January 27-31	Monterrey, Mexico — "Canada Expo '92" trade fair, the largest Canadian trade promotion event ever organized in Latin America. Expo '92 was designed to expand Canadian sales and investment opportunities in Mexico; 200 Canadian companies participated.
February 11	Canadian Senate Foreign Affairs Committee begins hearings.
March 18	Canada gives Mexico \$1 million in environmental assistance.
April 4	Mexico City, Mexico — Canada and Mexico sign Memorandum of Understanding on Co-operation in Telecommunications.
May 4	Mexico City, Mexico — Canada and Mexico sign Memorandum of Understanding on Co-operative Labour Activities.
July 29-August 1	Washington, D.C. — Sixteenth meeting of chief negotiators.
August 2-12	Washington, D.C. — Seventh trilateral Ministerial Meeting.
August 12	An agreement in principle is reached on the NAFTA.
September 8	Canada, the United States and Mexico release a provisional legal text of the NAFTA.
September 17	Washington, D.C. — Environment Ministers agree to establish a Trilateral Environmental Commission to improve co-operation on environmental issues.
October 7	San Antonio, Texas — Prime Minister Mulroney, President Bush and President Salinas witness initialling of the NAFTA by Minister Wilson, Ambassador Hills and Secretary Serra.
November 3	The Canadian Environmental Review of the NAFTA is released.
November 13	The Department of Finance releases the report, "The NAFTA, An Economic Assessment from a Canadian Perspective."
November 17	A subcommittee of the House of Commons Standing Committee on External Affairs and International Trade begins public hearings into the NAFTA, in Ottawa and nine other Canadian cities.
December 17	The heads of the three governments sign the Agreement.
1993	
February 25	Bill C-115, an act to implement the NAFTA, is introduced in Parliament.
March 17-18	Negotiations on additional accords on the environment and labour begin in Washington.
1994	
January 1	The NAFTA is scheduled to enter into force.

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page 11