Zondon Adbertiser. ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1863.

and Aditor. John Cameron

London, Wednesday, July 4. Lessons From British Military

Casualties. As a result of one day's army mansuvers at Aldershot, England, recently, four persons were killed and 100 disabled by sunstroke or exhaustion. The Lay was one of extreme heat, the men but half an hour in which to take breakfast and prepare for drill. Before the day was done, wagonloads of men in a state of absolute collapse were taken to the hospital. It was a natural conclusion for the coroner's jury to hold that a substantial meal ought to be served to the men before beginning a hard morning's drill. One furyman remarked, sarcastically, no doubt, that the broad-rimmed hat worn by colonial troops was far too sensible a headgear for the War Office to adopt. This stricture was warranted by the evidence that many of the men wore only forage caps, and were thus unprotected from the stifling rays of the

The experience has caused much comment in England, and has given rise to much comment in the press. The whole management of the military forces of Great Britain, indeed, is being hauled over these days, as is evident by such arraignments of the War Office as we find in the National Review for June. Dealing with the bungling that characterized the incepand early management of the war in South Africa, the writer of the article on "Britannia and the Colonist" says:

The iron shard and reeking tube' the while such ruthless econwere effected by the mandarins of the treasury in the expenditure on secret service that Lord Salisbury could not afford sentinels. Competent men existed, and spoke their minds. They detected the signs of the Warnings were and power were so assured that efficiency ceased to be looked on as ployment, especially in the army, where has to be paid for civilization. polo was more highly considered than scouting, private means than military aptitude, while 'hunting leave' was The officer sent to represent the navy on the staff of the commander-in-chief in his rank. important duties appertaining to the deputy judge advocate general in South Africa an inexperienced barrister of three years' standing was chosen by the English judge responsible appointment. Only the departments that conferred no social status on their employes did really well. The gain.

"Incapacity, even sheer stubidity, were suffered to wield power, while the plain men, who knew what was wanted-the colonials-were met with the same cold and supercilious stare of re-sponsible officials, which bred colonial disaffection 140 years ago."

This severe criticism of the inefficienev of the War Office service is having one good effect-it has aroused the authorities to take means for applying remedies, at all hazards, wherever necessary, and no doubt the later-day complaints of the last two weeks will secure a remedy for the undoubted carelessness or worse that led to so

This severe criticism has been made of the British War Office, who are constantly engaged in war or preparing for it. If they could have been applied to the Militia Department of Canada, where our normal condition is that of peacefulness, it might have been excused. But no such sweeping charges can be made against our military authorities, whether permanent or otherwise, and instead of that we have had the warmest approbation from the imperial authorities, as well as from our citizens generally, of the efficient manner in which the force of close on 4,000 Canadians was equipped and sent to the aid of the Empire. Only extreme partisans, bound to and fault in any case, grumble.

A Great Event.

A great event has recently taken Scotland, which has not remuch attention from the Canbetween two great branches of the Presbyterian Church in Scotland, the United Presbyterian and the Free Church. The movement, which failed once before, has been going on for some time, but the final debate was held on Friday, June 1, of the present year; in the end 592 voted for union and only 29 against. The debate is said to have been of a very high order, thoroughly permeated with the true spirit of Christianity. The British Weekly thus sums up the situation:

"No higher eulogy on the Free Church Death of Hon. A. R. Dickey, Ex-Mindiscussion can be passed than to say that it fitly matched that in the United Presbyterian Synod. Both churches, without doubt, sacrificed a great deal in entering the union. Both were happy and presperous in the life and work; both cherished a legitimate pride in their history; both loved with a true affection their ways and their tradins: both were fully aware that in entering into union they would have to make concessions which would cost much, to face a very real hostility, to dangers that might well dreaded; both, as we believe, entered into this union in simple obedience to he overwhelming conviction that they were doing the will of Christ, that they ald not without disobedience remain

This is a strong testimony, and we reason to doubt its truth. We

body, as is the case in Canada.

practical steps in that direction. There have been in the past plenty of schisms and splitting up on small points, but it is well that there should be a good healthy movement in the opposite direction.

Prophesying Not Their Forte.

It is best not to pay much attention to the wailing of the disappointed Opposition chiefs. We have Mr. Foster once more professing to feel very bad for the future of Canada unless he and for the Dominion if the electors fail to take him at his word. But prior to the general elections of 1896, and even as late as 1897 Mr. Foster was in the foretelling line, and we all know how dismal a failure he made of it. Take his prophecy with regard to the woolen mills. As a consequence of the establishment of preferential trade with the Motherland, Mr. Foster in 1897 alleged that the woolen factories would be ruined and the operatives rendered

What a dreadful future the ex-Finance Minister saw for the woolen mill-

But in 1899 these woolen mills manufactured 7,105,619 pounds more wool than in 1895, and there has been no shut-down; indeed, many have had to work overtime to keep up with the demands of their customers.

Mr. Foster is no more entitled to be accepted as a prophet than is his leader, Sir Charles Tupper, who before the recent Nova Scotia elections asserted that he was cocksure the Conservatives would sweep the province, where less period were good enough Cabinet Committee of ed in a house of 40

The Cost of Empire.

The bulletin the other day announced at the same time losses of Britishers in West Africa, South Africa, and China, English might, majes- and as we read the same sad story from different places it makes us think the one qualification for public em- of the cost of empire and the price that

To keep open avenues of trade, to help in maintaining order as well as to more readily granted than permission defend the honor of the flag. British to study military matters abroad. When blood is being continually shed. As war broke out, one officer—since cen-sured—received a command, as he himself said, because he had £16,000 a when shed is shed in a good cause, but year. Two of the most experienced of that does not after the fact that much when shed is shed in a good cause, but our African generals were unemployed. loss and pain is involved for many who are little able to bear.

had less actual sea-service than anyone The man who has lost faith in the For the overwhelmingly purpose and progress of human life says that it is all a horrid mistake; that the poor are constantly being sacrificed for the sake of scheming politicians or wealthy traders, and those who sow the suffering do not reap the

war was muddled, the system blam-ed, but British pluck and capital bid this cynical statement, for life is, after fair to triumph." all, made up of strangely mingled elements. But we believe that there is still more truth in the nobler form of statement, that the truth, that we are members one of another, is becoming to be more fully realized. The unknown desert places of the world are becoming fewer. Those who are on lower planes of civilization cry, "Let us alone," and it seems as if it would be less trouble to comply with that request; but it cannot be, as there are so many forces bringing the different

parts of the world nearer together. Men may laugh at the phrase "manifest destiny" on the lips of a politician, but there is a great deal of true meaning in it. The English-speaking world has had many of its forward movements thrust upon it and has found no way of escape, though such way has been sought with painful diligence. The point now, however, is that those who rule have to suffer and the suffering falls often upon the poor, who have no consolation except the thought that they have served their country. When we feel what a precious price is paid for empire we should be more eager to see that the rule is pure

Sir Charles Tupper's parting shot at Montreal was a statement that he expected to win the next Dominion election because "all the best people were Conservatives." Dear, dear, how very shocking must this intelligence be to the majority of the Canadian people. Once a young man in this community gave a similar excuse for his belonging to Sir Charles Tupper's party, but when he essayed to get a seat in Parliament on a platform of "we are the best people," the sturdy electors snowed him under and elected the Liberal candidate by a majority of two to one. The Opposition leader's "best people" fake will be found to be equally ineffective in the ensuing contest.

THREE BATHERS DROWNED

ister of Justice-A Quebec Priest

and a Windsor Boy Lose Their Lives Detroit, July 4.-Fred Adams, the 17year-old son of W. H. Adams, of Windsor, was drowned at Bois Blanc Island Monday. He had been playing baseball, and, becoming overheated, at the suggestion of his companions, went in swimming. He was suddenly seized with cramps, but his friends, knowing him to be a good swimmer, thought his calls for help were intended as a joke, and failed to assist him. The family were just preparing to leave for Chatham for the summer when the sad news was broken to them.

Montreal, July 4.—Brother Joseph, of the Brotherhood of Christian Instruction of Lapraire, was drowned in the St. Lawrence Monday near Caughna-waga while bathing.

Halifax, N. S., July 4.-Hon. A. R.

feel sure that though the union may involve some losses, the total result will be great gain. One more union in Scotland will practically unite all the Presbyterians of that country into one Amherst. Mr. Dickey visited friends at Amherst Shore in the morning, and after dinner started for a walk along the We are glad to note that there is shore, intending to return at 3 p.m. not only talk about church union, but Not returning friends became anxious. and started out to search for him, and his body was found as above. He had apparently gone in to bathe, and was taken with cramps. His clothes were found on the bank about a hundred yards away.

Hon. Arthur Rupert Dickey was the second son of Hon. R. B. Dickey, sena-tor for Cumberland. He was born at Amherst in 1854, and was called to the bar of Nova Scotia in 1878. He was re-turned to the House of Commons for Cumberland on the resignation of Sir Charles Tupper in July, 1888. He con-tinued to hold that constituency in the Conservative interest up to the general election of 1896, when he was defeated by Mr. H. J. Logan, Mr. Dickey was vice-president of the Dominson Prohibitory Alliance. He became secretary of state under Sir Mackenzie Bowell on Dec. 21, 1894; was transferred to the department of militia and defense on March 26, 1895, and to the department of justice on Jan. 5, 1896, continuing as head of the latter in parliament under Sir Charles Tupper until 1896, since which time he had not taken an active part in politics, but at a convention of his party, held in Amherst some months ago, he was nominated to contest the county of Cumberland at the next general elections. He was respected and esteemed by men of all parties.

Will Make Peace Only on Two Conditions,

Complety Independence and Amneste for Colonial Boers

The Strathconas Under Fire-Trooper Killed-Royal Canadians Repulsed a Boer Attack.

London, Wednesday, July 4-4 a.m.-Nothing decisive has yet been heard from the column seeking to hem in Gen. Dewet. All of Lord Roberts' field transport is engaged, apparently, in supplying these columns. Operations elsewhere are necessarily relaxed. One thousand Boers are hanging on Gen. Clery's flank in his advance to Grey-

A Pretoria dispatch says: Lord Roberts, in order to check the operations of spies, requires that every male over 16 years of age shall be registered, and shall carry a permit.

OOM PAUL'S TERMS.

President Kruger, replying to a corresdondent at Machadodorp, who inquired if there was any truth in the report that he had opened peace negotiations, wrote: "The president and people of the South African Republic most earnestly desire peace, but only upon two conditions-the complete independence of the republic and amnesty for the colonial Boers who fought with us. If these conditions be not granted we will fight to the bitter end."

A COMMANDO CAPTURED.

It is reported from Zeerust that Gen. Snyman, the besieger of Mafeking, and Comandant Botha and the whole Marico commando, have been captured near Lichtenburg.

STRATHCONAS UNDER FIRE.

Strathcona's Horse on July 1 received its baptism of fire, in which one trooper was killed. Capt. Cooper is reported as missing.

Pretoria, June 30 .- (Delayed in transmission)-The Royal Canadian Regiment, which is now stationed at Springs, was attacked on Thursday morning by a large force of the enemy, who tried to take a position commanding the coal mines. After a sharp engagement the enemy was forced to retire under heavy fire from the Canadians, who had two guns. The en-Canadians were only about 400. A great many of the enemy were killed, but there were no casualties among the Canadians. The latter behaved splendidly, and were congratulated by Lord Roberts for their gallant defense of a

DEATH FROM DISEASE. London, July 3.-The war office issues a list of 26 deaths from disease in South Africa, including Corp. R. Irvine, of the Canadian Infantry at Bloemfon-

Corp. J. M. Gaskin, of the Canadian Artillery, is dangerously ill at Kimber-

[Corp. R. Irvine was a member of B Company, first contingent. He joined as a private, but was later promoted to the rank of corporal. He was formerly a member of the 19th St. Catharines Battalion.]

INVALIDED HOME. The following Canadians, invalided home on the troopship Montfort, are now at Woolwich Hospital: Pte. Jas.

Stewart Walker, of G Company, R. C.

R. I. (late of the 82nd Queen's county

purifying properties, derived from CUTICURA SOAP will suggest itself in

with CUTICURA SOAP will suggest itself in

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co. | The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.

Our List Today

Should interest every careful shopper. In the face of the sharp advance in all lines of Drygoods these quotations are phenomenal.

Every Parasol in the Store Reduced

We have just 455 Parasols left after a very hea ing reductions.	vy season's business. They must be cleared out at the follow-
50c Plain Parasols reduced to	c \$1.00 Fancy Parasols reduced to 85c
75c Plain Parasols reduced to 68	
\$1.00 Plain Parasols reduced to 85	\$3.00, \$3.50, \$3.75 Fancy Parasols reduced to\$2 75
\$1.25 Plain Parasols reduced to	
\$1.50 Plain Parasols reduced to	
\$2.00 Plain Parasols reduced to	
\$2.50 Plain Parasols reduced to	
\$2.75 Plain Parasols reduced to \$2 1	
\$3.90 Plain Parasols reduced to\$3 O	

Another Clearing Line

Just think of Anderson's Best Scotch Ginghams, were 22c, 25c, 30c, 35c per yard; now selling at per yard	
487 yards Fine Ginghams, in black and white, pinks and blues, plaids, checks and stripes, were 12½c and 15c; now selling at per yard	

Special Clearing Prices in Carpets

[1]			A .	
A rare chance to secure a	good Carpet at a low price.	New colorings and choice pat	terns. Also som	e fine
ines in Japanese Mattings; just the	he thing for summer cottages	, bedrooms, halls, etc.		
Our regular 50c Tapestry Carpet	for	•••••		41c
Our regular 65c Tapestry Carpet				
Our regular 75c Tapestry Carpet				
Our regular 45c and 50c Union (
Our regular 35c Japanese Matting				
Our regular 25c Japanese Mattin				

Great Remnant Sale of Dress Goods.

You know what that means. Ends suitable for waists, skirts, children's dresses; at about half the regular price. These are not shopworn, but are simply ends left over after aheavy season's selling. They are taking up needed space and must go. To get a good choice come early, as the best pieces get picked up first.

BLACK-150 ends-One hundred and fifty ends Black Dress Goods, length from 11/2 to 6 yards; prices of goods from 35c to \$1 50, marked length and price on each piece; about half regular price.

COLORED-250 ends-Two hundred and fifty ends Colored Dress Goods, lengths from 2 to 5 yards, ends from season's selling in Homespuns, Serges, Plaids, etc., lengths and prices marked on each piece. At about one-half regular price.

BLACK SILK GRENADINES-Balance of stock to clear out at reduced prices. 90c and 75c lines at 55c. \$1 line at 75c.

White Counterpane Sale, 75c

It is rarely that you can get a good 11-4 White Quilt at less than \$1, and \$1 25. We secured from a large jobbing house, at an immense reduction, a mill lot worth regularly, \$1 25. The quantity is limited. While they last we offer them at only, each...... 750

White Towel Special

A Chance to Keep Cool---Palm Leaf Fans for - - - - Ic Each.

CROCKERY DEPARTMENT

10 per cent reduction on all goods in Crockery and Glassware Department. 25 per cent reduction on

\$15.00 Dinner Sets reduced to......\$11 00 \$2.50 Ten-Piece Toilet Sets reduced to......\$1 95 \$7.00 Dinner Sets reduced to.....\$5 50 \$3.50 Ten-Piece Toilet Sets reduced to......\$2 50 \$9.00 Dinner Sets reduced to......\$6 50 | \$2.00 Ten-Piece White Toilet Sets reduced to. 21 65

The Runians, Gray, Garrie Co

208, 210, 210¹, 212 Dundas Street.

Battalion); Pte. Harry Thomas Warene, of the 2nd Battalion Canadian Mounted Police. He was formerly a member of the Northwest Mounted Po-lice. Pte. Robert Henry Welr, of the battalion Canadian Mounted Rifles, he is a native of Fermanagh, Ireland, where his father resides; Ptc. C. A. Donaldson, of D Company, R. C. R. I. (late of the 41st Brockville Rifles); Corp. L. C. Vallee, of F Com-pany, R. C. R. I. (late of the 65th

Mounted Royal Rifles).
Corp. R. Irvine, of B Company, Royal Canadian Regiment of Infantry, whose death is reported by the war office, was wounded at Black Mountain on May 1st last, and had been ill ever

IN HOSPITAL

The war office announces the illness at Wynberg of "133, Green." No. 133 in the second contingent muster roll is Pte. Sherwood Herchmer, of Regina. There are three Greens in the same battalion: F. H. Green, of Pincher Creek, N. W. T.; G. W. Green, of Pincher Creek, N. W. T.; and A. E. C. Green, of the N. W. M. P.

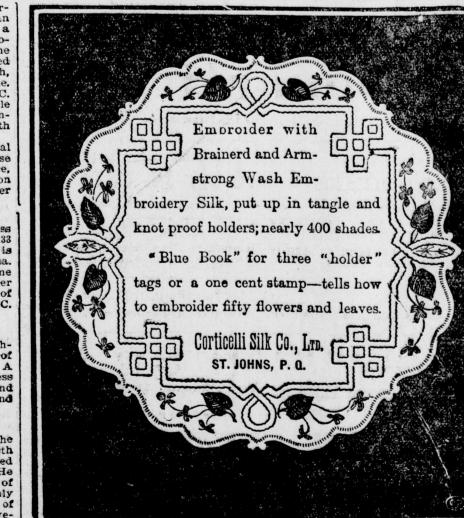
MORE WOUNDED.

The hospital ship Maine has reached Southampton with another batch of wounded soldiers from South Africa. A distinguished party, including Princess Louise, Lady Randolph Churchill and Mesdames Blow, Ronalds, Adair and Chamberlain met her in the Solent.

CORP IRWIN.

St. Catharines, Ont., July 3 .- The death of Corp. Robert Irwin, of the 19th Regiment, at Bloemfontein, caused very sincere regret in this city. He was the son of Mr. Robert Irwin, of the Great Western Hotel, and it is only two or three weeks since a brother of young Irvine was drowned in Twelve-Mile Creek. Robert was one of the first to volunteer for service in South Africa. He was accepted as a private, but since arriving in South Africa was promoted. This is the first death to occur among those of the contingent who went from here. The flags on all the public buildings are at half-mast as a mark of respect.

A TERRIBLE TOTAL. London, July 3.-The war office isties in South Africa since the beginning of the war. The total losses, ex-clusive of sick and wounded, have been 29,706, of whom the killed in action



were 254 officers and 2,403 non-commissioned officers and men; died of wounds 70 officers and 610 non-commissioned officers and men: and prisoners, 65 officers and 2,624 noncommisisoned officers and men; died of disease, 133 officers and 4.204 non-commissioned officers and men; invalided home, 844 officers and 18,433 non-com-missioned officers and men.

The fire department of Chicago has 98 steam fire engines.

Sacramento, Cal., started a crusade against the obtrusive billboard several months ago. Cleveland then commenced a war against them, and now Chicago has opened her broadside. The demand for old, high-back mahogany chairs with claw feet is now

An Ideal Cooker-Cannom Summer Stove—makes cooking a pleasure. Showroom, 344 Richmond street, near Grigg House.