

The Ukrainians Dispossess the Bolsheviki in Great City of Kiev and the Latter Evacuate It

# The St. John Standard

VOL. IX, NO. 266.

TEN PAGES

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1918.

FAIR AND COLD.

PRICE: TWO CENTS.

## SPAIN IS INVOLVED WITH THE U. S.; GERMAN SITUATION MUCH WORSE

### THE KING OF BAVARIA IS FOR PEACE

Ludwig Attempted to Use His Influence With the Kaiser.

### MONARCH FAVORS "SECURITY PEACE"

King of Bavaria Not Only One Who is on the Anxious Seat.

### KAISER DECLARES HE NEEDS HELP

Bavaria Represented by Former Premier at Brest-Litovsk.

### COUNTRY HAS TREATY RIGHTS

Trotzky Announces Two Representatives of Ukrainians Admitted.

Amsterdam, Wednesday, Jan. 30.—Discussing the report that the King of Bavaria attempted to influence Emperor William in favor of a "security peace," the Leipzig Neueste Nachrichten says: "We have reason to assume that the report is correct. We would even go a step further and add that the appeal which the Deutsche Tages Zeitung, of Berlin, addresses to the other federal princes to follow the King's example already has been forestalled."

"According to our information, the King of Bavaria is not the only one who has followed with serious anxiety the course of the peace negotiations at Brest-Litovsk, and it may perhaps be assumed that the object of sending Dr. Count Von Podewils-Burkhardt, former premier of Bavaria, to Brest-Litovsk, was not purely in order to exercise long forgotten treaty rights."

Was a Delegate.

A despatch from Brest-Litovsk dated Tuesday, said that Dr. Count Podewils-Burkhardt was among the delegates of the Central Powers, who had arrived at Brest-Litovsk for the peace conference with the Bolsheviki. This was the first mention of the former Bavarian premier in connection with the Brest-Litovsk peace parley.

### WANTS O'CONNOR TO GO TO QUEBEC

Legislature Will Attempt to Have Him Assist in Cost of Living Probe.

Quebec, Jan. 31.—L. A. Cannon, member for Quebec-Centre, drew the attention of the members of the Quebec House today to the report made by W. F. O'Connor, K. C., cost of living commissioner, dealing with the unjustifiable accumulation of eggs. It was important, Mr. Cannon said, that the names of the companies hoarding eggs and other supplies be made public.

Hon. J. E. Caron, minister of agriculture, who is presiding at a committee here which is investigating the cost of living, suggested that an expert in the matter might be invited to come before the committee.

"Why not invite Mr. O'Connor?" Mr. Cannon asked.

Mr. Caron said he had no objection and would write Mr. O'Connor to come to Quebec next Tuesday.

### MARITIME EXPRESS IN SLIGHT WRECK

Trains Many Hours Behind Schedules Because of Severe Weather and Drifting Snow

Special to The Standard. Montreal, Jan. 31.—Passenger train service, especially between Montreal and Quebec, has been almost entirely irregular. Both the Ocean Limited and the Maritime are hours behind time daily arriving from the west.

Today's Maritime which was in a slight wreck at St. Helene, Quebec, arrived this evening over eight hours late.

The severity of the weather and drifting snow continues to hamper transportation, and make it almost impossible for trains to run on schedule time. Old railway men cannot remember a more severe winter for railroading.

### M. BOURASSA WANTS PEACE

Storm Petrel of Le Devoir Thinks the Allies Are in and Germany is IT.

Montreal, Jan. 31.—Henri Bourassa, in Le Devoir, practically claims that the allies are beaten and that peace is near at hand. "The recent declarations of Lord Rhodes," he says, "reveal the gravity of the situation in England, while no one ignores the fact that Italy is at the end of her resources, and France herself is drawing from her last reserves."

Bourassa asserts that it is economically inadvisable for the allies to continue to fight. He concludes as follows: "It is in the minds of the chiefs of state and all those who exercise upon them a decisive influence, that we must conclude peace in order to attenuate the shock of the two forces, equally blinded, equally brutal, equally selfish, if not equally responsible."

### ARGENTINE STR. MYSTERIOUSLY SUNK AT SEA

The Ministro Irriendo Goes Down in Mediterranean After Five Explosions Occur.

New York, Jan. 31.—The sinking in the Mediterranean of the Argentine steamship Ministro Irriendo on January 26, was reported in a despatch from Paris today to the correspondent here of La Prensa of Buenos Aires. The despatch quoted the captain of the Irriendo as saying that the ship sank two hours after having been damaged by five explosions. No submarine was seen. The French destroyer Barbara unsuccessfully attempted to take the ship in tow. The crew were rescued and taken to Barcelona, Spain, and a report of the circumstances of the sinking sent to the Argentine consul at Toulon, France.

Will Investigate.

Buenos Aires, Jan. 31.—The steamer Ministro Irriendo left Buenos Aires under the French flag. The captain of the Spanish steamer Reina Victoria Eugenia, which is now in port, says he met the Ministro Irriendo in the Mediterranean Sea, sailing under the Argentine flag and that he saluted the steamer as an Argentine vessel. The government is investigating the matter.

### THE WOMEN WANT JUDGE IMPEACHED

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Jan. 31.—Mrs. Lipsit Skinner, barrister, formerly woman's editor of the Winnipeg Telegram, is here on behalf of a number of western women organizations to secure the impeachment of Mr. Justice Curran of the court of King's bench. It is charged that Justice Curran failed to mete out justice in the case of a most reprehensible offense committed in Winnipeg.

### NO WAR AIMS BY ENTENTE ARE STATED

Andrew Bonar Law Denies Paris Conference Will Give Outline.

### CLEAN PEACE IS A NECESSITY

Time for Obtaining Such Peace Should Not Be Too Long Delayed.

### LANSLOWNE MAKES EXTENDED ADDRESS

Concurs Entirely with Recent Addresses of Wilson and Lloyd-George.

London, Jan. 31.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons today, Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, said the assertion that the war aims of the Entente powers were to be drawn up by a conference sitting in Paris, was incorrect.

The Marquis of Lansdowne in an address today said that he concurred entirely with the recent speeches of David Lloyd George, the British premier, and President Wilson on peace aims.

"I believe all of us are ready to prolong this war, as terrible as it is, until we can get a clean peace," said the leader of the opposition in the House of Lords.

Should Be No Delay.

Lord Lansdowne added that the time for obtaining such a peace should not be too long delayed and that no opportunity should be neglected to bring it nearer.

Lord Lansdowne was replying to an address presented by Earl Loreburn, former Lord High Chancellor, and other members of the House of Lords, including authors and journalists.

### JUDGE DUFF NEEDS MORE ASSISTANCE

Two Justices Will Probably Be Appointed to Aid in Military Appeal Cases.

### CONSTITUTION FOR RUSSIAN NATIONS

Russian Socialist Soviet Republic Name of Proposed Federation.

Petrograd, Wednesday, Jan. 30.—A constitution of the "Russian Socialist Soviet Republic" has been adopted by the Congress of Workers' and Soldiers' deputies. The constitution proposes that the republic shall be a voluntary union of the nations of Russia, of which the highest authority shall be the all-Russian Workers' and Soldiers' Congress.

The constitution provides that the manner of participation of the various nations in the federal government of the republic shall be determined after each nation forms a "soviet republic." All local affairs are to be in the hands of local soviets, who may, however, be regulated by the higher soviets.

### PEACE OUTLOOK CAUSE OF BIG STOCK BOOST

A belief that peace is nearer than was supposed and other favorable developments infused much ginger into the stock markets yesterday, and a genuine bull movement swept up prices to astonishing high marks.

In Wall Street General Motors advanced 15 points; These Commodities went up prices to many 5-14; General Electric 9-3-4; United States Steel, 4-5-8; and other stocks went up from two to five points.

The market was broad, strong and feverish in the final hour. In Montreal there were also some fireworks set off by the bull. Brazilian Traction in a remarkable spurt scored a gain of 7-3-4 points; Canadian Car preferred 7-1-4, and Lyall common six points.

### THE U. S. AND SPAIN CLASH!

United States Retaliating by Holding Spanish Vessels for Trade Interference.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Quick retaliatory measures were forecasted here tonight as the answer of the United States and the allies to Spain's interference with the shipment of goods across her frontier to France. In fact certain Spanish ships now in American ports ready to sail are being held up pending a clearing of the situation, although the war trade board in a formal statement tonight, denied that vessels under the Spanish flag generally were being kept in port.

The American government is particularly concerned in the situation because of large orders placed in Spain by General Pershing for supplies for the American army. It holds, too, the chief weapon to force a lifting of an embargo placed by Spain, since Spain draws heavily on the United States for foodstuffs.

Spain Thrown In Fish.

Allied officials have been given no end of perplexity by Spain. Although not so situated geographically as to ship supplies into Germany, charges have been made that goods from Spanish Morocco have gone through the Swiss port of entry in France, into Switzerland and thence into Germany.

Charges also have been made that the German spy system has used wireless equipment in Spain to communicate with the Central Powers.

A considerable element in the Spanish government, it is well known, is German in its leanings, and officials in Washington express no hesitation in laying measure responsible for the present trouble. The official reason given for the blocking of General Pershing's orders is said to be that the Spanish railroad system has broken down and that it is impossible to handle goods destined for France.

Through their control of bunker coal the Allies are in a position to stop not only the shipment of goods to Spain from the allied countries, but from neutrals as well, consequently they are in a position to bring powerful pressure to bear to insure fair treatment in the Spanish markets.

### CITY OF KIEV TAKEN FROM BOLSHEVIKI

Former Capital of Russia Surrenders to the Ukrainians.

### BOLSHEVIKI GET CRIMEAN TOWNS

Moscow Council of Workmen and Soldiers Ready to Fight Germany.

### WANT SOCIALIST ARMY ORGANIZED

Food Situation Serious in Petrograd and Other Places.

BULLETIN. London, Jan. 31.—Kiev, which for some time has been invested by the Bolsheviki troops, who are engaged against the Ukrainians, has surrendered, according to an Exchange Telegram despatch from Petrograd.

The capture of the towns of Kertch, Theodosia and Yalta, in the Crimea, is claimed by the Bolsheviki. It is said that the Cosack General Dittorf has been defeated and the capture of Orenburg is imminent. Special despatches from Petrograd concur in the belief that all the Cosacks will declare themselves on the side of the Bolsheviki.

The reports give instances of growing adhesion and forecast the downfall of the government of General Kalodines.

The city of Kiev, or Kief, has a population of 325,000. It is called the Mother City of Russia, and in the eleventh century was the capital. It is picturesquely situated on the right bank of the Dnieper and is the seat of the governor-general of the provinces of Kiev, Podolia and Volhynia, and has the leading university of Russia.

May Fight Germany.

Petrograd, Wednesday, Jan. 30.—The Moscow council of workmen and soldiers' deputies has declared the German peace proposals unacceptable and has suggested that the council of national commissioners organize a Socialist army to fight against German imperialism.

Representatives of forty-eight regiments of Don Cosacks addressed the congress of Soviets, promising unlimited grain in exchange for cloth, nails, implements and other manufactured products. They said that the enemies of General Kaledines were now in control of the Don Basin and that a great coal supply was ready to be moved toward Petrograd.

The Petrograd Soviet held a meeting to discuss the food supply, at which Madame Smith-Falkner, a member of the food control committee, said that preparations were being made to prevent the fight for food from becoming a battle.

### U. S. AMBASSADOR AGAIN THREATENED

Anarchists in Russia Demand Release of Emma Goldman and Others in America.

Petrograd, Wednesday, Jan. 30.—The ministry of foreign affairs today transmitted to David R. Francis, the American ambassador, a letter addressed to Leon Trotzky, the Bolsheviki foreign minister, by the Petrograd group of whom was Thomas Robb of Montreal, anarchists, insisting that Trotzky bring real and Captain Harrison of Halifax.

### WAS A NATIVE OF THIS CITY

Mrs. George F. Logan, Widow of C. G. R. Official, Dead at Moncton.

Special to The Standard. Moncton, Jan. 31.—The death of Mrs. Geo. F. Logan occurred this evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. O. J. Dunham. Deceased, who was 64 years of age, was born in St. John, but had resided in Moncton for the last forty years or more.

Her husband, Geo. F. Logan, who preceded her some years ago, was formerly a well known I. C. R. official. Mrs. Logan is survived by three sons, two of whom, Chipman and Frank, are with the Canadian overseas forces in France; and George, of the C. E. Moncton, and two daughters, Miss Ina, a nurse, and Mrs. O. J. Dunham, Moncton.

### STRIKES IN GERMANY GROWING

More Than Million Workmen Out in Berlin and Elsewhere.

### MARTIAL LAW IN HAMBURG

Germans Attack Small United States Post, Killing Two.

### FURTHER GAINS BY ITALIANS

Latter Advance Slightly from Northeast of Col Del Rosso.

### PEACE CONFERENCE AGAIN IN SESSION

Revolution Goes on in Finland and Ukrainians Take Kiev.

The strikes in Germany apparently are growing in magnitude. In Berlin alone, according to press dispatches, many 100,000 men and women have ceased work, while in Kiel, in towns along the Rhine, in the Westphalian coal regions and other districts in the empire, including Bavaria, the situation is serious.

It is asserted that martial law has been declared in Hamburg and other centres, and that in Hamburg the military commander has ordered the cessation of the strike and given the added order that further demonstrations of this nature be avoided.

Additional Socialist leaders in various German towns have been arrested because of their activities in fomenting strikes or by reason of their hostile attitude toward the policy of the militarist elements with regard to peace and franchise reform.

War industries affected.

Numerous industries necessary to the prosecution of the war have been closed in towns where strikes are in progress and doubtless they are affected by them. Notable among these industries are the great shipbuilding yards at Kiel, the military aeroplane and balloon plants at Adlershof, the big arsenals and ammunition works at Spandau, and the great coal and iron mines and foundries in the Westphalia region.

On the fighting fronts, the most important event has been another attack by the Germans on a small American post in which two Americans were killed and the four wounded. Another soldier is believed to have been captured by the enemy. This position on the French front daily has been searched out by shells from the Germans for several days past, but Wednesday morning, aided by a heavy fog and covered by a violent artillery barrage, the Germans decided to attack. It is believed that the German casualties were great or as great as those of the Americans, whose cannon and rifle fire was played unobtrusively on the marauders.

Italian Gains.

Further gains have been made by the Italians against the Austrians in the northern section of the Italian battlefield, on the Asiago Plateau in an attack Wednesday. The Italian gains were able slightly to advance their front northeast of Col Del Rosso.

In France and Belgium the fighting continues to be carried out mainly by the artillery wings of the belligerents, the infantry activity being confined to snail trench raiding operations and reconnoissances.

Paris, for the first time since last year, has been subjected to a German air raid. Wednesday night a number of enemy machines flew over the (Continued on page 2)