

sell, grant, acquire and, f the same, and to buy, rwise acquire and other-nuities and endowments. i, and to purchase conher of reversion, remainpolicies or otherwise, any transaction dependent. racy of life and all other nally entered into by Life panies or Associations, fin-ance, and generally to do 1 other necessary matters nected with and proper to objects in the Dominion of.

date I intend to apply Chief Commissioner o for permission to pur unreserved, unsurveyed near Francois Libre Commencing b. C., commencing at ga-id of small lake, the pa-thence west 80 chains, chains, thence east 80* of commencement. D. STEVENS. *z* , August 1st, 1905.

AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

ANIES ACT, 1897."

tish Columbia.

rtify that "The Sovereign Company of Canada" icensed to carry on busi-Province of British Columout or effect all or any of Company to which the rity of the Legislature of

of the Company is situate-pronto, in the Province of

the capital of the Company the capital of the Company dollars, divided into ten-of hundred dollars each. Se of the Company in this-ate at Victoria, and Elliott act agent, whose address is attorney for the Company. My hand and seal of office whice of British Columbia, if July, one thousand nine e.

e. S. Y. WOOTTON, of Joint Stock Companies. or which the Comping has and licensed are: racts of life insurance with may grant, sell or purchase endowments, and generally business of life insurance in and forms.

eby given that, within 30 , to apply to the Chief Com-nds and Works to cut and ber from the following de-Coast District, Range 1, mmencing at a post situat-side of Maple Bay, Gilford , re, marked H. P. S. W. C., north 80 chains, thence east ce south 80 chains, thence hore to Diace of commenceto place of con a.2.—Commencing at a post t corner of Limit No. 1, in ed H. P. S. W. C., thence 90 chains, thence cast 80 south 80 chains, thence of Limit No. 1 to place of "

HARRY PERRY.

the last moment and yield, even to save the negotiations." _0-

HAVE GONE AS FAR AS POSSIBLE.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 22.-(1.40 a. m.) it.sist that up to 1850 Japanese had never, war are the vital points of our demands. St. Petersburg, Aug. 22.-(1.40 a. m.) —The Russian government's final com-munication to M. Witte outlining the course that he shall pursue at the re-opening of the peace conference at Ports-mouth are still in process of being put in cipher prior to being forwarded to Am-erica. With the receipt of St. Peters-lurg's last message the brief breathing snell will have ended. St. Petersburg cipher prior to necessary of St. Peters-erica. With the receipt of St. Peters-lurg's last message the brief breathing spell will have ended. St. Petersburg lea es the final word with her represen-ty or at Portsmouth. The Associated Press is in a position The Associated Press is in a position to the com-

The Associated 1 ress is in a poertor. It ex-to state that when the nature of the com-naunication becomes generally known it will be seen that in a sincere desire to offect a satisfactory settlement the gov-to the southern nature of Amur, tried to persuade Japan to yield in her claim of the Russian emperor. It exernment has gone as far as its extreme to the southern part of Sakhalien, but vital state interests will permit. It can did not succeed as America had already further be said that for this reason the begun to support the Japanese in their further be said that for this reason the government is firmly convinced that in case of failure of the negotiations, the to the year 1870 stated that the Japanese

responsibility will not rest with Russia, who has conceded much already. effort to colonize the island had failed because of the rigorous climate. The who has conceded much already.

While it is impossible to learn the actual contents of the government's communications to M. Witte, it can be very ending with the treaty of 1875, by declared that the requirements of state make concessions on the questions of indemnity and Sakhalien as those questions were originally presented by the Japanese, impossible. It is certain that in the matter of concessions the four points now in dispute have been considered and studied here in the list of concessions

Russia already has granted on the other eight articles The foregoing is a brief but accurate tline of the platform upon which M. Witte will meet the Japanese plenipotiaries to-day.

Baron de Rosen's report's regarding his interview with President Roosevelt have been received here, and their perusal by government has only increased the

feeling of gratitude and appreciation for President Roosevelt's continued efforts. Wit With regard to article 10 (the interned warships), Japan insists that the sur-render of interned warships which have Baron de Rosen's communications to the Emperor are such as to not require sought refuge in neutral ports as a spoil special answer.

A hopeful feeling was noticeable of war is not contrary to international law. Russia, however, asserts that inhere yesterday that peace is still pos-sible, and it is belived by some that Rus-ternational law affords no precedent for mated about equal the claim for the possession of property in mated about equal the sia's answer will give evidence of such sincere desire to reach a settlement | the keeping of neutrals.

that Japan will be practically forced to accept it or appear before the world as Finally, with regard to article 11 (the as her bill for the cost of the war. Practhe Far East) the Japanese assert that It is belived that the questions on the surrender of the interned warships and the limitation of Russia's naval power in the Far East) the Japanese assert that it is indispensable to insure a lasting peace. Russia rejects the whole idea as being offensive to Russian honor and dig-the Far East) the comparison of Sak-halien) and recession by Russia upon article 9 (indemnity).

LORD MINTO,

Former Governor-General of Canada, Who Has Been Appointed Viceroy of India.

forces. The Russians, on the contrary, and the reimbursement of the cost of the me to assume

presses the belief that all true Russians must hold some appreciation for what Japan has accomplished for them. August 12th, Lord Curzon says:

THE PROPOSAL MADE BY ROOSEVELT.

ples underlyng a future change in our administration. I am drven to the con-clusion that the policy of His Majesty's Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 22 .- The Associated Press is now in a position to reveal substantially the suggestion of President Roosevelt for breaking the execution. In the interest of the organwhich the sovareignty of Russia over the whole island was recognized. With re-grad to article 9, the protocol repeats the arguments already set forth several times in the Associated Press dispatches. The Japanese claim reimbursement for the Japanese the same time enable Russia to and at the same time enable Russia to the interval times in the Associated press dispatches. The Japanese claim reimoursement for and at the same time enable Russia to the war on the ground face the world with the declaration that submitted Lord Curzon's resignation to face the world with the declaration that she had "with the most protound regret submitted Lord Curzon's resignation to the King." Supplementary dispatch after the receipt of the resignation shows grievances to resort to arms in self-pre-servation, and having been victorious at all points are entitled to reimbursement. The suggestion has been hereto-were unable to are unable to are over the details Russia on the contrary denies absolutely fore described in the Associated Press were unable to agree over the details that Japan is in a position to dictate such a condition, as Russia does not promise. Tersely stated, it consists in such a condition, as Russia does not acknowledge defeat, and appeared at the conference not imploring mercy, but be-cause of her love for peace and her willingness to conclude on an honorable which, if the two countries cannot agree, shall be decided by some method of arbitration hereafter to be determined. The purchase money together with the sum which Japan would obtain discounted by previous reports that a from the session of the Chinese Eastern

railway and the maintenance of the Rus-Amount Claimed by Japan

r India.

mitation of the Russian naval power in tically, therefore, the solution offered by

of Mr. Brodrick, the secretary for India, in the future. to make this appointment, Lord Curzon, "The great dangers in the proposed

to make this appointment, Lord Curzon | requests that the government reconsider parliament are probably two: its decision "in order to enable me to dissensions among liberal Russians themaccept the responsibility which I infer selves, arising from the fact that there His Majesty's government still desires has never been any discussion of public question allowed, either through Mr. Brodrick again refused to comply press or through public meetings. The

with the request for the appointment of result of this is that each thinking Rus-Major-General Barrow, and Lord Cur- sian develops his own ideas with no or portunity to compare them with anybody zon replied as follows: "It is apparent that His Majesty's else, or to submit them to any proper discussion, and so virtually believes they government denies me that confidence discussion, and so virtually believes they which alone can enable me to serve them are divinely inspired, and abhors anyone and attaches a fundamentally different who takes a different view.

"The other main danger is that the interpretation from myself to the modiautocracy power may at any time, either fications upon the acceptance of which alarmed by such discussions or under pretext of danger from them, close the alone I consented to remain in office. The situation, therefore, remains where it was when I resigned in June. If the whole proceedings and restore the old order of things.", givernment si unable to accept my views

"Still we may hope that these conces-sions recently made may, at any rate, make it more difficult for the Czar, the I request the premier to place my re-signation in the hands of His Majesty." To this Mr. Brodrick replied that Grand Dukes, and the court party in genthere was a request from Mr. Balfour eral to restore the old order, and may that Lord Curzon reconsider his deterafford opportunities for bringing in a con-stitution which shall give really more rye is regarded as particularly arduous, 400,000 and 500,000. Transloads of mination. In a final dispatch, dated "The main question is not the choice of an individual, but one of the princithe empire to take some part in public affairs."

THE DOMINION CAPITAL. overnment is based on principles that could not conscientiously carry into

on the Intercolonial Railway.

Ottawa, Aug. 22 .- An important cabinet council was convened this afternoon, the only absentees being Sir William Mulock, Sir Frederick Borden and Hon. F. Oliver.

Earl Grey returned to the Capital at noon with his family, after spending the summer at Quebec and the lower St. Lawrence.

The minister of railways, after a pertrol of the several branches. Mr. Em- were confined to the natives. and the rest of the government of India." merson expresses his conviction that the roadbed, equipment and traffic of the The resignation of Lord Curzon as Viceroy of India, which is the chief government road was never as good as neme of the morning newspapers, was

they are to-day. SUICIDE AT WINNIPEG.

disagreement was impending or that his resignation had been tendered, all of which had been steadily and flatly de-Winnipeg, Aug. 21.-E. J. Jenkins. ned by Mr. Brodrick, secretary of state young Englishman, committed suicide

All of the editorial articles praise Lord this morning at the C. P. R. depot by Curzon's administration unstintedly and shooting himself in the right temple. It credit him with having done as great is supposed that he was suffering from a service in India as any of his predeces- fit of temporary aberration. Jenkins ar-

the Far East will be satisfactorily set-ticd. There remains then the discussion of the payment of indemnity and the cession of Sakhalien by Russia. The

take this matter up in a vigorous man-ner with the trunk line grain people, and Important Meeting of Cabinet-Changes

show the necessity of making a change before it is argued the business is diverted into another channel.

YELLOW FEVER RECORD.

There Have Been One Hundred and CRUISERS OFF THE Eleven Deaths in Forty Days. SHORE OF KAMCHATKA.

New York, Aug. 22 .- A Washington dispatch to the Tribune says 111 yellow fever deaths in forty days is the record sonal inspection of the intercolonial, has decided to abolish the office of general to reports by Surgeon-Genera! Wyman, superintendent of the system and decen-tralize authority, giving the heads of the several American colonies have been visvarious departments more complete con- ited by the disease most of the deaths

At the Honduran consulate here it was stated yesterday that in the interior onditions were much improved and that at Tegucigal, the capital, owing to the rm manner in which President Bor is handling the situation, no fear of the spread of the fever or famine was felt.

THREE MEN DROWNED.

Goderich, Ont., Aug. 21 .- Three fishermen named Ferguson, Wood and Bailey, residents of Bayfield, twelve miles south iors, if not greater. It is conceded that the Earl of Minto During the day he bought a return ticket were suddenly caught in a fierce wind

5.4 also. LORD URZON, Whose Resignation As Viceroy of India Has Been Accepted.

chance for the thinking men throughout | and is virtually cutting the eastern sea- , troops are arriving , from Russia, and board off from this class of business dur- | many are being sent to Tamen. ing the coming season. It is understood that strong pressure will be brought to bear upon the transportation committee of the New York Produce Exchange to Korea. The Russians abandoned their

advance works and were driven back. After crossing the river the Russians destroyed the bridges and there was no signs of the Russians south of Tumen The Japanese army in Korea has al-ready established communication with Field Marshal Oyama.

Godzyadeni, Manchuria, Aug. 20 .- A. sn all squadron of Japanese cruisers is cruising off the shore of Kamchatka. Armed schooners and torpedo boats continue demonstrating all along the Siber ian coast. Gen. Linevitch announces to the inhabitants of the Amur region that there is no present cause for anxiety or fear as the entire region is quiet.

CAPTURED RUSSIAN SHIPS RECHRISTENED.

Tokio, Aug. 22 .- The Imperial navy epartment has rechristened the capred Russian warships as follows. The Peresviet has been named the Sagami; the Poltava, the Tango: the Bayan, the Asso; the Pallada, the Tsugaru; and the

Variag, the Soya.

TO SUPPRESS BOYCOTT.

Shanghai, Aug. 22 .- It is understood that the viceroy and governor of this province have agreed to suppress the boycott against American goods, which will probably be ended before American Minister Conger arrives in Pekin.