VOL. XXVII., NO. 95.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1890.

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT. To-morrow the British Parliament will be formally opened. All the members of the nt are at hand, as well as all Mr Bladstone's leading supporters. The only really notable absentees will be Lord Hartington and Lord Randolph Churchill. It is expected that the session will be an exsiting one. The Budget propositions will, t is believed, cause no little discussion British trade has been prosperous during the past financial year, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer finds himself with about

of it is the question. It will undoubtedly be nt to relieve taxation, and in that reet British Governments invariably show adian Ministers a good example, though is not likely that a man of the caliber of r. Foster will follow it. Then the Lon-Times fiasco and the discussion of the ort of the Royal Commission on the parges made against Parnell by that paper

\$20,000,000 of a surplus. How to dispose

ill afford plenty of scope for discussion, while the proposed Irish land legislation and the bank note changes will be equally interesting. The Liberals are known to be

TOPICS OF TO-DAY.

They are talking of a World's Fair for

It is said in London that Edison will visit that city again in May.

There is to be a German exhibition in London next year, after the fashion of the recent Italian exhibition. Beer bottled in 1798 by an English firm

was recently opened in a London restaurant and pronounced sound and hearty. The present winter on the North Atlantic

to the United States Signal Service. The London fire brigade is to be increased by three stations and 100 men, and

the newspapers say that this is utterly in-sufficient, and predict a great fire some day that will sweep away a great part of the General Sherman was 70 years old on very few remaining big men in the late civil

war over the border, yet it is little more than a quarter of a century since the conflict ended. The latest English fancy is to wear with iron, or oxidized to resemble iron, with

elaborate gold initials, fastened by a brooch on the left front of the basque, as a medal or other decoration would be worn. An English inventor claims to have system by which coal gas can be compressed into 8 per cent. of its natural bulk, and in that shape carried about and turned into an illuminant at any time by simply turning a stop cock and lighting the evaporation.

The Morris Refuge for suffering animals is a Philadelphia institution which received and cared for last year 14,189 cats, 3,003 dogs and 18 birds and other smaller animals. Such a home might be properly supplemented with a Reformatory for Nocturnal Felines or a House of Detention for Canine

Spurgeon has had printed 2,100 of his ermons since their appearance began in \$55. His 35th volume of them has just sen issued. The index alone fills 32 large ages. They have been circulated not only therever English is spoken, but have been anslated into many foreign languages.

Both sides of the Clyde were lined with Spectators. The vessel is of 8,500 tons burden, 500 feet long, and can carry 1,300 passengers.

Instigated by Russia.

London, Feb. 10.—News from Section 1.

There has long been a tradition in Japan There has long been a tradition in Japan that once a treasure of gold bars, worth now \$800,000,000, was buried far beneath the earth, somewhere in the enclosure of the castle of Yuki Harutomo. Three attempts to dig it out were abandoned on account of accidents to the work. Last May excavations were begun again, and the workmen have come to pieces of boxes covered with plate iron and other indications of what is believed to be approaching success. In the death of Prudence Crandall Phil-

In the death of Prudence Crandan Finileo, at Elk Grove, Kas., last week, a remarkable woman passed away. The deceased was a Quaker woman, and was one
of the first victims to the mob spirit against
Abolitionists. In 1833, out of the kindness of her heart, she opened a school for
colored children at Canterbury, Conn. The
mob destroyed her school house and insulted
and maltreated her also, and she was
finally thrust into jail and kept there
for a long time. For some years past
she had lived in Kansas, and about four
years ago, when some of her friends found
that she was in destitute circumstances, they
made known her condition, which so affected
uplic sentiment in Connecticut that the
begislature of that State voted her a
bension of \$400 a year as partial reparation
or the losses she had sustained more
shan half a century before. The good
woman lived long enough to see a
al change in public sentiment throughthe North in the matter of negro educaon. leo, at Elk Grove, Kas., last week, a re-

MONTREAL, Feb. 10.—Victor Deny, aged years, fell over the cliff at Gallows' Hill, ucbec, on Wednesday afternoon, whilst fading. He walked home, complained of cadache and a doctor was sent for, but the hild died Friday morning.

The Late Senator Macdonald's Will.
TORONTO, Feb. 10.—An article was

TORONTO, Feb. 10.—An article was sublished in a local evening paper on Saturday, and widely copied eleswhere, purports to contain extracts from the will of the te Hon. John Macdonald. The article is senerally unreliable, and has given annoyance to the family.

A Boy Commits Snieide.

A Boy Commits Suicide.

A Boy Commits Stielde.

New York, Feb. 10.—Samuel Vandusen bott, 17 years old, took his life last night the home of his grandfather, Samuel. Vandusen, of West Thirty-sixth street. He shot himself behind the right car with a recover in the afferment and lingered until revolver in the afternoon, and lingered until the evening, when he died. The boy comes of wealthy parents. No cause for the sui-cide can be learned.

CHURCH AND STATE.

Important Encyclical Letter from Pope Leo XIII.

Emin Pasha Decides to Go to Europe.

Loss of a Greek Steamer with Four teen of Her Crew.

The Dock Laborers of Dundee Strik for an Advance.

Emin Pasha Going to Europe.

ZANZIBAR, Feb. 10.—It is reported that
Emin Pasha has decided to go to Europe. Dundee Dock Laborers Strike.

London, Feb. 10.—The dock laborer

at Dundee struck this morning for an advance of 1d per hour in their wages.

Trouble in the Oil Trade.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—The trouble in the oil trade was due to the action of Dumont, of St. Ouen, over issuing Colza warrants to the

extent of 6,000,000 francs. Brazil and Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 10.—It is reported that Mexico will establish diplomatic relations with Brazil Mexico recently

relations with Brazil Mexico recently recognized the new republic.

The Pope in Seclusion.

Rome, Feb. 10.—The Pope is well, but in consequence of the death of his brother, Cardinal Pecci, his Holiness will seclude himself for a few days. The body of the cardinal is lying in state.

Those £1 Notes.

London, Feb. 10.—The much-talked-of idea of proposing legislation by Parliament

idea of proposing legislation by Parliament to authorize the issue of Bank of England Two Dozen Drums for the Sultan.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—Emperor

William is about to send Capt. Plueskow to Constantinople with a present of 24 drums for the Sultan. Hitherto drums have not been used in the Ottoman army. Will Watt.

London, Feb. 10.—Mr. Burns, the labor agitator, has urged the dock laborers to delay action until their union is strong

enough to enable them to strike for an advance of the penny per hour in wages. The Portugal Defense Fund. on Feb. 10.-King Carlos has sub cribed \$45,000 to the defense fund. The Queen and Dowager Queen have subscribed \$20,000 each. The municipal authorities of Oporto have also decided to subscribe to

Russia's Great Railway Scheme. ee authorized by the Government has prepared a plan for the through Siberian railway, to be completed in ten years. The total length of the line is to be 4,375 miles, and the total cost 250,000,000 roubles.

Fourteen Lost.
London, Feb. 10.—The Greek steame Spryridion Vagliano, from Constantinople, has been wrecked near Falmouth. Of those who were on board eight persons have been saved. The captain of the vessel was drowned, and thirteen others are missing. Launch of the Normania.

London, Feb. 10.—The Hamburg-American Company's new steamer Normania vas launched on Sunday at Govan. The was namened of sunday as down. The launching was to have taken place Saturday, but was prevented by a dense fog. Both sides of the Clyde were lined with Spectators. The vessel is of 8,500 tons

makes no mention of the execution of Panitza and his accomplices. It is stated that Zankoff and Mathejeff were the ringleaders of the conspiracy. Mathejeff received from the Pan-Slavist Society in St. Petersburg \$120,000 with which to carry on operations. All the adherents of Zankoff in Bulgaria are now flying for their lives and taking refuge in Servia. A Russian named Nadine has been arrested at Rustchuk on the charge of being an accomplice of the merchant Kalopkoff, who was arrested a few days ago for complicity in the Panitza conspiracy.

Kalopkoff's papers it is asserted, prove the plot was of Russian instigation. A court martial will assemble at Spain on the 20th inst. to try the conspirators.

William's Scheme.

Berlux, Feb. 10.—Poinion inclines to the

anything prejudicial to the Church to the Church of value or violate in the person of the Supreme Pontiff the authority of Jesus Christ, then inced it is a duty to resist them and a crime to obey them—a crime fraught with injury to the State itself. For every offense against religion, recoils on the State. To love the two fatherlands—the earthly and the heavenly—but in such a manner that the love of the heavenly prevails over that of the other, and that human laws are not preferred to the law of God, such is the essential duty of Christians."

A restended restatement of the claims of the Roman Catholic Church to infallibility in matters of faith follows. Leo says the administration of church government is difficult, and gives rise to numerous conflicts. "For the Church rules people scattered throughout all parts of the world," he

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—Opinion inclines to the

tion will never lead to any practical result, and the more closely the rescripts are examined the more the skepticism grows. It is already recognized as altogether improbable that the European powers, if ever invited, will assent to take part in such an international conference as that upon which the Emperor addresses Bismarck in his first rescript. England, France, Belgium and Switzerland are named by the Emperor as involved in his scheme; but not a as involved in his scheme; but not a as involved in his scheme; but not a single step has been taken toward learning whether those powers approve of such a conference. If anything important is to flow from these decrees, it will be from that part of them which proposes internal changes, new labor legislation and the reform of the relations existing between employers and workers.

A Tough Task.
London, Feb. 10.—Lord Salisbury will have a difficult task in dealing with Em-

London, Feb. 10.—The arrangement of the Times with Mr. Parnell largely arose out of two considerations—the one acknowledged by that paper that having published libelous letters which the writer, Pigott, admitted to be forgeries it felt bound to come to terme; the other was to avoid dissolosing what would have been absolutely necessary had the case proceeded, namely, the numerical circulation of that journal, which is one of the most ascred secrets of Printing House Square. But all this would have been risked if the recent efforts in America to obtain further evidence had been attended with success. It cannot be denied that some of Mr. Parnell's friends are disappointed by the settlement. They had hoped to get at the whole history of the publication of the fac simile letters, and they do not intend to allow the matter to end here. For if the Speaker will allow such a course, they will move that Mr. John Walter, the proprietor of the Times, be called to the bar of the House to apologize for having maligned a member. Action in this direction will, however, be influenced by the report of the judges of the Parnell Commission.

The Pretender's Plans. London, Feb. 10 .- A Madrid dispatch says the Orleans' plans were settled at a amily council at San Lucar before the Comte de Paris sailed for America.
PARIS, Feb. 10.—The counsel for the

Panis, Feb. 10.—The counsel for the Duke argues that the new recruiting law abrogates the clause in the expulsion law forbidding French princes to enter the army and that the Duke has not therefore rendered himself liable to a penalty. The Duke has written a letter to President Carnot appealing for permission to serve his country, and says: "Since you are so justly proud of your great and patriotic ancestor, who can hardly be surprised at my invoking the memory of the many princes, my ancestors, who died for France on the field of battle, nor that as one of the descendants of Henry IV. I ask to become a common sodder. I beg you, Monsieur Le President, to accept the assurance of my high esteem."

he President, to accept the assistance of my high esteem."

The Republican majority in the Chamber of Deputies approves the attitude the Government has taken in deciding upon a simple enforcement of the law. The Left looks upon the Duke's act as a mere boyish escapade, and holds that he should be tried and sentenced to assert the majesty of the law, but after sentence he should be pardoned and sent out of France.

Pope Leo's Encyclical.

New York, Feb. 10.—The Times says

New York, Feb. 10.-The Times says the most important encyclical, from a worldly point of view at least, issued by Leo XIII. since his accession to the throne of the Pontiff, reached this city yesterday. It is a long document dealing with the relations of Church to State, and will be interesting to Protestants no less than to Catholics, as it defines the duty of the Catholic stillers his polygoniators to his Catholic citizen, his obligations to his Church and the extent of his obedience to

the State.

The letter argues that all power comes from God. States that neglect God in the administration of their affairs, the Pope contends, cannot long remain safe, because "when Christian institutions and morals fall away the principal foundations of human society must crumble." He says if the natural law ordains that Catholics should protect with particular effection the land in which they were head of the same and the same He says if the natural law ordains that Catholics should protect with particular affection the land in which they were born and raisedwith, greater reason ought they to be animated with similar sentiments towards the Church—the citylof the living God, from whom she had received her constitution. "The native land in which we have received this mortal life, is then to be loved; but it is necessary to be he loved; but it is necessary to love with a more ardent love the Church, to which we owe the immortal life of the soul, because it is right to prefer the well-spectators. The vessel is of 8,500 tons burden, 500 feet long, and can carry 1,300 passengers.

Instigated by Russia.

London, Feb. 10.—News from Sofia makes no mention of the execution of Panitza and his accomplices. It is stated or violate in the person of the Supreme which we owe the immortal life of the

tered throughout all parts of the world," he adds, "different in race and manner, each view that the Emperor's Socialistic proposition will never lead to any practical result,
and the more closely the rescripts are examined the more the skepticism grows. It
is already recognized as altogether improbable that the European powers, if ever invited, will assent to take part in such an
vited, will assent to take part in such an expect religion and divine law, is indifferent to parties, and, according to the Pope,
"to seek to engage the Church in the
quarrels of the parties and to attempt to
make use of its support to triumph more make use of its support to triumph more easily over adversaries is to commit an in-

easily over adversaries its desimiler all indescreet abuse of religion."

The Pope says two things are to be avoided—false prudence and temerity—and he
has nothing but words of condemnation for
those who would shirk the duties he outlines under the plea that it would not be
politic "to resist iniquity lest we exasperate the enemy." On the other hand, he
warns over-zealous men to do nothing of
their own motion. "It is a duty assigned
to the Church by God," continues the Pope,
"to offer opposition whenever the laws of
the State injure religion, and to endeavor
earnestly to infuse the spirit of the Gospel
into the laws and institutions of peoples.
And since the fate of States depends principally on those at the head of the governdescreet abuse of religion. arnestly to infuse the spirit of the Gospel have a difficult task in dealing with Emperor William's invitation to a conference on labor questions. One party in English politics, perhaps not a dozen members in the House of Commons, favors State legislation to regulate the hours of labor and the wages. William's scheme seems to involve legislative action as a result of the conference. Moreover, tariff difficulties opinion in England is distinctly opposed to Emperor William's proposal, excepting, of course, among the few Socialists. The common good. "These principles contain the most between Church and State whole scheme, moreover, is regarded by many as chiefly destined to influence the Emperor's goodness of heart toward his ill-paid subjects and his appreciation of the social danger. But it is well observed by a London contemporary that it is as easy to fix the legal day and the rate of wages as in which it would be stated for the court.

Have the fate of States depends principally to the fating season, not that a treaty to make arrangements for the fishing season, not that a treaty can be negotiated in that time, but that a preliminary agreement may be reached to be losted to the men, to the chours of holowed by a treaty.

Sixteen Men Flogged.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 10.—As a result of a week's aitting of the Court of Oyre and Terniner, exceen men, of whom the relation between Church and State, wish to make them both harmonize for the common good. "These principles contain the rule according to which every Catholic opinion in England is distinctly opposed to Emperor William's proposal, excepting, of course, among the few Socialists. The common good. "These principles contain the rule according to which every Catholic opinion in England is distinctly opposed to the relation between Church and State, when the relation between Church and State, the rule according to which every Catholic opinion in England is distinctly opposed to the rule according to which every Catholic opinion in England is distinctly opposed t

to settle the height of Emperor William's subjects.

Parnell and the Times.

London, Feb. 10.—The arrangement of the Times with Mr. Parnell largely arose out of two considerations—the one acknowledged by that paper which the writer, Pigott, admitted to be forgeries it felt bound to come to terms; who the other was to avoid disclosing what would have been absolutely necessary had

It has been decided to establish a Russian legation in Mexico.

German glass manufacturers have formed a convention to advance prices.

The Pope has decided against the holding of the next conclave outside of Rome.

The Rothschilds have contracted for a Hungarian loan of 50,000,000 florins.

Hungarian loan of 50,000,000 horms.

Prince Augustus of Saxe-Coburg, grandson of Dom Pedro, ex-Emperor of Brazil, is suffering from dementia.

The death is announced of Henry Bentinck Boyle, fifth Earl of Shannon. The death resulted from influenza.

Mr. Gladstone has again refused an offer by a firm of American publishers of £6,000 readly for exerciting he writers for the pubearly for everything he writes for the pub-

Six Italian cardinals will be created in March in view of the minority of the Italian cardinalate as compared with the number of foreign cardinals.

SIX DROWNED.

A Man, His Wife and Four Children Go

KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb. 9.-J. R. Slater, KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb. 9.—J. R. Slater, his wife and two children, a grandchild and a neighbor's child named Bush were drowned to-day in the Third Binnewater, one of a chain of lakes distant some eight or nine miles from here. The children were running a sled and skating on the ice, which gave way. Shrieking, they disappeared from sight. The mother of the Slater children, who lived close by, ran to the rescue. She broke through the ice and was drowned. The husband and father must the frace his wife. No bodies have met the fate of his wife. No bodies have

FIRE'S RAVAGES.

A Dancing Party's Peril-Fatal Fire of an Alabama Farm-A Palace Burned.

PATTERSON, N. J., Feb. 10.—When the fire broke out in Washington Hall at 2 a.m. Saturday a ball was in progress, but all the Saturday a ball was in progress, but an undergree guests got out in safety, some, however, leaving their valuable wraps behind them. The fire originated in the basement of the building, and it was only when dense smoke made its way into the ballroom that the guest ware mide aware of their great the great ware mide aware of their great. the guests were made aware of their great

SIX LIVES LOST.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 10.—A report eaches here that the dwelling of a farmer reaches here that the dwelling of a farmer anned Both, near Stevenson, Ala., was burned the other night, and that Roth and his family, consisting of a wife and four children, perished in the flames. The neighbors did not discover the fire until Saturday, when they found the charred remains of the family in the sales.

family in the ashes.

A FALACE BURNED.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—The former palace of Marguerite of Navarre, on the Rue de Seine, Paris, was burned. It was occupied by the Marquis of Osborne. The loss is placed at \$400,000.

BLAZE AT LENNOXVILLE.

LENNOXVILLE, Que., Feb. 10.—Brown's sash and planing mills were burned Saturday morning. The fire originated in the engine room. Loss, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,500.

MARINE MATTERS. Steamers Arrived—Gales and Heavy Ice on the Passage.

Pennsylvania,... Dania.......... City of Chicago. La Champagne.

Amsterdam.....New York... Denmark.....London.... PERILOUS PASSAGES.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 10.—All the ocean teamers arriving here experienced heavy cales on the passage and saw considerable field ice. The Amalfi, from Hamburg, was

neid ice. The Amain, from Hamburg, was 22 days out, but sustained no demage. The Dania was 1,000 miles on her course when her steering gear got out of order, and her coal supply being pretty low she was compelled to put back to Queenstown. The Ice Crop in Maine.

Augusta, Me., Feb. 10.—Six hundred thousand tons of ice have been harvested

on the Kennebec, and the work is still being pushed with great vigor. Many new ice houses are being built. Mormons Mobbed.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 10.—It is reported a mob in Marion county stripped two Mormon elders, covered them with tar and feathers and set fire to the tar. The men were terribly burned, but extinguished the flames in time to save their lives.

The Saal Fisheries.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Feb. 10.—There is

The Sail Fisheries.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10.—There is reason to believe that Secretary Elaine and Sir Julian Pauncefote are both very hopeful that an understanding will be reached between the United States and Great Britain, relative to the Behring Sea, before it will be necessary to make arrangements.

CANADA'S CAPITAL.

The Government Takes Another Somersault,

And Accepts Mr. Laurier's Motion in Re Rebate on Distillers' Corn.

[Special to the ADVERTISER.]
OTTAWA, Monday, Feb. 10.
The Banking and Commerce Committee

met this morning and passed without amendment two private bills respecting New Brunswick banks introduced by Mr Weldon, of St. John. Mr. Wood, of Westnoreland, presided in the absence of Mr. R. N. Hall.

The Orange incorporation bill is looked for this afternoon and the probability of its adoption is being widely discussed. The gist of all conjecture is that it can only be passed by a bargain made by Sir John with the French Bleus, and the likelihood of ich a bargain is exceedingly slim.

Mr. E. D. Sutherland has been appointed eputy auditor-general.

Mr. J. C. Rykert has an interview cover

ing a column in to-day's Citizen trying to explain away the charges against him in Saturday's Globe. His interview does not agree in all points with his published correspondence. He says in the interview: "Any other person could have got the license just as well as I; and in his letter to Mercer Adams, dated July 2, 1883, he said: " Not another soul could do what I have done in this, for the C. P. R. is powerful." He also boasted that he had e influence than McCarthy, getting the limit that was refused him.

The Citizen of this morning vigorously lenies in a long and bitter editorial tha Mr. D'Alton McCarthy is, as he claimed at a recent dinner in his own riding, a follower of Sir John Macdonald on all the general questions of the future. It dubs him "a political Tancred," and lectures him severely for his crusade against the French Capital Notes.

OTTAWA. Monday. Feb. 10. It is announced that the Government has lecided to accept Mr. Laurier's motion declaring that no rebate should be allowed on orn imported for use in the manufacture of spirits. As the Liberals would not consent that the liquor industry should be secured in a privilege that was denied to the farming community the Government will take away the millers' advantage in order to find some stronger ground for refusing the rebate to the farmers. The practice of the farmers was to sell peas and with the proceeds buy corn, which is better adapted to feeding horned cattle. Peas sold at from 25c to 30c per bushel more than was naid for the corn normed cattle. Peas soid at from 200 to one per bushel more than was paid for the corn they imported. The duty was imposed on the pretext of protecting the coarse grains of the farmer. They gave the rebate to the distiller and refused it to the farmer, the distiller and refused it to the farmer, and this rebate they will now abolish sooner than give the farmer the advantage to be derived from the free importation of corn for feeding purposes. The Opposition have been unable to prevent extravagant expeen unable to prevent extravagant ex-penditure, the gerrymandering of constitu-encies and the outrage of the Franchise Act, but upon most questions of public policy the Ministers are forced to adopt the views of their Parliamentary opponents.

The revenue and expenditure on account of the consolidated fund for the month of January is stated as follows: Revenue.

January is stated as follows: Revenue-\$1,742,625; excise, \$532,950; postoffice, \$195,000; public works, including railways, \$202,137; miscellaneous, \$274,192 railways, \$202,187; miscellaneous, \$274,192; total, \$2,946,906. Expenditure, \$5,085,994. For the seven months of the present fiscal year the figures are: Revenue, \$22,950,929; expenditure, \$19,512,286. The net public debt on 31st January was \$236,791,429, an increase of \$2,263,305 in the month. The month's expenditure on capital account was \$457,671.

J. G. Hoare, a Western Ontario manu-J. G. Hoare, a Western Ontario manufacturer, waited on Hon. M. Bowell, asking a change from ad valorem to specific duty on carriage wheels.

The Government ask an appropriation of \$20,000 for the purpose of distributing seed grain to those farmers in Manitoba and the Northwest who on account of drought are without seed grain to the seed grain to the seed grain to those farmers in Manitoba and the Northwest who on account of drought are without seed grain to provide the seed grain to the seed g

without seed grain or means of procuring it. Senator Abbott goes South shortly for the benefit of his health. Mesdames Laurier and Mackenzie have

umed their Saturday evening receptions at Ottawa.

Under the direction of the Experimental

Farm authorities satisfactory trials of a new variety of oats have been made in several parts of the country, and farmers are likely to be advised shortly to make a change in

their seed.

The order for two-rowed barley to be imported from England by the Government for use as seed has been given. Ten thousand bushels have been ordered, and are expected to arrive by the middle of March. It will be sold in two-bushel lots. WORK AND WAGES.

Yard Brakemen and Conductors at Suspension Bridge on Strike.

EXTRA PAY WANTED FOR SUNDAY WORK.
NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—A special from
Suspension Bridge says: What promises to
be a strike of some magnitude occurred here
yesterday. It affects the yard brakemen
and yard conductors, about 35 in number,
in the New York Central freight yard who
refuse to perform Sunday work without being paid extra for it.

New York shelicht.

WHOLE NO., 8547 Baking Powder

25 CENTS PER POUND.

Use our Powder for Light, White and TEA BISCUITS AND CAKES.

HomæopathicRemedies CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE Pharmacists and Chemists,

256 Dundas Street, : London, Ont. THE WEATHER

TORONTO, Feb. 9-11 p.m.—To-night a large high area, accompanied by moderately cold weather, extends from Manitoba to the Maritime Provinces, with the highest pressure north of the Ottawa Valley. In the extreme Northwest States and Canadian Territories with the province of the Company of the Northwest States and Canadian Territories there is an important depression, with much higher temperature. The weather has been generally fine throughout the country. Temperatures at 8 p.m.: Calgary, 32°; Medicine Hat, 30°; Qu'Appelle, 4°; Winnipeg, 10° below; Toronto, 15°; Montreal, 6°; Quebec, 4°; Halifax, 32°

LOCAL TEMPERATURES YESTERDAY. For 24 hours ending 8 p.m.—(Observations taken at 3 a.m. and 8 p.m. Highest, 25°; lowest, 15°; mean (daily), 20°.

25°; lowest, 15°; mean (asily), 20°.
PROBABILITIES.
For the next 24 hours for the lakes:
Easterly winds; mostly fair weather with light snow in some localities; stationary, or a little higher temperature.

THE COURTS.

Spring Circuits and Chancery Sittings

SPRING CIRCUITS. Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and of Assize and Nisi Prius will be held as follows:

1	Falconbridge, J.	
١	CobourgMondayMa	arch
1	StratfordMondayMs	arch
1	GuelphMondayMs	arch
1	BerlinMondayM	arch
1	HamiltonMonday	r ril
1	Brantford Monday Monday	pril
4	BrantioruMonday	pril
1	Simcoe Monday A Welland Monday	May
1	Street, J.	. MLC.
1	WoodstockMondayM	arch
1	St. ThomasMonday	arch
	Walkerton Monday M	arch
	WalkertonMonday	arch
	GoderichMondayM	arch
	SarniaMonday	A Dell
	Chatham Monday	April
	Sandwich Wednesday A London Monday	zbrn
3	London Monday	. MLB
	CHANCERY SPRING SITTINGS.	
	Boyd, C.	
	TorontoMonday	Apri
	Whitby Friday	Apri
	Woodstock Wednesday Stratford Thursday Barrie Tuesday	April
	StratfordThursday	April
	BarrieTuesday	Apri
	Lindsay Monday	May
	PeterboroFriday	May
	Proudfoot, J.	
	Hamilton Monday M	arch
	Simcoe Monday M St. Catharines Thursday M	arch
	St. Catharines Thursday M	arch
	Owen Sound Wednesday	Apri
	Brantford Monday	May
	GuelphMonday	May
	Ferguson J.	
	Chatham Monday	arch
,	SandwichMondayM	arcl
,	LondonMondayM	arcl
	GoderichMonday	Anri
	St. Thomas Wednesday	Apri
	WalkertonWednesday	Apri
•	Sarnia Monday	Ma
	Sarma	
	The Forepaugh Circus Sold,	

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.—The Forepaugh circus has been sold, English capitalists taking two-thirds of the stock and the estate retaining a third interest. The show will continue to exhibit in this country.

will continue to exhibit in this country.

Death of the Slate King.

Trov, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Hugh W. Hughes, the "Slate King," died at his home in Granville, N. Y., Saturday morning, aged 53.

Mr. Hughes came to this country from Wales while a youth and built up one of the largest industries in roofing slate in the United States.

Elopod While Her Father Preached.

Fort SMITH. Ark., Feb. 10.—A sensa-

FORT SMITH, Ark., Feb. 10 .- A sensa tional elopement occurred at this place, the eloping parties being Mr. Jerry McKenna and Miss Minnie Lotz. The father of Miss Lotz is the Rev. R. L. Lotz, pastor of the Christian Church, and the elopement took place while he was preaching his morning sermon. The marriage took place at Pocola, I. T. The Struggle for Irish Freedom.

The Struggle for Irish Freedom.
Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 10.—President
Fitzgerald, of the Irish National League,
has issued an address to the officers and
members of the Irish National League of
America, in which he declares financial assistance is needed to carry on the "struggle for Irish freedom," appeals to the friends of Ireland in America to make one more effort for the cause of freedom, and urges offi-cers and members of the league to prompt

Prof. Robertson's Departure.

Prof. Robertson's Departure.

Guelph, Feb. 10.—A great deal of regret is felt here at the departure of Prof. J. W. Robertson, who was exceedingly popular among the students of the Agricultural College and townspeople generally. This feeling of esteem found expression at the annual supper of the College Experimental Union, when the Professor was presented nual supper of the College Experimental Union, when the Professor was presented with a kindly-worded address by the students. After reading the address Mr. C. Whitley on behalf of the students, presented Mr. Robertson with a magnificent silver tilting water pitcher and goblets, at the same time asking him to read the lines of the address and look behind the gift for the love and esteem they bore him

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