessary to give promy connection to new subsorfib-ers was entirely used up through war conditions, and the accumulated growth of population, together with the after-the-war expansion of business so noticeable on every side, have made telephone demands almost overwhelming.

Only by hitherto unheard of extensions can the existing excess burden of traffic be met and the requirement of the future be provided for. It has taken a large expenditure to enable the Telephone Company to live up to its obligations in the matter of extensions at war prices, and it will take still greater expenditures to meet the growing demand for long distance service which our geographical posttion and increasing business relations with the rest of the continent necessitate.

Extension which cared merely for immediate demands would be not only unecon also call for constant work that would frequently be detrimental to the service. Thus the Telephone Company must plan its work far ahead and its policy must necessarily be founded upon accurately prepared estimates of what the future has in store for each community affected. During the war scarcity of men and materials and the great increase of cost in doing the work necessitated the passing over of a men and materials and the great increase of oost in doing the work necessitated the passing over of a great proportion of the Company's maintenance work. After-war conditions have not reduced costs, so this work can now no longer be delayed because of excessive cost, but must be carried out in the face of this condition. Upon the important task of the preparation of this Company's development policy and the ex-penditure of large sums of money on delayed maintenance eminent engineering specialists and the Company's executive officers have been for some time engrossed.

Meanwhile construction is being pushed to the limit of men and materials; much has been acco plished this year and every effort is being made to get back to normal pre-war excellence of operation a task which the whole-hearted co-operation and support of the people of this Province will make eas



With its network of lines reaching into every section of the Province the New Brunswick Telephone Company is of necessity a large property holder, with a big stake in the future welfare of the Province. Whatever policy it adopt for the common good must in a greater or lesser degree be effected in the benefits it derives from its intimate business relations and associations w community.

a "middle-sized" dripping-pan with bu ter or a little salad-oil and spread th tuts in it. Then measure out interust not be very hot or the honey clusters. ng it them in coarse pieces. Thoroughly ill burn. Then pour the honey into and let it stand for about he pan with the nuts and let it be ome hard. Crack it in pieces for one at a time, small pley it. Then measure out into a two cupfuls of extracted ho Chocolate Honey Srisps. Chocolate Honey Srisps. Miet half of a cake of dipping choo, take as you did in making peanut sheets of paraffin paper.

suicepan two cuptures of the total of the set of the set of the comb), put it over the heat and let it boil for five minutes, stirring it every little while. The fire up and then break or



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