

THE ONLY MEDICINE THAT HELPED HER

"Fruit-a-lives Again Proves Its Extraordinary Powers"

Rochester, Oct., March 2nd, 1915.
"I have received the most wonderful benefit from taking 'Fruit-a-lives'. I suffered for years from Rheumatism and change of life, and I took every remedy obtainable without result. I tried 'Fruit-a-lives' and it was the only medicine that really did me good. Now I am entirely well—the Rheumatism has disappeared, and the terrible pains in my body are all gone. I hope that others, who suffer from such distressing diseases, will try 'Fruit-a-lives'. Madame ISABEL ROCHON, 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

White Ribbon News.

Woman's Christian Temperance Union first organized in 1875.
Aims: The protection of the home, the abolition of the liquor traffic and the triumph of Christ's Golden Rule in custom and in law.
Motto—For God and Home and Native Land.
Basis—A knowledge of White Ribbon.
Water-Work—Agriculture, education, or games.
OFFICERS OF WOLFVILLE BRANCH.
President—Mrs. L. S. Shepley.
1st Vice President—Mrs. J. C. Cullen.
2nd Vice President—Mrs. R. Reid.
Recording Secretary—Mrs. W. J. Taylor.
Cor. Secretary—Mrs. L. E. Duncan.
Treasurer—Mrs. H. P. Piro.
SUPERINTENDENTS.
Laboratory Work—Mrs. F. J. Fielding.
Lambert—Mrs. J. Kenyon.
Willard Home—Mrs. M. Freeman.
Temperance in Sabbath schools—Mrs. (Dr.) Brown.
Evangelistic—Mrs. P. S. Smith.
Peace and Arbitration—Mrs. J. Reid.
Pen—Miss Margaret Harris.
White Ribbon Bulletin—Mrs. Walter Mitchell.
Loyal Temperance Legion—Mrs. L. Reid.

The Franchise.

ANTHUS WE HAVE KNOWN
As anti-fair, and apparition tender.
Sat with her feet on her own breast-tender.
Safe as a human life can be
From want and suffering, so safe was she.
Safe by money and social position.
By love and learning and sound tradition.
Never a stroke of work had she done
Never a dollar earned or won
Her children at school, and her husband gone
To his office, she sat by her fire alone
With time to read the election news
And found it exactly met her views
She was glad the women had been defeated.
That was the way they ought to be treated.
Glad that women who toiled all day
Were not to be equals in any way
Glad that women who passed in the street
Conducted in any way compete.
Glad, since wisdom and wealth are power
To guard her children every hour
To know that temperance mothers and wives
Couldn't help guard their children's lives.
Glad since everything suited her
That other women should stay at home
Which shows that being secure, apart
Fettered and abetted by every art.
Doesn't depend on human help.
— A. C. Miller, in N. Y. Tribune.

A Big Gift for Prohibition.

The Prohibition movement throughout the world is making wonderful strides. It looks as though the rum traffic is doomed for almost daily ranks of the total abstainer are being replenished. A wonderful legacy has lately been left for the advancement of prohibition principles which almost starts. A gentleman and his wife in Florida have given what is probably the largest donation ever given to advance principles. It consists of property and real estate in Florida to the value of \$50,000. The gift is to be made the nucleus of a campaign fund of \$200,000 which is to be administered by a chartered organization to be known as the foundation.

Our Superintendent for New Brunswick writes: Donation to Belgian Fund, barrels of apples to our soldiers, socks and socks, while back from the trenches comes to her from a soldier who signed the pledge, then gave up cigarettes, then accepted Christ's love, and now is winning souls, eight having been converted in his dug-out one night, and whose comrade was wounded on patrol duty, and as he sank he said, 'I am coming Lord, coming now to Thee,' and those around him took up the song and finished it.
Mrs. Colter writes, 'This beautiful instance of the power of Christ to uplift soldiers or civilians is to first get them to sign the pledge and then bring Christ into their lives.'

RHEUMATISM ARRESTED

Many people suffer the tortures of lame muscles and stiffened joints because of impurities in the blood, and each succeeding attack seems more acute until rheumatism has invaded the whole system.
To arrest rheumatism it is quite as important to improve your general health as to purify your blood, and the cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is nature's great blood-purifier, while the medicinal mineral strengthens the organs to expel the impurities and rebuild your strength.
Scott's Emulsion is helping thousands every day who could not find their relief before the alcoholic substitutes.

INTERESTING LIGHT ON CANADIAN TAXES

Western Systems Studied by Columbia Professor—Gives Much Material on Cities

Professor Robert Murray Haig, instructor in economics at Columbia University, prepared an elaborate report on the taxation of municipalities in the United States and Canada for the Committee on Taxation of the City of New York. Professor Haig spent several months in Canada investigating systems of municipal taxation. The Professor points out the difference between land value taxation for municipal revenues and the income tax.
By taking the voters' lists for various cities and working out the percentages of tenants and owners Professor Haig furnished some very useful statistics on home ownership. In Winnipeg 63.5 per cent of the voters are owners, of whom one-fifth are non-residents, and 46.6 per cent are tenants. In Regina the percentage of houses which are occupied by their owners is approximately sixty-five. In Edmonton sixty to sixty-five. Sixty per cent of the voters in Vancouver are owners, according to the voter's list. It is estimated that eighty per cent of the houses in Victoria are occupied by their owners.

Wide Lots in Victoria

It is interesting to note that while 65 feet is the standard width of a lot in Winnipeg, it is 25 in Edmonton and 50 in Victoria. Speaking of the comparative widths of the lots in Victoria, Professor Haig says that there is no indication that the land value tax has prevented the liberal use of land for residential purposes.
Figures with regard to the percentage of land built upon in ten different cities is not complete. It amounts to forty per cent in Regina, twenty-one per cent in Edmonton, and twenty-six per cent in Vancouver. In Victoria the percentage is not given for Winnipeg or Vancouver, but the density of population given at 137 persons per acre in Winnipeg and ten in Vancouver. It is, however, quite safe to say that twenty-five per cent of the land inside the limits of the city of Winnipeg is built upon.

Helped Building Trade

The exemption of improvements from taxation has been universally followed by a marked increase in building operations. Although the tax on land has been heavy enough as a general rule to stop land speculation, Professor Haig states that the town of Greater Victoria furnished proof that land speculation can be stopped by means of taxation as owing to heavy taxation the land was sold at a low price and the land held there by speculators. It is also noted that the cur tax on idle land in Vancouver is having the effect of driving many large holdings into cultivation.

CLEVER GRAIN HANDLING

Elevators of Canada Dry and Clean Wheat

The method of handling grain in elevators at Port Arthur or Fort William is described as follows: If the car which is being unloaded on the way to the elevator is to be cleaned it is dropped from the scale into bins on the ground floor, from which the cleaning machines lead, and the grain is passed from the cleaning machines to a revolving separator, and sent on to the storage tanks. This cleaning is done under the eye of government officials. If the grain is just unloaded it is "reflected" otherwise it is "re-cleaned." It is practically gone through the same process as the car which was to be cleaned, except that it is passed through the cleaning machines or smelters instead of the cleaning machines.
If the car is out of condition on account of excessive rain during harvesting and has been impugned as "No. 1" it is dropped on a belt conveyor which takes it to the "dryer" and has driven through its contents, which in the dryer is spread over numerous shelves, a hot air blast which is developed by air being driven by powerful fans through innumerable coils of steam heated pipes. This air is sucked in from a lower cooling chamber in the dryer and through which grain that has been dried in the upper chamber passes into and remains for a short period in order to cool. In this chamber the grain is laid on shelves similar to the ones in the upper chamber and through the coils is sucked the cold air from the outside which, in the process of cooling the grain, is itself heated and constantly assists the steam coils through which the air passes before it is driven through the wet grain in the upper chamber in a superheated condition.

Enamel on Auto Parts

One thing which does its share to preserving the general appearance of the automobile is to occasionally touch up the lamps, windshield frame and other black enamel parts of the kind scratches and slight chipping off of the enamel on these is bound to come, and makers of paints and varnishes can supply special enamel preparations to apply to scratched or worn spots in the metal. These enamel paints often are furnished to their work with one application with a brush and without any rubbing.

Grade Animals Win

The shorthorn grade cows of England are in the majority of cases just as purebred as the pedigree animals. There the ordinary farmer has almost invariably used pedigree bulls so long that very little difference in quality is to be observed between well-bred grade cows and pedigree animals, and in milk production the grades often capture the premier prize at the London Dairy Show.

To remove stains from steel

rub with a piece of raw potato.

Children Must Be Protected.

The children must be safeguarded, for if they do survive the frequent coughs and colds, it is often with the lungs so weakened that they become chronic sufferers from bronchitis or consumption. Being composed of simple ingredients of undoubted value, Dr. Chase's Syrup of Licorice and Turpentine is admirably suited as a treatment for children. It is pleasant to the taste. So much so that children delight to take it on this account, as well as because of the quick relief it affords them.
"You admit you heard the quarrel between the landlord and his wife?"
"Yes, cor, I do!" stoutly maintained the witness.
"Tell the court if you can what he seemed to be doing."
"He seemed to be doin' the listenin'."
Minard's Liniment for sale every-where.

GRADING UP A HERD MEANS GREAT CARE

Constant Culling and Discarding—Each Individual Must be Carefully Selected

A herd of full-blooded registered dairy cows is always a desirable possession, but very few farmers are actually able to own the same. They must be content with common stock, yet this need not mean that they shall work with cows that hold a low position as result given. By careful selection of the cows and sires to which they are bred, it is possible to build any dairy herd up to a point where it equals in the results obtained, if not in blood, any registered herd.
The work of building up a herd from common stock requires much careful study and observation. The owner must be able to select a good cow by her general appearance. Some of the things that he can judge by are a large and firm body, and limbs that incline to fine. A nice, soft lid and silky coat may usually be considered as indications of quality in a cow. Good udders are usually indicated by a generous width through the lower part of the chest, a bright flat eye, and an active carriage.

Don't Vary Programme

The selection of a sire for use in the building up of a herd is of the utmost importance and must not be done without careful consideration of the subject from the various standpoints. Select the breed that would seem best to meet the requirements as to milk or butter, your market may demand. When a herd has been chosen and a sire selected, the programme should not be changed for that would mean that the work that had already been accomplished.

The individuality of the sire should be considered with care. Not only should he be as nearly perfect as a specimen of his breed as possible, but he should possess all of the indications of stamina and bodily vigor. His ancestry should be looked into, too. The sires should have been getters and the more ancestral dams he has that have records of large quantities of rich milk and generally in milk giving the more desirable he will be.

Develop Rapidly

If the system planned out is carefully adhered to, the development of the herd should prove rapid. Each successive generation will show improvement, although this will be much less marked in after years when the herd has reached a point much nearer to perfection. A continuous stamping of each individual of every generation if a high quality of standard is to be reached and maintained. There must be a great deal of culling and discarding. Frequently the eye will be able to decide that a calf is incapable of being made into a good member of the herd and can be discarded without any further observation. Other individuals require further observation but as soon as their usefulness is recognized they should also be discarded.

REPUTATION MEANS MUCH

Farmers Need Cleanliness in Handling Cream For Money

Every cream producer should take pride in delivering cream of the proper richness, that is smooth and clean, sweet or only slightly sour, and that has a good clean taste. This is possible without excessive labor or expense. It can be accomplished on every dairy farm by properly adjusting the separator and by washing the separator after each separation, cooling the cream promptly, and keeping it cool by using cans in cold water, keeping the warm cream in a separate can until it is cooled, and by separating from two to three deliveries every week. As long as creameries receive inferior cream they are unable to secure top prices for their butter, and in the second grade prices for butter fat cream will enable them to build up a reputation for good butter, which means increased demand, higher prices, and larger returns to the cream producer.

MUNICIPAL SANITATION

Proper Facilities For Destruction of Refuse Should be Provided

A garbage dump is a disgrace to any city or town. It is a source of public health to build a gigantic cesspool of refuse. It is a source of lightness or the dangerous diseases in any way reduced by piling all the refuse into one vast, festering, disease-breeding mass. It may be some advantage to those parts of the town remote from the dump, but only at the expense of some other part of the city and it is grossly unfair. No true citizen from a high class residential district could feel satisfied if the cleanliness of his particular portion of the town were achieved by the latter spilling of some other portion. Any man who is proud of his city would feel as much shame that there should be a filthy backyard as that his own backyard should be dirty. The only satisfactory method of refuse disposal is to burn it in an incinerator or, failing that, to have it buried.

Parental Borders

The first consideration, when planning the parental border, is a suitable background. This may be trees, shrubs, vines, or even the growing herbaceous perennials. The smaller growing species should be brought to the front of the border, so they will not be hidden by taller kinds. An irregular profusion of plants and flowers is more interesting and pleasing than any attempt to arrange the various kinds in formal lines or square blocks.

To get along without hurrying, begin sooner.

When you are permitted to go wrong the nation loses a good citizen.

"I'll tell you Pat, my boy,"

the big man of the town confided, laying a patronizing hand on the young Irishman's shoulder, "I wish I had your tongue."
"Sure Sor," grinned Pat, "but it would do yez a good without me brains."

We believe MINARD'S LINIMENT

is the best:
Mathias Foley, Oil City, Ont.
Joseph Snow, Norway, Me.
Charles Wooten, Mulgrave, N. S.
Rev. R. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N. S.
Pierre Landers, Sen. Pokemouche, N. B.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Furniture and Builders' Materials
Factory and Warerooms, BRIDGETOWN, N. S.



Rheumatism Disappeared!

Rheumatism is the scourge of many lives. Generally it is brought on by impurities in the blood, which means that the kidneys are not performing their proper function. In all such cases the remedy is...



To take one example—Mrs. H. H. H. of London, Ont., was so crippled up in her feet and ankles with rheumatism that she could not walk upstairs. She writes to us to credit Gin Pills with the fact that after six years she has had no return of Rheumatism.

Every sufferer from Rheumatism, swollen joints and aches should know the remedy. As all druggists—see, a bottle for 25c. and your money back if you are not satisfied. A free sample will be mailed upon request. Address: National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, U. S. Address: 504 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

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NOTICE

Town of Wolfville

DAIRIES AND MEAT DEALERS

All persons keeping a dairy for the purpose of selling milk to the citizens of this town will be required to register at the Town Office annually, a periodical inspection of such dairies shall be made by the Medical Officer of Health.

The vendors of meat shall also be subject to the same regulation. (Sec. 69 and 70.)

Extracts from Provincial Health Act, approved and adopted by Board of Health, Town of Wolfville.

Application for license must be in the hands of the Town Clerk on or before Oct. 21st, 1916.

W. M. BLACK, Town Clerk

MILK & CREAM.

On and after Nov. 1st, I will DELIVER milk and cream at the following prices, viz:—

MILK per quart (in bottles) 10c. etc.
MILK per quart (in cans) at 10c. etc.
CREAM per quart (in bottles) 17c.
CREAM per quart (in cans) at 17c. etc.

J. D. Sherwood,
Wolfville, Oct. 4th 1916.

NOTICE

IN THE ESTATE OF MELINA B. CLEVELAND, DECEASED.

All claims against the above Estate are requested to be rendered, and duly attested within twelve months of the date of this notice. All accounts due must be paid at once to the undersigned.

R. W. CLEVELAND,
Sole Administrator.
Sept. 29th 1916.

CASTORIA

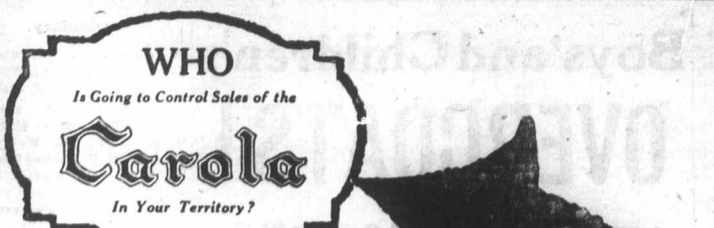
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

When Paul wrote 'vervet in spirit' he used a Greek word which means 'boiling in spirit'. The Christian will be so zealous for Christ that he cannot hold it in, but will fully boil over with eagerness to serve.

It is estimated that the catch of the Lunenburg fleet for the season will total \$2,000,000.



WHO

Is Going to Control Sales of the

Carola

In Your Territory?

The demand is here and must be supplied. We help you with our big advertising campaign. People are enthused over this musical innovation. Sales possibilities are immense. Our arrangements are liberal. You must act promptly as territory is being rapidly taken up. Write or wire.

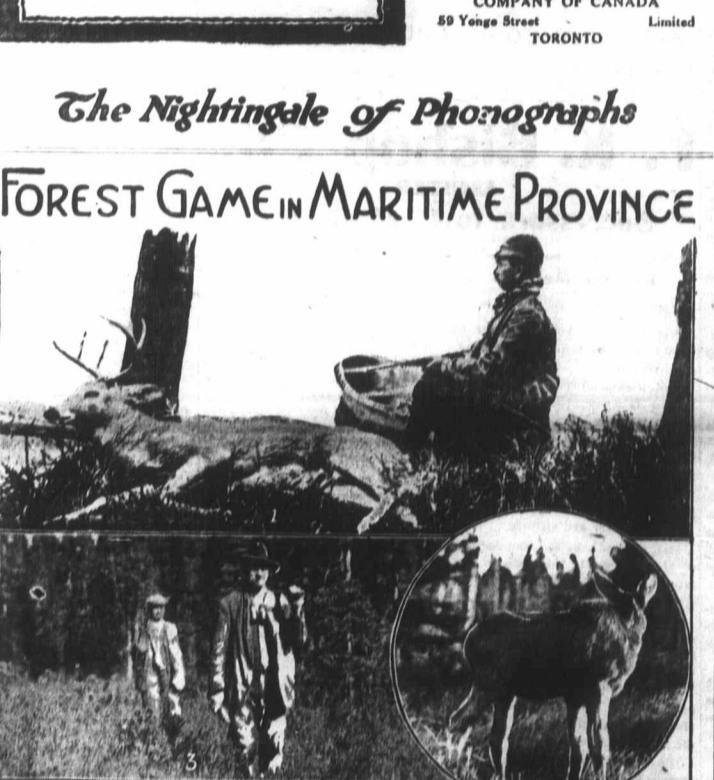
\$25 COMPLETE

Plays All Standard Records

COMPANY OF CANADA
50 Yonge Street TORONTO Limited

The Nightingale of Phonographs

FOREST GAME IN MARITIME PROVINCE



In the summer season the Province of New Brunswick is a happy hunting ground for the sportsman.

The sportsman desirous of hunting the big game of the Province is the caribou. He weighs about 600 lbs. on an average. It is a delightful sight to watch him stride at a walking pace, or trot, or gallop over the country. A full grown caribou stands from four and a half to five feet in height. Of this animal there are two varieties, the woodland and the barren ground species. The woodland is somewhat darker than the other and its horns are lighter. It is generally found in the thick forests of the land. New Brunswick is one of the most popular of the Canadian provinces for big game hunting. Moose, caribou, and deer are plentiful in this region.

A magnificent specimen of big game is the moose. When fully grown he weighs over 1,000 lbs. His massive antlers are long and generally average six feet in width. He may be found in twelve of the fifteen counties of the province. It is only the hunting folk and the very few guides who know how to hunt the moose. There is the "calling" done early in the season, and the "still hunting" done later on in the cold weather. In September and October the moose is often surprised and feasting on the roots of water plants. While pursuing the moose, the hunter can distinguish the moose and the tracks of the male and the female, for the male leaves round tracks and those of the female are somewhat pointed. Fredericton, Havelock, Newcastle, Bathurst, Campbellton, and Perth are good starting points.

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