## His Mothar's Songs.

Brearit the hot midnummer'n bun Whicarm hal marohod all duy; And wow begide a rippling stream Upun the grass thoy lay.
Tixing of pames and idlo jente, do atop the hours aloug, Thry chled to ono who mused apart,
"I fir I emnnot plongo," ho said;
"I he whly sonks I kn"Y
thuse my mother used to sing For me long years ago."
ymp one of hooso." a rough voice oried, "Ihere's nonu but true men here; To every mothor's eon of us
A mother's songe nre doar.
Then sucetly rose tho singer'a voice Amed unwont d dalm,
Am a a whinier or tho crosa
A follower of the Lainb?
"And shall I fear to own His causo!" The very stream was stilled, The very stram was stilled, Whth tender thoughta wore filled.

Fnled the song; the singer ania,
da to his feot ho rone,
"Thanks to you all, my' friends ; good-night God grant us aweet repose,"
"ing us one more," the captain begged;
the soldiur bent his head.
Then glaucing 'round, with amiling lipe, "You'li join with me," he ald.
"We'll sing this old familliar air,
Nieet rs the buglo call,
All nall the power of Jesus' name,
Let angelo prontrato fall.'
Ah! wondrous was the old tuno's apell As on the singer sang;
Man after man fell into line,
And lond the voices rave
And lond the voicce rang.
The songs are done, the camp is atill, Naught but the atresm is heard; ut anit the doplas of every sonl
By those old hymus are stirred.
And up from many a bearded lip
In whityers soft and low,
kis st tho prayer tho mothor taught
The boy long years ago.
-Chiago Inter-Ocaan.

## The Mother's Blesning.

by sugan trall perbry.
It was the gray dawn of a wintar's norning A mother atood in the doorway of a New England farm-house with her hand upon her oldest son's sh ulder. Ho was a tall boy and she was a little woman, with a fresh young lonk in her fuoo, not withstanding her fory years. Albert Morrison, her firstborn ohill, was standing upon the threshold of his old home, ruady to pass out of the door into the great bread world, and take his place among its countless wotkers. His overcoat was buttsned tightly up to his throat, tor It was a very oold morning, and his travelliag-b $g$ stood by his side. The toxm was waiting in front of the house and his father nat in the sleigh, looking fur his coming through tho open doo', for ic was almost time to drive his stn to the station.
As the words, "Hurry up, my son, or we shall be tate!" fell upon the mother's ear, she lifted up her tace for the good-by kise, and when her muohloved boy $b$-nt duwn to receive $i t$, she par her a mos around his ne $k$ and said: "The Lord bless theo and keep theos the Lord mako His face to shine upon thee and be gracirus unto thee; the Lid lift up His countenance upon thee ad give thoo peace."

A ter giving his mother a nuccension of loving kinses, he bounded out of the door and wan gone. His mother wont ald stood by the window and watched the retreating form of 1 er boy until tie
into the oupty room, and knecling down by hi bedside, sho committod him to the Lord.
A fow dayn afterwards the young man atepped fof the trxin that had just stopped in the laige drpot of a western
city. If was going to taka a poition city. Me was going to taka a pwition
in $s$ wholes do business housa in thit city, and after a low hours h d pas a d , ho reported at the desk of the senior partner of the firm, ana ${ }^{\text {ras }}$ assigned to his immediate post of duty. Ho was a young man of grost onergy and an apt sch lar, and no $n$ becanne quite fasoiliar with his particular duies. He had taken a room in a b ardi g-house wheto there wero a number ot other young men, with whom he was hrown in close companionship. The first fow Sundays after ho camo to the cty he attended church in the morning, and in the afternoon ho wrote long loving letters to his mother. But his yourg companions did not go to church. Thoy told him no one in the largo city churcher tonk any interest in strangers;
beaides, as they worked all the woetk besidis, as they worked all the wock
they needed that time fur reat. It was not long be'ore Albert fell into their ways of thinking, and spent his Sundays with them, lounging about in the parior, rading the newspap; ra, or wande ing sbout the streets of the city. His emply $y$ paid for one of the highest priced poss in the lurgest church thero,
but he never inquired where his cl rks attended chutch, or even if they went at all.

It was then for the first time that Albert heard arguments made and opinions expressed unffivourable to the truth of the Bible. His muther's teaching from that holy book had been so plain that hitherto he had "walked by sight," so implicitly did ho beliove in them. But now the child of faith was heginning to take the first steps away fr $m$ tho little fenco of tiust which had hedged in bis pure life. "The first steps are incso that tell." Soon Al ert
began to accompany his companions to began to accompany his companions to places of resort his face had his mocher looked in upon him. He had already begun to take the "social glass." He was a generous, whil -souled fell we, and of course he must treat his oum panions and be treatod by them. All his companions sp,ke of "wild oat sowing" as a necessi y to bo gone
thruugh with in order to reach a high through with in order to reach a high degree of manhoca. Of course thoy oxpecter to reform
nover calculated upou the harreat this "wild at so wing" produces.
Alhert Morinon was fai'h ul to hi. businems trusin, but when the afli:e Was closed for the day, he tuought it his pivilege to go where he enjoyed himsolf the most. His mother's letcers came ti, him every woax, fult of luving
couns 1. When he read them the cuncouns 1 . When he read them the cua-
soiunness that he was travelling lar sciuluness that he was traveling iar
away from his mother's teachings made away from his mother's teachings made
him resolve for the moment to do as he knew his mother firmly believed ho was doing, howouring ner name and her loving counsels. Bat the thought of what his companions wruld aly wis
too muoh for his foolish, wicked prids to overcome.
The "social glasa" b-gan to b"come a necemsity to him. He found at certain hours that he could not resint
"tating a drink." One S sturday niesht, after he had treated to an cxitra d greve, he atarted to go to his room When ne left tre saloon bis step was unsterdy, ne
and iu makiog an attempt to or'sy the
street-car tiacky, he fell in front of the
whels of a coming car. The driver instantly stopped the car, but it was only just in tima to save the prostrato man firom being instantly killed. Albert Morrison was taken up in an unconscious stato and curied into a drug ntorg. II, was reongiz d , and his companions had hitu carried to his ro m.

Whon he recovered himself the fornd of chuoh bells, calling the worshipp, rs to God's house, came in through the window of his restang place. In a moment the scenes of the past night came to his mind. Then ho listened to the solemn sound of the bells; their sacred music fitlod his heart with anguish and remorse. He thought of the litule church at home; of his dear mother sitting in the pew-prhaps at thit very moment with bowed head thiuking of aud praying for him-and then he remembered he had a lotter, st: I unopened, from his mother, in his overc at pocke. He took it from its neglectrd hiving place and opming it read it with tearful eyes. It begin with brig it pictures of the home lifo, and the luved ones thore, and their pleasant talks about the absent one; then followed the bits of nows in the ntighwourhood and then some kind $y$ loving counsel. The letier closed with the same words the mother had sp,ken in blessing whon she bade her son goodbye. "The $L$ red bless thee and keep theo; the Loid m. ke llis face to shiue npon thee and be gracious to thee; the Lud litt up ifis countenance upon thee and give thee peace." Oh, how vividly the scenes of the morning when he leit home cane before his face. The sweet words sounded in his eais just as they aid when they fell from her luving lips.
He burted his face in his hauds and He burted his face in his hauds and
repeated: "Tae Lord be gracious unto theo." Ho ${ }^{\text {m much ho needed grace and }}$ mercy! Then he prayed, as he never pinyed before, thixt the light of Gud's o, auteannce might shine upun hiu and give hum peace-" Fur Oarist's make and my muther's sake, not away!" It was a true reper tance When Albert Morrison zesolved with the stiengch of his mother's God to lake cp the now life, he felt that $h$. must leave all his old companions and
begin entirely anew. But on second thought he felt assured that right there was the very place for him to stsy and do a great work 10: others as well as cor himself, It wat a bold stand, but
bis intluence was aiowly gainueg acoen danoy en day by day paengd. Succou dancy nuver guined by casy ntages. There wie fusuren many times-dscouragemunts, oh! so ott $n$. It is a constant *a.fare, but to the pertistent sou. Gud giveth tho viocory.

A year atterwards Albert vitited his cld home for the fist inme, and when his mother sat alone witn him in the golden uwilight of the summer's day, he told her all his temptations, and how God had heped him to resist them. "I couldn't get away from my mother's God and my mother's blessing, even in that disiant city!" he said, as he ouncluded his story, and imprinted a loving kins on his mostuer's teariul face. -Christian at Wor!s
"Ane you in tavour of enlarging the curricaium , asked a rural school iractor of a farmer in his district. "Ealurge nuthug!' repli, d the old gontleunan; "the bualdiag's big enough; what wo wans is

Do You. and Bunday-School.
by hev. J, lawson.
IT is likely most of thase who read this question will be prepared to answer : Et, as it is into the hands of thoue who atuend Sunday-school this paper is most likely to fall. But it is not unlikoly bat many will $s \in$ this who seldom see the insids of a Sabbath-school room. $\mathcal{A}$ word to these, in all kindnoss and with only one motive, namely, to do you good.
If you are a father, do you take your chi dren to the Sabb.th-tchool where they will be carcfuly instrusted in spritual things and taughe the way to heaven ? If not, why? But parhaps you say you send them. Well, that is better thon ko ping them away, I adnit, but how much better to take them. If all were to do as you do, what would $b$, the use of sending them? Who would be there to teach them 1 But perhaps you say you cau't teach. Well, you may thiak you are right, but $I$ think you are wrong Surely there will be some at the school *hom you can teach. But even injou don't teach, go and encourage by your presence and approval thosy who can and do. Now, don't lay down this paper and forget all about it, and don't try to make any excusts in defence of your habit of st sying away; but rouse up, do your duty, and you will never repent so duing.

Young men, do you attend Sibbath"chool. I' not, why' Has it 20 attracions for you ! I trust you are not so far gone in the sins and follies of the world as that would intimate. It is a sad condition for any young man or womas to get into when they have no relish for the Sabbath-school. Do you may you are not wanted there! Great mistake. That you not needed there? But you are. All are needed, and are wanted either to teach or to be taught; to pray, and be prayed for; to siag, or to hear others ing; to fill some cffice, or wo sit and look on and enc urage the reet.

0 ildren, come to the Sundar. school youths, come to the Sabbath-school; paren s, neighbours and friend, come to tho Sabbath-school, and you will be benefiting both yourrelves and others, and honouring the cause of God.

Cobden, Ont.

## Drink.

Ir is easy to sum up anci deliver to a jary consisting of all manhood, and wona hood, a charge aguiat the temphr, the betrayer, the home curee, the diseace pr ducer, the soul-dentroyer, blighting miduewing, ruining, wherver ic ob.uins power; the fiend that nega tives all prosperity, that buulks the teachings ot vitue, the guidunce of re-ligion-thes revealed, and natural, faith in hereafter. The cuise o. drunkenness is the ov rwh lming curse of our country-oi E igland, Lreland, Scotland, and Wales. lu fills our poor-houses, insary asylinms, and juils. It is the fertile source of crime; almost the only sourco. There is not a judge, a coroner, a magistrate, who will not tell us it g.ves him sinetenibs of the work he hus to do. There is not a physioian who has not testiti.d to the misery it i ducus, and or which he has no cure. It is the cxisting, but it is also the he reditary cures. The children of the drurkard are recognized by emaciated form4, diseased coustitutions, aud pro dispositi>n to crinu! -Retrospect of a Long Lifos, by S. C. Uall.

