OUR TELEPHONE

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1897.

## INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENTS.

Steady progress is being made in the in lustrial development of Canada under the order of things, The London Ad-iser has recently given many instances ability have in the future of the Dominion, and the other day made a further contribu

In Kingsmill, Essex county, a fruit basket veneer manufactory will be started ly in 1897.

The Willson Carbide Works Company been incorporated at St. Catharines with a capital of \$200,000.

In Stratford the Shoe Company has in

ed its capital from \$3,000 to \$25,000, and will extend its operations.

J. Walshaw, manufacturer of blankets woollen goods in Bolton, Ont., whose ory was destroyed by fire last summer. informs the Canadian Manufacturer that he ailding on a much larger scale.

pany is being incorporated with a capita ck of \$50,000, to construct and operate a harbor at Twenty-Mile Creek, in the town-ship of Louth, Lincoln county, Ontario, to build docks, buildings, etc. A large pulp mill will be built by Hamlin

In Stoney Point, Ont., a new flax mill has

A manufactory of bricks will be started Robert Little, Perth, Ont., is seeking a

suitable location in Sudbury, Ont., for buildng a foundry and machine shop. unt Forest Woolen Mills Co.

ario tanners are opening up a marke

ne, near Danville, Que., for a derably increase the output of "asbestic. merits of hardness, whiteness, penetrability on and study yet for econo

> atford into a furniture, factory, to ron Company, Bea closed a successful and busy ing additions and improve rks, and putting on addi

## 'TWILL BE A COTTAGE

With Wide Verandahs on All Sides of It.

CANADIAN BUILDING AT BISLEY.

the D. R. A. - Chances for Canada to Do Business With Scandinavia-Ranger Got Off Lightiy-Notes From Canada's Capital.

Jan. 5.—(Special.)—The council of the Dominion Rifle Association met to-day to consider the plans for the proposed Canadian building at Bisley, and unanimously selected those sent in by Saxe & Rodden, architects of Montreal. They show the typical Canadian cottage of one and a half storeys in height, of neat appearance

storeys in height, of neat appearance, wide verandahs all around, and to be finished in Canadian woods. These plans were the only ones coming within the requirements of the association and the fixed cost of \$7500.

Commercial Agent Sontum, at Christiania, Norway, sends a valuable report to the Department of Trade and Commerce. He says that a coal made from peat has been invented there, and is proving a most valuable fuel.

Canadian wood pulp manufacturers will learn with Interest that a Norwayshing of the bark instead of planting it, thereby affecting a great economy.

United States. Canadian exporters should be able to find good market there.

The Railway Committee of the Privy Council had a sitting all day, when a large number of applications were disposed of. Mr. D. B. McTavish, Q.C., of Ottawa, appeared for the corporation of Toronto in its application for permission to re-open the mater of the Lansdowne-avenue crossing, which was decided in 1895. The committee decided to hear all parties at the next meeting.

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The application of the Hamilton Radial Company to cross the G.T.R. at Burlington was granted, the Electric Company to pay costs.

The application of the Hamilton Radial Company to pay costs.

The London Street Railway Company to pay costs.

The T., H. and London and Port Stanley in the city of London.

The T., H. and B. road applied for permission to be relieved from the order directing it to be responsible for the crossings over the roads of the Hamilton and Mitton Road Company, and asking that the city of Hamilton and the County of Wentworth should bear all expenses in connection with the matter. Mr. Waddedi strongly protested on behalf of the Road Company against this concession, Mr. Carscalled appearing for the Railway accuracy in the policy of Messars, the policy of Messars in the Policy of Messars, who was prosecuted by Messars, Ranger perty of Messars was of selling goods with a forgod trade mark. Ranger perty of Messars was not an uncommon occurrence among the liquor men to reduce the strength of liquor. He polinted out that in this case the bung of the barrel had been procured to properly replace it. No other whiskey had been added to that which was reduced in strengt. Mr. Belcourt contended that the each had been made, the policy of Sparks of

position now than under the Mackennie regime. True, the protection then was but 17 1-2 per cent, but as a general thing the raw materials of the trace were free.

Mr. Eddy did not propose to speak for manufacturers of woodenware alone, but for manufacturers generally. He thought they should all be protected. If the Government of the United States placed a protective duty on manufactured goods, why should not the Government of Canada protect its manufacturers to the same degree?

Sir Richard Cartwright wanted to know where the consumer came in.

Mr. Eddy's reply was that the consumer and the farmer were dependent upon the manufacturer, and this he maintained despite Mr. Fielding's endeavor to controvert the position. "What was the condition of the farmers here 20 or 30 years ago?" asked Mr. Eddy.

"Infinitely better off." repided Sir

upon the manufacturer, and this he maintained despite Mr. Fleiding's endeavor to controvert the position. "What was the condition of the farmers here 20 or 30 years ago?" asked Mr. Eddy. "Infinitely better off," repiled Sir Richard Cartwright, warmly. Mr. Eddy's rejoinder to this was that around his district at any rate the farmers were poor enough. Continuing, he said he believed in manufacturers being protected and farmers too. He was not one of those who was all for self interest.

Mr. E dy drew the attention of the commission to the discrepancy between the duty on paper sacks and bags (25 per cent.), and that on env loose (35 per cent.), and that on env loose (35 per cent.), and that on env loose (35 per cent.). This difference of 10 per cent., he urged, should be eliminated by making the duty on paper sacks and bags 35 per cent.

Mr. Eddy went fully into the subject of an export duty on pulpiwood, which he strongly favored. We had for the past eight years, he said, been allowing our forests to be denuded and the product taken to the other side, without any value or revenue accruing to the country. So, too, with our sawlogs; they were cut up on the other, side and turned into lumber to compete with the Canadian product. Mr. Eddy believed that the Americans were taking about a million cords of pulp wood yearly from Canada, with the result that upon this Canadian material they are building up towns and villages all over the United States. If we have an export duty of 4a cord, a prohibitory duty, Mr. Eddy admitted it would prevent the export of our raw material and bring capitalists over here, so that we would soon have villages at three, four and five thousand inhabitants each at all the suitable water power locations scattered between here and the Lake of the Weeds. When he had put this proposition to Sip John Abbott a few years ago that gentleman's only observation was, "But what well the Americans say "to which Mr. Eddy admitted, kick against such an export duty as he proposed, but it will be better for th

Mr. Eddy's parting word to the commission was a plea for protection. Although American born, he wanted the Government to look after this young country as sharply as he would if he had the power.

had the power.

Next were heard delegates representing the North Lanark Farmers' Institute. There were two of them, Messrs. Kossmack and McLean, and both urged tariff reform. The farmers of Carleton County were next heard. Four of them were introduced to the commissioners by H. H. Lang, merchant, of this city. One of them was Mr. McKellar, the late Liberal candidate in the County of Carleton. Mr. McKellar said that an attempt had been made to have a delegation present to represent the farmers of Carleton County on the 24th inst. Members of the Carleton Farmers' Institute met at 2-o-clock in the afternoon. "We discussed the subject," he said, "from that hour until dark, but I am sorry to say that in the end we separated, largely on political lines."

Mr. McKellar, in a deprecatory to say

tical lines."

Mr. McKellar, in a deprecatory tone, went on to tell how he himself had urged the meeting to accept the tariff plank of the Liberal convention of 1893 as their representation from the Carleton Country farmers to the Ministerial Commission on the tariff, but (and the Mr. McKellar grew more serious still), "I could not get a seconder." He added that they were to have met and talked it over next day, but they did not meet.

As to coal oil, Mr. McKellar had not ticed that lately a member of the tariff commission had been through the county of Lambton, and was much impressed with the magnitude of the Petrolea coal oil nelds. Mr. McKellar

Ranger he at once give to leave the seal. He as leave the seal, He to leave the seal he as lentently e fine.

To Sir Richard Cartwright he said the average annual consumption of the average annual consumption of the average annual consumption of would be about 65 gallons. In this he was supported by Mr. McLean, while the county farmers agreed the outlying the outlying the county in the county in the county farmers agreed the outlying the county farmers agreed the outlying the county farmers agreed the outlying the county farmers agreed the county farmers agr

A CASE OF SELF-HYPNOTISM.

Newport, Del., Jan. 5.—The extraordinary case of Frank Dougherty, the youth who was supposed to have died last Tuesday night, and who returned to life Friday.

PRINCESS DE CHIMAY

Paris, Jan. 5.-Newspapers here de-Caraman de Chimay, who recentiy eloped with Janos Rigo, a Hungarian eloped with Janos Rigo, a Hungarian Gypsy musician, has stopped her supply of money until her affairs are settled. Her husband, Prince de Caraman de Chimay, has brought an action for divorce at Charleroi, Belgium, and the case promises to be very sensational. The papers add that Rigo and his paramour have accepted an engagement in a music hall in Buda Pest. Rigo, who will play the first violin, will receive a salary o \$1000 a month. The Princess will sing and sance, but the salary she will receive is not stated. The pair will prove great attractions in Buda Pest, where much curiosity has been displayed to see them.

DESTRUCTION BY FIRE.

Barn Burned and Other Property Dam-axed at Port Colborne. Port Colborne, Ont., Jan. 5.—A barn.

ng in the rear of ms residen and adjoining the Roman and adjoining the Roman Cathodic Church, was destroyed by fire with all its contents, except one horse, on Sunday afternoon. The Stainer glass windows of the church Viere practically ruhged, and a building in the carly ruhged, and a building in the carly ruhged, and a building in the carl of Charles Hart olice of business, adjoining, was burned to the fround. The property owned by Jas. Twohey, also close by, suffered considerably. There is no fire reparament in the village, and but for the k of a full mage, and but for the content of the property contiguous to the burned buildings would have been destroyed.

THE TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour-There is a fair enquiry and prices were steady? Straight rollers are quoted at 64 to \$4.15. Toronto freight.

Bran-Trade quiet and prices unchanged.
Bran is quoted at 37 to \$7.50 west, and white shorts at 25 to \$4.50. To west, and white wheat are held at \$46 to \$5c. respectively, with buryes at \$5c. respectively, respectiv

arket is unchasted. White arket is unchasted. White the Midland at 195 west. at 1850 sst. at and rices firm, with the north and west, and l, with new yel-

DRS. McKAY & NEFF.-OF

D. CANFIELD, M. D., HOM-GOPATHIST, office Richardson's block, King it, Ingersoll. Residence King street, East, above fall street, Telephone, Residence 106, Office 51, office Hours—10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7.30 to 8,30 p. m. Night calls at the Central Telephone office.

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Teething Rings,

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Roberts& Henderson Bakers and Confectioners.

BREAD DELIVERED in any part of the town.

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Capital Paid Up - \$6,000,000 - 3,000,000

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This Bank transacts a general banking business, buys and sells exchange on England and the United States, and issues drasts on New York and all parts of Canada.

Allows interest on deposits, which can be with drawn at the pleasure of the depositor. Deposit receipts issued at current rates.

Deposits received, and current rates of interest allowed thereon.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

H. S. HOWLAND, Pres. T. R. MERRITT, Vice-Pres. D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—Deposits of \$1.00 and INTEREST IS ADDED to Savings Bank accounts
TWICE a year, viz:—31st May and 30th
November.

MONEY LOANED on approved farmers' notes.
DRAFTS SOLD available in all parts of Canada,
United States and Europe. TENTION given to COLLECTIONS J. A. RICHARDSON,

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Heintz's Pickles in Bottles and Bulk.

Heintz's Baked Beans with Tomato Sauce. SPECIAL VALUE IN

FANCY CHINA. . .

E. E. DUNDASS. WELSBACH LIGHTS

Our town is still booming and we h the people of this neighborhood will Mr. Eckardt has started on a yeabor in our school, training up all the ch ren the way they should go.

Gibson's

Delivered

Mr. Eugene Duffy is home from the

broit Dental College for the Xmas holida Mr. Palmer Willits, of St. George, is

College, is spending the Christmas holid

Mr. Harry Pervis, of Hamilton, is

Mr. and Mrs. Hugill is visiting frie

Kenney and John A. Walker, of Deta

Mr. and Mrs. James Kenney, of Del Mich., Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kenney St. Clair, Mich., and Mr. and Mrs. Hasti

of Tilsonburg, are visiting at Mr. Thou

maker, is spending her holidays in Ingered Mr. and Mrs. Taylor and Mrs. Hado

Sarnia, are the guests of Miss Ella Phill

Mrs. [Clark Harris, of Marlette, is visi

new town hall, electric cars and new

NORTH OXFORD.

1896. Members present, W. Coyler, re F. Eoster, E. A. Nichols. Former min

Leplar, gravel ac., \$10.38; Andrew H land, gravel ac., \$7.16; S. Thornd;

spikes, \$1.50; Jas. Ruddick, cleaning

ditch, 50c.; W. C. Bell, lumber ac., \$17 Municipal World, \$5.40; W. P. C gravel ac., \$15.90; Dr. Carroll, \$1

Reeve's percentage on County mon \$6.90; John Stephenson, for one si killed by dogs, \$4; H. E. Revell, salar

collector, \$60; Joseph Couch, dog tax

RICHARD SELDON, Clerk

Council of 1896 then adjourned.

met on Thursday, 31st Decem

ing on old friends here this week. Miss Jennet Price, of Bishop Beth

Bread

Is made from No.

Manitoba Hard

Wheat, the world

best wheat . . . .

Dail

Miss Head, of London, who has I spending a few days among friends in neighborhood, returned home on Mon Miss Maud Johnston, who has been v ing at her home, returned Owing to dark night and muddy ro

Prof. Wilson did not have as full a he his show deserved, as he is a professions his art and no mistake. THE WEEK OF PRAYER

The following is the list of subjection during the Week of Prayer. Each ser will begin at 8 o'clock. Wednesday, 6th. - Nations and

rulers. Prayers for sovereigns and ru and for all that are in authority; cruelty and oppression may cease; protection may be extended to the Arme Christians, the Stundists, and all who suffering grievously for Christ's sake. all the momentous events happening as the nations of the earth may only ten the more rapid growth of the Kingdor Christ. -1 Kings 3:5 10; Prov. 13:34; 1 Jonah 3:5 10; I Tim. 2:14; James 2:8 Thursday, 7th .- "Missions, Home

Friday, Jan. 8th. - Families and sch Thanksgiving for families bound tog by the love of Christ; for the earnest carried on by many students in our ur sities and colleges. Eph. 4:31-32, 13 Col. 3;18-22; Deut. 6:5-9; Ps. 119 102:28; 2 Tim. 3:14, 15. Prayer parents may more constantly seek to ap their children in the fear and lo God; that greater prominence may be in Christian households to the stud in Christian households to the stud-Ood's word and to united prayer; it special blessing may be outpoured on universities, colleges and schools that the religious teaching given in may be thoroughly scriptural; that bath Schools may increasingly become series for God's kingdom,

The present system of beginning the year with Jan. I was adopted in Sco. A. 1600.