

The Eastern Chronicle.

NEW GLASGOW, N. S., MAY 16, 1905. "HAS THE NATIONAL POLICY MADE YOU RICH?"

Mr. G. Duff says that Englishmen are in two camps—Feds and Free Traders. It is rather rough but painfully accurate.

The total deficits under the Mackenzie administration barely exceed one-half the deficits announced in one day by Minister Foster. Toryism and deficits go hand in hand.

Premier Greenway and Attorney-General Sifton of Manitoba go to Ottawa this week, to have a personal interview with the Governor-General, at the latter's request, on the Manitoba School Question.

Tory cursas like chickens come home to roost. For years the Tory press have harped on the deficits under the Mackenzie administration. But to-day there are three deficits—Tory ones—announced by Minister Foster.

Table with 2 columns: Year, Amount. 1895-94: \$1,210,000; 1894-95: \$4,000,000; 1896-96: \$1,700,000. Grand total: \$7,410,000.

We notice in another column of this issue that the New Glasgow Iron Co. has received, in bounties, the sum of \$50,462.00 on pig iron, manufactured at Fernow. We wonder if some of this same pig iron will not be taken down to the Steel Works at Trenton and converted into steel ingots and the government asked to pay another bounty of \$2.00 per ton on the same iron only in another shape?

The Manitoba Legislature, which has been adjourned from March 29th, reassembled last Thursday. Premier Greenway asked for a further adjournment until Thursday, June 15th, in order to give the government time for further consideration of the suggested remedial legislation. The opposition opposed the motion, but after a vigorous debate it was carried.

"Equal rights to all, and privileges to none." Such is the motto sent out over the circular recently issued by the Orangemen of Nova Scotia, and which we publish by request in this issue. This is what the East Coast Orangemen has always advocated, and will continue to advocate so long as we have anything to do with it.

Pictou cattle disease is an expensive affair to the taxpayers of the Dominion, as the Auditor General's report for 1893-94 shows:—

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Thos. Chalmers, V. S. Services in April, May and June, 1893: \$10.50; W. E. Cunningham, V. S. Services in April, May and June, 1893: \$27.50; George Townsend, V. S. Services in April, May and June, 1893: \$40.50; \$25.00 travelling expenses; \$33.38; \$1,427.38; \$1,427.38.

It is quite a little help to the Vets. however.

NOMINATION IN ANTONIGISH.

As predicted in last week's CHRONICLE the Liberal Convention, which met in Antonigish town last Saturday to nominate a candidate to fill the vacancy made by the resignation of Mr. C. E. Melrose, M. P., in the Local Legislature, nominated Angus McGillivray, who for several years was Speaker in that body. The choice was a unanimous one, coming from a large delegation representing every section in the County. Mr. McGillivray accepted the nomination, and delivered a short but spirited address, thanking the Liberal Party for the honor conferred upon him. He referred to the excellent manner in which the affairs of the province were being conducted under the administration led by Hon. W. S. Fielding. Whatever may be the opinion of some people on political matters, all we are sure, will agree that Antonigish has made a wise choice in choosing Hon. Angus McGillivray to fill the vacancy. Mr. McGillivray is a gentleman of large experience in political affairs in this province, and will do honor to those whom he will represent.

OTTAWA LETTER.

OTTAWA, May 11.—Another week has come and gone and I have no doubt that many of you, those who have not been made too poor to use sugar in your tea and coffee, have during the week had a forcible illustration of the increased taxation and expenditure of our public monies has necessitated. The fact is you paid more for your sugar this week than you did last, and every housekeeper in Canada must have realized there must be a reason for it. Of course whisky received a little shock, but it can stand it. They say the Minister of Finance does not use whisky (a prohibitionist so be of course), but how different as to how much duty is imposed on that much used and abused commodity. Anyway, after all Minister Foster told you last session of his intended economy and his lessened burden of taxation, it is increased to pay for his extravagance and his interest in the English on the money he borrowed to pay for what is now called the "Foster's Bridge in York."

Do you know that some of Foster's colleagues in the cabinet really enjoy seeing

him "getting it in the neck" as the saying is? He has also passed such a salary by sort of a man who would roll up his silver coin in tissue paper, rather than carry it loosely in his pocket, by wearing a pair of the precious metal the government might lose something by its depreciation, so honest was he.

Well, we now find this immaculate one caught in a job that reflects anything but credit upon the responsible for it, the Federation Bridge deal and the expose in his boots for the political giants in the cabinet whom Foster has so often reproached for their budding propensities when contrasting his clean record with their dirty slate.

In connection with Foster I must not forget to tell you that to the amusement of some of his heartless and unsympathetic colleagues, who in the past he has accused of looking too closely after their relatives, he has been caught working at the same racket and with the same homogenous class either.

Of this you will hear more directly. Another case of the government official holding government money for years to the knowledge of the minister of the department has come to light and is to be investigated. In this case it is P. Hamel, assistant chief engineer of the Public work department. Minister Outimet when asked about it before the public accounts committee, it was only a trivial offence at which statement even John Haggart laughed outright.

There is no love lost between Haggart and Outimet. The latter remembers the way Haggart followed up his (Outimet's) cousin, St. Louis Curran, in a scandal, and political pressure called a trace.

Returning to the House we find that the work of the past week reflects no credit upon the government. They are making a desperate effort to win a lost race; to regain lost ground and to come as close as the home stretch. But they don't own the winning horse this time and they cannot jockey the other fellows.

Sir Kirk Cartwright's criticism of Foster's budget speech was one of the most complete and effective arrangements of the government's policy that has ever been listened to in the House of Commons.

"The prima question to ask yourself," Sir Richard says, "is how does your present financial position and how do my present surroundings and my own present position compare with my position and surrounding ten years ago? Am I going ahead, or am I drifting behind? Can I see any prospect to-day for my farm as I could eight or ten years ago?"

Sir Richard says is the starting point to satisfy yourself on these points the way another and then proceed to look for the present position, whether it has improved or whether it has been retrograding.

Sir Richard says the government's own figures to prove that the present high customs tariff you are taxed \$60,000,000 a year, which includes the amount you pay annually pay to the treasury in customs duties, and the tribute you pay into the pockets of the manufacturer where you are forced to purchase goods of domestic manufacture, protected by a duty ranging from 70 to 90 percent upwards.

You do not appear to realize these facts nor the extent to which you are being robbed by our iniquitous tariff until you see the figures laid before you in black and white by those who are working at Ottawa willing and say victims. The customs house officer does not enlighten you nor does the ledger of the domestic goods you buy remain quiet of the balance sheet of your own pocket. You pay your money but you never question how much—what tariff has added to the cost of the articles you purchase, whether at home or abroad.

But what is this statement we read in the morning press of the tip the sugar refiners received that their duty was to be increased? Then again we read of certain wholesale grocers having received a kind hint of what was coming. The fact is the government organ, on the 11th inst., referring to the wholesale grocers of Hamilton says—"near all the wholesale grocers have received a hint that the duty on sugar would be raised and all had a large stock on hand."

Now will any farmer or consumer of sugar say this is a fair deal? The duty was raised as Minister Foster says to raise more revenue. The favorite wholesale men are wanted to put in large stocks before the duties go into effect. The result is that while on his large stock he has no increased duty to pay, he charges his farmers and other consumers the amount of the increased duty. The government gets no more revenue, although the consumer has to pay the increased rate to which the wholesale man has advanced the price of his goods. The case is a clear one. No one but the government could give the hint to the wholesale men. The citizen puts modestly when it says "nearly all" the wholesale men, were given the tip. It would really be interesting to know who the distinction was drawn when the government gave this valuable tip. It is hardly to be supposed that they would give a tip to their political enemies.

Anyway it is for you to say whether or not the government, according to the statement of their own organ, has dealt equitably with farmers and other consumer whose vote they are now bidding for.

Returning again for a moment to Sir Richard's attack on the government's policy, I think the farming community will appreciate the arguments he has used so ably by way of comparison, the purchasing and debt paying power of farm products at the present time as compared with 1878. In 1878 20,000,000 bushels of wheat paid the total amount of the taxes then, while in 1895 600,000,000 bushels are required to meet that interest account. In 1878 20,000,000 bushels of wheat paid the total amount of the taxes then, while in 1895 600,000,000 bushels are required to meet that interest account. In 1878 20,000,000 bushels of wheat paid the total amount of the taxes then, while in 1895 600,000,000 bushels are required to meet that interest account.

What do the men who are responsible for increasing your national debt \$140,000,000 since they are in the office, who are responsible for an increase from \$23,000,000 to \$38,000,000 in your annual expenditure who have doubled your taxation, who have stood by and aided and abetted dishonest contractors to rob the treasury of millions of dollars, who have made huge and savings, care for your personal welfare that you should stand so persistently by?

What does John Haggart, Sir Adolph Caron, Outimet and the whole gang of them care about now? Do you know that they care about now? Do you know that they care about now? Do you know that they care about now?

THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

SEVENTH PARLIAMENT—FIFTH SESSION.

House of Commons.

On Wednesday, 8th, the House went into committee on Charles's Lord's Day Observance bill.

The extraordinary course adopted by Lieut. Governor Schultz, Manitoba, in coming to Ottawa, and obtaining a letter from Dr. Bonnot and communicating it to Premier Foster for publication, caused Mr. McCarthy to give notice that he would move the adjournment of the House in order to bring before the House the facts of the case.

There was a large attendance at the opening of the House on Thursday, in expectation of the discussion of the conduct of Lieut. Governor Schultz and Dr. Bonnot, clerks of the House, in regard to the Manitoba School Question. Dalton McCarthy said Lieut. Gov. Schultz came to Ottawa a few weeks ago, and there were several rumors that, in order to secure a second term, he was prepared to dismiss his ministers. There was nothing better settled in our mind than that the Lieut. Governor was bound to be true to his councillors and maintain cordial relations with them. He understood that Bonnot had said he had given the letter as a private matter. If so, what possible objection could Lieut. Gov. Schultz and the Dominion government in general have to the letter being published? It was stated that Premier Foster had him called to the office of the Lieut. Governor. Under the circumstances the transaction bore the aspect of a conspiracy between Lieut. Governor Schultz and the Dominion government, and he regarded it as an outrage unparalleled since the days of George III. He quoted an constitutional authority to show that it was improper and unconstitutional for the representative of the crown to do anything to influence the votes or opinions of the legislature. Mr. McCarthy condemned the practice of tolerating the continuance in office of Lieut. Governor Schultz after their terms had expired when they became tenants at will and dependent on the same favor of the government.

Mr. Joseph Martin, Winnipeg, declared that if the clerk of the House gave the severe of the House, and if it were made of it the government would deserve censure. The unfiled vacancy of the Lieut. Governorship of Manitoba, Mr. Martin termed a public scandal. "I charge," continued Mr. Martin, "that Lieut. Governor Schultz uses his position not to carry out his constitutional duties, but to advance his own private interests. Mr. Martin then told the order-in-council enabling the city of Winnipeg to sell lands for taxes which the Lieut. Governor refused to sign because he held considerable land in Winnipeg on which he had refused to pay taxes. Owning large quantities of farm lands throughout the province the Lieut. Governor had been engaged in a ransacking fight with nearly every municipality in order to escape the payment of taxes. If a man would use his position for personal ends what would he not do to get the second term, for he had been working ever since the end of his term in July, 1903, to get the second term. Mr. Martin instanced another order-in-council under the Territories system where the Governor refused to sign an order-in-council because it felt compelled to sign it. From the first Lieut. Governor had been in the office on the province. There were not six men in Manitoba who had a good word to say in regard to the Lieut. Governor. Mr. Martin called on the Governor to employ a young man to go around and obtain signatures to an address of congratulation. It was, perhaps, fortunate for the Ottawa government that they had a man in Manitoba whose history showed him to be capable of doing anything of this kind, and one prostituting his high office for his own selfish and personal ends. Mr. Martin condemned the clerk of the House for interfering in the matter. He did not accept Dr. Bonnot as an authority on constitutional matters.

Mr. Foster condemned Lieut. Governor Schultz's action in the strongest manner, and blamed it to the Governor General for getting an opinion from the clerk of the Manitoba Legislature in a matter between him and his ministers and publishing it to the world.

May 13.—A return brought down to-day gives the production of pig iron from April, 1894, to April, 1895, as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Location, Amount. New Glasgow Iron Co.: 2,222; Londonbury Co.: 10,370; Three Rivers: 1,527; Pictou: 1,719; J. McDonald & Co.: 2,896; Drummondville Que.: 1,145.

Totals: 46,222 tons. In 1887 Sir Charles Tupper introduced his new iron duties with large predictions of employing from 20,000 to 60,000 men and a dead certainty that all the pig iron needed in Canada would be produced in Canada.

The importation of pig iron which this policy was to cut off was 45,000 tons in 1887. In 1893 it reached 56,000 tons, and iron manufacturers paid a duty of \$2,578,000.

In 1894 the importation of pig iron was 60,000 tons, bearing a customs duty of \$190,000.

Prof. Brown is certainly a master of declamation and his rendition of The Charter Race from Ben Hur and of Paul's Defence before King Agrippa were simply wonderful. It is a sadom that a St. John audience has an opportunity of hearing a man who has so much control over his voice. "St. John Sun."

Under Y. M. C. A. auspices in James Church hall to-night.—17.

Y. M. C. A. BELLING FRIEND.—The following pledges were secured this week:—J. W. Carmichael & Co., \$300; Mrs. E. Grant, \$50; estate of Annie Sinclair, \$50; M. H. Fitzpatrick, \$100; H. T. Sutherland, \$75; A. C. Bell, \$30; James Stewart, \$25; J. Conrod, \$25; Mrs. Wm. G. Matheson, \$10; James Ross, \$15; Angus Carmichael, \$20; W. Conn, \$1; A. B. Gray, \$10; James G. Fraser, \$5; Alex. Fraser, \$10; John Jenkins, \$5; John R. Turner, \$20. Total to date, \$4,311.00.

High water, meantime, in the East River and Pictou Harbor, for this week:—

Table with 2 columns: Date, Time. May 11: 3.6 A.; 17: 4.12 A.; 18: 5.25 A.; 20: 6.28 A.; 21: 7.39 A.; 22: 8.12 A.

WANTED!

A situation as bookkeeper or other position, by a graduate of the Halifax Commercial College, holding a Diploma and able to give a certificate also having a considerable experience in office work. Address: F. REDDAWAY, Pictou County, N.S.

NOTICE!

The subscriber will let all that 100 acre farm for pasturage on the old Marsh Road, within one half mile of the town of New Glasgow. Apply early. GEORGE CLARK, New Glasgow, May 16th.

EXCURSION TO PICTOU!

The S. S. EGERTON will make three trips on the 14th of May. Return tickets 25 cents. Sold on board the boat.

PLEASURE BOAT ON THE GARDEN LAKE.

Beginning May 20th, Monday, Thursday and Saturday of each week; closing September 20th. Rooms furnished or un-furnished. Boating and bathing facilities unsurpassed. Parties arriving on Saturday can be accommodated. But we are decidedly opposed to Sunday travelling. Little Harbor, N.S. J. A. MILLER, Garden of Eden, May 16th—1w pd

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS!

Still September only, plain writing, \$5, bookkeeping—the new method of actual business, \$20; typewriting, or shorthand, \$10. As you can see, the total expenses are only about one-third what they would be elsewhere. S. J. SNELL, TRURO, N. S.

SEASIDE HOTEL.

LITTLE HARBOR, N. S. G. M. BEVAN, Proprietor.

This hotel will be opened on May 22nd, inst. Board by the day or week can be arranged for at reasonable rates. Special rates to families. Rooms furnished or un-furnished. Boating and bathing facilities unsurpassed. Parties arriving on Saturday can be accommodated. But we are decidedly opposed to Sunday travelling. Little Harbor, N.S. J. A. MILLER, Garden of Eden, May 16th—1w pd

THE S. S. EGERTON

Will leave New Glasgow on regular trips on the 20th inst.

LEAVES New Glasgow, 5.30 a.m.; Pictou, 11 a.m.; 1 p.m.; 3 p.m.; 5 p.m.; 7 p.m.; 9 p.m. Tickets sold on board the Boat. 40 cents return, 25 cents single tickets. New Glasgow, May 16th, 1905.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE!

At Herwell, a real good home, pleasantly and conveniently situated, and heated with hot water. Also, a good house and lot, with a large lot of land. These lands are admirably situated for market gardening or for the milk business, and are in the new future to be in demand for building lots.

The larger lot contains about 35 acres and the smaller about 10 acres or so together. The vendors will not be bound to accept the bid in the new future to be in demand for building lots.

Terms: Ten per cent, at the time of sale, the remainder on the 1st of July, 1905. J. McE. STEWART, J. SIM. HARRIS, Auctioneers. New Glasgow, May 16—1w pd

LAND FOR SALE!

To be sold at Public Auction, on the premises on Friday, 21st May, at 11 a.m. Those two desirable lots of land, with dwellings and other improvements situated on the east side of the Road River, about a mile and a half from the town of New Glasgow, and opposite the town of St. John's. Also, a large lot of land on the west side of the Road River, about a mile and a half from the town of New Glasgow, and opposite the town of St. John's. These lands are admirably situated for market gardening or for the milk business, and are in the new future to be in demand for building lots.

Terms: Ten per cent, at the time of sale, the remainder on the 1st of July, 1905. J. McE. STEWART, J. SIM. HARRIS, Auctioneers. New Glasgow, May 16—1w pd

Be Active While You Live

Fine Carriage Harness, Team Collars, Riding Saddles, Carriage Whips and Dusters, Wraps, Harness Oil and Bug-sy Top Dressing, Trunks, Valises and Club Bags.

AT FREE TRADE PRICES, AT...

A. & J. W. FRASER'S.

LOST.

Between Merigomish and Thorburn, a lady's Gown and two fur neck collars. The finder will be rewarded by leaving them at Mr. Andrew Miller's Station Master, or at the CHRONICLE OFFICE, New Glasgow, N.S., May 16th, 1905.—2w pd

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all debts due me on January 1st, 1905, that are not paid on or before the 15th inst. will be handed in to my Attorney for collection. R. MAYNARD, Dated at New Glasgow, May 2nd, 1905.—2w

For Sale!

The residence of William Cameron, Barber, Westley, New Glasgow. Four nice residences on High Street. Farm below Trenton at a great bargain. 112 acres on Little Harbor Road. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply at once to J. F. McLEAN, Solicitor.

FOR SALE!

The farm property lately owned by William Ruskland, situate 1 1/2 miles below Trenton, is now to be bought at a great bargain. Apply to J. F. McLEAN, Solicitor. New Glasgow, Feb. 23, 1905.

Always Expect More From Us Than Any Other Store.

Spring Overcoats

Our \$8 spring overcoat is a special snap. You can easily pay more elsewhere for the same sort, and not half try.

Men's Spring Suits

We are showing an elegant stock of men's spring suits. Easy, graceful and neat fitting.

Boys' Suits

Send your boy to us for a nice, stylish spring suit. We have them all kinds and prices, and the value guaranteed in every suit.

Hats

Our new Hats are selling rapidly—the quality and price does it—come in and see them.

OAK HALL FRASER, FRASER & CO. OAK HALL.

IT'S AN INJURY

To read when what you need is entertaining, and you don't have to strain your eyes to read. If you know that day by day, slowly but surely, you are permanently injuring your sight by neglecting to provide yourself with suitable glasses, wouldn't you hasten to have your eyes tested and fitted? Perhaps you don't require glasses. Perhaps, again, if a pair were carefully adjusted to your eyes now, it might save you a lifetime of regret. Call at once; don't delay. No charge for testing.

S. EASTWOOD, Optician.

Office, Eastwood's Jewellery Store, New Glasgow, N. S.

R. MAYNARD,

Is still to be found at the old stand, opposite Oddfellow's Hall.

Practical Tailor

PROVOST STREET, NEW GLASGOW, N. S.

The Earth.

We do not want it, neither do we undertake to bury every man in one line of business who wants so much of it as to set the sole of his foot upon, but what we do want is for the people of Pictou County to know that we are selling Parlour Suites, Chamber Suites, and every other article in the house furnishing line, lower than any other dealer in the county, or outside of it. Also, that our own upholstery furniture is done on the premises, we handle nothing in the way of slop work, made in Canada, or hand-made in ten dollars and upwards. Please give us a call when you want anything in our line, and we will satisfy you.

FRANK GARRETT

58 PROVOST ST., NEW GLASGOW, N. S.