

# The Waterdown Review

VOL. 2.

WATERDOWN, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 8, 1920

NO. 35.

W. F. MORGAN-DEAN G. R. HARRIS

WE WILL BUY OR SELL

## VICTORY LOAN BONDS

Large or Small Amounts—Fully Paid or Partly Paid  
Consult Us Before Buying or Selling

**Morgan-Dean, Harris & Company**

802 Bank of Hamilton Building

Reference—Union Bank, Hamilton

Phone Reg. 6854

Hamilton, Canada

## Men's Winter Caps

In a large variety

**50c to \$2.75**

## Eastern Brand Caps

The comfort cap. Kling Klose inside bands

Entirely covers the ear

**\$1.50 to \$2.75**

**Jas. E. Eager**

## FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SPECIALS

Boxes Writing Paper and Envelopes bought for the Xmas Trade

25c boxes for 19c      75c boxes for 50c  
50c boxes for 37c      \$1.25 boxes for 70c

Only a few left. All choice and will go early at these prices.

Entire stock of Seventy odd boxes

## Choice Fresh Chocolates

Liggett's and Neilson's

Must be sold at COST PRICE to make room for large consignment expected early

50c boxes for 37c,      75c boxes for 53c  
85c boxes for 61c      \$1 boxes for 73c  
\$1.25 boxes for 95c, \$1.50 boxes for \$1.13

**Watch Our Saturday Specials**

**W. H. CUMMINS**

Druggist & Stationer

Phone 152

Waterdown

## Richard Smith Elected Reeve

Wins the Reeveship in a Four Cornered Fight with Majority of 52

### Memorial Hall By-Law Approved by Ratepayers

In a very spirited four cornered contest last Monday Richard Smith was elected Reeve by a majority of 52. All day long the different candidates and their supporters labored hard with the result that a large vote was polled. That three of the aspirants failed to gain the honor was no evidence of their inability to fill the reeve's chair, as all are good and fit men for the position.

The carrying of the Memorial Hall by-law, while a surprise to even a number of those who voted for it, speaks well for the good judgement of the ratepayers of the village.

Following is the result of the poll:

Smith	101
Langford	49
Davies	36
Ryekma	31
Smith's majority	52
For the By-Law	98
Against the By-Law	67
Majority for By-Law	31

The village council for 1920 will now be: Reeve, Richard Smith, Councillors (by acclamation) F. W. Crooker, Wm. A. Drummond, Jas. V. Markle and David Atkins.

## Result of Township Election

	1	2	3	4	Total
Easterbrook	175	54	35	38	302
Attridge	132	72	37	34	275
Robbins	114	51	49	27	241
Mitchell	83	38	61	41	223
Hewins	51	11	42	21	136

L. J. MULLOCK, Returning Officer

Waterdown, Jan. 6th

Township of East Flambor

### Greenville

Mr. and Mrs. Morlen of Carlisle, spent New Year's day at Will Binkleys.

Mr. Will Hopkins is suffering from an attack of Lumbago.

Miss Nellie Hore of Oakville is visiting at her brother's Frank Hore.

Master Ivan and Miss Alma Gumbert have been visiting at their grandparents at Strabane.

We are glad to say Mr. John Clarke is still improving.

Miss Louie Surcus of Hamilton spent New Year's day at her sisters, Mrs. F. Hore.

Christ Church S. S. held a very successful concert and Christmas tree. A good program of local talent assisted by Miss Grace Miller of Hamilton was given.

The Womens Guild of Christ Church will hold their regular monthly meeting next Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Jennings.

Mrs. Drummond of Ossawa, was calling on friends here on New Years day.

### DISTRUST

I hate to use a folding bed, because I've often been told that many little lambskins have been gathered in the fold.

### Vote of Appreciation

I take this opportunity of thanking the citizens of Waterdown for the loyal support given me at the polls on Monday, and I trust that I may be found worthy of the honor which they have conferred upon me. The best interests of the village and the welfare of every citizen will be of first consideration with me.

RICHARD SMITH

### Nelson

The entertainment given by the Methodist Sunday School in the Town Hall on New Years eve was a decided success.

The shortage of water in this vicinity is causing a number of our people considerable inconvenience.

The Tansley bridge has been completed and now is open for traffic.

A farwell gathering was held by a number of Nelson people in the Town Hall in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Blake Springer, who are moving to Toronto. Addresses were given by Mr. Sheppard, Rev. Mr. Cranston and others. A pleasing feature of the gathering was the presentation of two hand-ome chairs to Mr. and Mrs. Springer, and a fountain pen to Warren Springer. During the evening Mrs. Springer was honored with a life membership by the Ladies Missionary Society of St. Pauls Presbyterian church.

## A Citizen Army

Universal Military Training In Switzerland.

In connection with the frequent agitation for universal military training in Canada, it is interesting to study the systems of other countries where such service has been tested.

Universal compulsory military service in Switzerland dates from 1874, when the old system of requiring each canton to raise an allotment of three men for every hundred men of its population, was done away with, and the system of requiring every able-bodied man to meet for training was substituted. The system worked with very little trouble or friction from the beginning, and the Swiss people are very proud of their citizen army.

The Swiss boy, at the age of 10, is put into the gymnastic class at school and begins learning the elements of the soldier drill on the schoolhouse playground. Long before he is old enough to be called upon for service he has learned to do the manual exercises and to go through much of the drill that afterward fits him for a soldier.

When a boy reaches 17 years he is liable to service—a liability which continues until he is 50 years of age. Even after that he may be liable, if he is capable of doing any other army work than soldiering, such as acting as baker, veterinary surgeon, or otherwise.

Yet with all of this universal training, the only people in Switzerland who make arms an exclusive profession are the commander-in-chief, selected by the Federal Assembly, and the general staff. These form the brains of the army. The rank and file belong to the cantons.

The Swiss man sacrifices cheerfully a definite amount of his time to preserve his independence as a citizen of a free country.

Entrenched behind his native rocks, the citizen army of Switzerland contains every element of the nation. The man of wealth and the peasant are found shoulder to shoulder. No man is compelled to spend the crucial years of his life away from home in the army, and yet every man is required to contribute his share to that army's maintenance and the nation's safety.

At the age of 20 every able-bodied Swiss youth becomes a member of the Auszug, and every one who lacks the necessary qualifications regrets that he is unable to co-operate with other young defenders of his country. During the first year of liability he must serve 75 days or more, and 11 days for each successive year he is called to the standard. It is no excuse that he has brothers already in the army, or that he has a widowed mother dependent upon him. The burden of preparedness, spread over a nation, becomes no onerous task for anyone, and the average young man in Switzerland looks upon his time spent in training camps as a pleasurable vacation, profitable to the safety of his country.

Service in the "Auszug," or "Elite," continues until the citizen reaches the age of 32. Thereafter he passes into what is known as the "Landwehr" or First Reserve, where he remains until he has completed his forty-fourth year. He must give in that time nine days of service during each four years that he belongs to the "Landwehr." After he has passed 44 he goes into the "Landsturm," or Second Reserve, where he stays until he is 50, and even beyond that if national necessity calls him.

At the various stages in his career proper exemptions become the lot of the soldier. Those in the employ of the state, railway and steamboat men, hospital officials and others reach their exemption early; preachers, doctors, prison officials, postal and telegraphic officials are exempt; but the man who has to go into the field has the consolation that the man who may stay at home also has his burden to bear, for, in addition to all other taxes, he must pay a special military poll tax of \$1.20, a military property tax of 15 cents per \$100 (with property under \$200 exempted), and a military income tax of 1 1/2 per cent. The total tax thus paid by any one person cannot exceed \$600. The assessments are rigorously made and every penny exacted.

### "Ruby" Wheat.

A new wheat named "Ruby" is reported to have been cultivated at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. It is a selection from the result of a cross between Downing Riga and Red Fife. Ruby wheat ripens, as a rule, a week or so earlier than Marquis. The kernels are somewhat similar to those of Red Fife, being hard and of the popular reddish brown color. The straw in most localities is shorter than Marquis and of good strength.