

The Herald

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EDITOR & PROPRIETOR

After the War.

As long as Canada's sons continue to face death on the battlefields of Europe it is natural that the thought of Canadians should be turned to the war and matters connected therewith, and that the first effort of this country should be devoted to making it certain that Canada shall do her full...

Canada after the war will be a new country, with new problems and added responsibilities. First, there will be the thousands of returning soldiers to care for and fit into their former places in civil life. This in itself will be a task of great magnitude, complicated possibly by the fact that many of our men who left sedentary occupations to don the uniform will find that two years in the open has bred a distaste for the routine of the office and the workshop, and a longing for the bigger, broader outdoor life.

The commercial problems to be solved will be many and mighty. New markets will be opened, new avenues for development will appear, the country will find itself in a condition similar to that of the United States of thirty to forty years ago in experiencing its first great growth. The settlement of Canada's vast vacant spaces will be one of the first questions to require attention. It is high time to consider all the problems to be grappled with and solved in the future.

While fishing along the Fraser River, B. C. Mrs. Hugh M. Abercrombie touched a power wire with her fishing pole and was killed.

Provincial Exhibition.

The Provincial Exhibition of 1916, held at Charlottetown last week, was, by universal admission, the greatest exhibition ever held in Prince Edward Island. It was a grand show from whatever point of view considered. The exhibits were numerous and excellent, the weather ideal, all that could be desired, and the attendance was immense.

On Thursday, when the British soldier, owned by Mr. W. S. McKie made that time. But after establishing that mark and winning the two first heats, he lost the race after all to Devilish Dorothy, who won the three last heats in no faster time than 2:19. On Thursday again two more seconds were knocked off the track record when Lacopia, owned by Belliveau of Moncton, won the free for all race in a 2:13 1/2 clip.

Since the war commenced the net debt of the Dominion has increased by \$330,000,000. On the other hand, in the same period, the savings of the people in the chartered banks have increased by \$350,000,000. It would seem, therefore that a goodly portion of the money which Canada is spending for war is staying in Canada.

Canada's savings as follows:— 1st: War expenditures by the Canadian government in Canada, much of which find their way into the pockets of the people. 2nd: Purchases of munitions and war supplies by the allied governments in the Dominion. 3rd: The enormous 300,000,000 bushel harvest of last year. 4th: An accumulation of deposits due to partial closing up of the avenues of speculative investments. 5th: Individual thrift superinduced by war conditions.

The Legislature of this Province, it will be remembered, last spring entered a strong protest against the discrimination made at coal delivery ports in Cape Breton and Nova Scotia against small coasting colliers in favor of large Norwegian and other vessels. There has also been strong denunciations of this practice by the press. It seems probable that the discrimination will ere long be discontinued.

Paris, Sept. 27.—"It was not a village the Allies assaulted—it was a fortress," says La Liberté's correspondent and adds "it was a chateau house. What remained of the garrison of two battalions...

harbor commissioners, department of marine and fisheries, and J. Fred McDonald, of New Glasgow, N. S., collector of customs.

Progress of the War.

Paris, Sept. 26.—The town of Comblès is entirely in the hands of the Anglo-French forces. This is announced in the official statement from the war office tonight, which adds that the battle north of the Somme is going in favor of the Allies. The French also have advanced further north of the Somme in favor of the Allies. The French also have advanced further north of the Somme in favor of the Allies.

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Prior to the loss of Comblès the effect of the victories of the French and British armies in the capture of important strategic positions on the previous day, was reflected in the official communication issued by the German war office, which, after describing the great artillery bombardment of the Entente Allies, lasting four days and the attacks between the Ancre and the Somme, admits that "the conquest of the villages on the line of Guedecourt must be recognized" and adds, "but before all we must think of our heroic troops, who faced the united Anglo-French principal forces and the massed employment of material of the whole world's war industry, prepared during many months."

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London, Sept. 28.—Except for a fresh attack on the part of the British which gave them the greater part of a German redoubt north of Thiepval and 800 prisoners, the troops of the Entente Allies in the region between the Somme and Ancre rivers in France apparently are taking a breaching spell and consolidating posts captured in the great offensive which began last Monday and has already netted them Comblès, Thiepval and other strong German positions at various points along the twenty-mile front. During the work of consolidating, however, the big guns of the British and French are hurling tons of steel against the new positions the Germans have taken up, doubtless preparatory to another fresh attack with Bapaume and Peronne the ultimate objectives. Meanwhile a big battle is in progress on the eastern front, in the region between Lutsk and Vladimir-Volynski, around Svinitsky and Korynitsa, where the Russians are attempting to advance, but the Teutons are impeding them by heavy counter-attacks. The German war office says these

London, Oct. 1.—A British official communication issued this evening, and dealing with the fighting in Macedonia, says "Doiran front: Our artillery has been active. On the 31st front, below the Orjak, our troops took possession of a position of the Bulgarian line. After stubborn fighting and heavy artillery preparation, gains were extended during the evening. Six counter-attacks were successfully broken up during the day. A hundred prisoners already have been passed back. "The fighting continues..."

counter-attacks in the region of Korynitsa have resulted in the recapture of positions lost recently by the Teutons, and that the Allied forces have not passed beyond them. Heavy casualties were inflicted on the Russians, says Berlin, and in addition forty-one officers and 2,800 men were made prisoner and one cannon and seventeen machine guns were captured. In Galicia the Germans west of Krasnolesie also pushed forward their lines, while in the Carpathians attacks by the Russians were repulsed in hand-to-hand fighting.

London, Sept. 28.—The council of Greek ministers have decided upon an agreement with King Constantine upon military cooperation with the Entente Powers, says a Reuter despatch from Athens, dated Wednesday.

London, Sept. 27.—The Greek ministerial council in Athens yesterday evening, says a wireless despatch from the Greek capital, "will be followed by the resignation of the Kaloergopoulos cabinet and by the issue of proclamation from King Constantine to the Greek nation." London, Sept. 27.—The Greek battleship Hydra has joined the Allied fleet, according to a Reuters despatch adds that the Greek battleships Spetsai and Psara and four Greek destroyers, have also joined the combined Anglo-French naval forces under Vice-Admiral Dufournet in the Mediterranean.

Petrograd, Sept. 28, via London, Sept. 29.—The Russian commander, General Brusiloff, has pushed forward his extreme left during recent days to the highway between Kimpolung and Maranaros Sziget, cutting that important Austro-German line of communication some miles above Kirilbaba. After a series of desperate battles the Russians succeeded in capturing a mountain overlooking the highway, which gave them an important strategic advantage. At the same time they took a range of mountains overlooking the highway, which gave them an important strategic advantage.

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London, Sept. 29.—Steadily the British troops are pressing forward toward the Peronne-Bapaume road, the main artery immediately behind the German lines north of Comblès. After taking 500 yards of trenches southwest of La Sara, General Sir Douglas Haig's men made additional progress in the capture of 500 yards of German trenches east of Lesbœufs. The British occupation of territory between Thiepval and the Ancre is being contested strongly by the Germans. A German counter-attack, following the entry of the British into a section of the Hessian trenches resulted in the forcing back of the holders. The section was regained later, however, by the British, London says. Heavy fighting also has occurred around the Staff redoubt. Rain is hampering operations on the remainder of the Anglo-French front north of the Somme, according to official statements. Paris mentions no activity following the advance

London, Oct. 1.—The British official statement on the campaign in France issued tonight reads: "On the battle field south of the Ancre there is no change in the general situation. Heavy shelling continued during the day, especially at the Destmont Farm and around the S and Zoller redoubts. "Our was slightly advanced south of Eaucourt L'Abbaye. In

There's a Really Wonderful Array on Newest Linen

Ready in the Daylight Linen Dep't Here

We specially invite all visitors to Charlottetown, and to Prince Edward Island, to inspect the lovely things that are shown in such splendid assortment in the "daylight linen store." We have just been fortunate in getting an enormous shipment of new things that we thought would be out of the market till after the war. We're so pleased over these that we want you to see them—needn't buy unless you feel like it—see them anyway.

Shamrock Linens--Sold Here Exclusively

Hemstitched Bed Spreads \$3.25

Just received a shipment of hemstitched and embroidered bed spreads in pretty designs. These cannot be replaced at any price, size 90 x 100, while they last at \$3.25 and \$3.75 each.

Shamrock Pillow Cases

All pure linen hemstitched and embroidered pillow cases in many pretty designs and range in price from \$2.50 up to \$5.00 pair. Also initial hemstitched and embroidered cases in all initials at \$3.75 pair.

Lunch Napkins 65c. to 75c.

Lunch Napkins, made from all pure linen, fine and evenly woven, hemstitched all round, in many pretty designs. This is some of the famous Shamrock linen that has given such good satisfaction at 65c. and 75c. each.

Shamrock Napkins.

A splendid lot of famous Shamrock table napkins, all pure linen and will wash and iron well, in two designs, Poppy and Fleur de Lis, size 20 x 20 inch, regular worth \$4.75 doz., while they last at \$3.75 doz.

"Everyday" Linen Napkins \$2.00

20 dozens of splendid everyday napkins in a good weight, strong and durable in many pretty floral designs, size 20 x 20 inches. This is a good size for everyday wear; they are hemmed ready for use at the old price, \$2.00 dozen.

22 1/2 x 22 1/2 inch Linen Napkins \$2.25

15 dozen hemmed Napkins ready for the table, made from good strong durable yarn, free from dressing, will wash and iron easy, size 22 1/2 x 22 1/2 inches at \$2.25 doz.

72 x 72 inch Table Cloths \$2.00

Damask table cloths made from a good strong, fine even thread, free from dressing, a splendid cloth for everyday wear in pretty floral and scroll designs, full size 72 x 72 inches at \$2.00 each.

72 x 90 inch Table Cloths \$2.50

Damask table cloths, made from a good strong fine even thread, the same as above, 72 x 90 inches, in most beautiful designs at \$2.50 each.

Shamrock Linen Table Cloths

Damask table cloth, all pure linen, made by the famous Shamrock Linens, many pretty designs and qualities in Laurel Wreath, Festoon Ivy, Greek Key, Chrysanthemum, Spot Rose, etc. Nearly all have napkins to match, ranging in prices from \$3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 4.00, up to \$7.00 each.

Shamrock Linen Table Damask

All pure linen damask for cloths in many designs and qualities, made from the famous Shamrock linen. These are all guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction—width from 66 to 72 inches and range in prices 85c, \$1.00, 1.10, 1.35, 1.50 up as high as \$2.75 per yard.

Damask Border Towels

Damask border hemstitched, all pure linen towels in many pretty designs. All good durable towels, range in price from 75c. each to \$1.00 each.

Guest Towels 60c. Initialed

Initial guest towels in all initials, made from good all pure linen huck, hemstitched at both ends with a pretty damask border at 60c. each.

MOORE & McLEOD LIMITED

119-121 Queen Street, Charlottetown

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon on Friday, the 22nd Sept. 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years six times per week Over Rural Mail Route No. 1 from Tignish, P. E. Island, from the 1st of January next. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Tignish and at the office of the Post Office Inspectors.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector of Office, Charlottetown, Aug 7th 1916, Aug. 9th 1916-31. D. C. McLEOD K. C. - W. E. BENTLEY McLEOD & BENTLEY Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors. MONEY TO LOAN Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

Stylish Shoes for Stout Women. Why wear shoes not built for your feet, which are bound to stretch and lose their shape? Here is one of the "AUNT PULLY'S OUT SIZE" boots which has made a host of friends. By a clever idea in shoe-making these shoes give extra room at the ankle, top, and the broadest part of the foot, and still appear smaller than the shoes which you have previously found it necessary to content yourself with. No trouble at all to get you a perfect fit. to Size 2 1/2 to 11. \$4.50 to \$5.50. ALLEY & CO. 135 Queen Street, Sole Agents.

(Continued from page 1) between Fregicourt and M toward Sully, on the Perr Bapaume road

There has been no great action on any of the other fronts in Europe except in Transylvania where the Austro-Germans repulsed the Romanians. Hermannstadt. Vienna says Teutonic forces also have occupied the heights east and east of the town after fighting. The battle in this region, however, has not been finished. The intense fighting in the region of Korynitsa, on eastern front in Russia, apparently have come to an end. Berlin and Vienna say that the Russian prisoners have increased to officers and 3,000 men. Forces under Prince Leopold of Bavaria here also took two of non and 33 machine guns. Berlin records the repulse of Russian advance near Godzich

and Petrograd claims the defeat of a German attack near Cuklova. Fighting continues in the Carpathians, but there has been no change in the battle lines. In Macedonia the Entente Allies are withstanding Bulgarian attacks. The Serbians have checked four attacks against positions on the Kaimakcalan plateau, and the French have withstood assaults along the Broda river.

London, Oct. 2.—British troops in the centre along the Somme line have an advance on a three thousand yard front from the east of Eaucourt L'Abbaye to the Albert-Bapaume road, according to the official statement from headquarters, issued at midnight. Eaucourt L'Abbaye itself is reported to be in the hands of the British. The operations were aided by the armored "tanks." The text reads:

"Sunday afternoon south of the Ancre our centre attacked and captured the whole of its objective on a front of 3,000 yards from a point east of Eaucourt L'Abbaye to the Albert-Bapaume road, northeast of the Destmont Farm. The village of Eaucourt L'Abbaye is reported to be in our hand. "Further east we pushed our outposts well behind the original front line. More than 300 prisoners have already been taken, and our casualties up to the present are small. "In the action the new armored cars have done valuable work in clearing the enemy trenches behind the infantry advance. "The village of Transloy (north of Morval) was effectively bombed by our artillery, and an ammunition dump blown up

"On Saturday two aeroplanes were successfully ambushed by our aeroplanes and at least one machine was destroyed. In the fighting over this front four enemy machines were brought down. One of our machines is missing. "Enemy troops and transports were repeatedly attacked from the air with machine guns, and in one instance several hundred infantry were dispersed. "Since Sept. 18 we have taken between the Ancre and the Somme, twenty-four field guns, three field howitzers and three heavy howitzers. "From July 30 to Sept. 30, in the same area, we made prisoners 588 officers and 26,147 other ranks."

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