

## THE GLORIOUS DEAD.

They come to us while musing,  
These shades, historic, old,  
From out the page of history  
Wherein this tale is told.  
Their spirit dwells forever  
On mountain, sea and shore;  
Though the dead will come back never—  
The dead will come no more.

Where are the great of ages  
Oblivion cannot claim,  
The poet, sage and monarch,  
Whose deeds are known to fame.  
Their part on earth is finished,  
The brave who lived of yore,  
For the dead will come back never—  
The dead will come no more.

We hear their mystic voices  
From out the silent land,  
Where heroes of all ages  
Enshrined in honor stand;  
From out that shadowy realm  
Their deeds, not words, implore.  
Remembered, though they come not  
back—  
The dead will come no more.

Yet, save in shadowy twilight,  
In sunset's evening glow,  
They come not from the shadows  
Of misty long ago.  
Their spectral fingers point not  
To glorious ones of yore.  
The dead who come back never—  
The dead who come no more.

They whisper "upward, onward"  
In the battle fields of life,  
They bid us be as heroes  
Through its burden and its strife.  
They charge us by their spirit  
Towards higher things to soar.  
Though the dead can come back never—  
The dead will come no more.

J. A. S.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

A BRITISH SPY  
GIVES EVIDENCE.

Jones appears to be about forty years old. He was well but plainly dressed. He is believed to be Thomas M. Jones, who up to ten weeks ago kept a candy, stationery, and news store at 600 Amsterdam avenue New York. He was a member of the Irish National Alliance and was a delegate to the Convention held in Chicago on Sept. 23 and 24, 1895. The members of the Alliance say that he has been the British Government if he pretended to sell the secrets of the Alliance, because it is not a secret order. After the Convention held in Chicago, a memorial book was printed containing all the speeches of the delegates, the constitution of the "new movement," the pledges which the members took, and in fact everything appertaining to the order, including the biographies of the members. All the meetings of the Alliance are public, and the proceedings are printed in The Irish Republic, a paper which C. O'Connor McLaughlin, the Secretary of the Alliance, is editor.

Jones is a "Far Downer," or North of Ireland man. He came from County Armagh, and was an Orangeman. The Alliance does not discriminate against Orangemen. Its main object is described to be to create harmony among the various Irish societies, and form a big standing army willing to ally itself with any nation that wants its services to fight the British.

Jones went to New York six or seven years ago, and apparently had no difficulty getting into the Irish societies. He professed to be very bitter against the "oppressors" of Ireland. He fits to a jot the description of him in the despatches. He is a slim insignificant fellow, about 5 feet 8 inches tall, with an irregular reddish brown beard and mustache, hair a shade darker and shifty blue eyes. He had a bulging forehead and was a very nervous man. He was employed as a stock clerk in the canned goods department of Francis H. Leggett & Co.'s wholesale grocery up to a little more than a year ago, when he bought the store in Amsterdam avenue and set up in business for himself.

He was energetic enough, but his neighbors wonder how he lived, for the profits of the store were small. He was out of nights a great deal. He was married and lived with his wife and two children, a girl two years old and a boy who was born in July last. Michael J. Rooney, who lives at 607 Amsterdam avenue and was one of Jones' customers, said that Jones was apparently an ardent Home Ruler, became very violent when he began to discuss the wrongs of Ireland, and always talked of using physical force.

Ten weeks ago Mrs. Jones told one of the customers, Bernard Reilly, that the family was going back to the old country. "What part of the old country?" asked Reilly.

"England," answered Mrs. Jones, and then she corrected herself and said they were going to Ireland by way of England.

Two days later Jones told everybody that his brother had died in Ireland, leaving him some money, and that he was going abroad to collect it. He said his brother, through a broker, to Henry Haas for \$165. He had paid \$125 for it originally. He had six trunks and two valises taken to the Grand Central Station, and it is supposed that he sailed from Quebec.

The Irishmen interested here say that if he tells the truth he cannot hurt anybody, for all he can tell is already known, but they fear he will earn his pay and make trouble for Ivory and for other Irishmen who may venture abroad. Just before leaving town Jones tried to have the lives of his wife and children insured, but was unsuccessful for some reason or other.

The fate of British paid spies who have informed on Irishmen is not very encouraging. Talbot and Warner were shot dead in Dublin, Pierce Nagle was killed in Melbourne, Corrydon was killed in London, Carey was shot and killed in Africa, Tigott, who committed the London "Times" forgery against Parnell, killed himself in Spain, and his ally, Le

Caron, who published an alleged expose of his adventures in Irish secret organizations, died "through fear," as one physical force man expressed it.

## The New Patent Law in Russia.

Messrs. Marion & Laberge furnish the following information:

The Car has sanctioned a new patent law in Russia, now in force. The salient features of this new law are as follows:—Any new invention capable of being used industrially can be patented for fifteen years instead of the present periods, except arms, explosives, ammunition of war, foods and chemical products, but chemical processes and processes for preparing foods can be patented. By "new" is meant not previously published in print in any country or published, worked or patented by others in the realm. A patent in Russia, therefore, under this new law must be applied for on or before the issue of the corresponding patent. Old patents can be prolonged up to fifteen years by paying the corresponding tax to this period. Patents of importation will no longer be granted, but patents of addition on existing patents will be obtained, to expire at the date when the original patent would expire to the annual taxes on the original patents serving both. Taxes, instead of being paid down at once, will now be paid annually, beginning with a comparatively small tax and yearly increasing in amount. The cost of a patent of invention will probably be about \$62.50, including translation of 1,000 words (extra translation 75c per 100), the applicant supplying the specification in English in duplicate, and drawings in duplicate, one Bristol board and other cloth, well executed in black lines, 14 inches by 3 inches, or multiple of 8, including 1 inch left blank at sides and bottom and 2 inches left blank at top (no marginal lines). An extra set of drawings should, if possible, be sent for use of the attorney. Any English words such as figure 1, figure 2, etc., should be inserted in pencil on the drawings, not in ink. The power of attorney must be in the Russian language. The annual taxes will probably be:—Before the end of first year \$12.50, before the end of second year \$15.00, and so on, increasing in a gradually augmented ratio each year during the life of the patent.

## Boston Catholic Cemetery.

In Grand Army Hall, Roxbury, the Boston Catholic Cemetery Association held its 91st semi-annual meeting. Officers were elected as follows: President, Timothy D. Mulvey; secretary, Charles H. Dolan; treasurer, William H. Lynch; directors, Andrew F. McDermott, Thos. F. Dolan and Daniel J. Mitchell.

There were 1840 interments made in three cemeteries of the association during the past six months. The total interments are as follows: Calvary, 58,840; Old Dorchester, 38,251; Mt. Benedict, 9,938; total, 98,869.

The total receipts for the last six months were \$30,825.25; cash in treasury, \$3,174.91; sinking fund, \$20,808.39; perpetual care fund, \$7,522.04; special fund, \$13,532.83; total amount deposited in the name of the association, \$45,169.17.—Boston Globe.

## Newspaper Walls.

"Paw," said Tommy Tucker, "am I descended from the monkey?" "Not on my side of the house," replied Mr. Tucker, with much positiveness.—Lit Bits.

Mamma—"Johnny, I fear you were not at school yesterday." Johnny—"H'm! I'll bet the teacher told you. A woman can never keep a secret."—Boston Transcript.

"Bacon"—"In Venezuela they have trees which look exactly like umbrellas." Egbert—"I should think they'd be afraid to leave them out all night then."—Yonkers Statesman.

Dolly—I told Mr. Nicell that I bet Reggie twenty kisses our boat would win a race at the regatta.

Daisy—Well, wasn't he shocked?

Dolly—No. I let him hold the stakes.—Boston Globe.

Pompous Mistress—Who is that man at the door, Hannah?

New Girl—He says he's the rent-collector, ma'am.

P. M.—But, Hanna, we don't pay rent.

New Girl—That's what he says, ma'am.—Detroit Free Press.

"I've got a great mind," said the young man, "to go West and grow up with the country." "But you don't know anything about agriculture." "I know that. But there are one or two sections where there seems to be so many politicians that I believe an energetic man could come pretty near getting a monopoly of the farming."—Washington Star.

## HIS ONE GREAT TROUBLE.

An old, bedridden fisherman at a fashionable watering place was frequently visited during his last illness by a kind hearted clergyman who wore one of those close fitting clerical vests which button behind.

The clergyman saw the near approach of death one day; the old man's face and asked if his mind was perfectly at ease.

"Oo aye; I'm a'rich," came the feeble reply.

"You are sure there is nothing troubling you? Do not be afraid to tell me."

The old man seemed to hesitate, and at length, with a faint return of animation, said: "Well, there's just one thing that troubles me, but I dinna like to speak o't."

"Believe me, I am most anxious to comfort you," replied the clergyman. "Tell me what it is that troubles and perplexes you."

"Weel, sir, it's just like this," said the old man eagerly. "I canna for the life o'me mak' oot hoo ye manage tae get intae that westcoat."—London Tit Bits.

The death is announced of Rev. Brother Laing, a native of Preston, England, at the Christian Brothers' Monastery, Clonmel. He was 60 years of age before coming to Clonmel, and had been superior at Pottington Christian Schools. He was a general favorite, and his demise is regretted.

## Right in the face



of old prejudices and false ideas in favor of soap, see what Pearlina has done. Hundreds of millions of packages have been used! There never was a household article that came into general use so rapidly. Women were ready for it. Most of them were tired to death of wasting their time and strength and money with needless and ruinous rubbing. It hasn't taken them long to prove to themselves that Pearlina is easiest, quickest, safest, most economical. Every woman can prove it.

Millions use Pearlina

## MARKET REPORT.

## LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Cattle cattle were very discouraging to day, quotations being considerably lower than they were last week. A private cable from Liverpool to a shipper said: "The market is worse. Choice Canadian cattle 44d; middling cattle unquotable; sheep 5d; States' cattle 54d. The exporters consider this downright bad news, but it is hoped that there will be a speedy improvement. There was considerable speculation to-day as to the cause of the decline, and the impression was that the heavy supplies of Irish cattle had a good deal to do with it."

The local situation is without special feature. Freight rates are still very firm, and the quotations given to-day were 50s to 55s. One steamer's space was nearly all let at 60s insured. There was quite a little activity at the East End Abattoir and prices in most instances were well maintained. The offerings were about as follows: 700 head butchers' cattle, 30 calves and 1,200 sheep and lambs. Holders were all pretty firm in their ideas, and some of the best realized 34c. Good stock was held, and sold on the basis of about 24c to 24c, and common in the vicinity of 2c to 24c. Buyers have been paying some attention to calves of late, and offerings have been somewhat limited. Prices range from \$8 upwards, according to quality. Shippers are only moderate buyers of sheep these days, and showed very little interest in them to-day. Small business, however, was done on the basis of 24c to 24c. Good lambs were quoted around 34c, and fat hogs \$3.75 to \$4.

Mr. Robert Bickerdike received the following letter from Liverpool under date of November 4th. "A strong supply of cattle has prevented any advance in prices. As the number for next week is heavy, there is no possibility of any improvement."

"The sheep trade is not so good as when we last wrote; this is in consequence of the increased numbers. Liverpool best bullocks, sinking the offer, 53d; middling and inferior bullocks, 44d to 5d; South American bullocks, 44d to 5d; North American sheep, 5d to 5d; Canadian ewes, 43d to 5d; lambs, 6d to 7d."

## THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

The cheese market continues quiet and unchanged. Finest September makes continue nominal, and the only current trading to report is in Quebec makes. In this grade we heard of business to day all the way from 94c to 10c.

Butter continues dull. Offers of October creamery were made to-day at 19c, but the best bid that could be secured was 19c.

The tone of the egg market was firm and prices were unchanged. New laid sold at 20c to 22c, choice candled and Montreal limed at 14c to 14c, Western limed at 13c to 14c, and culls at 8c to 10c per dozen.

The demand for beans was slow and prices rule steady at 70c to 75c in car lots, and at 80c to 90c in a jobbing way.

Potatoes met with a slow demand at 30c to 35c per bag in a jobbing way.

The demand for partridge was good and prices rule firm at 35c to 40c per brace for firsts, and at 25c to 30c for seconds.

The poultry market was quiet and unchanged. Turkeys sold at 8c to 9c; ducks, 74c to 8c; chickens, 64c to 7c, and geese 5c to 6c per lb.

JOHNSON, November 17.—Offerings, 1,785 boxes; no sales; market dull.

## THE PROVISION MARKET.

Business in this market was dull, the demand being slow, and prices were unchanged.

Canadian pork new, \$11.00 to \$12.00; Canadian short cut, clear, \$10.00 to \$10.25; Canadian short cut, mess, \$10.25 to \$10.50; Hams, city cured, per lb., 9c to 10c; Lard, Canadian, in pails, per lb., 7c to 74c; Bacon, per lb., 84c to 9c; Lard, com. refined, per lb., 54c to 56c.

Chicago provision market was weak and pork declined 15c to 22c, closing at \$6.55 November and December, \$7.60 January, \$7.97 May. Lard closed 15c to 174c lower at \$3.724 November, and December, \$3.924 January, \$4.15 May. Short ribs closed \$3.70 November and December, \$3.774 January, \$3.974 May. Bacon in Liverpool was weak and declined 8d to 1s, and lard 6d. Pork closed at 50s; lard at 22s; bacon at 24s to 28s 6d, and tallow at 20s 6d.

## MARRYING A POOR MAN.

At a North Side social gathering the other evening, says the Chicago Inter-Ocean, conversation turned on the sad fate of a young couple who had married a year ago and were now understood to be leading the proverbial cat and dog life. The young wife had, previous to her marriage, been a poor girl, and when her engagement was announced had been widely congratulated on making such an advantageous match, the groom being a young man of considerable wealth. A charming matron, whose looks belie the baptismal register, had listened to the conversation without taking part until asked for an opinion regarding marriages where one of the contracting parties was rich and the other poor.

"I have reached that period of life," said she, "when I can look back and see results and note how seldom those who are born with silver spoons in their mouths, as the saying is, have the silver fork when they are grown up. When I look back and remember who were the jeunesse doree of my youth—the men whose lives and positions above all others seemed particularly enviable and desirable—and then look about me and see how few of those who were called men of pleasure in those days have attained an honorable and useful middle age, I feel that I can preach a sermon to my boys and their friends with object lessons that ought to make it very impressive. Some are poor, having spent health and substance, like the prodigal, in riotous living. Even those who have apparently not snuffed in purse or health are a set of discontented, blasé, weary worldlings, who go over the same treadmill of fashionable existence year by year without pleasure or profit."

"Another thing I have noticed from my vantage ground of lifelong experi-

ence is that, if only as a purely worldly maxim, honesty certainly is the best policy. Many a brilliant man I have seen who has destroyed his prospects by the crooked ways in which he sought to better himself financially, politically, and even socially, whereas if he had walked honorably before all men he would have gained the world's good opinion, and in many instances the very things he coveted. And finally there are the young married couples of my youth. In nine cases out of ten, those of my friends who married poor young men, and who gave up the luxuries of their homes to prove veritable helpmates to the men of their choice, are now prosperous, and in many cases wealthy, while those men and girls who married for money are, as a rule, greatly in want of it. 'Be good and you will be happy' is the old maxim, and certainly it seems true from a materialistic as well as from a religious point of view. Of course it does not necessarily follow marriages such as the one we have been hearing about must be unhappy. Nevertheless I am sorry to say that few coming under my personal observation have turned out well."

"The essential difference between the man and the woman," said the cheerful lady, "is one of wear and tear."

"Eh?" said the new boarder.

"Yes. Man spends his money foolishly on a tear and women on wear."—Indianapolis Journal.

"You don't mean to say that that stingy old maid has given you ten marks for telling her fortune?"

"Indeed, I do. I told her that she would meet with an accident before she was twenty-four years old."—Fleegende Blaetter.

## Hallucination.

At the Northampton sessions, James Beecham, 59, a tramp, was charged with stealing twenty sheep at Horton. The accused attempted to sell the sheep at Northampton market. He pleaded that he lay down by the roadside to sleep, and that when he awoke the sheep jumped up and around him, and some jumped over him. He thought they came out of the ground, and he came to the conclusion that he would drive them on, and when he got into Northampton the boys and dogs drove them to the market. He never meant to steal them. He was sentenced to six months' hard labor.

The management of the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, ask that during the coming season of grand opera ladies occupying seats in the orchestra will not wear hats during the performance.—N.Y. Sun.

## John Murphy &amp; Co.'s

## ADVERTISEMENT.

## GLOVES! GLOVES!

## AT BARGAIN PRICES.

A choice collection for Men, Women and Children Ladies' 4 Button Kid Gloves at 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$1.85 pair.

Ladies' Wool Gloves in all sizes and prices.

Ladies' Double Wool Mitts at 30c pair; worth 50c.

Ladies' Lined Kid Gloves and Mitts in all styles, at lowest prices.

Men's Kid Gloves, the Derby, at 95c pair; worth \$1.50.

Men's Wool Gloves, in all kinds at low prices.

Men's Lined Gloves and Mitts, from the cheapest to the best.

Children's Gloves and Mitts of every description at Bottom Prices.

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## RELIABLE GOODS AT POPULAR PRICES.

Hundreds of Pretty Ties for Fall Wear at 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c up.

Mufflers: We have them in all colors; prices from 20c to \$5.00 each.

Handkerchiefs: Extra value in all lines; Silk ones at 25c; worth 40c.

White Shirts: We make them and make them well. Good White Shirts (dressed) at 75c; worth \$1.00.

Cambrie Shirts; regular \$1.25 ones for 79c.

Night Shirts, all kinds; good ones for 75c.

Braces at 15c, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c and up.

Corsetry Vests, at \$2.25; worth \$3.50.

Cardigan Vests, samples, at \$1.50 the \$3.00 ones.

Prices reduced at \$2.00, worth \$3.15.

Dressing Gowns and Smoking Jackets at Bottom Prices.

Rain Coats, Odd Lines, at less than cost.

Umbrellas at 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 up.

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## La Banque Jacques Cartier.

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Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three per cent. (3 per cent.) for the end half-year, equal to 6 per cent. per annum, on the paid-up Capital Stock of this institution has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after

TUESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1896.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 30th of Nov. next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

TANCREDE BIENVENU, Cashier.

18-1

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Lower tenement, No 31 Dupre Lane, will be rented cheap for Winter months. Apply to M. BURKE, True Witness Office, 253 St. James Street.

## FOR SALE.

The balance of a large consignment of OILGRAPHS of the late Charles Stewart Parnell will be sold at a sacrifice.

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741 CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL.

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The Ideal Tonic

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Delicious to taste

Beneficial in strengthening entire system

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Selling Exclusively for Cash.

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From now until the end of the month we will offer our entire stock of

## CARPETS and FURNITURE

At from 15 p.c. to 25 p.c. less than the same quality goods can be bought elsewhere.

This is a genuine Cut Price Sale of New Seasonable Goods. We have no old stock to dispose of.

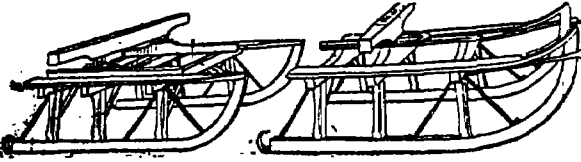
We urge comparison in Quality and Prices, which will prove the truth of our statement, that for the balance of this month, you can save from 15 per cent. to 25 per cent. by purchasing your Carpets and Furniture here.

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Is the best equipped in the city, growing steadily, the result of our prompt and satisfactory service. Write us for samples. It will cost you but a postal card, and it may be the means of saving you many dollars.

HAMILTON'S St. Catherine, Peel and Dominion Square.

## MUD! MUD! MUD!



But still Winter is coming, and lots of snow and sleighing. 'What is it you Want?' Light driving 'Sleighs,' Family 'Sleighs,' Speeding 'Sleighs,' Bob 'Sleighs,' Heavy, light, new or old, high or low priced. We have them all, and can suit you in price and style. Burlots, Carioles and Pony Sleighs.

Come and see our stock.

.... 150 to choose from.

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## 30 DAYS SALE!

## Sale of Carpets for Thirty Days, commencing MONDAY, NOVEMBER 16th.

Consisting of the whole stock of this season's importations of Carpets, Curtains, Oilcloths and Rugs, amounting to..... \$123,700.

This immense stock comprises the best selections of most desirable patterns in best makers' goods.

Brussels and Tapestry Carpets.

Alexander and Wilton Carpets.

Russian and Persian Velvets.

Wool and Union Carpets.

Templeton's Parquet and Art Carpets.

Kensington and Anglo Indian Carpets.

Curtains, Draperies, Sash and Lace Cur-

tains.

Irish Point and Tambour Curtains.

Table and Piano Covers.

Oilcloths, Linoleums, Cork Carpet and

Mattings.

11 of this immense stock made to order and direct from manufacturers, will be disposed of at Manufacturers' Prices and less than many buyers pay for their goods.