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FOR SALE—\$17,000
Detached 4-room, 1 1/2 bathrooms;
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with room for tennis court.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.
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THURSDAY MORNING JUNE 29 1916—FOURTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXVI.—No. 13,014

BRITISH GUNS DAMAGE THE GERMAN POSITIONS IN FLANDERS U.S. DEMANDS APOLOGY FROM AUSTRIA FOR INSULT TO FLAG Carranza Yields to Demand for Release of Prisoners

UNITED STATES SEEKS APOLOGY FROM AUSTRIA

Attack Upon American Steamer "Deliberate Insult to Flag of U.S."

INDEMNITY DEMANDED

Sub. Commander's Version Disbelieved and His Punishment Called for.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The American minister to Austria regarding the Austrian submarine attack on the American steamer "Petrolite," made public today by the state department, describes the act as "a deliberate insult to the flag of the United States and an invasion of the rights of American citizens," and requests a prompt apology, punishment of the submarine commander and payment of indemnity.

In vigorous language the communication sent a week ago today makes it clear that the United States Government believes the facts of the case are entirely different from what the Austrian submarine commander reported them to be and that immediate amends are expected.

"Fiasco of Falesthoods." The Austrian claim that the "Petrolite" was captured voluntarily gave up supplies taken from the steamer by the submarine commander is flatly contradicted, as are the claims that warning shots were fired across the "Petrolite" bow before she was shelled, and that her appearance was such as to justify the submarine commander in mistaking her for a cruiser.

The attack on the "Petrolite," a standard oil tanker, occurred in the Mediterranean Dec. 5. A protest sent soon afterward on preliminary reports from the tanker's captain and crew, brought the Austrian communication to which the new American note replies.

BULGARS DRIVEN OFF.
Attack in Northern Greece Was Repulsed.

SALONIKI, June 28.—After firing 3000 shells against the allied positions in the region of Lommatzi, in northern Greece, Bulgarian troops attacked, but were beaten off.

Both sides sustained heavy losses.

NOT TO ENLIST BELGIANS
BERLIN, June 28, 4.45 p.m., via London, June 28, 12.55 a.m.—Governor General Von Bisping at Brussels has issued an official denial of reports circulated abroad that the German Government intended calling the Belgians for military service.

REMOVES DOUBT OF CAPT. COTTON'S DEATH

Fiancee Cables From London That He Has Been Killed in Action.

Last night W. K. George received a cable from his daughter Jean, from London, stating that her fiance, Capt. Chas. P. Cotton, had been definitely killed in action and there was now no hope of him having been taken prisoner as was at first hoped.

Capt. Cotton was the third son of the late General W. H. Cotton, and was reported killed at Zillebeke, where he and his men succeeded in smug-gling three guns within 300 yards of the enemy's parapet and blasted a hole in the parapet thru which the infantry were able to attack.

At the outbreak of war he was in British Columbia, but came east to enlist. When told he might obtain a commission, he said he would like one, but preferred to gain it in active service. Not only did he do so, but was also awarded the Russian Cross of St. George for valor on the field before the second battle of Ypres.

Another brother of Capt. Cotton, Capt. Rex Cotton, was in a previous casualty list, while another brother lost his life in the South African war.

'KITCHENER' CHOICE OF BERLIN VOTERS

"Brock" Ran Close Second as New Name of Berlin, Ontario.

POLLING WAS LIGHT
Official Christening Ceremony Will Take Place in About a Month.

Special to The Toronto World.
BERLIN, Ont., June 28.—The name Kitchener was the choice of the electors for a new designation for this city, although a very small vote was polled during the four days the poll was open. Brock was a close second, being only eleven behind for first place, while the other four names "also ran." A total of 729 votes were counted as good as follows: Kitchener, 346; Brock, 335; Adams, 23; Benton, 15; Corran, 7; and Keowana, 2.

There was no demonstration tonight, as the citizens evidently are waiting for the official christening, which will take place about a month later. The next move of the city council will take place next Monday, when they will pass in council the bylaw formally giving the name to the municipality.

FRESH CREDITS IN CANADA FOR WAR SUPPLIES

Canadian Banks Called Upon to Finance Further Big Orders.

EXPANSION AFTER WAR

Greatly Increased Export Business is Looked Upon as Certain.

By a Staff Reporter.
OTTAWA, Ont., June 28.—The minister of finance conferred today with a committee of the Canadian Bankers' Association with reference to the matter of establishing in Canada further credit for the imperial government to be used in the payment of war munitions and supplies ordered thru the imperial munitions board.

As a result of a previous conference a credit of \$75,000,000 was established with the result that \$100,000,000 additional orders were obtained.

These orders cover shells, explosives, and other war material for use at the front by Great Britain and her allies. At present the imperial munitions board is disbursing in Canada from a million to a million and a half dollars per day, which is keeping busy over three hundred manufacturing establishments and furnishing employment to many thousands of men.

Stimulus to Business.
The effect of this vast expenditure upon the general business of Canada has been very great. It is understood that good progress was made at today's conference respecting the matter of further credits, although no official statement was made.

In addition to discussing the question of imperial credits for the purpose of the association the desirability of the association was discussed.

(Continued on Page 6, Col. 5.)

BODY OF KINGSTON MAN IS FOUND IN THE DON

Identified as That of W. R. Sills, Who Was Undergoing Treatment Here.

About 6.20 last night, the body of W. R. Sills, 50 years of age, 15 Mack street, Kingston, Ont., was found floating in the Don river, near the Will-ton avenue bridge, by a man who telephoned the police of Willton avenue police station. Policeman B. J. McKeown, who was on duty at the time, took the body, and it was removed to the morgue, where an inquest will likely be held.

Sills came to Toronto a few days ago to undergo treatment for nervous trouble, and stayed at a house on Palmerston avenue, failing to receive word from him, a friend, G. A. McPherson of Kingston, requested the Toronto police to try and locate him. The late Mr. Sills was a teacher at the Kingston High School. G. H. McPherson and J. B. Donaldson of Kingston arrived in the city last night and identified the body.

BRITISH GUN FIRE DAMAGES ENEMY

Discharges of Gas Also Inflict Suffering on Germans.

PATROLS CONFIRM IT
Highland Light Infantry Carries on Particularly Successful Raid.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, June 28.—Much damage was done to German trenches at certain points by British shell fire, and suffering was inflicted on the enemy by discharges of gas, according to the British official statement on the campaign in France and Flanders issued tonight. The effect of the British bombardment was established by numerous raids of German trenches by patrols.

The Highland Light Infantry carried out a particularly successful raid near the Vermelles-La Bassée road and captured 46 prisoners and two trench mortars and destroyed two German mine shafts with the loss of only two men.

The following is the British official report on the operations of the past 24 hours:

"During last night there were raids, and patrols entered enemy trenches and inflicted casualties. Near Arras one of our raiding parties found the enemy trenches badly damaged by shell fire. The enemy apparently had suffered from the gas we had successfully discharged from our trenches.

Parties of the Highland Light Infantry near the Vermelles-La Bassée road, with 46 prisoners and two trench mortars were captured and two enemy mine shafts were destroyed with the loss of only two men.

"Today the enemy exploded a small mine near Neuve and another near Hulluch, but excepting slight damage to one of our saps they were successful in their operations. We successfully exploded two mines southward of the Bethune-La Bassée Canal. Bad weather yesterday prevented much flying."

FRENCH REPULSED GERMAN ATTACKS

Minor Fighting Continued in Region of Verdun.

SOME GROUND GAINED
Activity of Enemy in Champagne Checked by Counter-Strikes.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, June 28.—Two German counter-attacks made against the French positions northeast of Hill 321 and between Fleury and the eastern boundary of Chapire Wood were repulsed by the French, and they also continued the series of progress made by the French in the neighborhood of the Thiaumont work on the right bank of the Meuse in the region of Verdun today.

The enemy continued his bombardment of the sectors of Avocourt and Chateauvert with big shells.

In the Champagne the Germans penetrated some small posts in the direction of the Tahure salient, but they were driven out shortly afterwards by a French counter-attack. They also dispersed a strong German reconnaissance party on the road from St. Hilaire le Grand to St. Souplet.

Attempts of the Germans to launch several surprise attacks on minor French posts in the region south of Lassigny were repulsed.

TROOPERS HELD IN MEXICO ARE TO GET LIBERTY

Carranza Decides to Give Way to Strong Demand of Wilson.

NOW BOUND TO JUAREZ

Message Received by General Funston Confirms Earlier Report.

EL PASO, Texas, June 28.—Gen. Jacinto Trevino has ordered that the American prisoners interned in the penitentiary at Chihuahua City be taken to Juarez and there, with their arms and accoutrements, be released. This information was received at the Juarez commandancia tonight.

Mexican authorities asserted that Gen. George Bell, Jr., commanding the El Paso military district, had been notified of Gen. Trevino's order and that the prisoners are expected to reach Juarez tomorrow. Gen. Bell did not deny the report, but refused to discuss it.

There are 23 American prisoners held at Chihuahua City, including Lem Spillbury, the Mormon scout.

A despatch from San Antonio says: "Gen. Funston received tonight a report from Brigadier-General George Bell, Jr., at El Paso, which stated that General Bell had been notified by Mexican Consul Garcia, that the American prisoners taken at Carrizal now are on the way north to Juarez and would arrive there tomorrow morning."

AUSTRIANS STRIVE TO HALT ADVANCE

Russians Are Succeeding in Constructing Bridges for Drive.

DEFENDS RIVER LINES

Enemy Endeavors to Destroy Positions in Western Bukovina.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, June 28.—The Russians report that in an attempt to halt their advance in Bukovina the Austrians are using every possible means to prevent them from constructing bridges and are destroying bridges already constructed.

On the road to Kovel the Austrians are attacking the Russian positions and are accomplishing their task. As soon as the Russians are completed the Russians will press their advance westward into southeastern Galicia.

On the road to Kovel the Austrians attacked the Russians near Lisenka, but they were repulsed. They continue to maintain a violent artillery fire in this district.

The Russian northern front near Dvinsk the Germans suffered repulses of attacks at many points. Dvinsk has been bombarded by shells and heavy calibre, but the effect has been insignificant.

ROUMANIA PREPARES TO JOIN ALLIES IN WAR
Bulgaria Moves Troops to Frontier and Bucharest Takes Countersteps.

NEW YORK, June 28.—A News Agency despatch from London published here today says: Interest in the expected grand offensive of the allies shifted temporarily today to the situation in the Balkans with the revival of reports that Roumania is preparing to join the allies.

A heavily censored Bucharest despatch, telegraphed via Athens, reported that Bulgaria had closed her frontier against Roumania. Bulgarian troops were reported to be concentrating along the Roumanian frontier.

The Evening News received a Bucharest despatch reporting that the Roumanian Cabinet at a special session today had decided as a result of Bulgaria's movements. The despatch bore evidence of having been heavily censored.

A CORRECTION.
In a headline in yesterday's World, it was stated in the report of the annual meeting of the Home Bank that Mr. M. J. Haney had succeeded to the presidency of that institution. The fact is that Mr. Haney becomes vice-president in succession of Mr. Thomas D. Dineen. General Mason remains president.

TO GIVE SHIELD AND FLAG TO CANADIAN LEADER

Princess Louise and Duchess of Argyll Will Make Presentation Saturday.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.
LONDON, June 28.—The Princess Louise and Duchess of Argyll will present a silk Union Jack and a silver shield to the general officer commanding the Canadian forces Saturday. The colors and shield are the gift of the women and children of the United Kingdom and they will be taken to Canada. A souvenir in commemoration of Earl Kitchener will also be given to each disabled soldier.

PRINCE HENRY, BAVARIA, IS WOUNDED IN BATTLE

Head and Hand Injured, But Condition Reported Not Serious.

MUNICH (via Amsterdam to London), June 28, 2.31 a.m.—Prince Henry of Bavaria was wounded in the head and left hand on the battlefield. His condition is not serious.

MANY CANADIANS REFUSED TO YIELD

Germans Killed One General and Several Officers Before Ypres.

FOUGHT DESPERATELY
Groups Had to Be Cleared Out With Bombs by Foe.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.
LONDON, June 28.—The Cologne Volkszeitung, describing the gallant stand made by the Canadians at Ypres at the beginning of this month, says that many of them made an obstinate resistance, preferring to be killed than to surrender. One general and several officers who refused to give in were killed. The general drew his sword and when a sergeant demanded his surrender he cut him thru the face, whereupon an infantryman bayoneted him.

Many such groups who resisted desperately and refused all mercy had to be cleared out with bombs.

Made Goliath Look Small.
But this became too tame for him. With one strong arm he grasped a tomahawk weighing three or four hundred pounds, pulled it from its firm foundation and flung it fifteen feet away. With the other hand he tore a headstone from its position and tossed it gently into a nearby hedge. A little later in the day four men took the stones that had been disarranged and replaced them, and it was no easy task for the four.

This amusement became too tame and the man started back to the Day Avenue. There a motor car was standing at the curb. Nothing daunted, he gently kicked in the lamps with his feet, tore off the hood and escaped with his hands. He took a liking to the number plate and carried it away, evidently as a souvenir.

Back to the cemetery and over the fence again he jumped. He was getting too hot for his exercises so removed all his clothing and stood in the bright sunlight in the bright cool light of the morning, naked as the day he was born.

By this time a great crowd had gathered and a meeting was hurriedly called to decide how best to catch this roaming maniac. But he was too quick for his pursuers and escaped.

He was next heard from in the Silverthorne district.

An Italian woman, busy in preparing breakfast for her husband, Day Avenue, was startled to see a naked man standing on the door-step. She hastily supplied him with a shirt and pair of trousers, and he disappeared.

By this time a general alarm had been given in the northwest section of the city. Deputy Reeve P. H. Miller notified High Constable Phillips of the occurrence, and every county constable in the district—there is only one—was notified to be on the lookout for the lunatic. The members of the rifle team of the British Imperial Association were called to the colors, armed with their rifles.

A platoon of the 220th York Rangers Overseas Battalion was sent out by Lieut.-Col. Brown to scour the wood and dunes of the district.

At 10 o'clock last night the chief of police of Weston, who had been notified to be on the lookout for the strong man, was looking out in the vicinity of Downview. He saw what to him appeared to be a wild Indian endeavoring with his hands to tear up a 50-foot tree, felling it on the subject with one jump, the chief landed his man, who once again was stark naked. The poor fellow, who by this time had little or no strength left, was taken to the Weston Police Station where he awaits a claimant.

CAUSES PANIC IN EARLS COURT

Pulled Glass From Conservatory and Scattered Garbage Over Street.

THEN TO THE CEMETERY

Tore Up Headstones, Jumped High Fence While Stark Naked.

In the early hours on Wednesday morning a resident of Goodwood avenue, Earls Court, rose to take his morning air. He looked out the window to see whether it was raining, and quickly withdrew. His face was ashen white. "Great Heavens!" he gasped, "I've got 'em again!"

Other residents in the same block, hearing the noise, rushed to their windows and looked out on a scene they will remember for many a day. Tearing lights of glass from Merrick's greenhouse, scattering the pieces over the sidewalk and roadway, and shrieking at the top of his voice while he was having this enjoyable time was a man of foreign appearance. It is said even that he attempted to eat some of the glass. All the time he was screaming at the top of his voice, loud enough to wake up the entire northwest section of the city.

Evidently the man didn't like the glass, so he turned his attention to several garbage cans left neatly on the sidewalk to be taken away. These he scattered for a block up and down the street.

Being unable to understand the pyromaniac of the former, E. B. Deakin took his trusty revolver from its resting place in the bureau drawer and five shots rang out on the morning air.

The shots startled the maniac, who sped with the swiftness of an elk, west on Goodwood, across fences, thru lanes and finally landing in the electric fence surrounding Prospect Cemetery. Now, to climb that fence would be some stunt for anyone, but not for the lunatic. Jumping lightly into the air he landed on both feet on the other side of the fence.

Evidently he was fond of flowers. Immediately upon jumping the fence he commenced to gather a bouquet, but his manner of gathering was unique, to say the least. Sweeping everything before him he swooped such things as the rose beds and shrubs. Nothing escaped him. He tore thru the shrubbery as tho he had been doing nothing but destroying plants and flowers all his life.

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WAR SUMMARY

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

THE same heavy firing along a front of 70 miles is proceeding from the British lines in Flanders as began five days ago, and still the only actions fought by British infantry consist of nightly raids by patrols from many points to obtain proof of the damage sustained by the enemy. Many days may yet elapse before more stirring deeds are done, for the operations that are apparently about to be undertaken require careful preparation and accurate spotting for the British batteries. The object of the heavy artillery bombardment is to destroy fortified works and to prevent the Germans from making good the damage. It has also a tremendous effect in wearing down the enemy. Its moral influence is no doubt great, for the inability of the German batteries to deliver anything like an equal volume of fire gives the Germans a sense of inferiority, of being the "under dogs" now.

As the days go by the chances of the obtaining of an immediate decisive victory by the Russians over the surviving Germans and Austrians on the front between the Pripiet marshes and the Roumanian frontier grow less, but the smashing blow that gave them 200,000 prisoners in 20 days was certainly an important victory, and a few more such victories would humble Austria-Hungary and the haughty house of Hapsburg in the dust. Every reason exists for believing that the Russians are continuing the making of important manoeuvres behind their front and that the fruits of these preparations will ripen in the launching of another smashing blow right on the nose of the enemy or over his head. The threat to Kovel seems designed to keep the Germans and Austrians employed to their full capacity in that direction, while the Russians are developing their offensive towards Transylvania and southwestern Galicia.

It is probable that in publishing an account of a minor encounter between German aeroplanes and Russian aeroplanes, and claiming a victory in the sky at one of the entrances to the Gulf of Riga, the German war birds were inspired by the hope of creating a little enthusiasm among their subject people and to convey the expectation of pending developments against Riga and the Russian left flank. But Germany has been deprived of the power to damage the Russian line in its northernmost sectors by the great naval defeat she suffered at the Skager Rack

CLAIMS BRITISH REPULSES.
BERLIN, June 28.—This afternoon's official statement says of the British front: "From La Bassée Canal to the region south of the Somme the enemy made reconnaissance attacks in conjunction with intense artillery fire and mine explosions, and under the protection of smoke and gas clouds. The attacks were repulsed easily."

GERMANS DEMANDS RELEASE OF COMMODITIES BOUGHT BY HER.
PARIS, June 28.—A Zurich despatch to The Matin says that Germany's demands on Switzerland for the exchange of commodities are in the form of an ultimatum which expires at 8 o'clock Thursday night.

Announcement was made in the Swiss Parliament last week that Germany had demanded that the Swiss Government permit the exportation of cotton and materials collected by German agents, stating that if the demand were not complied with Germany would prohibit the exportation of coal, iron and other materials essential for Swiss industries. The Swiss authorities asked for time to reply, and sent a delegation to Paris to confer with representatives of the entente allies.

(Continued on Page 4, Columns 1 and 2)