

THE TINY REPUBLIC

OLDEST STATE IS AT WAR WITH GERMANY.

San Marino Was Founded 1600 Years Ago by a Dalmatian Monk.

San Marino, the smallest republic in the world and the oldest state in Europe, has voted to go into the war. This tiny republic did not have to make a formal declaration as the mightier combatants in the struggle did, for with San Marino and Austria the relations were somewhat similar to those between Montenegro and Turkey; there never was peace, and it was only necessary for San Marino to say that a state of war already existed. San Marino thus threw into the balance some thirty-eight square miles of Apennine rocks and valleys, 950 soldiers and as many officers as she has square miles, and defied the Austrians to do their worst.

Altitude and position had much to do with getting San Marino into the war. The highest point of the republic is Monte Titano, which rises a sheer cliff to more than 2,600 feet above the valley and, being a somewhat isolated spur to the east of the Apennines is easily discernible from far out on the Adriatic and from the highlands of the Austrian border miles to the north. At the time of San Marino's military glory several hundred years ago the cliffs and the strong wall that climbed along their edge to Titano's summit were a defence against crossbows, javelins, and catapults. In these days of modern warfare this strength proves more or less a weakness.

In the first place if San Marino remained neutral the Austrian army might venture across the sea, drop down upon these heights for rest and repairs and then dart off to attack some interior Italian city or even Venice, more than 100 miles up the coast. On the other hand if she went into the war these same venturesome armies might drop bombs that would tear up most of her ancient walls and destroy her capital city.

Finally she decided that since she was part of Italy and bound to that country by the closest relations she would risk the bombs rather than be the base for the manoeuvres of her old enemy.

Founded by Monk.

St. Marinus laid the foundation of the little nation some 1,600 years ago. According to tradition the founder of the State was a Dalmatian stone-cutter named Marinus, who after working for years at Rimini embraced Christianity and withdrew to Monte Titano to escape persecution under Diocletian. His fame as an austere ascetic reached the ears of the noble lady to whom it belonged and she presented the mount to him and in addition a tract of land, thinking that Marinus, as was usual in those days, would found a monastery.

He did this and more, for he founded a republic. Dying he gave Titano to his disciples, recommending them never to abandon it and to organize a civil society and live always in perfect communion and peace based upon principles of virtue.

San Marino lies about twelve miles from the Adriatic coast and about the same distance from Rimini. It is seven miles long and five wide. The Government of the republic is really in the hands of a Great Council of Sixty, twenty nobles, twenty landowners and twenty peasants. The executive power is vested in two capitani reggenti who are selected twice a year. The judiciary is peculiar in that the judges are not chosen from among the people of San Marino but from a foreign country. The last two judges, who have held office for two terms of three years each, were members of the Italian bar.

San Marino has ministers plenipotentiary and consuls, the same as any other European country. There was a time several years ago when the sale of patents of nobility formed no mean part of the revenue. Dukes, counts, and barons of San Marino became so numerous in Italy that the Government forbade the sale of such titles. As an illustration of the ease with which a person with a long purse could acquire a title a story is told of a wealthy plebeian German who wagered 25,000 with an ennobled competitor that within four weeks he could secure a higher title than that of his friend. The German went to San Marino, paid \$12,500 for a ducal title and came back within the stipulated time, making a profit of \$12,000 besides his title.

Had to Smile.

Brown had just returned from a short, but delightful, trip to the Continent. Barely had he set foot again on the shore of Britain when, as is usual, he had to submit his baggage to the Customs officials for inspection. The latter, although Brown assured them that he had nothing to declare, seemed bent on making a thorough inspection. "But there's nothing in that trunk except wearing apparel," insisted Brown. Unperturbed and unconvinced the official proceeded with his task, pulling out garment after garment, until finally he disclosed a dozen bottles of wine. The official looked at Brown, then at the bottles, and then again at Brown. "And what kind of wearing apparel do you call this?" he asked. "Night-caps!" retorted Brown, and even the grim official had to smile.

BABY'S GREAT DANGER DURING HOT WEATHER

More little ones die during the hot weather than at any other time of the year. Diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera infantum and stomach troubles come without warning, and when a medicine is not at hand to give promptly the short delay too frequently means that the child has passed beyond aid. Baby's Own Tablets should always be kept in homes where there are young children. An occasional dose of the Tablets will prevent stomach and bowel troubles, or if the trouble comes suddenly the prompt use of the Tablets will cure the baby. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

First Krupp Was Blacksmith. From a little blacksmith's shop at Essen in 1812, the mighty firm of Krupp, the home of German guns, has grown into the largest armament factory in the world. Friedrich Krupp originated the smithy, and for fourteen years struggled against poverty. He died a poor man, and on his deathbed confided the secrets he had discovered during his lifetime to his son Alfred. It was more than twenty years before Alfred Krupp gained recognition, but after obtaining fame through exhibiting a forty-five ton cast ingot of Krupp steel at the Crystal Palace Exhibition in 1851, he never looked back. When he died, in 1887, 60,000 people followed him to the grave. To-day Krupp's works cover 1,000 acres of ground. Even before the war-rush commenced the firm were employing 60,000 men at their main works at Essen and thousands of others in their collieries, ship-building yards, and private testing grounds. It is estimated that over 300,000 people depend on Krupp for their livelihood.

At the Krupp's works 40,000 cannon are turned out every year. Work at Krupp's is conducted in great secrecy. Each worker is forbidden to enter any office or workshop not connected with his own department. He has a passport for his special job, and he must not take any interest in any other. Krupp's private army will march him off to the private barracks if he disobeys. Hundreds of watchmen, heavily armed, guard the secrets of the Krupp's works both day and night, and the grounds are a mass of electric traps which immediately signal the approach of any intruder.

Nothing in Goodness.

Willie came home from school crying bitterly. "Mother," he sobbed, "I'm not going to try and be good any more." "Why, Willie, whatever is the matter?" asked his mother. "Boo-hoo!" sobbed Willie. "I was in school to-day, and I saw Teddy Smith put a bent pin on the teacher's chair, and because I did not want him to sit on it I pulled his chair away and he sat on the floor. He gave me a thrashing for pulling his chair away when he got up, and when I got outside the school Teddy Smith hit me for pulling the pin away, and not minding my own business."

His Stamping Ground.

Jolly Man (whose appetite is the envy of all his fellow boarders)—Well, I never! I've lost two buttons off my vest. Lady of the House (who has been wanting to give him a hint)—You will more likely find them in the dining-room, sir.

DAINTY FOOD

Turns Pale Cheeks to Pink.

Our best physicians of the present day seek to cure patients by the use of food and right living, rather than heavy drugs, and this is the true method, for only from food can the body be rebuilt.

Many people, after living on poorly selected or badly cooked food for a long time, and when their ailments become chronic, expect the doctor, with his magic potency, to instantly rebuild them.

This is not possible. The only true method is to run as quickly as can be, from poor food to good. A young lady says:

"I was variously treated for my nerves, stomach, lungs, etc., but none of the treatments gave me relief.

"About a year ago when my appetite failed completely and I began to have sinking spells similar to fainting, I took all manner of tonic and stimulants, but they were of no effect. I had been brought to quit drinking coffee and taking Postum in its place and gradually began to get a little better.

"Someone suggested that if I found Postum so beneficial I had better use Grape-Nuts food, as they were both the children of one brain. I commenced on Grape-Nuts food for breakfast, having Postum with it. I found the food so dainty, delicious, and appetizing that I always looked forward to breakfast with pleasure.

"Shortly after commencing this diet, the wretched pain in my side was greatly relieved, and now, a year later, it has gone entirely, also the sinking spells; in fact, my pale cheeks have changed to pink, I have gained back more than the twenty pounds I lost, and am thoroughly well in every way."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

This Man Bears A Charmed Life



This man, named Turner, came safely through three of the greatest steamship disasters in the rolls of history. He was one of the survivors of the Titanic wreck; two years later was saved when the Empress of Ireland was sunk, and more recently was rescued when the Lusitania was sunk by a German torpedo.

FIRST BRITISH NAVY WAS ROMAN

ESTABLISHED BY CAESAR AFTER HE HAD INVADED ENGLAND.

Henry VIII. Called Father of the Navy of More Modern Times.

The first British navy was a Roman one, if the Hibernianism may be permitted, and it was due to the hosts whom great Caesar led to conquest. For the protection of their colony (Ernest Protheroe tells us, in a new book just published), the Romans established a fleet known as the Classis Britannica, manned by Roman soldiers, but with the oars of the galleys worked by Britons who were pressed into service. In 288 A.D., Carausius, with the aid of some pirates, got possession of the fleet and defied the Roman authority, calling himself Emperor of Britain. He was succeeded by Allectus, who was overthrown and slain by the Emperor Constantine. The revolted soldiers, who had been assisting Allectus, fled to London, where they were attacked and killed in the streets by the Roman forces.

But after occupying Britain for more than three centuries and a half the Romans evacuated the country in 410 A.D., in order to assist in defending the very heart of Rome, which was being assailed by hordes of barbarians from Central Europe. During the latter part of their occupation they had practically abolished the Classis Britannica; and upon the departure of the legions Britain was again without a fleet.

Alfred the Great was the creator of the first really British navy. In 875 Alfred defeated seven Danish ships off Swanage, capturing one and putting the others to flight; in 894 he destroyed a Danish fleet off Appledore and gained another great victory near the Isle of Wight three years later.

The weakness of Ethelred II, who gave bribes to the Danes instead of a fight, opened the way to disastrous raids, and it was not until after the death of Canute and the restoration of the English line of Kings, that the semblance of a fleet was again established.

King Harold's Fleet.

To King Harold, succeeding Edward in 1066, fell the task of averting, if possible, the impending invasion of Normans.

But Duke William delayed setting out. Meanwhile, their period of annual service being at an end, food aboard being scarce, and the men being required ashore to work in the harvest, the English ships returned to their various ports. Three weeks later Duke William crossed over with about 900 ships and 15,000 men, and effected an easy landing at Pevensey, near Hastings.

Henry II. had larger fighting ships specially constructed for the service of the Crown, in addition to the usual forced levies. During this reign it was enacted that no vessel should be sold to leave England. Portsmouth was rising into importance as a naval port and London and Bristol were doing an increasing trade with the Continent.

Richard I., "Coeur de Lion," sixth of the Norman Kings, gave the navy a great impetus, and in the third crusade undertook a record trip to the Mediterranean with troops for the Holy Land.

It was in the time of John that the

naval rivalry between the English and the French first commenced.

In 1213 Philip Augustus of France, attacked the Earl of Flanders, who was an old ally of John's. An English fleet of 500 ships, under the Earl of Salisbury, was despatched against Philip, whose fleet was attacked in the harbor of Damme. As a great portion of the French crews was ashore at the time, the English easily captured 300 sail and destroyed 100 others. The remaining French vessels were then so closely blockaded that their crews burnt them to prevent them from being captured.

After this signal naval victory King John took to himself the title 'Governor of the Seas,' and he caused it to be proclaimed that all foreign vessels should lower their topsails in salutation of the English flag in the Channel.

English Seamanship.

A curious battle royal at sea marked the reign of Edward I.

There was a direct challenge and acceptance to settle all differences by a pitched battle in midchannel on April 14, 1295. There was no limit to the number of vessels on each side and consequently the rivals enlisted their friends or those who merely desired a fight for the love of it. A number of Irish and Dutch vessels joined the hardy Cinque Ports men, while some Genoese came to the aid of the French.

Although the English ships were outnumbered by about two to one, by their seamanship and desperate fighting their crews nobly atoned for their lack of sail. They captured no less than 240 of the hostile ships and sank a great number.

Meantime the French had been building new warships armed with cannon, and Edward III. had been dead only a few days when De Vienne, a noted French admiral, appeared off our southern coast to give us a taste of the quality of the new French fleet. De Vienne's drastic operations resulted in the sacking of Rye and Folkestone, and the destruction of Portsmouth, Plymouth, and Dartmouth, and then he sailed back to France with his ships filled with booty.

French ships in 1380 even sailed up the Thames and burnt Gravesend. For the time being England had not only ceased to be "Mistress of the Seas," she was no longer mistress of her own waters, and the weakness and unpreparedness of Richard II. to withstand these foreign ravages led to rebellion in some parts of England. It had required a calamity to prove to the English that it was suicidal policy to allow the navy to decline in strength, or to fail to seize upon new aids to warfare. Forthwith measures were taken to bring the fleet up to date.

Father of Navy.

Henry VIII. earned the title "Father of the English Navy," for from the commencement of his reign in 1509 he followed a definite naval policy, which consisted in steadily building ships until he possessed the largest navy in the world.

"The most glorious period in the history of our wooden walls," writes Mr. Protheroe, "was that between 1702 and 1805, a stressful century of almost continual war with powerful enemies, that put out ships and men to most searching tests, from which both emerged triumphantly."

And in those days—"Hearts of Oak," indeed, were our wooden walls, for to build even a 74-gun ship, the third rate, of which our navy contained so many, from 1,500 to 2,000 oak trees were needed.

The French ships, as a rule, were bigger and faster than our own; they possessed larger batteries, and their lowest tier of guns was higher, in order to fight them in rough weather; whereas in most English ships the lower deck ports could not be opened in a rough sea without danger of swamping the ship. Fortunately for us, the French did not pay equal attention to the effectiveness of their guns, or many of our battles with them would have ended far differently.

In this brief review most attention has been paid to the earlier and less familiar history of Britain's navy. In his book, Mr. Protheroe brings his story down to the latest thing in submarines.

The reason there are so many failures is because so many men spend all their time looking for the easy ways to success.

German prisoners of war in England are allowed daily 1 lb. bread, or 3-4 lb. biscuit; 3-4 lb. fresh meat, or 1 lb. (nominal) preserved meat; 3 oz. cheese; 5-8 oz. tea; 1-4 lb. jam; 3 oz. sugar; 1-2 oz. salt; 1-2 oz. mustard; 1-3 oz. pepper; 1-2 lb. fresh vegetables, or, instead, 2 oz. peas, or beans, or dried potatoes; with 2 oz. tobacco a week, for smokers.

How a Sick Woman Can Regain Health

READ THIS VERY CAREFULLY.

"For years I was thin and delicate. I lost color and was easily tired; a yellow pallor, pimples and blotches on my face were not only mortifying to my feelings, but because I thought my skin would never look nice again I grew despondent. Then my appetite failed. I grew very weak. Various remedies, pills, tonics and tablets I tried without permanent benefit. A visit to my sister put into my hands a box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. She placed reliance upon them and now I am a well woman. My complexion is better than it was before. I would not be without them whatever they might cost. I found Dr. Hamilton's Pills by their mild yet searching action very suitable to the delicate character of women's nature. They never once gripped me, yet they established regularity. My appetite grew—my blood red and pure—my rings under my eyes disappeared and to-day my skin is as clear and uncrinkled as when I was a girl. 'Dr. Hamilton's Pills did it all.'"

The above straightforward letter from Mrs. J. Y. Todd, wife of a well-known miller, Rogersville, is proof sufficient that Dr. Hamilton's Pills are a wonderful woman's medicine. Use no other Pills but Dr. Hamilton's, 25c. per box. All dealers or The Cataract-Wholesale Co., Kingston, Ontario.

The Ontario Agricultural College.

The fortieth annual report of the Ontario Agricultural College, and Macdonald Institute, Guelph, has just been issued. The President, Dr. G. C. Creelman, gives an interesting account of his trip abroad, when he investigated agricultural conditions in Hawaii, New Zealand, Australia, China, Japan, and the Philippine Islands, and came to the conclusion that Ontario is still the most attractive farming place that it is his pleasure to know. Considerable emphasis is placed upon the educational work of the District Representatives in the public and high schools, and the co-operation of the Department of Education in assisting to train rural public school teachers for agricultural effort. A synopsis of the reports of the various heads of the departments to the President is also presented. These deal chiefly with the army worm, weeds, orchard work, drainage, lightning rods, field crops, and anti-hubbery work. This renders the report less bulky, but those who desire more complete information regarding the special work of the several departments will find it issued in bulletin form from time to time. An analysis of the College Roll is given, together with a list of graduates of the year, and the names of those who won diplomas and certificates in the lesser courses. A financial statement of the institution is appended.

New Record in Tea Prices.

Over eight million pounds of tea have been sunk in merchant ships during the war. This immense quantity could ill be spared at a time when the demand for tea throughout the world has reached a greater volume than ever. Anyway the cost of tea has risen to a higher level than history records for many years.

Highland Piper Plays His Last Tune.

No musician is more devoted to the instrument on which he plays than the Highland piper. A touching story of a piper's last moments on the battlefield is told by Private L. L. Spalding, of the 90th Winnipeg Rifles (the "Little Black Devils"), who was one of the Canadian soldiers gassed at Ypres. While up in the firing line a piper of the 79th Highlanders (Canadian Scottish) was mortally wounded in the chest, he says—"The man sat down on a bank, hugging his beloved pipes, and refused to be carried away. 'I want to stay here and—and play a last tune,' he gasped. But a little pathetic wheezing noise was all the music he could get from his pipes. A few minutes later he fell back dead."

Expanding His Property.

"Jones should possess a considerable lot of real estate."

"Why so?"

"He is always making mountains out of molehills."

INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY

Wanted capital to develop one of the most valuable natural resources in the Dominion, unlimited quantity of raw material to be manufactured into a commodity for which there is an almost unlimited demand. If you have one hundred to five hundred dollars or more to invest where your investment will be well secured, then write for particulars and prospectus which will convince you of the absolutely sure and large returns. Address P.O. Box 102, Hamilton, Ont.

Anxious About Him.

Baby was not well, and as he was the first, his parents were anxious about him, and the doctor was paying his second visit. As he was leaving the tiny patient mother said, "Oh, doctor, that medicine you sent for baby last night is done." "Impossible!" replied the doctor in astonishment. "I told you to give him a teaspoonful before bedtime and one this morning."

"Yes, I know," replied the young mother, with flushed cheeks. "But then, you see mother, John, and nurse, and I had all to take a teaspoonful each, too, to get him to take his."

Women's Institutes of Ontario.

Nearly 25,000 women, in 843 branches, make up the membership of the Women's Institutes of Ontario, the annual report of which for 1914 has just been issued. Articles in this report cover nearly every line of feminine endeavor. The efforts described or proposed relate to activities in Institutes, the Church, and community life; to Red Cross and other forms of patriotic helpfulness; and to agriculture, more especially to fruit growing, poultry raising, and beekeeping for women. The report gives very full consideration to the home, nearly every range of domestic economy receiving attention. The study of child life is given a large place, and two addresses deal with "Children's Rights" and "Education for the Backward." "Electricity as it Relates to Women on the Farm" is the title of a practical talk by Sir Adam Beck. Considerable space is given to health topics, both of a public and an individual nature. The report reflects much credit upon the hosts of women who are helping along Institute work in his Province.

Sign of Sapience.

"Pa, why do people call the owl the bird of wisdom?"

"Because he's got sense enough not to come out and fly around until all boys of your age are in bed."

Corns Instant Relief Drop Out

Pain on Putnam's Corn Extractor tonight, and corns feel better in the morning. Magical the way "Putnam's" cures the pain, destroys the roots, kills a corn for all time. No pain. Cure guaranteed. Get a 25c. bottle of "Putnam's" Extractor to-day.

A Supporter.

"There ought to be only one head to any family," shouted an orator. "That's true," replied a married-looking man in the audience. "You agree with me?" shouted the speaker.

"I do," replied the married-looking man. "I've just paid for hats for nine daughters."

LOW FARES TO THE CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS VIA CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RY.

Four splendid daily trains from the New Passenger Terminal, Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Choice of Scenic and Direct Routes through the best of the West. Something to see all the way. Double-track, Automatic electric safety signals all the way. Let us plan your trip and furnish folders and full particulars. B. H. Bennett, G.A., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ontario.

Sorry For Her.

It is not only on the field of battle that the British soldier shows his bravery. A civilian who was seeing off a young soldier friend bound for the front was introduced by him to his wife, a rather severe-looking woman old enough to be his mother. The civilian had difficulty in concealing his surprise, and when occasion offered he whispered to the young man—"I didn't know you were married." "Well, you see," said the soldier, hesitatingly, "she was my landlady, and her man was killed at the front a few months ago, and she wis'eg' hard pit to it, ye see, and I wis' kind' o' sorry for her. And as I've naebody dependent on me, I just merrit her so's she wid get my allowance."

Longevity is most frequent in countries of low birth.

I fell from a building and received what the doctor called a very bad sprained ankle, and told me I must not walk on it for three weeks. I got MINARD'S LINIMENT and in six days I was out to work again. I think it the best Liniment made.

ARCHIE E. LAUNDREY, Edmonton.

Together with the 12th Lancers, the Scots Greys were the first regiment to be specially mentioned in dispatches during the present war by Sir John French.

MINARD'S LINIMENT Cures Diphtheria.

English submarines fly from their periscopes a flag which is a skull and crossbones when they succeed in destroying a vessel belonging to the enemy.

Mary is the commonest name for women in England, William the commonest name for men.

MINARD'S LINIMENT Cures Garget in Cows

FARMS FOR RENT.

IF LOOKING FOR A FARM, CONSULT me. I have over Two Hundred on my list, located in the best sections of Ontario. All sizes. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB OFFICES for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FARMS FOR SALE IN THE County of Norfolk. Good choice. Prices ranging from \$30.00 to \$100.00 per acre. Terms reasonable. Apply W. Bartmann, Lynedoch, Ont.

Fair Play.

Two young men in a crowded seaside resort had great difficulty in finding sleeping accommodation, and were at length offered a bed which the landlady assured them was a feather bed. They turned in, and one of the pair was soon fast asleep; the other was not. He could not manage to dodge the lumps, and heard hour after hour strike until 3 a.m., when he also struck. He did this by violently shaking his sleeping friend. "What's the matter?" growled the other. "It can't be time to get up yet?" "No, it isn't," retorted his friend, continuing to shake him; "but it's my turn to sleep on the feathers!"

SUMMER SKIN TROUBLES.

Sunburn, blistering, and irritation are the commonest form of summer skin troubles, and Zam-Buk ends these very quickly. It works in two ways. As soon as applied, its antiseptic powers get to work and kill all the poison in a wound, a sting or a sore. This generally ends the smarting and the pain. Then Zam-Buk begins the healing process, and fresh healthy tissue is built up. For sore, blistered feet, sore hands, heat rashes, baby's heat spots, sore places due to perspiration, etc. you can't get Zam-Buk. It also cures cuts, ulcers, abscesses, piles, and all inflamed and diseased conditions of skin and subjacent tissue. Druggists and stores everywhere sell Zam-Buk, 50c. box. Use Zam-Buk Soap also, 25c. per tablet. All stores, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

As a general rule, two productive acres are required for the support of each inhabitant of a country, and where this ratio does not exist food must be imported.

MINARD'S LINIMENT Cures Colds, Etc.

A British Army Corps is, approximately, 35,000 men; an Austrian is about 53,000 men; while the strength of French, Russian, and German Army Corps varies from 40,000 to 55,000 men.

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Irritation. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by Mail Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Soldiers have orders never to look up at an aeroplane which is flying above them, as nothing is more conspicuous to airmen than men's faces.

MINARD'S LINIMENT Cures Diphtheria.

English submarines fly from their periscopes a flag which is a skull and crossbones when they succeed in destroying a vessel belonging to the enemy.

Mary is the commonest name for women in England, William the commonest name for men.

Specification No. 2B giving engine prices on request. Get our quotations on "The Penetang Line" Commercial and Pleasure Launches, Row boats and Canoes.

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