

Christie's Biscuits—How their quality is guarded—



The Butter Tester Says:

"I'M A CRANK about butter. I've got to be. I realize thoroughly that Quality has built up this big business, and made 'Christie' a household word from ocean to ocean—first of all, Quality in the butter, flour, milk and other raw materials."

"I've been testing butter for thirty years, and I've never heard of any other firm exercising the same care as Christie, Brown & Co. do."

"All our butter is purchased by a well-known butter authority. He buys for export from the best creameries in Canada, and sends the pick to us."

"You would be surprised if you knew what butter—good butter, according to all ordinary

standards—we reject. Most of it ninety-nine people out of a hundred would taste and accept as excellent table quality."

"It's not a matter of price with us. We pay a little better than the best market price, and the butter must be in accordance."

"We have a high standard for butter, the same as for all other raw materials. Anything that doesn't measure right up to that standard is rejected."

"The basis of the delicious goodness which you enjoy in Christie's Biscuits is the unvarying goodness of the raw materials that go into them."

"When I see how our orders for butter have to be steadily increased, to keep pace with the demand for Christie's Biscuits, I have the best kind of evidence that our jealous guarding of Christie Quality brings results."

You can taste Quality in every morsel of Christie's Biscuits. Sold in bulk, by the pound, or in moisture and dust-proof packages,

Christie, Brown & Co., Limited

TAFFY FOR HON. MACKAY.

Premier Whitney Pays Compliments to Opposition Leader.

Liberals Again Oppose Land Grant to Railway.

Some of the Things That Have Been Done This Session.

Toronto, April 9.—The Legislature business is concluded. At 7 o'clock last evening the order paper had been cleared up after an all-day sitting, and there remains only the ceremonial of prorogation. This will take place on Tuesday. The last words were happy ones. Hon. A. G. MacKay had suggested that when the engineers were considering the question of improving the acoustics of the Chamber, they should also provide for rearranging the lobbies of both Government and Opposition in order that these might have a semblance of privacy. Sir James Whitney concurred in the suggestion. He would have the engineers communicate with the leader of the Opposition.

PREMIER'S TRIBUTE TO MR. MAC KAY. "I do not think it would be proper," continued the Premier, "to let this session close without saying that, in my twenty-one years' experience, I have never known a leader of the Opposition who has paid more careful, dignified and industrious attention to the public questions that came up for discussion than has my hon. friend opposite."

Whereupon Government and Opposition joined in cheering. Mr. Speaker followed the motion out for the last time, and the members rose and joined in the National Anthem. The session was over.

MANY BILLS DEALT WITH. It was a busy session. In the eight weeks during which the Legislature just closed has been engaged on Provincial business 242 motions have been dealt with, as against 242 last year in a session nearly twice as long.

The initial gathering of a new Parliament is not usually one productive of much radical constructive legislation. The session, which concluded last evening was no exception to the rule. The campaign material had to be rehearsed and much of the debate was thus monopolized. But the sitting has been by no means a barren one.

The Liberal Opposition has a very creditable record. Though small numerically it has left its impress on much of the legislation. The session sounded several strong notes of policy. Hon. A. G. MacKay, the leader, has declared for a vigorous forestry policy with a view of maintaining in perpetuity the seven million acres of reserve and making them a source of annual revenue. He has further committed his following to the evolution of an efficient system of technical training for the sons of the artisans. Mr. MacKay has declared for civil service reform, and a policy which will remove the administration of the liquor license system from the arena of party politics. In connection with the law reform measure several Liberal suggestions have been accepted and incorporated in the Government bill.

The Opposition members have ably supported their leader. Messrs. Mc Dougall, Prindoff, Stock and others have made valuable contributions to the session, while Messrs. Ross and Clarke, in the Public Accounts Committee, were successful in bringing about a reform in the method of presenting public accounts. In future where a number of payments are made to the same individual these will be indexed and the total amount easily ascertainable.

PROGRESS IN POWER POLICY. Among the larger issues the progress made in the power policy is outstanding. All Hydro-electric contracts have been validated and the Government authorized to raise money for the building of the transmission line. Moreover, under Hon. Adam Beck's bill, municipal Councils are required in future to take a vote of the people before entering into any contracts or franchises that extend over their year. The Government has amended its policy on the question of Sunday street cars, to enable the larger cities to deal individually with the problem upon a vote of the people, while it has been generous in new and renewed land and money grants to various railway enterprises proposing new lines calculated to open up the northern country.

Clause 66, making municipalities liable for damages for accidents by reason of lack of repair on roads,

stands, after all. When the Legislature met yesterday it went into committee on Hon. Mr. Hanna's municipal amendment act. This act is the result of the decisions of the Municipal Committee, and contained an amendment to the clause requiring notice of the lack of repair to be given before damages could be used for.

The clause providing for Boards of Control for Hamilton and London, on the people so voting, as published yesterday, was adopted by the House without amendment. The completed bill was then given a third reading, and finally passed.

Sir James Whitney moved the appointment of the special committee on the assessment act, which, he said, should meet after the close of the session to go over the revision of the whole act. "This committee," said the Premier, "has been very carefully chosen with a view to have different localities and different interests represented." The committee is as follows: Sir James Whitney and Messrs. Atholson, McNaught, Johnston, Lucas, Bowyer, Hargrove, Macdonald, Heald, Preston (Durham), Torrance, Nickle, Pharrand, Pattison, Fripp, Clark (Bruce), Elber, Brewster, Hovle, Studholme, MacKay (Grey), Reed (Wentworth), Stock, McEwing, Ross (Middlesex), Prindoff and Elliott.

Mr. Gordon C. Wilson's amendment to the public health act was finally passed as amended, as was the report of the committee on automobile legislation.

Once again the Opposition placed themselves on record as being opposed to the land grant to the Canadian Northern Railway. The Hon. A. G. MacKay moved that the House should place itself on record as being opposed to any land being granted as a bonus for railway construction, and that it should be reserved in the interest of the settlers. He, therefore, moved that the bill should be given a six months' hiatus.

The amendment was declared to have been lost on the former division. Mr. McEwing (West Wellington), then took the floor with an amendment to the effect that the grant should not go into operation until the whole question had been submitted to the electors at the next municipal elections, and that the result of the plebiscite so taken should be acted upon.

Mr. Studholme—That is going round the world and getting nowhere. Hon. Mr. MacKay—A definite promise was given that no land grants would be given. There has been a change in the policy of the Government, and the bill would simply be asking the opinion of the electors on that change of policy. That could be done in a few weeks.

The resolution was declared to have been lost on division. Hon. Mr. MacKay submitted still a further amendment. He pointed out that if the value of the land was to be fixed it was in the interest of the electors that the valuation should be permanent. He, therefore, moved, seconded by Mr. Clarke, that the price of the land should be fixed by Dec. 31 next, and not subsequently changed. He also moved that the company should not be allowed to sell land except to bona fide intending settlers.

Premier Whitney—That is the intention of the bill. Mr. S. Clarke (West Northumberland)—You fix the price from time to time it will go up. It is Macdonald & Mann who will be selling to the settler. The amendment was also declared to be lost, as were similar motions by the leader of the Opposition, opposing the other railway and bills of the Government.

GOVERNMENT TELEPHONE. Mr. Lucas, in submitting his resolution that the Legislature should ask for powers to expropriate telephone companies, urged the great necessity in the interest of the public that the telephone should be brought within the reach of all members of the community. His idea was that the Government should own the trunk lines and the municipalities the branch lines. In moving this resolution he believed that he was proposing a step which was in the interests particularly of the farming community. Mr. T. R. Mayberry (Oxford) endorsed the proposition as a man who had had experience with local telephone systems. The Liberal leader expressed his admiration of the character of this character the securing of the maximum of control with an efficient and sufficient service. Failing this he favored Government control.

Messrs. Studholme and McNaught expressed themselves in favor of Government-owned telephones.

Sir James Whitney said the resolution asked the Dominion Government to do itself of powers given it by the British North America Act. He did not think the Federal authorities would do this. He was, however, glad to have had the matter discussed. On the Premier's suggestion Mr. Lucas withdrew his resolution at the present time.

Mr. Fraser withdrew his bill to amend the workmen's compensation act, and Mr.

Fripp his fair wages and hours of labor regulation act.

STATUTE LAW AMENDMENTS. The statute law amendment act, providing for the continuance of the West Toronto registry office. The payment of a grant of \$4,000 to the Tuberculosis Hospital, Ottawa, was also provided for, while never was vested in the Provincial Treasurer to invest endowment funds for public charities and educational institutions in Ontario Government stock paying 4 per cent. interest. A further clause in the bill placed the Lady Lane Park under the control of the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park commissioners.

The last section of the act contained an important amendment to the Ontario insurance act with regard to the liability of directors. The transfer of shares not fully paid up without the consent of the directors is prohibited. Should such a transfer be made to a person who is not a director, he would be liable for the unpaid amount, unless notification is given to the Insurance Department and the bill advertised in a newspaper that liability in each particular instance is disclaimed.

NURSE'S MISTAKE

Led to Death of Patient in St. Louis Hospital.

Former Toronto Girl Gave Poison Instead of Medicine.

St. Louis, Mo., April 9.—Miss Jeanette Mack, formerly of Toronto, a nurse in the City Hospital, today accidentally killed Benjamin Waters, a patient. Miss Mackness gave Waters a large dose of formaldehyde instead of a solution of salts. He died an hour and a half later. From the moment she discovered her mistake and called Superintendent Kitchner and his assistants Miss Mackness wept bitterly to save Waters. Then when physicians pronounced Waters dead she collapsed and became hysterical.

Waters was brought to the hospital on Jan. 17, suffering from a rare skin disease, which caused him to be covered with sores like those of a fish. He also suffered from a spinal complaint. It was Miss Mackness' duty to administer medicine to a number of patients at 5 a. m. She went to a medicine cabinet to get a salt solution for Waters. The medicine was in a large brown bottle. Another bottle standing beside it contained formaldehyde. The position of these bottles had been accidentally interchanged by another nurse without Miss Mackness' knowledge. Miss Mackness took what she thought was the medicine bottle. In the darkness of the early morning she could not see the label. She poured a quantity into a glass and gave it to Waters. He swallowed it and in a moment writhed in pain. "It's burning me up," he cried. Miss Mackness then saw the bottle and saw the label. "I've given you poison!" she cried. "Superintendent Kitchner says he placed more confidence in Miss Mackness than in any other nurse in the hospital. She entered the institution four years ago, having come from Toronto with three other girls who wished to be nurses. She showed exceptional skill and completed her three years' training course with much credit. She became a graduate a year ago."

KILLED AND EATEN. Case of Cannibalism in Quebec Investigated. Roberval, Que., April 9.—The coroner's jury which has been investigating the extraordinary mystery surrounding the death of Auguste Lenoix in the wilds of northern Quebec this afternoon brought in a verdict completely exonerating Joseph Grasset, the only man alive apparently who knows anything at all about the affair. At the same time the jury found that the circumstances pointed to the third member of the party, a Frenchman named Bernard, as the guilty man, and it was ordered that he should be arrested if he ever turned up. It is not, however, thought that Bernard will ever be seen again, the general opinion being that after the death of Lenoix and the apparent eating of part of his body Bernard lost his way in the wilds and either starved to death or was drowned.

Grasset stated that he had gone north with the two men, hired to help him on a four-month hunting trip. They had hard luck, and, running short of provisions, he sent the two back to where some food was cached and went alone. That, he stated, was the last he ever saw of either of them. Later Lenoix's body was found by some Indians, he having evidently been murdered and part of his body eaten, the fleshy portions of the

Sylva's Happy Eastertide

"I do think it is the most dreadful thing in the world to be poor," said Sylva Seabrook. "Why, what now?" asked her mother. "You can have nothing or be nothing without money," and the girl threw herself down on the couch and covered her face with her hands and sobs.

"I beg to disagree with you. Some of the very best people I know are poor, while some of the richest are so proud and lazy that they are no good to themselves or to anyone else. Poverty is oftentimes a blessing—an incentive to goodness and greatness."

"That is all right to talk about, but when you have to go through it it is not so pleasant. It seems to me so hard to buy Easter flowers like the other girls of my set."

"Oh, that is it, is it? Shall I tell you how to have a happy Easter?" "Yes, I have fifteen."

"Forget yourself entirely and think only about making someone else happy."

"How can I forget myself?" "By beginning to work for someone else at once."

"What have I to work with without money?" "There are your old hen's eggs you have been saving for Easter."

"And there are enough dyes to color them all, red, blue, green and purple."

"Yes; I will have that much fun anyway."

"And there are the jonquils and daffodils in full bloom out in the back yard—almost as pretty as Easter lilies."

"Yes, I almost forgot them."

"Why not weave some baskets out of strips of pink and white cardboard, line them with paper napkins and fill up with eggs and flowers, to distribute among those who are more needy than yourself?"

"Who, mother?"

"Why, there is poor little lame Bessie Hiltchcock, lying on her bed from one year's end to the other. Don't you think she would be glad to get a pink and white basket filled with dyed Easter eggs?"

"Sweet she would. Who else?"

"How about poor little Bennie Button."

the newboy, who has to give every cent he makes to his mother to help support the family? Why, just one red or blue egg would set him almost into a spasm of delight."

"I will give him the very prettiest one I have."

"Now hunt up others for yourself and go off and be happy."

Sylva took her mother's advice, and the next two weeks were very busy indeed.

She not only made the baskets and dyed the eggs, but hunted up some scraps of white Canton flannel out of her mother's piece bag, and with a pattern out of a paper she cut out and made very creditable looking English rabbits.

This so occupied all of her spare time that, for the time being, she forgot herself entirely.

Easter morning, bright and early, she took a basket of daffies and jonquils to an old, old lady who had not been out of the house for more than five years.

She took a basket of red, blue and green eggs to poor little lame Bessie Hiltchcock, with a white rabbit sitting on them, and another one, just like it, to Bennie Button; and they were all received with such a spirit of gladness that Sylva's eyes filled with tears more than once.

As for little Bessie Hiltchcock, it was enough just to see the pale little hands take the basket so many times, with such a pretty, satisfied smile on her lips.

When Sylva went home and found her teacher had left an Easter lily for her, she said, very quietly: "Did she leave that for me? How very kind! But, indeed, I have been so happy thinking of others that I forgot all about myself."

"And you are not a rich girl, either," smiled her mother.



"AIN'T YOU THE DEAREST BUNNIES, TO LAY ALL THE PRETTY EASTER EGGS."

body being gone, while the limbs were hacked off and showed that much of the flesh had been cut away.

Suffolk Remedy for Childish Ailments. Mice, which are a nuisance in towns, are still regarded as a remedy for various diseases in the country. Not only in the country, but so near the centre as Wainstead, where a correspondent found a navy collecting herbs for the rabbits.

He packed up also a dead field mouse he had slaughtered. It was to be dried and powdered and given to his children for the cure of a common childish ailment.

The powdered mouse has worked many cures. In Suffolk, for instance, there was a case of a child who had a break of whooping cough, and the rumor ran round that the little G's, in a village near Bury St. Edmunds had been miraculously cured. Mrs. G. had treated her children with mice. The mice must be barn mice, caught at the full moon, trussed, roasted like little birds. The remains must be pounded and mixed with the children's drink. So the cure is complete.—From the London Chronicle.

NATIONAL LAZY LIVER PILLS

How is your Liver?—take a liver pill and be happy. 25 cents a box at dealers everywhere.

Dept. A1, National Drug & Chemical Co., Toronto

HAMILTON JEWEL GAS RANGES

CANADIAN vs. AMERICAN A STORY WITH A MORAL.

MRS. SLOW-TO-LEARN—Do you know, we have waited just three weeks for a new Oven Bottom for our Gas Range, and we can't bake a thing; it is an American make, you know, and it takes so long to get repairs.

MRS. WISEMAN—Well, that is provoking, but why didn't you buy a Canadian make, Mrs. Slow-to-Learn?

MRS. SLOW-TO-LEARN—Well, my husband thinks the American is better, you know.

MRS. WISEMAN—Oh, Mr. Wiseman does not think so. We have had a Hamilton Jewel for several years, and it is as good as ever. The Oven Bottom is made of cast iron and will not burn out like sheet steel.

MRS. SLOW-TO-LEARN—Well, I do wish I had known that.

MRS. WISEMAN—Yes, and last fall, when we were moving, we broke one of the feet, and Mr. Wiseman just telephoned to the factory and it was delivered to our door the very same day.

MORAL—BUY HAMILTON JEWEL GAS RANGES. Not merely because they are made in Canada, but because they are equal to anything produced on the American continent, and you don't have to wait for repairs.

OVER 100 VARIETIES. THE BURROW, STEWART & MILNE CO., Ltd., Largest Makers of Gas Stoves and Gas Appliances in Canada. SHOW ROOMS, Corner Hughson and Cannon Streets, Hamilton

EASTER EXCURSION TO NEW YORK

Going April 15th. Return to 24th

\$12.35 Round Trip from HAM-ILTON — Special Train \$12.35

With through Sleepers and Coaches for New York will leave Grand Trunk Station, Hamilton, 8:30 p.m. Dining Car will be attached, serving breakfast.

Purchase railroad and Pullman Tickets in advance at Grand Trunk City or Station Offices.

Special Excursion Tickets will also be sold by T. H. & B. agents for all trains of the 15th.

E. J. QUACKENBUSH, D.P.A., A. LEADLAY, C.P.A., Buffalo, N.Y. Toronto.

Real English SUITS and OVERCOATS

to Measure from \$5.14 to \$20.

Cut in Latest London and New York Style, whichever preferred. No matter what part of the dominion you live in, we undertake to supply you with a smart, comfortable suit, fitting you perfectly, or otherwise to refund your money in full. The process is simple, merely send your measurements to us, and we will send you our latest assortment of materials. Together with patterns, we send our fashion plates and complete instructions for accurate self-measurement. Fair measure, all sent free and carriage paid. We dispatch your order within seven days, and if you do not approve, return the goods, and we will refund the money.

SUITS and OVERCOATS to measure from \$5.14 to \$20. SEND FOR FREE PATTERNS.

The World's Measure Tailors.

(Dept. 11), 60 62 City Rd., LONDON, ENGLAND.

Addresses for Patterns: For Toronto and East Canada: CURZON BROS., 60 MIGHT DIRECTORIES, LTD., 74-76 Church St., Toronto, Ontario. For Winnipeg and the West: CURZON BROS., 279 Garry Street, WINNIPEG.

GRASS SEED

Our Dundurn Lawn Grass Seed

Will quickly make a handsome lawn. Price per lb. 25c.

CHOICE LAWN SEED	SWEET PEAS
Mixed, fast growing, per lb. 20c.	Steele-Briggs' best mixture, price per lb. 75c.
Shady Nook for shady places, per lb. 40c.	25c; 1 oz. 10c.
LAWN CLOVER, FANCY.	Choice mixed, per lb. 40c; 4 ozs. 15c; 2 ozs. 10c.
White Dutch, per lb. 25c.	Named Varieties—Oz., 15c and 10c.

FERTILIZER, for lawn and garden, gives quick and vigorous growth; price per lb. 5c; 25 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$3.

Steel-Briggs Seed Co., Limited

Market Square, Hamilton, Ont.

HARRIS HEAVY PRESSURE

Bearing Metal on your planers, matchers and wood-working machinery. Best by test. It never fails. Please telephone us your orders.

WILKINSON & KOMPASS

Selling Agents HAMILTON

Sole Manufacturers

Canada Metal Co., Limited

Toronto, Ont.

of Mrs. John McVicker, one of his oldest and best friends. Mrs. McVicker ran towards the kitchen to protect her four children and fell dead with a bullet through her heart.

Anderson then went to the home of John Belford, a few doors distant. Anderson's resentment was concentrated on Belford, whom he had accused of circulating slanderous stories about him. Mrs. Belford and her mother, Mrs. Amanda Minton, 53, and blind, were alone in the house. Anderson opened fire on Mrs. Belford and one bullet inflicted a flesh wound and another shattered her arm and the fell to the floor. Mrs. Minton, hearing the shots, rose from the couch on which she had been resting, and began to cry. In her way across the room. The maniac, however, paid no attention to her.

By this time the neighborhood had become alarmed and men were gathering in the street outside. Anderson walked to the window and peered out. Then he returned to the centre of the room, picked up his shotgun and blew off his head.

Mrs. Minton, in moving blindly about, had returned to the couch just as Anderson's headless body fell across it. To the fact that he fell on this yielding surface is the failure of the bullets strapped to his person to explode. They were homemade and it is

believed were carried by Anderson in order to make sure of his own death in case of accident to his other weapon.

In the Heat of Battle. There had been a hotly contested football game between the Steam Rollers, of the Benjamin Franklin School, and the Avalanches, of the George Washington School. It was won by the Avalanches. After the game was over and the contestants had returned to their various homes, one of the heroes of the winning team complained of a feeling of soreness in the lower part of his neck.

"I didn't feel it until just now," he said, "but it hurts like sixty."

His father examined it. It began to swell, and was very sore to the touch.

"I believe your collarbone is broken, my boy," said his father.

A surgeon was hastily summoned, and made an examination.

"Yes, she always refers to her alimony how did it happen, Walter?" Do you remember anything about it?"

"Why, yes," answered the boy. "I remember that when I tackled 'Skinny Morgan' I fell on top of him, and I heard something crack, but I thought it was my boy," said his father.

The G. T. R. and C. P. R. were granted an extension of two weeks in which to file the viaduct plans.